

The accounts from the interior of Germany are less problematical. The Tyrolese, Vorarlbergers, and other mountaineers near the Alps, had again resorted to arms to oppose French tyranny.—Another William Tell, in the person of Andrew Hoffer, had appeared at their head; they had frequent encounters with detachments of French and Bavarian troops; and had compelled the most veteran Marshal of the French Empire (old Lefebvre) to retreat from their country into the bishoprick of Salzburg. These Patriots appeared inveterate; and to bid defiance to any force Napoleon, or his Bavarian ally, could spare to oppose them. Should war recommence on the Danube, they will make powerful devastations on Napoleon's rear.

The late Expedition to Holland, was nearly done over. The troops employed in it were continually arriving in England; and sickness was making such fearful ravages among those left, that it was not probable they would be able to hold possession of Walcheren long.

The Portuguese and Spanish accounts are late into September. General Wellesley's army remained in Badajoz, in Spain, and had been reinforced.—The General had not visited Lisbon. The Spanish army lately under Cuesta, was commanded by General Eguia; and was positioned between the Tagus and Guadiana, and had a communication with the army of Vanezas in La Mancha. One corps of the French army Ney's had proceeded to Salamanca, probably to hold the Spanish force lately commanded by Romana, at Astorga, in check. The main force of the French in Spain, was stationed in a crescent extending from Coria, by Placentia, in Estremadura, to near the Tagus, in Castile, from thence to Toledo, Aranjuez, and to the Guadiana, towards La Mancha. Thus completely covering Madrid. This force is stated at 62,000 men.—Of course superior to any thing the English and Spaniards have in its vicinity. All the rest of Spain was thinned of French troops, those remaining being confined to their strong holds, Perpignan, Pampeluna, Saragossa, Barcelona, &c. &c.—Those besieging Gerona were not so strong as to prevent frequent supplies being sent into that heroic city. Mention was made of the depredatory movements of several corps of Spaniards in various parts of Spain; besides those in which their larger armies were stationed. There had not been any severe fighting since the battle of Talavera. The Spanish and Portuguese papers were assuming more confidence in their tone; and the decrees of the Supreme Governing Junta continued firm and full of hope.

**POSTSCRIPT.**—Since writing the above we have received the New-York Evening Post, which announces an arrival there from Amsterdam; and that at the date of its departure (September 15th the latest) a report was current, that Austria and France had actually concluded a treaty of Peace. It is also added, that Mr. Armstrong left Amsterdam the 4th September on his return to Paris. The Embargo in Holland was raised the 8th September. Dispatches from Mr. Armstrong for our government came by this arrival. All vessels leaving Amsterdam must lay four days, without any communication with the shore, before they can sail.

The United States schooner Enterprize, Lieut. Tripp, was in the Texel, 15th Sept. to sail for America in 14 days.

#### GERMAN OFFICIAL PAPER.

Head-quarters, of the Austrian Army, August 4, 1809. The Emperor has already concentrated under his own command an army of 200,000 men. There is besides now there a considerable corps, destined to occupy the fortresses of Moravia and Bohemia, and to preserve these interesting provinces from a hostile invasion. This corps is even strong enough not to be confined to a mere defensive position, but to act offensively in case the French forces should attack in preference the Emperor's own army.

His Imperial Highness having signified his wish to resign the command into the hands of the Emperor, his Majesty could not refuse him, and put himself at the head of his army, surrounding himself with persons deserving, by their principles, merits and talents, the general esteem and confidence. In the mean time it seems that his Majesty was sensible he could not refuse to permit that conferences for a peace should be entered into. They have taken place since the Armistice, and is to be continued at Raab, or its environs.—But a thing shall be able to make his Imperial Majesty deviate from the principles and firmness which have hitherto been the basis of his conduct.

#### HELIGOLAND, AUGUST 25, 1809.

Berlin letters announce a serious misunderstanding had arisen between Napoleon and Alexander, with regard to Galicia and Turkey; and also as it respects a demand to be made of Prussia of exchanging her territories on the right bank of the Oder, for Austrian Silesia. The Prussian army has been ordered to hold itself in readiness to march; and a very intimate connection subsists between Russia and Prussia.

Warfare accounts shew the insolence with which the French commanders treat Russia; and the whole conduct of Napoleon demonstrates that he holds Russia as much a dependent as an ally.

#### HALIFAX, NOVEMBER 10. PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY.

Yesterday, the Provincial Assembly having met, agreeable to Proclamation, for dispatch of business—about half past one o'clock, His Excellency Sir GEORGE PREVOST, Bart. attended as usual, proceeded to the Council Chamber; and, the Speaker and House of Representatives being summoned to attend, his Excellency was pleased to open the Session with the following SPEECH, to both Branches of the Legislature:—

Mr. President, and Gentlemen of His Majesty's Council; Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:—

WHILE Europe, afflicted with calamities, is struggling under the disastrous events of a sanguinary war, planned to overthrow those ancient Governments, under which the Nations on that Continent, were rapidly advancing in civilization and happiness—our hearts ought to be filled with gratitude to the Almighty, under whose divine favor, the powerful Empire to which we belong, now alone maintains her

envied prosperity, and independence; and while she defends the remotest part of her extensive Dominions, is able to extend her succouring arm, in aid of those nations, which yet have energy to contend for their freedom and independence.

