

JUNE 12.

Mails from Lisbon, Cadiz, and Anholt, arrived this morning. The intelligence from Lisbon is to the 3d instant; and from Cadiz to the 31st ult. It is all favourable and full of promise.

Harassed in his retreat, and not daring to turn and risk another battle, SOULT reached Seville on the 25th ult. carrying back with him less than half the army with which he had set out, so full of spirits and confidence, so high in hope and in menace. The allied cavalry followed him close from the field of battle. On the 23d our heavy cavalry came up with his rear at Usagre, and killed and wounded a considerable number. The Comde DE PENNE, at the head of the Spanish cavalry, attacked him again beyond Llerena, and killed, wounded, and made prisoners upwards of 500 men. The guerillas added also to his embarrassment, cutting off convoys and stragglers, and straitening him exceedingly for provisions and forage. What effect his defeat and retreat have had upon VICTOR and the army before Cadiz, we know not as yet, but we shall be much surprised if they do not raise the siege. Indeed we infer from a movement made by SEBASTIANI, that all the troops in the South of Spain will fall back from their present positions, and, pursuing different routes, endeavour to unite at some given point to the Northward of the Tagus, MARMONT's late MASSENA's, army making a movement to the Southward to favour their march and join them. SEBASTIANI has abandoned Granada, and taken a northerly direction, not however, without being incommoded in his march by the Spanish army of the Centre, which attacked him at Baeza, and killed, wounded, and took about 700 men. The Army of the Centre then pushed on its advanced guard beyond Baylen. The speculation we have just hazarded is strengthened by the Lisbon letters, which speak of an intention on the part of MARMONT to march to the southward.

Meanwhile the siege of Badajos is carrying on with great vigour, and a confident hope is expressed in the Lisbon accounts, that Lord WELLINGTON would celebrate in Badajos his MAJESTY'S Birth-day.

MASSENA'S, JUNOT'S, and LOISON'S departure from the army is confirmed; but it has been too hastily inferred that they as well as NEY are in disgrace. We dare say it will be found, that BONAPARTE has sent for them to employ them in the war with Russia. NEY'S visit to Copenhagen is no doubt to stimulate the King of DENMARK to furnish his contingent to the war, and to place the French General at the head of his troops.

The following Letter came by the Mail from Anholt:

ANHOLT, MAY 28.

"All accounts from the Baltic, let them come from what quarter they may, agree in the probability of a war between France and Russia. One letter from Petersburg, dated the 14th inst. mentions that affairs there were in a very unsettled state; another from Copenhagen, talks of the commencement of actual hostility; and a third from a port in Prussia, contains the following list of forces assembled in that kingdom and in Poland, preparatory, as it is presumed, to a war;— Prussians 35,000, Poles 30,000, French 37,000, Austrians 14,000—Total 116,000.

"On the side of the Russians we are informed that there are not less than 160,000 men on the Polish frontiers, regularly organized and trained to military duties.

"In coincidence with this measure we find that Russia and Turkey have made peace on terms highly advantageous to the latter, and that Turkey fearful of the encroachments of France on the side of Dalmatia, is to join Russia in the war."

LISBON, MAY 30.

Advices received from Olivenza of the date of the 26th of May.

Advice has been received at head-quarters that the Anglo-Portuguese cavalry has beaten the enemy, taking 60 prisoners, and killing more than 100; we do not as yet know the loss on our side.

On the same day an account arrived that the Comde DE PENNE, beyond Llerena, had an obstinate action with his cavalry against the French, in which many were left dead on the field, and between prisoners and wounded 500 men fell into our hands.

On the 13th, our army of the centre had an engagement in Baeza with the division of SEBASTIANI, who was retiring from Granada, in which the latter lost 500 men killed, and 160 prisoners. Our advanced guard was between Baylen and Guarroman.

JUNE 1.

According to the last accounts from Elvas, the trenches were opened before Badajos on the 28th of May, and the siege was prosecuted with great activity.

The action at Usagre, on the 26th ult. between the Allied and French cavalry, was of importance: the enemy had 200 killed, among whom were several officers, and 73 taken prisoners, including a Lieut. Colonel, a Major, &c. The defeat of the division of SEBASTIANI, at Baeza, is confirmed.

JUNE 2.

SOULT continued his retreat, pursued by the allied troops, towards Seville, which place he reached with about 10,000 men on the 25th. On his march his army was greatly harassed as well by our pursuit as by the guerillas, who cut off all stragglers. On the 23d our heavy cavalry came up with him at Usagre, a little north of Llerena, and took and killed 480 men and seventeen Officers, with the loss of fifty or sixty on our part of the 3d and 14th Dragoons, under General LUMLEY. Lord WELLINGTON is near Badajos. Gen. HILL is likewise gone up to resume his former command. The siege of Badajos is advancing; it must fall soon, as the besieged have now no chance of help.—MASSENA, JUNOT, MORTIER, BESSIERES, and others, are gone to Paris. It appears MASSENA proposed attacking Lord WELLINGTON again on the 8th, which

was opposed by BESSIERES, in which opinion all the other Generals joined. MARMONT now commands there. Of course we shall not have any new action in that quarter very soon.

