

works have since been ordered to be repaired, and the inhabitants who had fled into the adjacent districts, have been invited to return.

Scindea having lately discovered that two of his confidants had conspired against his life, determined on putting them to death; but as they were Brahmins, and it was forbidden to shed their blood, or lay violent hands on them, he gave them their choice of two kinds of deaths;—they rejected the first, which was drinking poison, and preferred immersion to the middle in water, and remaining in that situation for some days until the extremities mortified.

A horrible transaction lately took place at Adjyaghor. A Zemindar, named Bazookow who had been deprived of his lauds for his seditious conduct, put the whole of his family, consisting of ten persons, to death, and afterwards dispatched himself with a dagger.

A letter from a British prisoner of war in France mentions the following laughable circumstance:—In the town of F—, when the news of the battle of Trafalgar began to circulate, which, however, was not till six months after that victory, the prefect ordered an inquiry to discover the authors of the report; and about the same time half a dozen British prisoners were confined for having dined together to commemorate that great event. The denunciation of the Prefect's Police upon this occasion, afterwards seen at the Municipality is truly curious. It set forth,

1. That the prisoners had dined in the English fashion.
2. That they had drank 18 bottles of wine after dinner.
3. That they had talked politics all the evening.
4. That they had talked a great deal about Lord Nelson.
5. That they laughed most immoderately when they talked of the French navy.
6. That they made a great noise, and sung a number of songs, at nearly two o'clock in the morning.

This Report, which a Country Magistrate would have laughed out of doors, if presented to him, concerning French prisoners, was actually sent up by the Prefect, accompanied with notes, to the Minister of Police, Fouche. But here the farce ended. Fouche saw the ridicule of it and ordered the prisoners to be released.

That experienced Officer Col. Stirling, commanding the 42d regiment, Royal Highlanders, will shortly go out to Portugal with the rank of Brigadier General, taking with him the 91st and 42d regiments.

DOWNING-STREET, SEPTEMBER 10.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent hath been pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to appoint Lieutenant-General Sir George Prevost, Bart. to be Captain-General and Governor in Chief in and over the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, New-Brunswick, Nova-Scotia, and the Island of Prince Edward and Cape Breton.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent hath been pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to appoint Lieutenant-General Sir George Prevost, Bart. to be Commander of His Majesty's Forces in Upper and Lower Canada, Nova-Scotia, and New-Brunswick, and in the Islands of St. John, Cape Breton, Newfoundland, and the Bermudas.

DOWNING-STREET, SEPTEMBER 17.

A despatch of which the following is an extract, was yesterday received at the Office of the Earl of Liverpool, addressed to his Lordship by General Lord Viscount Wellington, dated Fuente Guinaldo, 31st August, 1811.

The enemy have made no movement of any importance since I addressed your Lordship on the 14th.—On that evening, a detachment consisting of about 1200 infantry and cavalry, arrived at Gata, which is on the south side of the mountains which separate Castille from Estremadura; and on the following morning they surprised a small piquet in St. Martin de Trebejo, under Lieut. Wood, of the 11th Light Dragoons, whom they made prisoner with ten men, and went off that evening to Moralego, and on the next morning to Monte Hermoso.

SEPTEMBER 20.

DESPATCHES FROM LORD WELLINGTON.

A Lisbon Mail arrived this morning, by which Government have received despatches from Lord Wellington. They are dated Fuente Guinaldo, near Ciudad Rodrigo, on the 28th ult. and completely refute the report which was very generally circulated yesterday and this morning, of the capture of Ciudad Rodrigo, founded on the authority of a vessel met with at sea by the Express Packet. His Lordship's despatches state that no movement of importance had taken place in the western provinces of Spain; but one division of French troops that had been in garrison in the north, and had been relieved by the conscripts lately arrived from France, had moved to Valladolid and Rio Seco.

Marmont is also understood to have concentrated his troops more than he had done in the first instance.

The extreme heat had obliged the armies to remain in their cantonments, and the allies maintained the blockade of Ciudad Rodrigo, but there appeared no preparation for undertaking the regular siege of that place. Owing to the influence of the season, there had been some increase in the numbers of our sick, but we are happy to say that the cases were generally slight, and the deaths were very few.

In the Star of Monday last we stated, correctly, that the date of Lord Wellington's former despatches was the 21st; the Gazette of Tuesday dated them, by mistake, on the 31st ult. The despatches received from his Lordship, this morning, are dated on the 28th, but we have accounts from Lisbon of the 31st ult. which are subjoined. They furnish us with no additional intelligence, however, from the allied army.

LISBON, AUGUST 27.

Yesterday the disembarkation of the English cavalry was continued.

