

**ANTICIPATED INTELLIGENCE.**

**NEW-YORK, NOVEMBER 26, 1811.**

**Presentation of Medals.**—The arrival of the late important despatches from France demanding the immediate attention of the President of the United States, at once precluded the possibility of his fulfilling his intended visit to New-York on the 21st inst. the day originally proposed for the presentation of the Medals voted by Congress the 10th inst. to Commodore Rodgers, Capt. Ludlow, and the Officers of the United States frigate President, as a lasting memorial of the high sense which their country entertain of their glorious and gallant conduct in the late arduous battle off Cape Henry.—No sooner had the State business been transacted, than the President of the United States hastened to put his intentions in execution, and the arrival of the Hon. Paul Hamilton (Secretary of the Navy) announced that he might be expected at New-York on the evening of the 24th. His Excellency shortly after reached this city in his travelling carriage, escorted by a respectable body of Light Horse. Arrangements were then made, that the ceremony should take place on the morning of the 25th. The crimson curtain of Aurora was scarcely withdrawn when a discharge of cannon announced the Honors about to be conferred on the *Nelson of Columbia*, and his brave associates. The streets were lined with the military and

“Beauty’s smile approved heroic deeds.” The squadron of the United States, consisting of the frigates President, and United States, with the brig Argus were moored in a line opposite the city, dressed in all the galaxy of accidental magnificence, the President being distinguished by wreaths of laurel which tastefully embraced every part of her rigging from the mast-head to the deck—Her figure head was adorned with a chaplet, woven by the wives and daughters of the most illustrious citizens—The fore-castle was fitted like an amphitheatre for the accommodation of the spectators, and a band of music stationed in the main-top. At ten o’clock his Excellency the President, attended by the Hon. Paul Hamilton, (Secretary of the Navy) and the Representatives of the City of New-York, embarked in the state-barge, rowed by sixteen of the citizens of New-York, under a salute from the different forts and batteries.—When within hail of the President, a Captain’s guard of marines fronted the gangway, and on His Excellency’s ascending the deck, he was received with presented arms, the band playing “hail Columbia.” At the same instant, a “*coup de canon*” from the three ships made the welkin ring.—His Excellency being seated in a chair elevated from the quarter-deck, Commodore Rodgers was introduced by the Hon. Paul Hamilton, when the President of the United States addressed him—

“I am now about to confer on you the most lasting memorial of the gratitude of a free and generous people, whose honor you have so nobly defended, and whose glory you have so essentially advanced.” (Here the Hon. the Secretary of the Navy came forward, and by his Excellency’s command presented Commodore Rodgers with a Gold Medal, suspended by a broad Garter in thirteen stripes,) “Such will be the reward of those, whose conduct may call forth the acknowledgments of the American nation.” The Hon. Secretary proceeded next to invest Captain Ludlow with a similar Medal, and each Officer of the Ship with a minor one, suspended only by a narrow ribbon of a buff colour. The petty officers had also Silver Medals conferred on them, and each sailor and marine the American Eagle resting on Death’s head—motto “*Vel mors vel Gloria*”—to be worn in front of the hat.—Commodore Rodgers then stepped forward, and “in behalf of himself, his officers and ship’s company, begged to assure the President of the United States, that the honor which the American nation had that day been pleased to confer on them, would be indelibly graven on their hearts, and that similar opportunities were only wanting for the whole American navy to distinguish themselves in a similar way.”—Here two of the President’s crew were introduced, bearing in an English flag, a golden Globe of large dimensions, which Commodore Rodgers presented to the President of the United States.—It is a ball of 68 lbs. which struck the main-mast of the President, and which with thirteen bullets, picked out of different parts of the ship, have been gilt. His Excellency graciously accepted it, but intimated it would be placed in the archives of the nation. The main-mast of the President is also intended to form the shaft of a pillar to be erected in Washington, on which are to be inscribed the names of the naval heroes of America. The boy Rodgers, who was so dreadfully wounded in the late battle, was noticed by the Secretary of the Navy, who advanced him to the rank of midshipman, with an annuity of 500 cents in addition to his pay. His Excellency then retired to the cabin and partook of a cold collation. Nearly four hundred of the most wealthy citizens witnessed this gratifying spectacle.—His Excellency the President of the United States landed again about 2 o’clock, under a salute from the squadron, and immediately set out on his route to Washington. The day was spent in the utmost conviviality. In the evening the town was illuminated, and the ships displayed the most beautiful fire-works—Transparencies graced the windows of the opulent merchants and gentlemen with appropriate mottoes. The whole concluded with a ball given by the officers of the President, who wore their medals, the beauty and novelty of which attracted the admiration of their fair country women.

