

again taking a position, and endeavouring to maintain the line of the Tagus. With this design General Marmont began to move from Salamauca towards Avila, on the 26th and 27th ult. whether he intended to transfer his head-quarters, while a part of his army was to be cantoned at Talavera de la Reyna. Drouet, with 5000 men, also took the same direction on the 16th.

Advices were yesterday received from Monte Video to the 11th of April. Capt. Elliot, it is said, disgusted with the treatment he received from the Governor of the place, had sailed with the vessels under his command for the Brazils. The British Merchants at Buenos Ayres, considering their trade as no longer secure, were preparing, with all expedition, to leave the country.

Lord Wellington's last despatch, we understand, confirms the account by the Lisbon Mail, of the movement of a division of Marmont's army to the Southward; and apprizes Ministers, that Sir B. Spencer had, in consequence, been ordered to march with his division to reinforce Sir W. Beresford.

A letter received at Lloyd's, from a gentleman possessing the best means of information, confirms the account of the arrival of Gen. Lauriston at St. Petersburg, adding, that all differences between the Russian and French Governments are amicably settled. The communication alluded to further says, that the greatest strictness prevails at Mecklenburgh, and all the ports of Pomerania. Domiciliary visits had been paid, and great danger was apprehended for any vessel touching at any of those places.

JUNE 19.

Government has given notice to the merchants, that no Baltic import-licences will be granted for any vessel chartered in any foreign port, unless she shall have been chartered on or before the 15th of August; nor any vessel be licenced to proceed to the Baltic from any port in the United Kingdom in ballast, but on condition that she shall clear out before the last day of June.

The Board of Trade, in their notice to the Merchants of the regulations with regard to the Baltic licences, state, that they have been adopted with the avowed object of preventing the recurrence of the difficulties which occurred last year, as to the renewal of licences; it being now distinctly understood, that no renewal of the licences for the Baltic Trade will take place.

A letter from Koningsburgh, of the 20th of May, says, "The Poles every where are well disposed to Russia, and ill-disposed to France. There might be easily raised an army of 150,000 fine men, accustomed to hardships."

Letters from our squadron in Basque-roads, represent the enemy as making the greatest exertions in the equipment of their ships in Brest, Aix-roads, &c. In the former place, two sail of the line and four frigates are lying ready to start, as soon as an opportunity presents itself, by our blockading ships being driven off the coast. The master of a French sloop, captured on her passage from Brest to Isle Dieu, states, that several hundred Danish, Norwegian, and other foreign seamen, had arrived at Brest, to man the different ships, and that a large number more of the same description were on their way for that place. The master of the Arrow schooner, Mr. Hoy, while chasing a French chasse-maree, in the boat of that vessel, on the 5th ult. in Basque-roads, was shot through the heart. His comrades and brother Officers, as a token of respect for his gallant conduct on that and every other occasion, brought his body home, and it was interred at Plymouth on Friday, attended by all the Officers of the ship, and a number of private friends.

JUNE 20.

The Fox, and seventeen other American vessels, were yesterday finally condemned in the Admiralty Court, upon the ground that no official communication had been made to it of the repeal of the enemy's Decrees of Blockade.

Massena arrived in Paris the 8th June—Marmont succeeded him in the command.

A morning paper says that ministers have accounts of General Desolles having joined Marshal Soult on the 2d inst. with 9000 men, and that Drouet also joined him on the 6th, with 8000.—By what conveyance this intelligence was received is not mentioned, and we conceive the statement to be unfounded.

The main body of Soult's army had retreated to Llerena; an advanced division of it engaged a part of the Allied Army, under Gen. Lumley, near Usagre, and received a severe defeat.

All the little ports of Prussia to the mouth of the Peene, have been occupied by French troops. The artillery for their defence is drawn from the Prussian arsenals. Lauriston, the new French minister, has arrived at St. Petersburg.

An Anholt mail has brought intelligence from our Fleet to the 4th inst. and we learn with great satisfaction, that Sir James Saumarez, after having collected all the British ships, had proceeded up the Baltic with several hundred sail. This naturally gives rise to the idea of a good understanding subsisting between us and the Emperor Alexander.

BOSTON, JULY 25.

LATEST FROM FRANCE.

By the arrival at New-York, of the pilot boat schooner Matchless, Kelly, in 32 days from Bordeaux, a confirmation is received of the release of all the sequestered American vessels and their cargoes that had arrived in French ports after the 2d of November.—Massena and his aids had passed through Bordeaux on the 6th of June on their way to Paris. The young King of Rome was christened on the 9th June. There were no accounts at Bordeaux when Capt. Kelly sailed, of any new battle having been fought in Spain or Portugal, nor had war been declared by Russia against France. Captain Kelly has brought despatches from

Mr. Russell the Charge d'Affairs at Paris to the Secretary of State.