In times of such general calamity, it is fit we should be vigilant in performing the duties we owe to God and the King; and ready on every occasion to defend, to the utmost of our power, the political establishments, under which we, and our ancestors, have lived happy and free.

It is with sincere pleasure, that during this awful period of public affairs, I can congratulate you on the flourishing state of the Agriculture and Trade of this Province; which, daily gaining strength, rapidly advances to the prosperity, which is the natural result of those sources of industry, and beneficial intercourse with our fellow subjects, that mutually support and strengthen each other.

The Treasurer of the Province has my commands, to submit for your information, a state of the Revenue, with an account of the Receipts and Expenditures, since the last Session; from which the prosperous situation of our Finances will appear; and, it gives me peculiar satisfaction to find, that our Resources will enable me to pursue, upon a more extensive scale, those measures, which I consider so essential to the permanent interests and prosperity of the Province.

I am now able, from my own observation, as well as the information I have received from those employed on that service, to call your particular attention to the Public Roads; in the hope that I shall be enabled the ensuing year, to have a free communication open to the Capital, from all parts of the Province; and to model the Roads according to that form, which experience has proved to be most useful and permanent.

For those purposes, I have caused an estimate to be made, of the sums of money necessary to be appropriated to that service, the ensuing year, which the Secretary will, by my orders, present to you; Together with estimates for the civil Establishment of the Government, and such other public services, as I consider necessary to be provided for, in this Session.

The Agriculture, Trade, and Fisheries of the Province, having manifestly improved, under the system hitherto pursued, I recommend a continuance of the same, for the ensuing year.

If, in the course of your deliberations, any other Services, not comprehended in the estimates I have directed to be laid before you, should in your opinion, be necessary to the further prosperity and welfare of the Country, I shall give a ready and serious attention, to whatever you may think proper to submit, for my consideration.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:—

The experience I have had of your wisdom and liberality, in making adequate provision for the support of His Majesty's Government, and the ready attention you have given, to such other exigencies, which, it has been my duty to point out, gives me a perfect reliance, on your continuing the same good disposition, in the present Session.

Mr. President, and Gentlemen of His Majesty's Council; Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:—

The measures adopted by the Legislature, for establishing an efficient Militia, have been carried into effect, under my orders; and I have much satisfaction in informing you, they have been attended with the happiest success; I therefore, recommend to you, the continuing of those laws, with such amendments as experience may point out.

Sensible of the great personal inconvenience, which a protracted Session, at this advanced period of the year, would be to you all; I have been particularly anxious, that the Public Accounts, and estimates, of every kind, should be ready for you, at the opening of the Session; and I beg you to proceed, with diligence and unanimity, to the immediate consideration of the business for which you are now assembled;—and I assure you, that I will contribute every thing in my power, to accomplish a purpose so desirable.

#### NOVEMBER 3.

Accounts received at Newfoundland, by the arrival of the Rattler sloop of war, which sailed with the September convoy, have been received in town from thence to the 27th ult. which state, that "The last news from Europe is unpleasant; that our troops are about to evacuate Spain and Portugal. That the Earl of Chatham had returned with the Expedition with the exception of 6000 men, left to garrison the Island of Walcheren. A Peace between Austria and France had been ratified. A change in the British ministry was likely to take place—Lord Howick to be at the head of the Admiralty; nearly the whole of the Old Administration are coming in again—Mr. Whitbread is also mentioned. Another Expedition is fitting out—destination is not known—The Commander in Chief of the late expedition to the Scheldt, is much confuted." Later accounts received on Friday morning, state, that Lord Wellington had been reinforced, and was marching again into Spain.

It is with much satisfaction we announce the taking of the Schooner *Three Sisters*, (on board of which the late horrid piracy and murder took place) by H. M. armed Schooner *Cuttle*, Lieut. *Bury*, in the Bay of Bulls, Newfoundland. It appears to have happened, as it was conjectured, that those atrocious desperadoes, (*Jourdan, Kelly, &c.*) had after much driving about in the ocean, made the coast of Newfoundland and put into the Bay of Bulls, where having shipped a master and crew they intended to have gone to Ireland. It is said, after having made repeated attempts to put to sea, *Kelly* from mistrust had left the vessel, when *Jourdan* after having urged the Captain, with threats to put to sea, but to no avail, cut the cable, and having made some sail, insisted on leaving the harbour.—It is remarkable, that this circumstance discovered the Schooner to the Cutter, which was at a short distance from her, when at first perceived. Lieut. *Bury* having put six men on board the Schooner, arrived here on Thursday night last, and on Saturday *Jourdan*, his Wife and son, a boy about 9 or 10 years of age, having been delivered to the civil authority, underwent an examination, when the parents were lodged in jail, and the son in the poor-house. On Wednesday next they will be re-examined previous to trial.

