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BOSTON, JANUARY 19. The last Att of Slavery arrived. THE NEW EMBARGO LAW .- No. 6.

BE it enasted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress affembled, That if any person or persons, shall put, place, or load on board any ship, vessel, boat, or water crast, or into any cart, waggon, sled, or other carriage or vehicle, with or without wheels, any specie, goods, wares or merchandize, with intent to export, transport, or convey the same without the United States, or the territories thereof, to any for reign place, kingdom or country, or with intent to convey the same on board any foreign ship or vessel within or without the limits of the United States, or with the intent in any other manner, to evade the acts to which this act is a Supplement, all such specie, goods, wares and merchandize, and also the ship, vessel, boat, water craft, cart, waggon, sled or other carriage or vehicle, on board or in which the same may be so put, placed, or loaded, as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and the person or persons so putting, placing, or loading the fame, as aforesaid, and also the aiders and abettors therein, shall upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of a high mildemeanor, and fined a fum, by the court before which the conviction is had, equal to four times the value of fuch specie, goods, wares and merchandize. Provided however, That this section shall not be construed to extend to any person or persons, not being the owner or owners of such specie, goods, wares or merchandize, who shall first inform and make complaint to the collector of the district of any fuch offence committed within the same district; and any informer or informers, not being the owner or owners as aforesaid, upon conviction of the offenders, shall be intitled to one half of the fine aforesaid, when the same shall be received by the United States, and shall be entitled to a certificate for that purpose from the court before whom the conviction shall be had.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to put on board any thip, vellel, or boat of any defeription whatever, any specie or goods, wares or merchandize, either of domestic or foreign growth, produce or manufacture, and the same is hereby prohibited unless a permit particularly flating the articles thus to be laden, shall have been previously obtained from the collector of the diffrict in which such ship, vessel, or boat may then be, or from a revenue officer, specially authorized by the collector to grant fuch permis; nor unless the lading shall be made under the inspection of the proper revenue officers, nor unless the owner or owners, confignee or factor of such ship, vessel or boat shall, with the master, have given bond with one or more sureties to the United States in a sum fix times the value of the vessel and cargo, that the vessel shall not leave the port without a clearance, nor shall, when leaving the port, proceed to a foreign port or place, nor shall put any article on board of any other vessel; and that the whole cargo shall be relanded either in the port where the vessel may then be, or in such other port of the United States as shall be designated in the clearance. And it shall be lawful for the collectors of the customs to refuse permission to put any cargo on board any such ship, vessel, or boat, whenever in their opinion there is an intention to violate the embargo, or whenever they shall have received instructions to that effect by direction of the President of the United States: Provided, That nothing contained in this section shall be construed to extend to any ship, vessel, or boat, uniformly employed in the navigation only of bays, sounds, or rivers, and lakes within the jurisdiction of the United States, which shall have obtained a general permission, agreeably to the provifions in the fourth section of this act.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the owner or owners, confignce or factor, of any thip, vellel, or boat, as described in the preceding section, which may, at the time when notice of this act shall be received at the several custom houses respectively, be laden in whole or in part, shall, on notice given by the collector, either discharge such cargo or give bond for the same, in the manner and on the conditions mentioned in the preceding fection, and if the cargo thall not be discharged within ten days or the bond given within three days after such notice, the ship, vessel or boat and cargo shall be wholly forfeited: But the collectors are hereby authorized to order or to cause the cargoes of such vellels to be discharged for the same causes as they may refule permillion to put any cargo on board of veffels not yet laden in whole or in part. And they are likewise authorized in the mean while, and until the cargoes shall have been discharged, or bonds given, as the case may be, to take pollellion of such vessels, and to take such other measures as may be necessary to prevent their departure.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the collectors of the cuitoms be and they are hereby authorized to grant, under such general instructions as the President of the United States may give to that effect, a general permission to thips, vellels or boats, whose employment has uniformly been confined to the navigation of bays, founds, rivers or lakes, within the jurisdiction of the United States, when it can be done without danger of the embargo being violated,