This intelligence, which is much the latest that has been received from any quarter of Europe, puts to silence the ridiculous tale in the last Chronicle, of a great battle having been fought a short time after the affair at Albuera, in which the British lost 12,000 men. We were apprised of the falsehood of this tale, by the previously received accounts from the seat of war; and the Chronicle editors, if they had been disposed to examine them, to look at their maps and count dates, could have gained all the information, necessary, in detecting the imposition.

NAVAL ENGAGEMENT.

NEW-YORK, JULY 22.—Capt. Bulkley arrived here last evening, informs, that on Saturday last, off the Capes of the Delaware, 40 miles from the land, he witnessed an engagement between two ships of war, which continued from 4 till half past 6 P. M. when one of the ships struck. After the engagement, an officer from one of them came on board Captain B's schooner, the Ann Eliza, who proved to be an officer from the British sloop of war Atalante, Capt. Hickey, who informed that the ship that had just struck to the Atalante, was the French frigate *Interprete*, of 32 guns, bound from Brest to New-York, with despatches and some cargo. The Atalante had 1 man killed, and 4 wounded. The *Interprete* had 30 killed and wounded.—The Atalante mounts 18 guns. Captain Bulkley did not learn how long the French ship had been out, or what became of the despatches.

BOSTON, JULY 19.

BRITISH AMBASSADOR.

Extract of a letter from Washington, to a gentleman in this town, dated July 13.

"Mr. Foster, has taken a house in my neighbourhood, for twelve months, certainly—with privilege of holding it for five years. This looks well, and favors the idea of a settlement of differences with England."

We learn by a letter received in this city from London, of the 27th May, that the trials of the American vessels bound to France, and carried into England, under the Orders in Council, have been further suspended.

N. Y. Gaz.

The report of a rupture between Mr. Monroe and Mr. Foster, is without foundation. We have it from unquestionable authority, that the conversations between those two gentlemen, have been of a mild and pacific nature, and that the objections of each to particular points, have for the present been mutually waived.—ib.

THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

SAINT JOHN, MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1811.

The Packet Matilda arrived yesterday with the English Mail for the month of June, from Digby—London dates to the 20th June.—For extracts made from the London papers, see preceding column.

Yesterday arrived at Partridge Island, Government Schooner Hunter, Capt. O'Brian from Annapolis—Passengers in the Hunter; Brigade-Major Sinclair and Mr. Gracie.

This morning, His Majesty's Sloop of War Indian, Capt. Jane, in 4 days from Halifax.

The following is given in the latest London Paper, as an accurate statement of the respective forces of the contending parties in the Peninsula:

| FRENCH FORCE. | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Marmont's | 25,000 men |
| Soult's | 10,000 |
| Victor's | 10,000 |
| Sebastiani's | 7000 |
| From Madrid | 2000 |
| Convalescents, &c. | 5000 |
| Total disposable | 59,000 |
| ALLIED FORCE. | |
| Lord Wellington's British | 35,000 |
| General Graham's ditto from Cadiz | 7000 |
| Portuguese | 20,000 |
| Disposable under Lord Wellington | 62,000 |
| To which may be added the Spaniards: | |
| Under General Blake | 9000 |
| General Castanos | 7000 |
| General Ballasteros | 4000 |
| General Freyze | 11,000 |
| | 31,000 |
| British and Portuguese | 62,000 |
| Grand total of the Allies | 93,000 |

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the Ship *CHILHAM CASTLE*, are hereby requested to render their accounts for payment, either to Hugh Johnston, Esq. or the Subscriber, before the sailing of said vessel, as no accounts will be received after that period.

ROBERT STICKLAND, Master.

Saint John, 5th August, 1811.

WINE and FRUIT.

A FEW Pipes of Malaga WINE, also some RALSINS, CAPERS, ALMONDS, and about 56 quintals of CORK, landing from on board the Brig Lady PREVOST from GIBRALTAR, for Sale by ISAAC WOODWARD, & Co. SAINT JOHN, 29th JULY, 1811.

FOR SALE

BY the SUBSCRIBER, a quantity of FRESH INDIAN MEAL, just received from the Mills, at a reasonable rate. STEPHEN HUMBERT. SAINT JOHN, AUGUST 5, 1811.

