

Assistant Commissary General's Office,
Saint John, New-Brunswick, 19th October 1811.

CASH

Wanted for the Public Service in this District.

PERSONS desirous of purchasing BILLS of EXCHANGE drawn on the Right Honourable the Paymasters General, or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, London, thirty days sight, are requested to send sealed proposals to this Office, stating the sum required, and directed to the Subscriber, with the words "Tender for Bills" marked on the letter, when the best offer will be attended to.

WILLIAM H. SNELLING,
Deputy Assistant Commissary General.

OFFICE OF ORDNANCE,

SAINT JOHN, New-Brunswick, 19th Sept. 1811.

BILLS of EXCHANGE on the Right Honourable and Honourable Board of Ordnance and Paymasters of the Royal Artillery, to be disposed of at the above Office, to the best bidder.

NEW GOODS.

RICHARD SANDS,

Has Received by the Ship WILLIAM from LIVERPOOL, A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

CALICOS and Shawls, black Cambric, Bedtick, striped Cotton, Table Cloths, black Crape, Counterpanes, Muslins, Ribbons, Dimities, Checks, Women's colored Cotton and Worsted Stockings, Men's Worsted, Lambswool and colored Marino do. Ladies and gentlemen's Silk Stockings and Gloves, Do. and do. Leather Gloves, British Shirting, Serges, Cotton Laces, Calimancoes, Rattinets, Wildbors, Superfine Cloths, double milled Cassimeres, Salisbury Flannels, Pins, Thimbles, Combs, Bibles, Prayer Books, Children's do. Mustard, Saltpetre, Ladies Kid and Morocco Shoes, Children's do. Ladies Spanish Corsoles do. gentlemen's dress Shoes, Jack and Pen Knives, Table Knives and Forks, Spoons, Razors and Strops, Spectacles, Clothes, Hair, Hearth and other Brushes, Curry Combs and Brushes, and sundry other articles, which he will sell low for CASH.
Saint John, 28th October, 1811.

FRESH GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received by the Ship HERO, Captain LOVETT, in addition to his former assortment, and now opening for Sale, on the lowest terms, viz.—

JEWELRY, Gun Powder and Shot, White Lead, Paint Oil, Sallad Oil, Mustard, Starch, Teas, Loaf Sugar, White Wine Vinegar.
Choice Old Madeira WINE of a superior quality.
A few Sides of excellent Harness LEATHER, &c.
JAMES CODNER.
SAINT JOHN, 22d JULY, 1811.

THOMAS MILLIDGE, junr.

Has Just Received by the Ship FIVE SISTERS, DAVID CRONK, Master;

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BRITISH MERCHANDIZE,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON, viz:

CASKS of Glass Ware consisting of quart and pint Decanters, Tumblers and Wine Glasses; casks of Earthen Ware, well assorted; Crown Glass 9 by 7, 10 by 8 and 12 by 10; white, black, yellow and venetian red Paints in qr. kegs; Lampblack in $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. papers; boild Linsseed Oil in jugs; 4d, 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, 20d and 24d fine drawn Nails; Brads and Scupper Nails; small single Canada Stoves; Sheet Iron for Pipes; Iron Pots; Pump Leather; Pump Chambers 5, 6 and 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches; Loaf Sugar in small Loaves; striped, rose and point Blankets; white, red and yellow Flannel; Slops of every kind; blue Serges; blue Cloth from 7s. 6d. to 30s.; Lint Ozaburgs; Anchor Dowlas; Deepsea, Hambro, Log and Cod Lines; Sewing Twine; cast Iron Tea kettles; Steel screwed Scrapers; 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 3 pint Britannia Teapots; breast and coat Buttons; Shovels and Spades; Copper Nails; sheet Copper; thin sheet Lead; bar Lead; roll Brimstone; scrubbing Brushes, Mops and Woollen Thrums; Tin Dutch Ovens; Horn and Tin Lanterns; Tinder Boxes; Binnacle Lamps; Sailor's quart and pint Pots; Pewter Plates, Basons and Dishes; best Wine Corks 10s. per groce; 10 and 11 inch Wood Compasses; 11 inch Brass and amplitude do.; single and double Ebony Quadrants; Casks of strong Ale in large bottles; do. of the same in pint bottles; baskets of Cheese; black Taffety; men's coarse and plated Hats; superfine lined Silk do.; best Silk Hats; also, 4000 bushels of Liverpool SALT, and 100 tons of best COALS.
Saint John, 30th September, 1811.

STEPHEN HUMBERT HAS FOR SALE,

MOLASSES in Hogsheads, SUGAR in barrels; and a quantity of second hand RIGGING, comprising Cables, Hawsers, and Running Rigging of all descriptions.
September 28.

