SWEDEN. STOCKHOLM, DECEMBER 12.

For several days past reports have been in circulatized respecting the intentions of a neighbouring Power, in certain propositions made to our Government; and it has been said, that our present friendly relations with that Power were likely to cease, unless those propositions were agreed to in toto! However respectable the quarter may be from whence the reports alluded to have proceeded, there is no reason to suppose that any further measures connected with the said propositions will be adopted, previous to the arrival of a Courier shortly expected from Paris.

DECEMBER 14.—"According to private letters received here from Riga, under date of the 21st ult. (old style,) a new Ukase has been published by the Emperor Alexander, for the levying of 160,000 troops, whose destination will be the frontiers of Poland and Finland."

DECEMBER 23.—It is confidently asserted, in the best informed circles, that a Diet will be held in February next, as well for the purpose of adopting certain measures relative to the internal administration of the Government, as of sanctioning some intended regulations with respect to our external relations.

Her Royal Highness the Crown Princess is expected here on the 24th inst.; it is not certain that the Prince will arrive to meet her, as he will most probably wait for the courier now expected from Paris, whose arrival will determine a much more important question than the departure of the Prince from the capital.

A circular letter of Soult has been published in the country of Niebla, recommending to the magistrates to oblige the peasants to sow their lands, and to punish with the greatest rigour those who shall neglect to do so, threatening them that a military chief shall be sent to examine the grounds, and impose punishment for such omission.

Many persons have lately arrived from Thomar and Torres Nueves, from whom we learn, that the extortions and violence of the French have increased to an intolerable degree. At first they treated the inhabitants with less cruelty; but it was evident that this mildness was affected. The French bring neither military chest, shoes, nor baggage; every thing must be furnished by the peasants, all whose property, according to their military code, belongs to them! At Torres Nueves they first began by asking cloaks, shoes and other necessaries; and then demanded forty thousand crusadoes, with great threats if they were not immediately paid. The inhabitants, finding they could not satisfy such a requisition, were obliged to fly. They did not, however, fly to Lisbon, but uniting in small parties, have destroyed many of the French. Thus it was at Seville; the French entered with seeming mildness, and imposed only a small contribution; but increasing in their demands, as they thought themselves secure, they levied contributions and requisitions of every kind, till the people of Seville, reduced to extremity, and forced from despair to form patriotic parties, have overrun nearly the whole of Andalusia.

GREAT-BRITAIN. LONDON, Dec. 31.

The French were increasing their flotilla in Cadiz harbour, as they bring their gun-boats overland from St. Mary's, about half a mile across.

We understand that the Pallas and Nymphe frigates, lately lost at Dunbar, have gone to pieces.

In consequence of the receipt of one of Mr. Gallatin's Circulars announcing that the Non-intercourse would be enforced against England on the 2d Feb. if she had not revoked her edicts, a deputation of merchants trading to the United States waited on Saturday upon Marquis Wellesley. They might have spared themselves the trouble; for it transpired in the debate in the House of Lords on Thursday, that his Lordship has not ventured to execute any of the duties of the high department which he fills, since the indisposition of his Majesty was ascertained. It was the intention of the gentlemen deputed (had they obtained an interview) to have informed his Lordship, that under the severity of the regulations about to be adopted in America, they must necessarily countermand all orders given to manufacturers, and unload such vessels as have been partially laden rather than incur the risk, of which they had been so explicitly forwarned, unless some assurances could be safely given to the merchants, that the intention of Government was to protect British property, by some modifications in the Orders in Council and the system of Blockade.

Accounts from the North of Germany state, that official notice had been given at Hamburgh, Lubeck, and
Bremen, of the determination of the French Government to annex the whole of those cities to France, from
the 1st of the present month. It is added, that the people of Bremen were so depressed at the intelligence, that
they had shut up all their Theatres and places of public
amusement; and the misery arising from the commercial
regulations of Bonaparte was so extreme, that it was
thought he would be compelled to relax the severity of
his tyrannical Decrees.

A letter from a Prussian port, of the 20th ult. confirms the rumour that Bonaparte has positively insisted that the Emperor of Russia shall adopt his confiscation and burning Decrees in their full extent; and though it is said that the language of the note addressed to the Russian Government upon this subject had given great offence, apprehensions were strongly entertained that the demand would ultimately be complied with.

It will probably be three weeks, if not a month, before the Regency Bill is passed, without Ministers give it every facility in their power, which is certainly a duty incumbent on them. The moment the Regent is appointed and invested with full powers, Bonaparte will make an overture for peace. When the report of the loss of the Elizabeth Indiaman, lately wrecked off Dunkirk, reached that town, the English paisoners confined there, of whom the number is considerable, requested leave to assist their countrymen in distress. This request, we regret to hear, was not only refused to them, but even such of the French as were disposed to afford assistance, were not suffered to interfere!

Friday se'nnight, the brig Nancy, of Poole, Robert Simpson, Master, with a cargo of fish, from St. John's, Newfoundland, for Liverpool, was totally lost in the night, a few miles to the southward of Peeltown, Isle of Man; when the master, mate, and three of the crew, and two passengers, unfortunately perished—three men were saved.

When Lucien Bonaparte and family were recently made prisoners of war, the property they had with them, which was very considerable, became, as a matter of right and custom, prize to the Officers and ship's Company of His Majesty's ship Pomone. Captain Barrie, who commanded that ship informed his Officers, that he did not, for his part, intend to make any claim to it; his Officers also agreed to wave their rights; and the Sailors, naturally enough, followed the example set them. Lucien, however, wished to make some little courteous acknowledgment of the liberal conduct of the men; and begged that three or four hundred pounds might be distributed amongst them. This sum was returned by a deputation from the sailors, headed by the Captain of the Forecastle, saying, they would have been devilish glad if they had come along-side of them in a frigate, that they might have fought it out; as it was, however, they could not think of taking any money from them. Lucien desired to know if they wished for any thing else; "they had no objection to drinking his health, now he was going to England," and accordingly, when he landed at Malta, he sent off a share of London porter to each man."



