

of the House to the situation of the Catholic soldiers. The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER thought that it was possible that the plan of the Noble Lord might at some future time be productive of great advantages to the country. He thought the Honorable Gentleman (Mr. Whitbread) ought not to damp such prospects of public advantage, by introducing points which he knew could not be now obtained, and to which he knew there were particular feelings, and particular difficulties, hard to be surmounted at the present moment. It was, however, perpetually stated, that the ranks of the British army were full of Irish Catholics. If so, the Catholics did come over to this country, notwithstanding the penalties alluded to by the Hon. Gentleman. In answer to the long criticism made by a gallant General (General Tarleton) on the conduct of Lord Wellington and Ministers in the campaign of Portugal, he must say that his argument was at war with itself. At one time he said that Lord Wellington was strong enough to have attacked the French before they penetrated into Portugal, and raised the siege of Almeida and Ciudad Rodrigo. If that was the case, it was then evident that Ministers must have done their duty in supplying him with such a force. After having blamed Lord Wellington for not attacking the French before Ciudad Rodrigo, he afterwards had blamed the same General for resisting the attack of the French at Basaco.

Mr. CANNING would not, in his own opinion, have done his duty, if he had suffered the occasion to pass, without, at least, expressing his approbation of a course of measures which he had a share in originating. He, therefore, was in some measure responsible. The event might be such, as to attach blame to an humble individual like himself—it might possibly be such as to bring the battle home at last to our own shores—but of this he was certain, that it was true wisdom, true courage not to wait till they come here to seek us. The gallant General said, that Lord Wellington was first defending Spain; that he next was defending Portugal; and that now he was defending Lisbon. Well! he would adopt his statement, and say, that while Spain had struggled for herself, it was proper to support her.—And Spain was still struggling in her own cause. As long as Portugal stood, Portugal ought to be assisted; and if Lisbon remained, then a stand must be made for Lisbon. But he did not concur in the prediction of the Gallant General, which he said had been accomplished; and with such accomplishments of his predictions long might he be gratified. (A laugh!) Compare the actual state of things with their predictions and with the wants of the enemy. Though he wished that more had been done, yet he was not discontented.—He saw that Lord Wellington had arrested the progress of the enemy before whom the armies of the most powerful nations on the Continent had crumbled to dust.—(Hear, hear!) He was not disappointed at seeing him arrest the bolt of vengeance in its course, and make it fall harmless to the earth. Nor was he disappointed if his progress had for Europe the chance of another year, or even of but another month. With respect to what had been said of Lord Wellington's having neglected to improve those opportunities which had occurred of overpowering the enemy, from the knowledge they had of the natural bent of his disposition, it was fairly to be presumed, that had he acted other than he had, he would have followed it to a culpable extent. If, like Fabius, he had hovered at a distance, resembling the cloud on the mountain's top, instead of appearing like Scipio, the thunderbolt of war, it was a fair presumption that he, acting so, had adopted his measures (measures so unusual with him) to the peculiar situation in which he found himself placed. He differed from the gallant General, too, even with a view to the ultimate security of this country, because the troops now in Portugal were better trained to confidence and glory, and the respect of the enemy for the nation increased, a circumstance evinced in every publication of the enemy that related to Great-Britain—because it was better to keep the contest from our shores as long as possible, in order to take the chance of events. Of all places, too, the Peninsula was the most advantageous spot for us that could possibly be chosen, independent of the moral advantages arising from the co-operation of the people. The issue of the present contest was still in the hands of Providence.—He did not look forward without anticipating the possibility of a reverse; but it was with this consolation, that if ever there were a moment when defeat would be to us less fatal than at another, and if ever there was a moment when defeat would be more fatal to the present Ruler of France than at another, that moment was the present. There never could be a probability of a battle being less decisively destructive to us, and more ruinously disastrous to him than at present. He had now the eyes of all Europe fixed upon him; had no diversion to draw off his attention from the one grand point, so that his defeat would be most signal, and not to be retrieved or obliterated from memory by new successes in other parts.

General TARLETON again stated the danger of having the whole of our military force exposed to hazard against a superior enemy.

Mr. CANNING said, that he did not wish the whole of our force to be so employed. For Example, he wished Lord Wellington to be employed in Portugal; but there were other gallant Generals whom he wished to stay at home. (A general Laugh.)

The Report was ordered to be received Wednesday.

Extract from the Morning Post of the 18th February.

Mr. JACKSON.
On Saturday, the 16th of February 1811, "the Committee of Merchants interested in the Trade and Fisheries of the British North American Colonies," gave a splendid dinner at the City of London Tavern, in compliment to Mr. JACKSON, his Majesty's late Mi-

nister to the United States. JOHN INGLIS, Esq. Chairman of the Committee, presided on the occasion, and Sir ALEX. MACKENZIE, Mr. GEO. SHEDDEN, Mr. HAMILTON, Mr. LINTHORNE, Mr. M'GILLIVRAY, and Mr. GOODALL, acted as Stewards.

