

obey the unnatural mandate to serve on board French ships of war, is said to have been quieted, by the assurance that their services to France would be dispensed with.

JANUARY 22.

Another attempt was made last night in the Commons to relax the severity of the Regency Bill; but it did not succeed. Mr. Ponsonby's amendments were negatived by a majority of 22.

JANUARY 23.

Five French privateers were cruising off Beachy Head on Tuesday. Six were off Dover on Wednesday; and 5 or 6 were off Dover on Sunday se'night.

Constantinople has again been a scene of bloodshed. The Janissaries had revolted, and demanded their former privileges. The Grand Seigneur had been compelled to fly on ship board; but troops pouring in from all quarters, the insurgents were quelled, with the loss of about 18,000 of their number.

Mr. Piackney will return to America in the Essex frigate.

JANUARY 24.

The Regency Bill passed the Commons last night, and was sent to the Lords—read there a first time, and ordered to be read a second time to day.

All American property seized in France before the 1st of November, has been condemned—that seized since is yet under sequestration.

JANUARY 25.

The greatest exertions are still making to reinforce Lord Wellington, from this country, Ireland, and Sicily, he will receive not less than 13,000 men.

French troops are said to be continually on their progress from Gascony to Spain.

A letter from Lisbon states, that Colonel Ponsonby of the 23d Light Dragoons, had lately a narrow escape. He was in a battery with General Fane, who was trying to destroy some boats which the French had collected on the other side of the river: a shot from a French battery, which was playing upon them, took off the front cock of the Colonel's hat close to his forehead, and broke in pieces a spyglass he had at the moment at his eye, but without doing him any material injury.

JANUARY 26.

The Regency Bill went through a committee in the Lords last night. The Marquis of Lansdowne moved, that, "The Clause relative to the Royal Household be left out." Carried by a majority of 12. He next moved, "That the disposal of the Household be deferred till the appointment of the Regent—when a Bill for that purpose should be brought in"—Carried by a majority of 10.

The Bill thus altered will be reported on Monday, January 28; when Ministers will have another trial of strength.

JANUARY 28.

Tortosa in Spain surrendered to the French on the 1st instant, after a siege of 13 days—when 9500 men laid down their arms. Macdonald was about to invest Taragona.

The late gales have been dreadful—it is hardly possible to pass the Channel without meeting great numbers of spars, masts and dead bodies.

Besides the two frigates escaped from Brest, three have escaped from L'Orient.

Bulletins of the King's Health.

Jan. 23.—His Majesty appears rather better to-day.

Jan. 24.—25.—His Majesty increases in health.

Jan. 26.—His Majesty goes on in a satisfactory manner.

Jan. 27.—His Majesty remains the same as before.

Jan. 28.—His Majesty is rather better to day than he was yesterday.

Ministers have paid several visits to the Queen and Physicians at Windsor, and at their last one, had an audience of two hours with His Majesty.

Mr. Pinkney received despatches on Saturday from his government containing the recent documents respecting the negotiations with the French Court. We understand that no additional facts of public importance are through that channel communicated, and that the Government of the United States was anxiously expecting the determination of this country on the important subject of the Orders in Council.

The King did not come out of the Castle during the last week to repeat his walks on the Terrace. Neither the Queen or any of the Princesses have left Windsor Castle during the last four or five days.

The troops which are now embarking for Portugal, consist of the 2d foot, or Queen's, the 51st, 52d, 85th, 36th regiments, the 1st and 2d battalions of Light Brigade of the King's German Legion. Brig. Gen. Long succeeds Gen. Fane—Brig. Gen. Burn, and Major-General Baron Alten, go out with the troops.

There are besides embarking at Cork, the 6th, 20th, 30th and 76th regiments; at Plymouth, the 11th light dragoons; and at Portsmouth, a detachment of the 1st guards, a party of the royal waggon train, and detachments of the 39th and 92d regiments, military waggons, stores, &c.

The ship Cumberland, Barratt, master, from Quebec, was attacked in the British Channel, by four French privateers; but through the skill, courage and intrepidity of the commander and crew, she defended herself and got safe into port. The chief mate, Mr. Coward, was wounded in the shoulder.

NOTICE.

ANY person or persons desirous of Contracting for seating and completing the COURT HOUSE at Kingston, in the County of King's, will send in their Proposals for that purpose to JOHN COFFIN, DAVID PICKET and DANIEL MICHEAU, Esquires, or either of them, on or before the First day of May next.

GEO. LEONARD, Junr. Clerk.