**BOSTON, JULY 18.**

**AMERICAN ANNIVERSARY.**

At a meeting held at Christiana Bridge, in the state of Delaware, on the 4th of July, instead of the “*Declaration of Independence*,” was read, *Robert Smith’s Pamphlet*.

After the chairman had finished Reading, the company hid their faces in their handkerchiefs, and groaned three times. The following among other toasts were then drank—the room being hung round with black.

The Ex-Secretary’s Exposition of James Madison’s duplicity.

The next President—Let him not wear French spectacles, or eat English plum-pudding with a French knife and fork.

The ordnance of our Navy—They would shoot very well, if the guns did not go off by accident.

The Embargo—A chicken of the Gallic Cock—hatched under the old hen at Washington.

The eighteen United States, Louisiana, and the Floridas—We ever drink them all together, for a bumper to each when they are carved up will make us all drunk before we get over the Mississippi.

**NEW-YORK, JULY 27.**

**Confirmation of the capture of the French frigate *Interprenante*.**

Mr. Ray King, passenger and owner of the brig Romp arrived this morning in 13 days from Richmond, informs, that on Tuesday last, the 23d inst. off Cape Henlopen, he was boarded by the first Lieutenant of the British sloop of war *Atalante*, who told him that they had captured a French frigate of 34 guns, armed en flute, but badly manned, and sent her for Halifax.—The engagement lasted only fifteen minutes when the Frenchman hauled down his colours.—The *Atalante* had 2 men killed and 5 wounded.—She was bound into Hampton Roads.

**BOSTON, August 7.**

**LATEST FROM ENGLAND.**

Our London accounts are now received down to the 22d June.

The American newspaper account of the battle between the frigate *President* and *Little Belt* had been received in London; and at first did not occasion much excitement; but the private letters having represented that the first fire was made by the *President*, a sensation succeeded, which vented itself in much bitterness. The Courier stated, that Ministers were only waiting for Capt. BINGHAM’S account of the transaction to take some important measures on the subject.

On the day after, Sir Wm. Scott proceeded to the condemnation of all the American vessels detained for violation of the Orders in Council; but suggested that an appeal might be made to the Lords in Council, when, in case of the revocation of the French decrees, the vessels would be restored.

The Emperor Napoleon had made another of his imperious speeches.—He did not allude to Russia directly, but he said he flattered himself the peace of the continent would not be broken; and he mentioned, that he had placed one hundred millions extra, at the disposal of his War Minister, to defray expenses then [in March] deemed necessary. From these hints, it would appear, that a war with some new power had been contemplated, but that there were a prospect of an accommodation. He still professed love for Americans; but took especial care not to make any mention of the restoration of the Thirty-five millions of dollars he had stolen, and detained from them; nor any thing about the revocation of his decrees. He scolded as usual against England, and again threatened Spain with a thunder clap.

**LATEST FROM PORTUGAL.**

Capt. West from Oporto brings accounts from thence to the 1st July.—He informs of the following reports current there:—That the allied army had raised the siege of Badajoz, and had retired to within 50 or 70 miles of Lisbon:—That by some the retreat was attributed to the French army having been strongly reinforced; and that Marshal Beresford found the movement necessary to prevent Soult from getting between the allies and their strong lines near Lisbon:—By others it was attributed solely to the want of provisions:—That the Commissary in Oporto had sent round to Lisbon all the public stores there, as it was the expectation of Lord Wellington that the war would be carried on to the southward of the Tagus. Capt. W. adds, that it had even been reported, that 25,000 of the army, late Massena’s, were marching through the *Trallos Montes* [N. E. of Oporto] and were within 60 miles of that city! In justice to Capt. W. we state, that he considered and gave much of the above as mere reports—many of which were daily circulated, and daily proved false. The last dates from Lisbon were to the 25th June.

**HALIFAX, August 12.**

His Excellency Sir GEORGE PREVOST, we understand, embarks in a few days on board His Majesty’s Ship *Melampus*, Capt. Hawker, for Quebec, in consequence of his promotion to the Chief Civil and Military Commands in British North-America, vice General Sir JAMES HENRY CRAIG, Kut. &c.

Though we heartily rejoice at the appointment of His Excellency to that important situation—at this fresh proof of his Country’s regard for him—still, we are confident, there is hardly an inhabitant who does not regret his departure—for the whole course of his administration has been marked by steady, temperate, judicious measures—a lively anxiety to promote social happiness, and the general interests and prosperity of the Province.

