

and chose a spot by the side of a large oak, where a hole was soon made, and the money very carefully deposited; taking great care to cover it up with such exactness, that no person travelling by chance that way might have any suspicion. They returned home. The next morning early the smith went and took the money away, not thinking the Quaker would so soon suspect his integrity. The Quaker, however, paid a visit to the spot where his beloved treasure was deposited, when, to his great surprise, it was gone. Suspicion immediately fell upon the smith, but instead of accusing him, he thought of the following stratagem to get his money back; he informed the smith he wished to add another £50. This had the desired effect, for the smith immediately went and replaced the £200, not only to prevent his neighbour from judging him to be the thief, but to get the other £50. Away they both go together, and opening the hole, the Quaker, to his great joy, discovered his beloved treasure,—he immediately fell into the following ejaculation—"Ah! my friend, I find thee goest and comest; but for fear that thee shouldst go, and never return, I'll e'en take thee home, for I think thee art as safe in my house as on Epping Forest." Thus ended the matter, to the no small mortification of the smith. *Lon. paper.*

**BEEES.**—The produce of Bees is more profitable than the generality of persons may be inclined to imagine, and the time bestowed upon them is seldom uselessly employed. A French bishop being about to make his annual visitation, sent word to a certain curate, whose ecclesiastical benefice was extremely trifling, that he meant to dine with him, at the same time requesting that he would not put himself to any extraordinary expence. The curate promised to attend to the bishop's suggestion, but he did not keep his word, for he provided a most sumptuous entertainment. His Lordship was much surprised, but could not help censuring the conduct of the curate, observing, that it was highly ridiculous in a man whose circumstances were so narrow, to launch out in such expence, nay almost to dissipate his entire income in a single day. "Do not be uneasy on that score, my Lord," replied the curate, "for I assure you that what you now see is not of the produce of my curacy, which I bestow exclusively upon the poor." "Then you have a patrimony, sir!" said the bishop. "No sir." You speak in riddles; how do you then do—"my Lord I have a convent of young damsels here, who do not let me want for any thing."—How! you have a convent!—I did not know that there was one in this neighbourhood.—This is all very strange, very unaccountable, Mr. Curate.—"You are jocular My Lord." "But come sir, I entreat that you would solve the enigma; I would fain see the convent." "So you shall, My Lord, after dinner; and I promise you that your Lordship shall be satisfied with my conduct." Accordingly when dinner was over, the curate conducted the prelate to a large inclosure, entirely occupied by bee-hives, and pointing to the latter, observed;—"This, My Lord, is the convent which gave us our dinner; it brings me in about 1800 livres per. annum, upon which I live very comfortably, and with which I contrive to entertain my guests genteely." The surprise and satisfaction of the bishop at this discovery may easily be conceived.—The sequel of the story informs us that afterwards, whenever a curate made application to his Lordship for an improved living, he would only reply, keep bees, keep bees.—*ib.*

From the National Intelligencer, October 20.

SIR, LONDON.

Lord Wellesley sent me yesterday, his answer to my note of the 25th ult. respecting the Berlin and Milan decrees.

I hasten to transmit a copy of it. A copy shall be sent without delay to Gen. Armstrong.

I have the honor to be, &c.

Wm. PINKNEY.

Hon. Robert Smith, &c. &c. &c.

(COPY.)

Mr. Pinkney's Letter to Lord Wellesley.

Great Cumberland Place, August 25, 1810.

My Lord,—I have the honor to state to your Lordship that I have received from Gen. Armstrong, Minister, Plenipotentiary of the United States at Paris, a letter bearing date the 6th inst. in which he informs me that the government of France has revoked the decrees of Berlin and Milan, and that he has received a written and official notice of that fact, in the following words: "Je suis autorise a vous declarer, monsieur, que les Decrets de Berlin et de Milan sont revokes, et qu' a dater du 1er, Novembre ils cesseront d'avoir leur effet."

I take for granted that the revocation of the British Orders in Council of January and November 1807, and April 1809, and of all other orders dependent upon, analogous to, or in execution of them, will follow of course; and I shall hope to be enabled by your Lordship, with as little delay as possible, to announce to my government that such revocation has taken place.

I have the honor to be, with high consideration, My Lord, Your Lordship's most obedient humble servant.

(Signed) Wm. PINKNEY.