MARTIN HUNTER, Esquire,

PRESIDENT of His MAJESTY'S Council and (L. S.) Commander in Chief of the Province of New-BRUNSWICK, &c. &c. &c.

MARTIN HUNTER.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of this Province stands prorogued to the first Tuesday in March instant; I have therefore thought fit, by and with the advice of His Majesty's Council, further to prorogue the said General Assembly, and the same is hereby prorogued to the first Tuesday in June

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton,
the first day of March, in the Year of our Lord
One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eleven, and
in the fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign.
By the President's Command,

JON. ODELL.

BY THE HONORABLE
MARTIN HUNTER, Esquire,

PRESIDENT of His MAJESTY'S Council and (L.S.) Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.

MARTIN HUNTER.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the forty-eighth year of His present Majesty's Reign, power is given to the Governor, Lieutenant, Governor, or Commander in Chief, with the advice and consent of His Majesty's Council, to allow the importation of certain enumerated articles from the United States of America into this Province, for the

purpose of re-exporting the same. I have therefore thought fit, with the advice and consent of His MAJESTY's Council, to publish this Proclamation, hereby authorising and empowering British Subjects, for the space of Six Months from the date hereof, to import and bring into this Province, from the United States of America, in British built ships or vessels, owned and navigated according to Law: Scantling, Planks, Staves, Heading, Boards, Shingles, Hoops, or Squared Timber of any sort; Horses, Neat-Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, or Live Stock of any sort; Bread, Biscuit, Flour, Pease, Beans, Potatoes, Wheat, Rice, Oats, Barley or Grain of any sort; and British Subjects, during the same period, are hereby authorised and empowered to export in British ships, owned and navigated as aforesaid, all or any of the said herein before enumerated articles to any other of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, the twenty-sixth day of January, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eleven, and in the Fifty-first Year of His Ma-JESTY'S Reign.

By the President's Command,
JON. ODELL.

A NY person or persons desirous of Contracting for seating and completing the COURT HOUSE at Kingston, in the County of King's, will send in their Proposals for that purpose to John Coffen, David Picker and Daniel Micheau, Esquires, or either of them, on or before the First day of May next.

GEO. LEONARD, Jung. Clerk. Kingston, March 16, 1811.

NOTICE.

A LL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of Lieut. Caleb Howe, late of the Queen's Rangers, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within Twelve Months from this date; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

ESTHER HOWE, Administratrix,
THOMAS FAYERWEATHER, Admini.
SAMUEL FAYERWEATHER, strators.
King's County, 16th March, 1811.

A LL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of EBENEZER HATHEWAY, Esq. late of the Parish of Burton, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested, within Three Months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

MARY HATHEWAY, Executrix.

CHARLES R. HATHEWAY, Executors.

THOMAS G. HATHEWAY, Executors.

Burton, February 25, 1811.

A LL persons having demands against the Estate of ANN WHITLOCK, late of this City, deceased, are requested to present them within Three Months from this date; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment.

ANN HOWARD, Executrix,
THOMAS HORSFIELD,
WILLIAM WHITLOCK,

Saint John, 18th March, 1811.

A LL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of the late Andrew Ivory of Miramichi, deceased, are requested to present them duly attested, within Eighteen Calender Months from the date here of; and all persons indebted to said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to

MURDOCH M'KENZIE, ] Admini...
GEORGE LAURIE, ] strators.
Miramichi, 2d August, 1810.

A LL Persons having any demands against the Estate of James Day, late of Westfield, King's County, deceased, are requested to render them duly attested within Three Months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

HENRY DAY,
JOEL WATERS, Administrators.
Westfield, King's County, February 23, 1811.

A LL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of Captain Jonathan Leavitt, late of Carleton, deceased, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within Twelve Months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to the Subscribers.

JAMES WHITE, Junn.

FRANCIS LEAVITT, J Executors.

Saint John, 18th February, 1811.

A LL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of George Price, late of the Parish of St. Martin's, deceased, are requested to present them duly attested, to the Subscribers, within Twelve Months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

A LL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of James Eagle, late of the Parish of Portland, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested, within Twelve Months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

WILLIAM EAGLE, Administrators. GEO. LEONARD, junr. Saint John, 26th November, 1810.

A LL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late EBENEZER WHITNEY, Sent. of Miramichi, in the Coupty of Northumberland, deceased, are hereby required to render their accounts duly attested within Twelve Months from the date hereof; and those indebted thereto, are requested to make immediate payment

RICHARD SIMONDS, J Admini-ANTHONY ROGERS, J strators. MIRIMACHI, 27th August, 1810.

ALL Persons having any Demands on the Estate of Samuel Hart, Esqr. late of Halifax, deceased, are requested to present them duly attested to the Subscriber, within Eighteen Calendar Months from this date, for adjustment; and all persons indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

REBECCA HART, Sole Executrix.

Halifax, October 15, 1810.

A LIL Persons having any legal Demands against the Estate of the late JONATHAN MOREHOUSE, Merchant of this Town, deceased, are requested to send in their accounts duly attested to the Subscribers, within Eighteen Calendar Months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payorant to WILLIAM MOREHOUSE.

ment to WILLIAM MOREHOUSE, Executors.
ICHABOD CORBITT,
Annapolis, 7th May, 1810.

RAGS! RAGS! RAGS!

CASH or BOOKS given for clean LINEN and COTTON RAGS at this OFFICE.