

Twenty vessels of war, with 600 merchantmen have entered the Baltic, having no other object than to smuggle and deposit the cargoes of these ships on the continent.—The Danes have captured 50, the cargoes of which are estimated at 20 millions. The Russians have confiscated 80. These vessels sail under false colours; they have false destinations, and false French licences; they call themselves Americans, Spaniards, and Hamburgers; they have even false certificates of origin from French consuls. They stick at nothing; but all this only succeeds in part; and if, as is reported, Russia carefully interdicts the entrance of colonial produce, and if French troops occupy Maclenburg, where English merchandize has so good a market, and where the contraband trade is carried on with such activity, English commerce will experience by these measures new obstacles.

The Wagram privateer has just been captured by the English in the port of Stralsund.—This circumstance will prove still more fatal to their commerce. It affords the French the best reasons for again taking possession of the coasts of that country, and in future the contraband traders will be pursued with more certainty and greater safety.

Paris, August 22. A telegraphic despatch, transmitted at six o'clock in the evening of the 19th inst., has announced to the Prince Viceroi, that Gen. Count Menou, Governor of Venice, died there that morning, after an illness of 16 days.

Imperial Customs. The Decree of the 5th inst., increasing the duties on the Colonial goods therein mentioned, is to be put in force at the moment that it is officially received. The duties are payable without any exception whatever.

The regulations formerly established respecting the importation of colonial produce, remain in full force without any change whatever.

Constantinople, July 3. The accounts of the success of the Russians have thrown the inhabitants of this city into the greatest consternation. It was the less expected, as the highest confidence was reposed in the talents of Pehlivan Aga. The Sultan, however, is not dejected; but makes every possible effort to reinforce the army of the Grand Vicer. New commissaries have been sent off to procure fresh supplies of provisions for it. The fleet which consist of 16 sail of the line, has received orders to proceed, with all possible dispatch to take on board the troops that are coming from Asia.

Vienna, August 8. We learn by letters from Constantinople, that the standard of Mahomet has been raised there; that the Grand Seigneur has declared, that the empire was in danger; that it was the duty of every Mussulman to take arms in its defence: and that he would put himself at the head of his brave and faithful subjects. The people, on this, pledged themselves to shed the last drop of their blood in defence of the ancient glory of the empire. The intelligence was received there, that the Russians had raised the siege of Wagna.

Extract of a letter from Odessa, July 6.

We are inclined to think that there will shortly be concluded, between the Russians and the Turks, by means of the cession which this last power will make of the country situated on the left bank of the Danube. The Porte must, it says be convinced that it never can notwithstanding all its efforts, reconquer Moldavia.

NEW-YORK, OCTOBER 17.

LATEST NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

Yesterday, the schooner Laura-Ann, Capt. Chase, arrived at this port in 39 days from London, bringing London papers to the evening of the 6th ult. These papers, however, contain nothing of political or commercial importance.

Despatches from Mr. Pinkney, our Minister at London, were received by this arrival, and forwarded to Washington by yesterday's mail.

The United States sloop of war Horner, had arrived off Falmouth, and Lieut. Spencer had reached London with the Despatches from our Government.

The brig Tamnaamah, Capt. Storey, had also arrived at London, in the remarkable passage of 16 days from New-York.

Accounts from Basque Roads, received in London, states that 12,000 French troops and 600 deserters are at Ile d'Aix, ready to embark for South America. Three ships of the line were at Charante, and in Aix Roads, three frigates, gun-brigs, &c.

The regency of Spain has published an order, declaring the Caracas, in consequence of the revolution there, in a state of blockade. This order, however, comprehends only a part of Caracas. Two Spanish sail of the line have been sent out to enforce the blockade.

A Gottenburg mail brought an account, that Servia is to be united to Austria.

LONDON, September 6.

General Armstrong lately presented several of his countrymen at the Thuilleries. Bonaparte addressing one of them who had lately returned from England, said brusquement, "Do you think the British will permit your vessel to navigate the ocean—you see I have removed their apologies for obstructing your commerce? To be a great nation you should sustain your flag, and sustain it by your cannon." Without waiting for a reply he turned to General Armstrong, and asked him if he was not going home, and when Congress would meet? and then passed to another part of the circle.—The attention of Bonaparte to the Empire, who was present and evidently pregnant, is extreme. Her character is said to be of the true German school of suspicious dignity. It is remarked, in Paris, that the intensity of Bonaparte's application to business is evidently relaxed—and that he has increased in bulk, considerably, but hitherto without any apparent diminution of activity.

COPENHAGEN, AUGUST 14.