JAMES C. F. BREMNER, & Co.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

BEG leave to inform the Public, that they have received, in addition to their former very general Assortment, large supplies of most Articles in demand here, which they offer for Sale on the lowest possible terms for Cash or good Bills of Exchange.

FAMILIES or others wishing to have their supplies exclusively from one Store, may be accommodated by them, if the articles can be procured in the place.

They will generally SELL at AUCTION once a Week, or oftener, if business offers, any description of property that their Friends may wish to dispose of. Every attention will be given to make good Sales, and prompt payments may be relied on. They humbly request a share of the public favor, which they will study to merit.

They have now to offer for Sale,

1500 Yards of CANVAS, No. 1 a 8, of a good quality, Also a quantity of fresh ALMONDS, in small bags, at their Store—And at Memramcock; 500 Tons SPRUCE and PINE TIMBER, with suitable small stowage. Saint John, New-Brunswick, 1st August, 1811.

Reading, Writing and Arithmetic.

MR. BERNARD KIERNAN

INTENDS opening a SCHOOL on MONDAY, 5th AUGUST next, in a house near Mr. STANTON'S York-Point, for the reception of thirty Children only, where they will be carefully instructed in the above, and the utmost exertions made to accelerate their progress.

Mr. KIERNAN would also admit a few Scholars who would be inclined to make the higher branches the object of their pursuit, and informs them that he teaches the following, viz.

Euclid's elements of Geometry; Trigonometry, plain and spherical, with their application to Navigation; Surveying; Levelling; Longimetry; Fortification; Gunnery and Perspective; Sphericks; Astronomy and Dialling; Conic Sections; Mensuration; Gauging and Mechanics; Geography with the use of the Globes; Projections of the Sphere; Maps and Charts; sundry methods of determining the Longitude by Celestial Observations, with the use of Scales, Rules, Nautical and Mathematical Instruments; Algebra; Book-Keeping; Construction of Mathematical Tables, &c. &c.

Mr. KIERNAN hopes that those who may favor him with their Children, will allow, that they should conform to such regulations as may be established.

SAINT JOHN, AUGUST 1, 1811.

NOTICE.

BY Virtue of His MAJESTY'S Writ or Commission under the Great Seal of this Province of New-Brunswick, bearing date the 15th ultimo, to me directed and delivered, commanding me to enquire by the Oath of good and lawful men of the City and County of Saint John, whether John Shellock, Cornelius Field, William Black, John Kepper, James Peady, John Sutherland, Edward Ellis, John Clues, Alexander Peden, William Parcel, William Parker, Joseph Hadden, William West, Patrick Finne, Hugh Mahon, Dennis Conley, James McGore, Thomas Horsely, Samuel Taylor, James Burrell, Andrew White, James Trelof, Thomas Kenney, Henry Graham, Leonard Dundrick, James Grant, James Cann, Christopher Kenne, Frederick Rector, Joseph Gutray, Donald McKoy, (alias McKay,) John Tillen, Francis Sweeney, James Dalton, Arthur Quinn, Patrick McGloughly, Alexander McCorne, Robert Hay, Robert Brackenby, Thomas Gill, Matthew Fitzgerald, Patrick Dubbin, Edward Cook, Thomas Maye, Hugh Cane, Thomas Hurley, Edward Hicks, John Wray, John Bouch, William Campbell, John Hugh, Baracy Donnelly, Henry Limbeck, William White, Alexander Cameron, James Murray, William West and William Fife, their Heirs and Assigns respectively, or any or either of them, and if any, which of them, have or hath at any time complied with, done and performed any or either of the conditions of settlement, cultivation and improvement, mentioned and contained in a certain Grant or Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Nova-Scotia, bearing date the 16th day of September, 1784, to the said Persons in severality of thirty-seven Lots or Tracts of Land, known by the numbers 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, and 49, then situate in the County of Sunbury in the said Province of Nova-Scotia, now within the City and County of Saint John, in the said Province of New-Brunswick; fronting on the Bay of Fundy, and lying between Point Misspeck and Quaco Head; I shall on Monday the second day of September next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, by a Jury of the said City and County, at the City-Hall of the said City, proceed to execute the said Writ or Commission, agreeably to the tenor and command of the same; of which all persons interested will take notice.

Dated at the City of Saint John, the second day of August, 1811. Wm. SANFORD OLIVER, High Sheriff of the City and County of St. John.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS FOR SALE,

A few puncheons of MOLASSES of an excellent quality. NEHEMIAH MERRITT, Saint John, 15th July, 1811.