Kingston, March 16, 1811.

BALTIMORE, MARCH 4, WAR IN MEXICO.

The war in this section of our continent, between the loyalists and revolutionists, rages with great fury. The last Havana papers contain many particulars of the warfare. The following is translated from a late Gazette Extraordinary of Mexico.

VERA CRUZ, (Mexico,) JANUARY 23.

The troops under Gen. Don Caleja, have gained a great victory on the plains of Calderon. Those valiant chiefs, officers and soldiers, have assured themselves immortal renown, by their love for our sovereign, and by the constancy and repeated brave actions, in which they have sustained the triumph of our holy religion and the just cause of our common country.

The following communication, which His Excellency the Vice Roy has just received, proves no praises can be greater than the merits of such valiant citizens.

Camp at the bridge of Calderon, near Zapotclenejo, January 17, 1811.

SIR,—It is now 4 o'clock in the-afternoon, when I have succeeded in placing myself in the enemy's camp, which was almost impregnable, like all the others it chooses, and garrisoned with 100,000 men, and more than 80 pieces of artillery of every calibre, the most of them the best in America, all of which have fallen into my hands.

The obstinacy, boldness, and constancy of those infatuated men, could be only compared to the well known valor of the troops I have the honor to command. After an action of five hours, sustained with inflexible valor, I led them the third time to the attack of a battery of more than 60 cannon, well situated and well served. I took it without firing a shot, our troops sustaining with much calmness the violent fire of the enemy, which they continued until they found themselves surrounded on all sides, and pressed in their escape by our cavalry.

The army suffered some loss, and among the wounded, is to be numbered the General of Cavalry Don Miguel Empan, in an action well sustained, and many other circumstances, an account of which I have not time to collect, but which I shall transmit to your Excellency as soon as my various engagements will permit, recommending to you the many who have distinguished themselves.

I consumed in the action almost all my ammunition, but that taken from the enemy has again fully supplied me.

FELIX CALEJA.

To his Excellency the Vice Roy Don Francisco Xavier Venegas.

VERA CRUZ, JANUARY 17.

Divine Providence, which protects the valor and enthusiasm with which the troops of the King have strove to tranquillize the insurgents, by reducing them to order and peace, and by exterminating by force of arms, the banditti, who have so iniquitously seduced them, is clearly perceived in the repeated triumphs which have ensued over the rebels, as is manifested by the following communication which the government has just received from Brigadier Don Josef de la Cruz:—

Field of Battle, of Puerto de Urapetiro, 14th January, 1811, 12 o'clock in the day.

SIR,—The enemy presented themselves before me in an advantageous position, and in great force: I attacked and routed them, taking from them from 25 to 30 pieces of cannon, all their ammunition, and leaving the whole field strewed with dead. I write on horseback, as I am following the pursuit of the fugitive rabble.—The royal battalion of marine, under the command of the naval Lieut. Don Pedro Negrete, covered itself with glory. The first battalion of Toluco, under its Major, has done the same, and I want words to express the valor of the dragoons under command of the brave Lieut. Col. Don Francisco Roderiguez. I send my Adjutant Don Juan Guarducimaro to Valladolid, that they may come and collect all the artillery and whatever has been left on the field, because I cannot delay. I shall communicate to your Excellency the details as soon as I can. God preserve you many years.

JOSEF DE LA CRUZ.

To his Excellency Don Francisco Venegas.

P. S. The action lasted from an hour to an hour and a half.

BOSTON, MARCH 23.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

London dates ten days later than those given in the last Centinel have since been received.

The Regency Bill had not passed into a law on the 28th January. It was long, and many of its numerous clauses were opposed and debated. As the Prince of Wales could not execute any of the Executive functions until the bill became a law, it was certain he could not act as Regent until some time in February. And as the King's health was rapidly improving, it was not expected in England that a new Ministry, if appointed, would hazard a temporary revocation of any permanent measure which the King had sanctioned. The Orders in Council could not legally have been rescinded prior to the 2d February; and it was said the Regent was not disposed to rescind them. It was calculated the Regency would not continue more than six weeks. New lists of Ministers were daily made, and daily altered.

Neither in the papers nor in the debates in Parliament have we found much mention made of the United States, or their affairs. The Ministers have stated, that the French decrees as far as they could affect Great-Britain remained in full force; and that they probably would so continue.

LATEST FROM LISBON.

Capt. Harding, in Brig. China, arrived last evening, sailed from Lisbon on the 17th ult.—The papers by her are only to the 9th: Capt. H. reports that no military event of any consequence had recently occurred in Portugal. Lord Wellington was at Cartaxo, 2d Feb.