Our Court has published an Ordinance, relative to a new toll line, and regulations for the exportation of certain goods, of which the following are the most essential:—

"This new toll line is to begin at the town of Newstadt, in the Duchy of Holstein; continue through Chumbeck and

Segeberg; from thence to Oldesloe, over Ulberg and Bromstedt, to the city and fortrefs of Gluckstadt; from thence along the Elbe to Brunbuttle, and as far as Busum, in North Delthmarsh.

"No merchandize that is not of European origin, can pass this line, neither by sea nor land expeditions; not even refined sugar nor syrups.

"However, those fabrics, that cannot exist without Colonial products, will have permission to bring through the line the necessary articles, on giving security that they will return them through this line when fabricated. The city of Altona being exempt from the toll line, Commissioners have been appointed there to take a specific inventory of all Colonial products, and keep an exact controul of the same, so that none of this merchandize can be sent abroad, without special permission of the said Commissioners.

"All transports of merchandize, not of European origin, taken nearer the frontiers than the above mentioned places, without proper passports and permits, are, for the first time confiscated, and owner, or he who escorts such a transport, must pay a fine equal to the value of the confiscated goods; for a second or third offence, these fines are raised in proportion; but for the fourth, the goods are not only confiscated, but the mulcts doubled; and in case the offender be a Burgher, he loses his freedom. All the above mentioned mulcts to be for the benefit of the informers, or whoever stops the like transports."

SAINT JOHN, October 29, 1810.

ARRIVALS SINCE OUR LAST.

Brig Sparkler, Brown, Plymouth; Brig Union, Kellett, Maryport; Ship Pollethwaite, Smith, Newfoundland; Brig Pandora, Ward, New-York; Ship Mounis Bay, Whinnerah, London; Brig Earl Percy, Laverock, London, via Halifax; Schooner Harmony, Flint, Halifax.

Since our last Boston papers have been received to the 16th, and New-York papers to the 19th inst. inclusive; they contain European accounts as late as the 6th September, which we have this day presented to our readers.

From a New-York paper of October 18.

LATEST FROM PORTUGAL.

By Capt. Deane, of the ship Traveller, from Lisbon, from whence he sailed on the 6th of September, we learn that Almeida surrendered to the French on the 27th Aug. in which the British lost three of their best regiments.

Several transports had arrived at Lisbon from England and Cadiz. Two Scotch regiments, from Cadiz, arrived at Lisbon on the 4th September.

An Austrian corps was daily expected to reinforce the French army, which consisted of upwards of 100,000 men. The British army consisted of 80,000 men, and between 70 and 80,000 Portuguese. Every thing was tranquil at Lisbon.

Capt. D. further states, that about 5000 Portuguese troops who were in the garrison at Almeida, were made prisoners and sent to France. The news of the repeal of the French decrees, had been received at Lisbon. Admiral Berkeley commands the Portuguese fleet.

At Public Auction at the Custom-House, ON WEDNESDAY next, at XI o'Clock, Will be Sold, (weather permitting)

A VARIETY of Articles seized by the Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs, and condemned in the Court of Vice-Admiralty as forfeited to His Majesty; consisting of SOAP, TEA, GENEVA, TOBACCO, and BEEF.

Also, will be Sold at the same time,

The Schooner VICTORY, and the following Articles, TOBACCO, HIDES, LAMPLACK, FLOUR, BREAD, BUTTER and PORK; seized by Lieutenant WILLIAM MOLLOY, and condemned in the Court of Vice-Admiralty as forfeited to His Majesty.

The Money must be paid before the Goods are delivered. Custom-House, Saint John, 29th October, 1810.

MADEIRA WINE, OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY, Just Received per Brig EARL PERCY, Capt. Laverock, For Sale by the SUBSCRIBER.

ALSO—A Fresh Supply of Linen Drapery, consisting of 4-4 stout Cotton Shirting, Cambric Mull, colored Cambricks, printed and plaid Calicos and Shawls; which with his former assortment, will be Sold on the lowest terms. JAMES CODNER.

EVENING SCHOOL. WILLIAM GARRISON respectfully informs the Public, that his EVENING SCHOOL will commence the First of November next.

Saint John, 29th October, 1810. 12

IN CHANCERY, 13th OCTOBER, 1810. Stephen Humbert, v. Ozias Ansley, and Nathaniel Brittain. } On a Bill to foreclose the Equity of Redemption of Mortgaged Premises.

IT appearing to this COURT, that the Defendants in this cause some years since removed from this Province, that the said Ozias Ansley resides on Staten-Island in the United States of America, and the place of residence of the said Nathaniel Brittain is not known: It is thereupon ordered that unless they cause their appearance to be entered in this suit within Four Months after this date (provided this order be within fourteen days published as directed by the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided) the matters charged in the Plaintiff's Bill be taken pro confesso and a Decree pass accordingly. By the Court, 20th OCTOBER. Wm. F. ODELL, Registrar.