Just Landed from the Harmony,

A Quantity of small CORDAGE; Also a CABLE of 12 inches, being a consignment, and the sales to be made for immediate pay in Cash or Bills of Exchange; will be sold much lower than can be bought in the City.
CURRIE and HANFORD.
SAINT JOHN, 19th OCTOBER, 1811.

The first Landing of the British in Spain.
(From the Vision of DON RODERICK, a POEM.)
By WALTER SCOTT, Esq.

WHILE all around was danger, strife and fear,
While the earth shook, and darkened was the sky,
And wide destruction stunned the listening ear,
Appalled the heart, and stupified the eye,—
Afar was heard that thrice-repeated cry,
In which old Albion's heart and tongue unite,
Whene'er her soul is up and pulse beats high,
Whether it hail the wine-cup or the fight,
And bid each arm be strong, or bid each heart be light.
Don Roderick turn'd him as the shout grew loud—
A varied scene the changeful vision shew'd
For, where the ocean mingled with the cloud,
A gallant navy stemm'd the billows broad.
From mast and stern St. George's symbol flow'd,
Blent with the silver cross to Scotland dear;
Mottling the sea their landward barges row'd
And flashed the sun on bayonet, brand and spear,
And the wild beach returned the seaman's jovial cheer.

It was a dread, yet spirit-stirring sight!
The billows foam'd beneath a thousand oars,
Fast as they land the red-cross ranks unite,
Legions on legions brightening all the shores.
Then banners rise, and cannon-signal roars,
Then peals the warlike thunder of the drum,
Thrills the loud fife, the trumpet-flourish pours,
And patriot hopes awake, and doubts are dumb,
For, bold in Freedom's cause, the bands of Ocean come.

A various host they came—whose ranks display
Each mode in which the warrior meets the fight,
The deep battalion locks its firm array,
And meditates his aim the marksman light;
Far glance the lines of sabres flashing bright,
Where mounted squadrons shake the echoing mead,
Lacks not artillery breathing flame and night,
Nor the fleet ordnance whirl'd by rapid steed,
That rivals lightning's flash in ruin and in speed.

A various host, from kindred realms they came,
Brethren in arms, but rivals in renown—
For yon fair bands shall merry England claim,
And with their deeds of valour deck her crown.
Her's their bold port, and her's their martial frown,
And her's their scorn of death in freedom's cause,
Their eyes of azure, and their locks of brown,
And the blunt speech that bursts without a pause,
And freeborn thoughts, which league the soldier with the laws.

And O! lov'd warriors of the Minstrel's land,
Yonder your bonnets nod, your tartans wave!
The rugged form may mark the mountain band,
And harsher features, and a mien more grave;
But ne'er in battle-field throbb'd heart so brave
As that which beats beneath the Scottish plaid,
And when the pibroch bids the battle rave,
And level for the charge your arms are laid,
Where lives the desperate foe, that for such onset staid!

Hark! from yon stately ranks what laughter rings,
Mingling wild mirth with war's stern minstrelsy,
His jest while each blithe comrade round him flings,
And moves to death with military glee:
Boast, Erin, boast them! fearless, frank, and free,
In kindness warm, and fierce in danger known,
Rough Nature's children, humorous as she:
And he, yon Chieftain—strike the proudest tone
Of thy bold harp, green isle!—the hero is thine own.

JAMES HENDRICKS,

Has Received per Ship MARY, Captain HARVEY, from GREENOCK,

A Small supply of MERCHANDIZE, in addition to his former Assortment, among which are, a few SWORDS, SASHES, and EPAULETS, which will be sold low for CASH.
4th November, 1811.

By the WILLIAM, Captain BAIRD, CURRIE and HANFORD

HAVE received a few GOODS, consisting of an ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF Printed Cottons; Flannels; Blankets; Ladies' Beaver and other Hats; which they will Sell Cheap for CASH.
SAINT JOHN, 28th OCTOBER, 1811.

FOR SALE AT THE CITY MILLS,

Best Northern CORN and MEAL,
Superfine Philadelphia FLOUR,
A few Barrels Prime PORK,
Superfine RYE FLOUR from Southern grain, by the hundred or barrel, cheaper than it can be imported.
Shorts, Bran, &c.
PORTLAND, 26th AUGUST, 1811.

BOARDING and LODGING.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has opened a genteel Boarding and Lodging House in King's-street, where every attention will be paid to those who may encourage his undertaking.

CHARLES M'PHERSON.
ST. JOHN, 6th JUNE, 1811.

NOTICE.

THE NEREPISS GRIST MILL has been repaired and is now in condition to maintain her former character—Every attention will be given to City and Country customers.
WESTFIELD, November 4, 1811.

NEW-YORK, OCTOBER 14.

The following article is translated for the New-York Evening Post, from a Lisbon Gazette of Sept. 4:—
CORUNNA, AUGUST 23.