The most noble the Marquis Wellesley, &c. &c. &c.

(COPY.)

Lord Wellesley to Mr. Pinkney.

Sir,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter under date the 25th inst.

On the 23d of February, 1808, his Majesty's minister in America declared to the government of the United States, "his Majesty's earnest desire to see the commerce of the world restored to that freedom which is necessary for its prosperity, and his readiness to abandon the system, which had been forced upon him, whenever the enemy should retract the principles which had rendered it necessary."

I am commanded by His Majesty to declare, and to assure you that whenever the repeal of the French decrees shall have actually taken effect, and the commerce of neutral nations shall have been restored to the condition in which it stood previously to the promulgation of those decrees, His Majesty will feel the highest satisfaction in relinquishing a system, which the conduct of the enemy compelled him to adopt.

I have the honor to be, with the highest consideration, Sir, your most obedient and humble servant,

(Signed) WELLESLEY.

HALIFAX, NOVEMBER 28.  
MERCHANTS' DINNER.

On Monday the MERCHANTS of this Town gave an elegant Dinner to Admiral the Right Hon. Sir JOHN BORLASE WARREN; Bart. K. B. and K. C. at Mason Hall. His Excellency Lieutenant-General Sir GEORGE PREVOST, Bart. Major-General BALFOUR, with their respective Suites, the Staff of the Garrison, the Captains of the Navy, and the Commanding Officers of the different Regiments, the Right Rev. the BISHOP of Nova-Scotia, the Rector of St. Paul's, and the Clergy of the different Churches, the Honorable the Members of His Majesty's Council, and many other respectable guests, honored the Company with their presence.

The room was brilliantly lighted, and decorated with the transparencies painted in honor of the capture of Martinique; over the head of the Table waved the Blue Flag and British Ensign, and in the centre appeared an elegant transparency with the names of *La Hoche*, of 80 guns, and five frigates, captured in October, 1798, by a squadron of His Majesty's ships, under the command of the then Commodore Sir JOHN BORLASE WARREN, near Bantry Bay, coast of Ireland.—The Columns were beautifully entwined with evergreen and variegated lamps.

On the Cloth being removed, the health of Our Most Gracious Sovereign was drank, with three times three, and the utmost enthusiasm; after which the President addressed the Company as follows:—

"GENTLEMEN, the occasion of the present Dinner is to pay a mark of respect from the Merchants of Halifax, to the Commander in Chief of the Navy on this Station; a tribute of gratitude for the protection he has afforded to the Commerce of this Province. I cheerfully avail myself of this opportunity in expressing to the Admiral the most cordial wishes of the Merchants for a safe and pleasant passage to himself and Lady WARREN, to their Native Land, and that he may there enjoy the approbation of his Sovereign, the most pleasing reward which can be bestowed on a British Officer."—He then gave

The Right Honorable, Admiral Sir JOHN BORLASE WARREN, Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Navy on this Station—a friend and protector of our Commerce—3 times 3.

The worthy Admiral then rose, and addressed the Company in nearly the following words:

"GENTLEMEN, I return you my sincere thanks for the honor you have done me upon the present occasion, in expressing your approbation of my Public Service.

"In a very short time, it is probable, I shall take my departure from the Coast of Nova-Scotia; I cannot, however, avoid availing myself of the present opportunity, in expressing my great acknowledgments for the many acts of civility and kindness, I have experienced from the Inhabitants of this country; and I shall ever feel a peculiar interest in the prosperity of the Province—the interests of which, in the present situation of the world, will of course be better understood every day; and my most earnest wishes will always be for the increase of its Commerce and Fisheries; and which I am convinced it will attain under the guidance and direction of that distinguished officer, who is His Majesty's Representative in this Province.

"Gentlemen, I beg leave to assure you that the honor you have done me this day, will be remembered by me with gratitude to the latest hour of my life"—he then concluded by drinking their good Healths.

1. The Queen and the Royal Family.
2. The Prince and Princess of Wales.
3. His Excellency Sir GEORGE PREVOST, our much valued Governor, who early gave us "the honest assurance of a Soldier," and has faithfully adhered to the Pledge "that he would conduct himself towards every individual with the strictest justice"—3 times 3.

His Excellency in a handsome manner thanked the Company for the honor they had done him, and begged leave to give the following Toast:

"May the Industry and Integrity of the Merchants of Halifax, be rewarded by the prosperity of their commerce."