There is a talk of some of our troops falling back towards Lamego, for the greater convenience of the Commissariat. The eleventh are arrived, and a fleet of transports are preparing for the transport of the Eniskillens from Cork.

This day our batteries open on Badajos; we shall certainly celebrate the 4th of June there. It appears MARMONT is preparing to make some move with his army, very probably southward.

Our last news from the Mediterranean say, Admiral COTTON has got possession of Genoa.

LONDON, JUNE 10.—Yesterday the following Bulletin was shewn at St. James's Palace, to the numerous inquirers after the state of HIS MAJESTY, who have considerably increased since last week:—

Windsor Castle, June 8, 1811.

HIS MAJESTY has been more composed through the last week, and his disorder has in no respect increased. (Signed by four of the Doctors.)

JUNE 11.—The report of HIS MAJESTY'S state at the Castle this day, is, "that the KING is better, and had a good night."

LIVERPOOL, June 13.

The following are extracts from two Letters received last night by respectable Houses in this town.

"HULL, JUNE 11th. By a fisherman, arrived here to-day from Yarmouth, which came from thence yesterday, we have intelligence that a cutter had arrived there with despatches from Sir James Saumarez, that our fleet under his command had taken fifteen sail of the line of the Swedish men of war, destroyed four more on the stocks, blown up one of their docks, and also captured some frigates, &c.

"Whether the whole will prove correct or not, time will show, but our opinion is, that if not the whole, a part will prove true. The men tell their tale seemingly without any wish to deceive the public; and the general opinion is that it will prove correct."

"HULL, JUNE 11th. By a fishing vessel arrived here this morning, we have an account that a cutter had arrived at Yarmouth with the intelligence that our fleet under Sir James Saumarez, had captured 15 sail of the line belonging to the Swedes, destroyed three more on the stocks, and blown up one of their docks, with the loss of about 200 English seamen. This intelligence is generally credited here, and as the fishermen can have no view in propagating this report, the opinion is, that it will prove true."

BOSTON, JULY 10.

Messrs. PINKNEY and FOSTER.

ARRIVED.—The Essex, Capt. Smith, has at length arrived in this country, having on board William Pinkney, Esq. our late Minister to Great-Britain, after a passage of 49 days.

On the same day, a few hours before the Essex, arrived at Annapolis the British frigate Minerva, having on board Augustus J. Foster, Esq. The Minerva sailed from England six or seven days before the Essex.

Mr. Pinkney arrived in this city on Sunday from Annapolis. Mr. Mortier reached the city the same day, together with his suite. We do not understand that the latter gentleman is connected with the legation.

By the Essex despatches are received from France, the contents of which rumor has not yet wasted to our ears.

NEW-YORK, JULY 9.

Letters from Washington state, that the President's Proclamation, convening Congress on the first Monday of October next, will appear in a few days, and that the President will recommend to Congress the extension of the Non-Intercourse law to France.

THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

SAINT JOHN, MONDAY, JULY 22, 1811.

ARRIVALS SINCE OUR LAST.

Brig Jackall, Crass, Lisbon; Brig Springfield, Crumney, Maldon; Snow Fidelity, Lotherington, North Shields; Snow Swan, Fenwick, New-Castle; Ship Hero, Lovett, Liverpool.

His Excellency Sir JAMES HENRY CRAIG, late Governor General of British North America, embarked on board the Amelia frigate, on the 19th ult. for England.

PROMOTION.—London Gazette, June 3.—Royal African Corps.—Major CHARLES M'CARTHY, of the 104th Foot, to be Lieut. Colonel, without purchase.

MARRIED on Thursday evening, by the Rev. Dr. Byles, Mr. BENJAMIN DEVOLF, jun. of Newport, Nova-Scotia, Merchant, to Miss LOVETT, daughter of Capt. Daniel Lovett of this City.

DIED on the 19th inst. at Fredericton, Mr. JAMES BELL, Merchant, of the late House of Rogers, Bell, & Co. aged 49 years.

The numerous instances of liberality and public spirit exhibited by Mr. BELL, justly entitles him to the character of a good citizen. As a Merchant, he was honorable and upright in his dealings, and although his concerns were extensive, he oppressed no man. His life has been marked by acts of kindness and benevolence, which secured him the esteem of his acquaintance, and his death is lamented by the community at large.