BLANKS of various kinds may be had at this Office.

PAINTING and GILDING.

JOHN GRANT offers his services to the PUBLIC as Ornamental Sign, House, and Coach Painter, &c. next door to BRADFORD GILBERT, Esqr. N. B.—Camel Hair Pencils, fine Colours, and Leaf Gold for Sale. Saint John, 29th October, 1810.

Mathematical, Navigation, and Commercial Evening School, at Mr. S. Parker's, near the North end of Prince William-Street.

MR. B. KIERNAN from Liverpool, takes the liberty of informing the Public, that he intends opening a SCHOOL at the above place, on the Evening of Monday the 5th of November next, for the instruction of Youth in the following branches, &c.

Euclid's Elements of Geometry; Trigonometry plain and Spherical, with their application to Navigation, Land Surveying, Longimetry and Gunnery, (demonstrating the laws of motion and gravitation) Dialing &c. Geography, use of the Globes; projections of the Sphere; Gauging, Mensuration and Book-Keeping with other Mathematical branches.

As Mr. KIERNAN wishes to limit the number of his Pupils within the bounds of proper attention, those who put themselves under his Tuition may expect to advance in their several pursuits with the greatest facility. Saint John, 27th October, 1810.

To be Sold at Public Auction.

BY Virtue of a Licence of His Honor the President and His Majesty's Council; at Gabriel Van Horne's Tavern, in Fredericton, on the 30th day of November, 1810—A part of the Real Estate of the late Benjamin P. Griffith, Esquire, deceased—An Island called Griffith's Island, containing 63 Acres; and a Lot of Land on the West side of the River Saint John, all of which is in the Parish of Woodstock.

Terms will be made known at the time of Sale.

DUNCAN M'LEOD, Administrator, MARY GRIFFITH, Administratrix. Saint John, 29th October, 1810.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having disposed of his property in the Parish of Portland, intends closing his Business by the 1st of MAY next—All persons therefore, who are indebted to him by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, are earnestly requested to settle the same without delay, as all Debts not liquidated by the 1st of JANUARY will be put into the hands of an Attorney to collect. CALEB MERRITT.

Parish of Portland, 24th October, 1810.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of Capt. DAVID MOWAT, late of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte and Province of New-Brunswick, deceased, are requested to send in their accounts duly attested to the Subscriber, within Nine Months from the date hereof; and all those persons indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

MEHITABLE MOWAT, Administratrix, ON SAID ESTATE. Saint Andrews, New-Brunswick, 25th October, 1810.

EVENING SCHOOL.

ALEXANDER M'LEOD respectfully informs the Public, that his Evening School will commence on MONDAY Evening, the 22d instant. 18th OCTOBER, 1810.

JUST RECEIVED

By the Ship FIVE SISTERS, Capt. CRONK, and for Sale by THOMAS MILLIDGE, Junr.

8000 Bushels of Liverpool SALT, 25 Crates of well assorted Crockery Ware, 100 dozen Jugs and Milk Pans, 10 tons of Coal. Also, by the Schooner LILY, Capt. LEAVITT, from JAMAICA,

71 Puncheons of high proof and well flavored SPIRITS, 60 Barrels of SUGAR, 5 Bags of COFFEE, 5 Bags of PIMENTO, and 100 Dry HIDES; for which CASH will not be refused in payment. OCTOBER 8, 1810.

LONDON BROWN STOUT.

BY the MARGARET, just arrived from LONDON, JOHN L. VENNER has received a Supply of this Article of the very best quality, in proper Beer Bottles, not in those of a reduced size, into which it has lately become a practice to put it. 16

Saint John, 24th September, 1810.

To be Let, Leased or Sold,

THE WATER LOT, adjoining the one occupied at present by Timothy Parker, in Prince William-Street, 25 feet front and rear by about 200 (Grant being to low Water mark)—Terms moderate—Apply to WILLIAM DONALD. 24th September, 1810.

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERTED from the SNOW HARRIETT, William Moberly Master—Two Seamen, one calling himself JOHN ROACH, an Irishman, supposed to be about 25 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches high, short hair.—The other calling himself JOHN NORTON, nearly 6 feet high, short hair—says he is a Scotchman but does not speak the dialect. Whoever will give such information of said Seamen as may lead to their apprehension, shall be paid the above Reward for each by the Master on board, or by ROBERT SHIVES, & Co.

Saint John, New-Brunswick, October 16, 1810.

WHOEVER harbours or employs the above Seamen after this notice, will be prosecuted according to Law.