4. The North American Squadron.
5. General BALFOUR, and the Army in Nova-Scotia.
6. Major-General BALFOUR, though "little accustomed to speak in public, could not, however, refrain from returning his thanks for the compliment paid him, and hoped by a steady obedience to the orders of his Superior, and acting to his wishes, he might, at some future period, merit a portion of their approbation."
7. The British Constitution—3 times 3.
8. The Navy and Army.
9. Lord WELLINGTON, and the British Army in Spain and Portugal—may success and glory crown their exertions.
10. Admiral BERKELEY, and the Squadron on the Lisbon Station.
11. The Patriots of Spain and Portugal—may they be faithful to their Country, feel like men, and fight like Britons.
12. Vice-Admiral the Hon. Sir ALEXANDER COCHRANE.
13. The glorious victory obtained off the Coast of Ireland in October, 1798, whereby "all men's minds

"wer  
"and  
—3 times 3.

15. His Majesty.
16. The merchants.
17. Success to the British arms.
18. The Woods.
19. Our Ship.
20. His Royal Highness.
21. Our late.
22. General Brunswick.

23. Our Sister  
24. The immor  
roes, who h  
their Count

25. An hono  
26. The Mil  
27. The fair d  
28. All absent

29. Those Gentl  
with their compan  
30. Major DIXON  
tillery.

31. Major ROBERT  
giment.

32. Major LLOYD, a  
giment.

33. The Regiments of th  
good news from our frie  
Several Volunteer Toast

were—the Healths of Lady  
PREVOST and Family—The Admir  
pany in behalf of his Lady—as did His  
Lady PREVOST and Family, and gave  
"The Ladies of Nova-Scotia."

A number of excellent Songs were sung  
evening spent in the utmost harmony, and  
lowship.

The principal Guests retired about ten o'clock  
The Hon. ANDREW BELCHER presided; and  
LAWRENCE HARTSHORNE sat as Vice-President.

SAINT JOHN, December 17, 1810

Friday arrived Schooner Lily, Leavitt, from Boston.  
We have no further accounts from the immediate  
seat of war in Europe, since our last. God grant the  
next may be more favourable to the cause of suffering  
humanity.

FOUND THIS MORNING,  
A SILVER WATCH.—Apply to THOMAS INGLEBY,  
corner of Duke and Prince William-Streets.  
Monday, 17th December, 1810.

TO BE SOLD,

And Possession given the First of May next.  
THAT very Valuable place on the North west side  
of the KENNEBECKACIS, on which the Subscriber  
lately lived, and now in possession of William Nicker-  
son; well known to be one of the best stands for a  
Tavern of any on the River on the Public Winter  
Road to Fredericton. For particulars apply to the  
Subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM PUDDINGTON.  
Kingston, 15th December, 1810.

HALIFAX ALMANACKS for 1811,  
Dec. 10, 1810. For Sale at this Office.

JUST RECEIVED

Per Sloop Industry, and for Sale by the Subscriber,  
200 Barrels Baltimore and Alexandria  
Superfine FLOUR, (fresh.)  
100 do. Philadelphia Fine Rye, do. do.  
50 do. PITCH, large barrels.  
December 6. STEPHEN HUMBERT.

ENTERTAINMENT.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Public in  
general, that he still keeps a PUBLIC HOUSE at the  
Long Portage, where Travellers and others will re-  
ceive good entertainment, and every attention paid to  
them and their Horses, &c.  
ELIPHAZ CODDINGTON.  
Saint John, 10th December, 1810.

SAMUEL WHITNEY

HAVING Removed his GOODS to his House near-  
ly opposite Dr. Paddock's in Prince William-  
Street, where he will sell them on the very lowest terms  
for Cash.  
He also offers for Sale, said House, Store, and  
Ground, from Prince William-Street to the Wharf.  
Inquire as above. 1m  
Saint John, 3d December, 1810.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to the Public, that the  
CITY MILLS have been put in a  
state of thorough repair during the last  
season, and that a constant supply of In-  
dian Corn and Meal will be there kept  
for Sale at the lowest prices for Cash;  
the Proprietors finding it out of their  
power to Grind for Toll.  
EDWIN HAZEN.  
Portland, 19th November, 1810.