At Saint Andrews, on the 20th June last, ANIGAIL SELLERS, in the 16th year of her age, lamented and regretted by her friends and acquaintances,

by whom her loss will long be felt; her good qualities had deservedly endeared her to them; their hope must be she is removed to far greater enjoyments.

HEAD-QUARTERS, FREDERICTON, 11th JUNE, 1811.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

The Commander in Chief has been pleased to make the following Promotions.

KING'S COUNTY MILITIA—1st Battalion.

Captain Titus Brown to be Major, 12th May, 1811.

Lieut. Richard Whelpley to be Captain, vice Brown, promoted, 12th May, 1811.

Ensign Walter Moore to be Lieutenant, vice Whelpley, promoted, 12th May, 1811.

Serjeant Benjamin Crawford to be Ensign, vice Moore, promoted, 12th May, 1811.

Serjeant John Prince, Junr. to be Ensign, 12th May, 1811.

Lieut. Charles Raymond to be Adjutant, vice Britain, removed from the County, 12th May, 1811.

Mr. Adino Paddock, Junr. to be Surgeon, 12th May, 1811.

H. W. HAILES,

Adjutant General Militia Forces.

FRESH GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received by the Ship HERO, Captain LOVETT, in addition to his former assortment, and now opening for Sale, on the lowest terms, viz.—

JEWELRY, Gun Powder and Shot, White Lead, Paint Oil, Hardware, Cutlery, Sallad Oil, Mustard, Ironmongery, Sadlery, Starch, Teas, Loaf Sugar, Shoemakers Tools, White Wine Vinegar, Nails from 4d. to 20d.

Choice Old Madeira WINE of a superior quality. A few Sides of excellent Harness LEATHER, &c.

JAMES CODNER.

SAINT JOHN, 22d JULY, 1811.

CURRIE and HANFORD,

Have Received per the HERO, Capt. LOVETT, from LIVERPOOL, in addition to their former Stock,

FINE Colerain Linens; Window Glass; Day and Martin's Japan Blacking; Common and best hammered Iron, Shovels; Fryng-pans; Tea-kettles; Copper Wash-kettles; Saws; Hammers; Shovels and Tongs; Dogs; Augurs; HL Hinges; Spoons; Cod-Hooks; Pins; Carpenter's Rules; Gunter Scales; Buttons; &c.

A complete set of Books for a Counting House: All which they offer for Sale at low rates for prompt payment.

ALSO.

PORT and MADEIRA WINES,

SPIRITS and NOYEAU.

Likewise in Store on Consignment,

Hhds. Glass Ware, Cordage, Paints and Oil, Iron, Which will be sold very low for CASH.

Saint John, 22d July, 1811.

LEATHER FOR SALE.

WILLIAM TAYLOR,

MOST respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has just received per the Ship JANE from GLASGOW, a Consignment of excellent SOLE LEATHER, which he offers for Sale on the most reasonable terms, at his Store, opposite His MAJESTY'S Fuel Yard.

The above consignment, if not disposed of previous to SATURDAY the 3d of AUGUST next, will on that day be offered at Public Auction. As there is a considerable quantity of it, he particularly recommends it to dealers in that line, assuring them that the quality and price makes it well worthy their attention.

Fredericton, 17th July, 1811.

LOST OR STOLEN,

FROM the Subscriber, about the 13th inst. a Bill of Exchange drawn by Solomon Rice, Eastport, in favor of N. B. & S. Buckman on Nehemiah Merritt of St. John, for one hundred and fifty two dollars and sixty one cents, dated the 28th March, 1811, payable sixty days after sight. All persons are hereby cautioned from receiving or taken in payment the above Bill, as it will be of no use to any person whatever.

22d July, 1811.

WILLIAM BURTON.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS FOR SALE,

A few puncheons of MOLASSES of an excellent quality. NEHEMIAH MERRITT. Saint John, 15th July, 1811.

FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY the 22d inst. at the House occupied by GEORGE D. LUDLOW, Esq. at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, will commence the Sale of his valuable Household and Kitchen Furniture—

AMONG WHICH ARE—

Mahogany Dining and Tea Tables; ditto, Secretaries and Bureau; Chairs; Sofa; Bedstead; Curtains; Bed; Mattress, &c.; Plate; Plated Urns; Table Set cut Glass; Dinner and Tea Sets India China; Wedgewood's Ware; Trays; a large general Atlas; Books; Pictures; and numerous other articles, a catalogue of which is left with the Subscriber.

Also—A London built Coach; ditto Curricie, with Gig shafts and Tandem Harness; two sets plated Coach Harness; a set of Waggon ditto; a Lady's Saddle; two Gentlemen do. and bridles; two Horses for Saddle or Harness; a Milch Cow; a few boxes Spermaceti and Tallow Candles, and Soap, and a barrel of Spermaceti Oil, best quality.

ANDREW CROOKSHANK.

St. John, July 15, 1811.