to take on board at any time fuch articles of domestic or foreign growth as may be delignated in fuch general permillion or permissions, bound with one or more furcties, being previously given to the United States by the owner, owners, confignee, or factors of fuch thip, vessel or boat, and by the mafter thereof, in an amount equal to three hundred dollars for each ton of the faid veffel, that fuch veffel thall not, during the time limited in the condition of the bond, depart from any diffrict of the United States without having previously obtained a clearance, nor until the mafter or commander shall have delivered to the collector or furveyor of the port of departure, a manifest of the whole cargo on board, that the faid veiled thall not, during the time above mentioned, proceed to any other port than that mentioned in her clearance, or put any article on board of any other vellel, or be employed in any foreign trade; and that on every voyage or trip the whole of the cargo shall be landed in a port of the United States, within the bay, found, rivers or lakes to which the pavigation of such veffel is confined.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any thip, vellet, or boat, not having received a general permillion, and a general bond not having been first given in the manner provided for in the next preceding fection, shall take on board any specie, or any goods, wares, or merchandize, either of foreign or domestic growth, produce or manufacture, contrary to the provisions of the second fection of this act, fuch ship, vessel, or boat, together with the specie and goods, wares or merchandize, shall be wholly forfeited; and the owner or owners, agent, freighter, or factors, mafter or commander of such ship, vessel, or boat, shall moreover severally forfeit and pay a fum equal to the value of the thip, veffel, or boat, and of the eargo put on board the same.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted. That the person or persons whose names do or may appear as owner or owners of any thip or veffel, either on the certificate of registry, enreliment, or licence of any such this or velfel, or if neither registered or licenced, on the last clearance or custom-house document issued before the passing of this act for such ship or vellel, shall be reputed as the true owner or owners of fuch thip or veffel, and be liable to the payment of all penalties which may be incurred by the owners of fuch ship or vellel, by reason of any violation of any of the provisions of this act, or of the act laying an embargo on all thips and veffels in the ports and harbours of the United States, or of any of the acts supplementary thereto by such ship or vessel: Provided always, That nothing in this fection contained shall be construed to release any other person or persons from the payment of any penalty incurred by virtue of any of the acts aforesaid. And in case of any new register or heence being granted during the continuance of faid acts, or in case of the sale of any ship or vessel neither registered or licenced, a bond with one or more fureties to the United States shall, previous to the granting any such new register or licence, or to recognizing the fale of fuch vellel not regiftered or licenced, be required by the collector, in an amount equal to three hundred dollars for each ton of fuch thip or vellel, that such ship or vellet shall not, during the continuance of the acts laying an embargo on all thips and vellels in the ports and harbours of the United States, contravene or infringe any of the provisions of this faid act: Provided, That nothing herein contained, shall be construed to extend to the owner or owners of any ship or vessel, who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessel, in any port or harbour of the United States, before notice of this act at fuch pert or harbour, respectively; nor to the owner or owners of any thip or vessel, in any foreign port or place, who shall have made a bona fide sale thereof, before notice of this act: And provided also, That such bond thall not release the owners and matter of such thip or vesfel, or any other person from the obligation of giving every other bond required by this act or by any of the acts aforesaid.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where either under this act, or under the act laying an embargo on all thips or veffels in the ports and harbours of the United States, or under any of the acts supplementary thereto, a bond has been or shall be given to the United States with condition that certain goods, wares, and merchandize or the cargo of a vellel shall be relanded in some port of the United States, the party or parties to fuch bond, thall with- | be required to be taken in fimilar cases by the collector, and in two months after the date of the same, (unless in the case of a voyage from New-Orleans to an Atlantic port, or from an Atlantic port to New-Orleans, in either of which cases, four months shall as heretofore be allowed,) produce to the collector of the port from which the vellel had been cleared with such goods, wares, merchandize, or cargo, a certificate of the relanding of the same from the collector of the proper port, on failure whereof, the bond shall be put in suit; and in every fuch fuit, as well as in every fuit inflituted on a bond given for a voyage from or to New-Orleans, judgment shall be given against the desendant or desendants, unless proof shall be given of such relanding, or of loss of the velsel at sea. But neither capture, diffress, or any other accident whatever shall be pleaded or given in evidence in any fuch fuit, unless such capture shall be expressly proved