**BOARDING and LODGING.**

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has opened a genteel Boarding and Lodging House in King’s-street, where every attention will be paid to those who may encourage his undertaking.

CHARLES McPHERSON.

St. JOHN; 6th JUNE, 1811.

**SAINT JOHN, MONDAY, AUGUST 19, 1811.**

**ARRIVALS SINCE OUR LAST.**

Tuesday, Ship *Caledonia*, Capt. Omond, Liverpool, Brig *Commerce*, Capt. Clure, Whitehaven.  
Wednesday, Brig *Avis*, Capt. White, Liverpool.  
Saturday, Brig *Martha*, Capt. Dunn, Whitehaven.  
Brig *Skiddow*, Capt. Ormandy, Whitehaven.

Last Monday being the anniversary of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, the same was observed by the firing of Royal Salutes from Fort Howe and n. m. s. Indian;—a general inspection of the St. John County Regiment of Militia also took place; and the day was spent with the usual demonstrations of joy on such occasions by the loyal inhabitants of this City.

On Tuesday His Honor the President and Suite arrived in this City from Fredericton; and on Wednesday embarked on board His Majesty’s ship *Indian*, and sailed for Halifax, to assume the command of that district.

His Honor the PRESIDENT has been pleased to appoint WILLIAM BOTSFORD, Esq. Recorder of this City, upon the resignation of THOMAS WETMORE, Esq. who has, we hear, been confirmed by the KING, in the office of His Majesty’s Attorney-General for the Province.

**HEAD-QUARTERS, SAINT JOHN, New-Brunswick, 15th August, 1811.**

**MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.**

HIS HONOR the PRESIDENT and Commander in Chief, in leaving the Province, cannot omit thus publicly acknowledging the satisfaction he has experienced from the zeal and attention of the Militia Forces during the period of his administration. To the Militia of the City and County of Saint John in particular, whose proficiency he has had more frequent opportunities of personally witnessing—He should feel himself wanting, if he did not express how greatly he has been pleased with their appearance and discipline upon all occasions: And to the whole he offers his sincere and best wishes for their welfare and prosperity.

By command of the Commander in Chief,  
H. W. HAILES, Adj. Gen. Militia Forces.

**BY THE HONORABLE MARTIN HUNTER, Esquire,**

PRESIDENT of His MAJESTY’S Council and (L. S.) Commander in Chief of the Province of NEW-BRUNSWICK, &c. &c. &c.

MARTIN HUNTER.

**A PROCLAMATION.**

WHEREAS the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province stands prorogued to the first TUESDAY in SEPTEMBER next; I have therefore thought fit, by and with the advice of His MAJESTY’S Council, further to prorogue the said General Assembly, and the same is hereby prorogued to the first TUESDAY in DECEMBER next ensuing.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, the ninth day of AUGUST, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eleven, and in the fifty first Year of His Majesty’s Reign.  
By the PRESIDENT’S Command,  
JON. ODELL.

**JAMAICA SPIRITS.**

LANDING this day from on board the Schooner *SPREEDY*, a few Puncheons of high Proof JAMAICA SPIRITS, which will be sold on reasonable terms by WILLIAM PAGAN, & Co. St. JOHN, 15th August, 1811.

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**

**To be Sold at Public Auction,**

AN Assortment of DRY GOODS, the property of the late JAMES BELL. The Sale will commence on MONDAY the 9th of SEPTEMBER, and continue from day to day until the whole is disposed of.

HENRY SMITH, Administrator.  
Fredericton, 12th August, 1811.

**WINE and FRUIT.**

A FEW Pipes of Malaga WINE, also some RASINS, CAPERS, ALMONDS, and about 56 quintals of CORK, landing from on board the Brig *Lady PREVOST* from GIBRALTAR, for Sale by ISAAC WOODWARD, & Co. SAINT JOHN, 29th JULY, 1811.

**FOR SALE**

BY the SUBSCRIBER, a quantity of FRESH INDIAN MEAL, just received from the Mills, at a reasonable rate. STEPHEN HUMBERT. SAINT JOHN, AUGUST 5, 1811.

Deputy Assistant Commissary General’s Office, Saint John, New-Brunswick, 24th June, 1811.

**CASH**

Wanted for the Public Service in this District. PERSONS desirous of purchasing BILLS of EXCHANGE drawn on the Right Honorable the Paymasters General, or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury, London, thirty days sight, are requested to send sealed proposals to this Office, stating the sum required, and directed to the Subscriber, with the words “*Tender for Bills*” marked on the letter, when the lowest offer will be attended to.  
WILLIAM H. SNELLING.  
Deputy Assistant Commissary General.