SOMETHING MARVELLOUS.—The shark said to be caught in Walney channel, with a pair of buck-skin breeches, a man's hand, and a diamond ring in his belly, reminds us of an account of an enormous whale, said to be stranded off Flamborough Head, in the year 1559, in a state of dreadful exhaustion, with a church steeple sticking out of his mouth. On cutting up the sacrilegious monster, which could not be performed so quickly as to prevent his convulsions from setting all the bells a ringing, the whole congregation were found in the body of the church, inclosed in the stomach of the Leviathan, in the very act of singing Psalms and the Parson in the vestry, taking a glass of wine before sermon! We think, whatever may be the extent of the "historic doubts" of some men, they who think the Walney account credible, are bound to believe the Flamborough anecdote, which comes down to us covered with the venerable cloak of antiquity.—*London Paper.*

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#### SAINT JOHN, November 20, 1809.

##### ARRIVALS SINCE OUR LAST.

Brig Harrison and Tomb, Harrison, Liverpool; Ship Brothers, Edmonds, Hull.

CLEARED—Brig Primrose, Raitt, Aberdeen; Brig Hope, Gray, Peterhead; Ship Five Sisters, Cronk, Montego-Bay; Brig Mary, Mainland, Grangemouth; Ship Jane, Atkinson, Jamaica; Schooner Four Sons, Camerton, Cork.

The ship Duke of Kent, Capt. John Eddington, from Plymouth, England, bound for this port, was unfortunately lost on a sunken reef of rocks off Grand Manan on the morning of the 10th inst.—The Captain and crew 39 in number were providentially saved by the ship's boats and have arrived here.

MARRIED] At Sheffield, in the County of Sunbury, on Wednesday evening the 8th instant, by the Rev. Mr. BISSETT, Mr. CALVIN L. HATHEWAY, to Miss SARAH HARRISON, second daughter of the late Captain James Harrison, of Sheffield.

On Monday evening last, by the Rev. Dr. BYLES, Mr. WILLIAM FRICHARD, to Miss ELEANOR DUNDAS TOOLE, daughter of Mr. John Toole.

Thursday evening, by the Rev. Dr. BYLES, Captain HENRY HARVEY, to Miss ELIZA PARKER, daughter of Mr. Timothy Parker.

Same evening, also by the Rev. Dr. BYLES, Mr. DONALD MAULEY, to Miss SUSANNA P. MARGESTON.

DIED] At Norton, King's County, the 8th inst. Mrs. ANNA BAXTER, in the 33d year of her age, wife of Mr. Benjamin Baxter of that place.

##### NOTICE.

AS the SAINT ANDREW'S SOCIETY will celebrate the 30th of NOVEMBER as usual, any Gentleman originally from Scotland, who may wish to dine with the Society on that day, will be pleased to leave his name at Mrs. COCK'S before the 25th inst. Saint John, 15th November, 1809.

##### COARSE SALT.

A CARGO of COARSE SALT, with a few Puncheons of JAMAICA SPIRITS, and some Fresh Superfine FLOUR, the produce of Wheat of this years growth—Just come to hand, and for Sale by WILLIAM PAGAN, & Co.

Saint John, 20th November, 1809. 3<sup>o</sup>.

##### PUBLIC AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY the 22d day of November inst. at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, will be Sold at Public Auction, on the Premises, the

##### SAINT JOHN THEATRE,

together with the Wardrobe and Appurtenances, under the express stipulation that the purchaser or purchasers, shall during the continuance of the term keep the same for the purpose of a Theatre only.

Any one of the present Subscribers wishing to continue interested, on sending his name to the Auctioneer previous to the day of Sale, will be allowed to be one of a certain number who propose making the purchase.

PETERS & WIGGINS, Auctioneers.

Saint John, 15th November, 1809.

##### NOTICE.

THE Reduced Officers of the British American Establishment, residing in New-Brunswick, are hereby notified, that the difference on their Half-Pay for the six months ending 24th June last, between dollars at 4/8 and 4/6 will be paid to them immediately on application at this Office.

Lieut. Col. £ 2: 13: 10½ Lieut. Cavalry £ 1: 0: 11  
Major - - - - 2: 7: 10 Do. Infantry - - - - 16: 5½  
Capt. Cavalry 1: 15: 10 Cornet - - - - 17: 7½  
Do. Infantry - - 12: 10 Adj. Qr. Mr. Sur. 14: 1

JOHN ROBINSON,

Acting Deputy Paymaster General.

PAY-OFFICE, ST. JOHN, 17th Nov. 1809.

##### TO BE SOLD,

PURSUANT to a Licence from His Honor the PRESIDENT and Council, at Public Auction on MONDAY the 18th day of December next at noon, at the house of Solomon Perley, Innkeeper, in Manguerville, all the Real Estate of the late STEPHEN GALLISHAN, Junr. of Lincoln, in the County of Sunbury, deceased, comprising a large Tract of Land on the River Oromollo, with an excellent Saw-Mill erected thereon. A reasonable credit will be given for a considerable part of the purchase money unless objected to by the Creditors before the time of Sale.

MARY GALLISHAN, Administratrix.  
DAVID BURPE, } Administrators.  
JOHN ROBINSON, }

St. JOHN, 13th NOVEMBER, 1809.