The following were amongst the toasts given in the course of the evening:—

"The King."
"The Prince Regent."
"The Queen."
"The Duke of York and the other Branches of the Royal Family."

The CHAIRMAN, in proposing the health of Mr. JACKSON, adverted to the progressive improvement of the King's North American Colonies, to their importance, and to Mr. JACKSON's great attention to their interests during his residence in the United States, and in the course of his visit to Canada, for which the Merchants there were equally grateful with their friends in this country; and he hoped the nation would always be as ably represented abroad, as it had been by Mr. JACKSON, whose services he trusted would be truly appreciated and rewarded. He concluded by giving—

"The health of Mr. Jackson."
Mr. JACKSON, in returning thanks to the Committee for the honour they had conferred on him, by noticing in so distinguished a manner his attention to the British American Colonists, briefly stated the importance of those Provinces to the Mother Country, from their capability to furnish immense supplies of timber for naval purposes, besides the other resources they possessed, and which, if adequately protected, would render this country in a great measure independent of foreign supply, and he proposed as a toast—

"The Ships, Colonies, and Commerce of British North America."

The Chairman then gave:—
"The Ministers of the Prince Regent, and may they always maintain the principles on which the Naval and Commercial greatness of the British Empire is founded."

"The British North American Colonies, and may the mother country always foster their resources."

"The Navy and Army of the United Kingdom."

"Lord Wellington, and the Allied Armies in Portugal and Spain."

"General Abercrombie and Admiral Bertie, and the brave forces under their command."

"The President and Vice President of the Board of Trade."

"Lord Sheffield, and thanks to his Lordship for his uniform support of the British North American Colonies."

"The Earl of Limerick, Lord Viscount Fitzharris, and the other friends of Mr. Jackson, who honored the Committee with their company that day."

"The Right Hon. George Canning."

"The Master of the Rolls."

"His Excellency Sir James Craig, Governor-General of British North America."

"His Excellency Sir George Prevost, Lieutenant-Governor of Nova-Scotia."

"His Excellency General Hunter, Lieutenant-Governor of New-Brunswick."

"The United States, and may their prosperity induce them to aid in the protection of the liberties and independence of other nations."

"The immortal memory of the late Right Hon. William Pitt."

"Success to the Fur Trade in all its branches."

"Success to the British North American Fisheries, and as they have shewn their competency to supply the West-India markets, may they soon be in the exclusive possession of them."

"Success to the Timber Trade of the British Colonies, which so extensively employs British Ships and British Seamen."

"The Landed and the Commercial Interests, and may they be forever united."

The company consisted of—

Mr. JACKSON, Lord Sheffield, the Earl of Limerick, Lord Viscount Fitzharris, Lord Burghersh, the Master of the Rolls, the Right Hon. George Canning, Sir James Pulteney, Sir Andrew Hammond, Sir J. Wentworth, Sir George Dallas, Sir Evan Nepean, Sir Alex. Mackenzie, Col. Vesey, Major-General Hodgson, Col. Hughes, Col. Murray, Capt. Searle, Mr. Blackburne, M. P. Mr. Ellice, M. P. Mr. Sumner, M. P. Mr. Edward Thornton, Mr. Colin Mackenzie, Mr. Frewin, Mr. Roe, Mr. Freeling, Mr. Sansom, Mr. Ryland, Mr. Todd, Mr. Henry, Mr. Lymburner; Mr. Haines, Mr. G. Aust, Mr. Ainsley, Mr. Dawkins, Mr. George Dorrien, Mr. Fagel, Mr. Ford, Mr. Hailes, Mr. Porter, Mr. Rolliston, Mr. Ross, the Rev. D. Warren, Mr. C. Warren, Mr. H. Barclay, Mr. C. Mills, Mr. Edward Ellice, Mr. James Inglis, Mr. Daniel, Mr. J. W. Hamilton, Mr. C. Idle, Mr. Bainbridge, Mr. H. Osborne, Mr. Gosling, Mr. Cherry, Mr. Benson, Mr. J. Fraser, Mr. A. Fraser, Mr. Livie, Mr. Whitmore, Mr. Turner, Mr. Forsyth, Mr. S. Donaldson, Mr. Gillespie, Mr. C. Richardson, Mr. T. Colman, Mr. Parker, Mr. Jolliffe, Mr. G. Smith, Mr. Coates, Mr. T. Wilson, Mr. Stuart, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Brown, Mr. Briggs, Mr. Venner, Mr. Gifford, Mr. Henderson, Mr. Latham, Mr. Atcheson, Mr. Coulson, Mr. Duncan, Mr. Poignestere, Mr. Kirkland, &c. &c. &c.