to have been hostile; and such distress or accident occasioned by no negligence or deviation; nor unless such vessel shall have been from the commencement of the voyage wholly navigated by a master, mate, or mates, mariners and crew, all of whom thall be citizens of the United States; nor unless such mate or mates, mariners and crew shall all, if living, and the proof of their death shall lie on the defendant, be produced on the trial; and fworn as competent witnesses; nor unless such master, mate or mates, mariners and crew, shall have signed a shipping paper, in due form of law, and a copy thereof defignating specially the master, mate or mates, mariners and crew, and their permanent place of residence, shall have been lodged with the collector of the port, to whom the bond aforesaid shall have been given before the commencement of the voyage, and subscribed and sworn to by the master before such collector; and any master who shall falfely, wilfully, and corruptly swear as to the facts contained in such copy, shall on conviction suffer the pains and penalties of perjury. And in every fuit instituted on a bond given as aforefaid, the defendants shall pay all costs, if they shall not within the limited time have produced the certificate of relanding to the collector of the proper port.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That no registered or sea letter vessel, although in ballast, shall receive a clearance, or be permitted to depart from any port of the United States, unless the same bond shall have been previously given which is required from vellels licenced for the coasting trade, before they are allowed to depart. And if any such thip or vessel shall depart without bond having been given as aforefaid, the faid thip or vessel shall be forfeited; and the owner, owners, agent, confignee, factor, and mafter or commander of such ship or vessel, as well as any other person concerned in such prohibited departure, shall be liable to the same penalties imposed by law in the case of vessels licenced for the coasting trade, departing without bond having been given, or without clearance, as aforesaid.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That the collectors of all the districts of the United States, shall and they are hereby authorized to take into their cuflody specie or any articles of domestic growth, produce or manufacture, found on board of any thip or vellel, boat, or other water craft when there is reason to believe that they are intended for exportation, or when in vessels, carts, waggons, sleighs, or any other carriage, or in any manner apparently on their way towards the territories of a foreign nation, or the vicinity thereof, or towards a place whence such articles are intended to be exported; and not to permit fuch articles to be removed until bond with sufficient fureties shall have been given for the landing or delivery of the same in some place of the United States, whence, in the opinion of the collector there shall not be any danger of such articles being exported.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That the powers given to the collectors, either by this, or any other aft, refpecting the Embargo, to refuse permission to put any cargo on board any vessel, boat, or other water craft, to detain any vessel, or to take into their custody any articles, for the purpose of preventing violations of the embargo, shall be exercised in conformity with such instructions, as the President may give, and such general rules as he may prescribe for that purpose, made in pursuance of the powers aforesaid; which instructions, and general rules the collectors shall be bound to obey; and if any action or suit be brought against any collector or other person acting under the directions of and in pursuance of this act, he may plead the general issue and give this act, and the instructions and regulations of the President in evidence for his justification and defence. And any person aggrieved by the acts of any collector, in either of the cases aforesaid, may file his petition before the diffrict court of the diffrict wherein the collector refides, flating the facts of his case, and thereupon, after due notice given to the diffrict attorney and the collector, the said court may fummarily hear and adjudge thereupon as law and juffice may require, and the judgment of faid court, and the reason and facts whereon it is grounded, shall be filed among the records of faid court; and if restoration of the property detained or taken in cuflody, or permission to load as aforefaid, shall be decreed, it shall be upon the party's giving fuch bond with fureties as is or shall not otherwise; but if the said court shall adjudge against such petition, the collector shall be entitled to treble colls, which shall be taxed for him, and execution awarded accordingly by the court.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States, or such other person as he shall have empowered for that purpose, to employ fuch part of the land or naval forces or militia of the Upited States, or of the territories thereof, as may be judged necessary, in conformity with the provisions of this and other acts respecting the embargo, for the purpose of preventing the illegal departure of any thip or veffel, or of detaining, taking possession of, and keeping in custody any thip or vessel, or of taking into custody and guarding any specie or articles of domestic growth, produce, or manufac-