HALIFAX, MARCH 29.

Arrived, Saturday last, schooner Hope, Darcy, 7 days from Burin, Newfoundland—Wednesday evening, H. M. schooner Bream, Lieut. Simpson, from Bermuda, with despatches.—Yesterday, pilot boat Good Intent, Cole, 4 days from Boston.

Schooner Union, from Jamaica for Saint John, N. B. was taken by a French privateer; and carried into Charleston.

SAINT JOHN, April 8, 1811.

APRIL MEETING.

Charter Officers for the ensuing year.

On Tuesday last the annual Election for the choice of Aldermen, Assistants, &c. was held in the respective Wards of this City, when the following Gentlemen were returned as duly elected.

KING'S WARD.

Andrew Crookshank, Alderman; Ezekiel Barlow, Assistant; and William Oran, Constable.

QUEEN'S WARD.

Stephen Humbert, Alderman; Henry Gardner, Assistant; and William Thomas, Constable.

DUKE'S WARD.

Thomas Hanford, Alderman; Thomas Harding, Assistant; and Christopher Smiler, Constable.

SIDNEY'S WARD.

Nathan Smith, Alderman; John Clarke, Assistant; and Henry Young, Constable.

BROOK'S WARD.

Ebenezer Seely, Junr. Alderman; John Craft, Assistant; and George Lane, Constable.

GUY'S WARD.

Sylvanus Whitney, Alderman; John Colville, Assistant; and William Olive, Junr. Constable.

John Thomson, Chamberlain.

William Godsoe, High Constable.

MARRIED] At St. Mary's Bay, on the 17th inst. Mr. WILLIAM HENRY ROACH, to Miss MARY-ANN TIMPANY, third daughter of Major Robert Timpany. DIED] On Thursday last, after a tedious illness, WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Esqr. late Assistant Deputy Commissary General, in the 63d year of his age.—His remains were interred yesterday, attended by a number of respectable inhabitants.

OFFICE OF ORDNANCE,

SAINT JOHN, New-Brunswick, 8th April, 1811.

BILLS of EXCHANGE on the Right Honourable and Honourable Board of Ordnance and Paymasters of the Royal Artillery; to be disposed of at the above Office, to the best bidder.

NOTICE.

THE Sale of the HOUSE and LOTS, late the property of Mr. WEINER in Saint James's Street, is postponed to MONDAY next, when it will be Sold at 12 o'clock, on the premises, by

ANDREW CROOKSHANK.

Saint John, 8th April, 1811.

FOR SALE,

A New Patent JACK MANGLE, which will save much labour and fire, as it will smooth clothes in less than half the time they can possibly be done by Ironing, and can be turned by a child of 8 years old. For further particulars inquire of Mr. COBY, at the Coffee-House. APRIL 8, 1811.

RUM, SUGAR and COFFEE.

Just Received by the Subscriber, and for Sale on reasonable terms for Cash or at a short credit, 50 Hhds. SUGAR excellent quality, 40 Puncheons RUM, 50 Barrels COFFEE.

ANDREW CROOKSHANK.

Saint John, March 30, 1811.

ASSISTANT COMMISSARY GENERAL'S OFFICE, Saint John, New-Brunswick, 25th March, 1811.

CASH

Wanted for the Public Service in this District.

PERSONS desirous of purchasing BILLS of EXCHANGE drawn on the Right Honourable the Paymasters General, London, thirty days sight, are requested to send sealed proposals to this Office, stating the sum required, and directed to the Subscriber, with the words "Tender for Bills" marked on the letter, when the lowest offer will be attended to.

HENRY GOLDSMITH, Assistant Commissary General.

CAUTION.

THIS is to Caution all manner of persons whatever, from trespassing on the Four Lots belonging to the Subscriber, situated in the Township of Sheffield, adjoining the Lands of Bradford Gilbert, Esqr. and James Tylley; from cutting, destroying or carrying off any Timber from the said Four Lots, or in any manner whatever trespassing upon them:—He calls upon his neighbors of Sheffield, whose integrity, from a long experience, he has the greatest confidence in, to expose any person or persons committing depredations thereon; which information will be gratefully acknowledged and rewarded, as he is determined to fence and improve his Lands agreeable to Law:—And if any person should molest the Tenants on said Lots, by throwing down the fence, or otherwise trespassing, they may depend on suffering the penalty of all damages.

8th Feb. 1811. HUMPHREY GILBERT.