Several admirable national songs and glées were sung by Mr. LEETE, Mr. DIGNUM, and other professional singers.

LONDON, MARCH 14.

His Majesty came out of Windsor Castle about 12 o'clock on Tuesday, and walked on the Terrace, accompanied by Sir Henry Halford, Dr. Heberden, and Mr. Dundas, till one, and again from two till between 3 and 4 o'clock, attended by Gen. Manners only. At twelve o'clock yesterday, His Majesty and Dr.

Heberden walked on the Terrace till one, and at two his Majesty walked again with Generals Manners and Garth, till after four o'clock. None of the Physicians were there on the Terrace with his Majesty.

Sir James Saumarez is about to take the command of the Baltic fleet, which is to consist, it is said, of 25 sail of the line—Sir James is now in London, preparing for his command, and the fleet will be sent as soon as possible. Recent advices from the North have rendered despatch indispensably necessary.

SAINT JOHN, April 29, 1811.

Arrived, Tuesday, Schooner Hercules, Woodworth, in 36 days from Jamaica—Cargo, Spirits, Shrub, Sugar, Coffee, and Indigo to David Hatfield, owner.

Yesterday, Brig Mars, Robson, in 42 days from Liverpool—Cargo, Bale Goods and Salt to William Pagan, & Co. bale Goods to S. Nichols, D. Hatfield, M'Call & Henderson, and Fraser & Donaldson of this place; J. Bell, H. Smith, and J. Slason of Fredericton; and Robert Pagan of Saint Andrews.

The Ship Wilson from Clyde, arrived at Saint Andrews in the short passage of 24 days—No News transpired.

Valuable Horses at Auction.

On TUESDAY next, at 1 o'Clock, before the Coffee-House, will be Sold,
Two excellent HORSES, SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, BLANKETS, &c. &c.
ANDREW CROOKSHANK.
Saturday, April 27, 1811.

JUST RECEIVED

By the Schooner HERCULES, Capt. WOODWORTH from JAMAICA, and for Sale by the Subscriber, on liberal terms for good payment,
JAMAICA SPIRITS; BROWN SUGAR; SHRUB; COFFEE; and INDIGO.
DAVID HATFIELD.
Saint John, 29th April, 1811.

THE SUBSCRIBER

DESIRES all Persons who have been indebted to him more than Six Months, to call and settle their Accounts without further delay.
JOHN ROBINSON.
Saint John, 29th April, 1811.

For Sale at Fredericton,

On WEDNESDAY the 24th of JULY next, A HOUSE and LOT in Front-Street, near the Church—Also, Two other Houses in the Town, with a Wind-Mill, and sundry Farms—If not disposed of before July, will be Sold at Public Auction, as the Subscriber expects to leave this Province in September next.

All those indebted to the Subscriber by Bond, Note, or otherwise, are requested to make payment by July next, as they wish to avoid being sued.
S. BRANNAH.
SAINT JOHN, 29th APRIL, 1811.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the Subscriber hereof, JAMES DAWSON, having given up his charge of the Estate of the late ALEXANDER WILLIAMSON of Indian Island, deceased, to the Justice Probate General WILLIAM HAZEN, Esq. of Fredericton, as well as to HARRIS HATCH, Esq. Justice Probate for Charlotte County, Saint Andrews, for the benefit of the creditors in general, in September 1810, by reason of the recognized debts not being sufficient to pay the common public expence attending the same—Therefore all persons indebted to said Estate by either Note, Bond, Book Account, or any other collections, are hereby desired to make immediate payment without fraud or further delay unto HARRIS HATCH, Esq. Justice Probate, Saint Andrews, so as he may be enabled to regulate the same, by giving every just creditor an equal proportion according to his just claim as the law doth direct (from the remains of said Estate) otherwise the law will be put in full force and virtue thereof immediately.
JAMES DAWSON, late Administrator.
Maces'-Bay, April 25, 1811.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of EDWARD CATRAIN, Mariner, deceased, are requested to present them duly attested within Six Months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to
JOHN WARD, junr. Administrator.
Saint John, 29th April, 1811.

RUM, SUGAR and COFFEE.

Just Received by the Subscriber, and for Sale on reasonable terms for Cash or at a short credit,
50 Hds. SUGAR excellent quality,
40 Puncheons RUM,
50 Barrels COFFEE.
ANDREW CROOKSHANK.
Saint John, March 30, 1811.

Post-Office, St. John, April 22, 1811.

DURING the Summer Months the MAILS for Great-Britain and Nova-Scotia will be closed every Friday evening precisely at 6 o'Clock, those for Canada and Fredericton two hours after the arrival of the Packet from Digby.

N. B. The inland Postage to Halifax must be paid here.
Wm. CAMPBELL, Post-Master.