AUGUST 30.—Large corps of English infantry have for these last days marched to join the army of Lord Wellington.

AUGUST 31.—The 6th division of the army, that is 11th foot, 1st bat. 53d foot, 2d bat. 61st foot, 1st bat. 2d and 36th Regiments of foot, have invested Badajoz. The battering train from Oporto has doubtless arrived ere now. A very considerable number of guns have also been sent up from this place.

The cavalry have also all moved towards headquarters, which are now at Fuentes de Guinaldo.—The enemy continue near Cobia, where he is in force. He has not as yet made any movement of consequence.

A transport of 400 tons, copper bottomed, took fire and was completely burnt this week; about three barrels of powder exploded: it was considered a great fire till last night, when such a conflagration took place as was never before seen: the weather which was uncommonly hot, set fire to some furze on the other side of the river, ten miles off; at six in the evening it became alarming, and at ten extended over four square miles, and consumed 27 houses. We do not know that any lives have been lost.

A letter from Gottenburgh, dated September 7, gives the following intelligence:—"The Sound is now completely blockaded by two French privateers, who have lately captured many Americans and Swedes; five of the latter were the other day retaken from the Frenchmen by their own gun-boats. The prize masters and all hands made prisoners and sent to Malmo' jail.—Twenty French gun-boats have lately come through the Holstein canal, to watch the stragglers that may be coming from and going to Russian ports, and go after the British fleet leaves the Baltic; forty more are expected at Rostock daily: it is expected nothing will escape them. They are to rendezvous at Rostock.

The following letter from Dover seems to confirm the report which was in circulation a few days ago, of Bonaparte's arrival on the opposite coast.

DOVER, SEPTEMBER 19.

"The whole of this week a deal of firing has been heard on the French coast, and it has been conjectured by many that Bonaparte arrived at Boulogne, and it was in honor of his arrival. This morning, however, it was ascertained that the firing, which commenced about six o'clock, proceeded from the enemy's flotilla manœuvring outside the harbour: towards noon the firing increased, and at length became tremendous.

"A fisherman has since arrived, and informs us that he saw His Majesty's ship Naiad, and two or three sloops of war, on the station; and, by way of shewing the Imperial fleet a little diversion, dashed amongst and appeared to disperse them. No further particulars are yet known.

"A boat containing guineas was run down last night by the Decoy cutter; three of the men were wounded, and got on shore at Folkstone; the others are now on board the cutter."

HIS MAJESTY'S HEALTH.

The following are extracts from the bulletins received of the King's health:

WINDSOR CASTLE, SEPTEMBER 10.

"His Majesty's symptoms remain the same as yesterday.

SEPTEMBER 11.—There is no alteration in His Majesty's symptoms to-day.

SEPTEMBER 12.—His Majesty's symptoms remain the same as yesterday.

SEPTEMBER 13.—There is no alteration in His Majesty's state.

SEPTEMBER 14.—The King continues in the same state.

SEPTEMBER 20.—There is no change in His Majesty's state."

(Signed) "H. Halford, W. Heberden, R. Willis."

THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

SAINT JOHN, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1811.

His Honor, Major-General HUNTER, and Suite, arrived here on Saturday evening from Halifax, via Digby.

ARRIVALS SINCE OUR LAST.

Brig Seven Sisters, Capt. Bruney, Aberdeen; Brig Sally, Captain Saunderson, Maryport; Ship Mary, Capt. Harvey, Greenock; Brig Henry, Capt. Palmer, Newfoundland.

MARRIED] At the Long Reach, the 20th ultimo, by the Rev. Mr. Scovil, Mr. JOHN SMITH, junr. to Miss MARY BRITAIN, daughter of Mr. Joseph Brittain, all of that place.

At Digby, the 21st ultimo, by the Rev. Mr. MILLIDGE, ELKANA MORTON, Esq. to Miss WHEELLOCK, daughter of Elias Wheelock, Esq.

SALE AT AUCTION,

BY the Subscribers, on Wednesday first, the 6th instant, at 12 o'clock, for the benefit of the Underwriters and all concerned, the Hull, Spars, Sails, Rigging, and all Materials of the Ship ELLIS, burthen per Register 325 tons, now lying stranded in the Harbour of Saint John. The ship is coppered and copper fastened; also her Boats, 8 guns, 12's, 4 carronades, 6's, a quantity of small arms, &c. &c.—An Inventory may be seen now of all the particulars, and may be examined previous to the time of Sale, by applying to the Subscribers. Conditions of Sale—payment to be made by Bills of Exchange payable in London, at 30 days sight, or in Cash at the current par of Exchange, at the option of the purchaser.

JAMES C. F. BREMNER, & Co.