In order that the public may be acquainted without delay with the happy results of the operations of the 7th Army, of which his Excellency DON GABRIEL DE MENDILABAL, is General in Chief, we publish this extra paper containing the information sent to us by a Spaniard, from *Santona*, written at nine at night on the 16th inst.

"At half-past four in the morning of the 14th, from 7 to 800 men, with some cavalry from PORLIER's division, arrived at *St. Andero*; after having marched eight leagues that night with so much secrecy, that after surprising and killing the first centinels, they obtained possession of the entrances of the streets of *St. Francisco*, gate of the *Remedios*, *Santa-Clara*, and *Santa-Lucia*, without any person perceiving them; and the first intimation was given by a discharge made by the guard of the hospital of *San Raphael* in the high-street.

"The General with all the officers (the number of whom was much more than double of that belonging to the garrison) was in bed; he had about 300 *gens d'armes*, and 100 infantry, but owing to the surprize, though the General rushed into the street, he could muster only 50 of the *gens d'armes*, and with them and a portion of the officers who had collected, half dressed, on the ramparts, he took the principal road, accompanied by individuals employed in the Hospital, Intendancy, Commissariat, &c. and as soon as they arrived at the mole, they threw themselves into the water, in order to take several boats that were in the *Cabeza da Rambla*, with no persons on board; and having manned them with the crews of two vessels which being stranded could not get away; they put to sea in a disorderly manner, and with the water up to the wales at least, bound for *Santona*, where 4 or 6 of them with 40 or 50 persons arrived at noon.—The Intendant ALDAMAR, was taken near *Santa Lucia*; none of them carried away any thing more than the clothes that they had on, and some were even without shoes.

"There was considerable firing upon those who attempted to escape; but it had entirely ceased at 9 o'clock at all the gates; forty Spanish soldiers collected in the Old Square, after having taken from 60 to 80 horses, and 25 or 30 prisoners (principally officers) and marched with the greatest order by the principal road, without doing the least damage to the inhabitants, or even asking them for provisions. As yet it is not known whether they proceeded to *Camargo*, or to *Ponte de Arce*.

"In the New-Square one French centinel was found killed; on the ascent of *Atalania* 4 or 6; near *Cordia-ria de Besedo* 9 gendarines, 2 colonels, and one of the General's horses; all belonging to the party that went with him; it is not known where he is though every body asserts that he was taken prisoner; that one of his aids was killed, and that the other has arrived at *Santona*.

"The latest advices are, that the fort that was constructed in *Sola*, and had 150 men, was taken yesterday by the Spaniards, and burnt; that the garrison fled to the mountains; and at *Camargo* there was considerable firing with them; the result is not known. The principal attack was at *Torrelavega*, which was fortified at various points, and at *St. Vicente de Barquera*. It is said that *Torrelavega* surrendered yesterday, and that at noon this day the Spaniards were to return to *St. Andero*; though the writer doubts whether it be true, as it would have been known at the hour when he wrote. In *St. Andero* there is an Adjutant with 90 Frenchmen commanding the place; this morning three English frigates and three smaller vessels anchored near the *Castle de la Cerda*, and fired on that of *St. Martin*, and five gun boats entered the bay, and made discharges upon several points, the city excepted. The whole without doubt to make a diversion. Yesterday, the 15th, at night, the English (number unknown) entered *St. Andero* by *St. Martin*; they formed a junction in the New-Square, destroyed some basilisks and waggons that were there, and embarked again without any one molesting them.

"CAMPILLO is at *Torana* with 900 men; it is also said that *LONGUA* is at *Esculo*, &c."

LONDON, AUGUST 25.

SINGULAR INTREPIDITY. THE KING v. M. NOONAN.

In this case, tried at the Cork assizes, the prisoner stood indicted for a burglary, and attempt to rob the house of Sir John Purcell, at Highfort, on the night of the 11th of March last. Sir John Purcell, the first witness called, deposed a most interesting and manly statement, the substance of which only we pretend to report. He said, that on the night of the 11th of March last, about one o'clock at night, and after he had retired to bed, he heard some noise outside the window of his parlour. He slept on the ground floor, in a room immediately adjoining the parlour. There was a door from one room into the other, but this having been found inconvenient, and there being another passage from the bed chamber more accommodating; it was nailed up, and some furniture of the parlour placed against it. Shortly after Sir John heard the noise in front of his house, the windows of the parlour were dashed in, and the noise occasioned by the feet of the robbers in leaping from the windows down upon the parlour, appeared to denote a gang not less than 14 in number, as it struck him. He immediately got out of bed, and the first determination he took being to make resistance, it was with no small mortification that he reflected upon the unarmed condition in which he was placed being destitute of a single weapon of the ordinary sort. In this state he spent little time in deliberation, as if almost in-