LICENSED AUCTIONEERS.

Saint John, N. B. 1st November, 1811.

Blankets, Cloths, Flannels, &c.

STRIPED, Point, and Rose Blankets; white, red, green, and yellow Flannels; Duffle Coatings assorted colors; Narrow Cloth ditto; Low priced Broad Cloths; Superfine ditto ditto; Single and double mill'd Cassimeres; Black, green, drab, scarlet, and bottle Bombazetts, plain and figured.—

Just Imported in the Ship WILLIAM, from LIVERPOOL, and for Sale by the Package on moderate terms, at the Store of RICHARD SANDS.

ALSO EXPECTED IN A FEW DAYS.

A quantity of Bombazeen, Rich Twist, Ribbons, Gold Leaf, Chineal, Black Worsted Hose, Lace, Veils, Rich fashionable Shawls, Ribb'd Stockingnet, and a variety of other Goods. 4th November, 1811.

JAMES HENDRICKS,

Has Received per Ship MARY, Captain HARVEY, from GREENOCK,

A Small supply of MERCHANDIZE, in addition to his former Assortment, among which are, a few SWORDS, SASHES, and EPAULETS, which will be sold low for CASH. 4th November, 1811.

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. L. ROBBINS

MOST respectfully informs the Gentlemen and Ladies of this City, and its vicinity, that he intends opening a SCHOOL at Mrs. COCK'S on MONDAY the 11th November, at 6 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of instructing Masters and Misses in the polite accomplishment of DANCING.—Days of instruction, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Ladies will be admitted at 3 o'clock afternoon, and the Gentlemen at 6 o'clock evening.

Terms, Three Guineas per quarter including one at the entrance.

N. B. Any Gentleman wishing to see Mr. R. previous to the commencing of his SCHOOL will please to call at Mr. M'PHERSON'S. October 31, 1811.

FOR SALE,

THE Valuable and highly improved MANOR of ALWINGTON, in the Parish of WESTFIELD, King's-County, situated 12 miles from the City of St. JOHN; containing 6000 acres, well covered with Pine and Spruce Spars, great quantities of the finest Ship Timber and other hard Wood as yet uncultured, possessing several convenient places for Ship Building; an excellent Salmon and Herring Fishery; a large Grist and Saw Mill that are doing extensive business; four well settled Farms, each having extensive meadows with high and low intervale sufficient to maintain a large stock, together with the Farming Utensils of each.

The greater part of the enclosures are under Cedar fence, with a navigable River running through the centre of the estate. The well known local advantage of this property and its commanding prospects renders any further description unnecessary.—Terms of Payment will be made easy to the purchaser.

4th November, 1811. J. COFFIN.

NOTICE.

THE NEREPISS GRIST MILL has been repaired and is now in condition to maintain her former character.—Every attention will be given to City and Country customers.

WESTFIELD, November 4, 1811.

NEW GOODS.

RICHARD SANDS,

Has Received by the Ship WILLIAM from LIVERPOOL,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

CALICOS and Shawls, black Cambric, Bedtick, striped Cotton, Table Cloths, black Crape, Counterpanes, Muslins, Ribbons, Dimities, Checks, Women's colored Cotton and Worsted Stockings, Men's Worsted, Lambswool and colored Marino do. Ladies and gentlemen's Silk Stockings and Gloves, Do. and do. Leather Gloves, British Shirting, Serges, Cotton Laces, Calimaucos, Rattinets, Wildbors, Superfine Cloths, double milled Cassimeres, Salisbury Flannels, Pins, Thimbles, Combs, Bibles, Prayer Books, Children's do. Mustard, Saltpetre, Ladies Kid and Morocco Shoes, Children's do. Ladies Spanish Corksoles do. gentleman's dress Shoes, Jack and Pen Knives, Table Knives and Forks, Spoons, Razors and Strops, Spectacles, Clothes, Hair, Hearth and other Brushes, Curry Combs and Brushes, and sundry other articles, which he will sell low for CASH. Saint John, 28th October, 1811.

By the WILLIAM, Captain BAIRD,

CURRIE and HANFORD

HAVE received a few GOODS, consisting of an ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF Printed Cottons; Flannels; Blankets; Ladies' Beaver and other Hats; which they will Sell Cheap for CASH. SAINT JOHN, 28th OCTOBER, 1811.

STEPHEN HUMBERT

HAS FOR SALE,

MOLASSES in Hogsheads, SUGAR in barrels; and a quantity of second hand RIGGING, comprising Cables, Hawsers, and Running Rigging of all descriptions. September 28.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS FOR SALE,

A few puncheons of MOLASSES of an excellent quality. NEHEMIAH MERRITT. Saint John, 15th July, 1811.