JAMES CODNER,

Has Just Received by the Ship OCEAN from LONDON, and Brig HARMONY from LIVERPOOL, A General Assortment of MERCHANDIZE, Suitable for the Season, which are now opening, and will be Sold on the lowest terms;

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING, viz. CUPERFINE and other Cloths, White India Cottons, Sheetings, Dowlas, Shirting Cottons, Long Lawn, Muslins, Cotton Cambrics, Ginghams, Printed Calicos, Sprig'd Cotton, Shawls, Table Cloths, Napkins and Towels, Printed Cottons from 15d. upwards, Ladies fashionable fancy Trimmings, Silk Braid and Gimp Cord, Straw Bonnets and Beaver ditto, fashionable Silks for Mantles, Mens and Boys fine and coarse Hats, Ladies Morocco and Cork Sole Shoes, Devonshire Clogs, Childrens Shoes, white and black Lace Veils, fashionable Ribbons, Pins, best White Chapel Needles, Threads, Tapes, Dressing Glasses, Sadlery, Teas, Loaf Sugar, white Wine Vinegar, Perfumery, Paints and Oil, Sallad Oil, choice old Madeira Wine, &c. &c. SAINT JOHN, 20th MAY, 1811.

JOHN L. VENNER, Has Received per Ship OCEAN, from LONDON, A FRESH SUPPLY OF

BRITISH MERCHANDIZE, Consisting of a valuable assortment of COTTON and LINEN GOODS, WOOLLENS, HATS, PAINT and OIL, LOAF SUGAR, LINES, &c. &c. which are offered for Sale at very reduced rates for good payment. Saint John, 20th Mdy, 1811.

THE SUBSCRIBERS EG leave to inform the Public, that they have formed a connexion in Business under t... Firm of

CURRIE and HANFORD, And that they have taken the Store belonging to Mr. JOHN L. VENNER, North side Market Slip, adjoining Mr. James Hendricks's, where will be opened in a few days, a useful assortment of BRITISH GOODS, just imported in the HARMONY from LIVERPOOL, which they will offer for Sale at the most moderate rates.

C. & H. trust these Goods will be found to merit a share of the attention of purchasers.

THEIR IMPORTATION CONSISTS OF Printed Calicos and Handkerchiefs, Checks, Dowlass, Sewing Silks and Silk Handkerchiefs, Superfine and other Cloths, Ladies Straw Hats, Youths and Mens fine and coarse Hats, Stationary, Ladies and Mens Shoes, Paints, Oil, Lead, Shot, Gan-Powder, a small assortment in the Ship Chandlery and Hardware line, Shoemakers Tools, Mustard, Starch, Loaf Sugar, Tin, Earthen, Glass, and Stone ware, and a variety of other articles .- Also,

2500 Bushels Salt, which will be Sold cheap from the Vessel. JOHN CURRIE,

JAMES T. HANFORD. St. John, May 20, 1811.

CHEAP GOODS.

EZEKIEL BARLOW, Has just received by the BROTHERS, THOMAS RAW. LEIGH Master, from LIVERPOOL,

His Spring supply of Merchandize, Consisting of a very handsome assortment, suitable for the season, which are just opening at his Store, and for Sale on the most reasonable terms for prompt payment. ALSO, a few Crates of well assorted EARTHEN. WARE, and 12,000 Bushels of SALT, which will be Sold low if taken out of the vessel immediately. Saint John, 13th May, 1811.

JOHN ROBINSON, Has Received by the Ship OCEAN, from LONDON, A GENERAL SUPPLY OF GOODS,

Suitable for the Season, which he is now opening for Sale on reasonable terms. Saint John, 20th May, 1811.

HUGH JOHNSTON,

Has Received by the Brig HARMONY, Capt. CURRIE, from LIVERPOOL, A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS, And a few Pipes of PORT, MADEIRA, and SHER-RY WINE, bottled BROWN STOUT in casks, and a quantity of CHEESE, which he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash or Bills of Exchange. SAINT JOHN, 20th MAY, 1811.

WILLIAM PAGAN, & Co. Have Received per the Brig Mans, Capt. Robson,

from LIVERPOOL, Part of their Assertment of SPRING GOODS. The remainder they daily expect in the Ship Ocean, from London.

They have also received by the MARS, LIVER-POOL FINE SALT; Crates of EARTHEN WARE well assorted; Stone Butter Pots and Jugs from ahalf to five gallons, all which they will sell at the most reduced prices. 6th MAY, 1811.

THE SUBSCRIBER ESIRES all Persons who have been indebted to him more than Six Months, to call and settle their Accounts without further delay.

JOHN ROBINSON. Saint John, 29th April, 1811.

To be Sold at Public Auction, By ANDREW CROOKSHANK,

On Tuesday the 23d of July next, at 12 o'clock, at the Coffee-House.

HAT Valuable HOUSE and LOT of Ground now occupied by FRANCIS GILBERT, Esquire, in Prince William Street, 50 feet in front, and running to low water mark.

Saint John, 10th June, 1811.

N THURSDAY the 20th June next, at the House occupied by George D. Ludlow, Esq. at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, will commence the Sale of his valuable Household and Kitchen Furniture -

AMONG WHICH ARE-Mahogany Dining, Tea, Card, and Work Tables; ditto, Secretaries and Bureau; Chairs; Sofa; Bedstead; Cortains; Bed; Mattress, &c.; Plate; Plated Urns; Table Set cut Glass; Dinner and Tea Sets India China; Wedgewood's Ware; Trays; a large general Atlas; Books; Pictures; and numerous other articles, a catalogue of which is left with the Subscriber-

Also-A London built Curricle, with Gig shafts and Tandem Harness; a new set plated Coach Harness; a Lady's Saddle; two Gentlemens do. and bridles; an excellent Mare for Saddle or Harness; a Milch Cow, and 2 boxes Spermaceti Candles, } best quality.

The Furniture and Books can be seen by any person desirous to view the same, between the hours of 9 and 12 any day previous to the Sale. ANDREW CROOKSHANK.

St. JOHN, MAY 25, 1811.

AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

FOR SALE, On THURSDAY the 12th Day of DECEMBER next,

by the Sheriff of the City and County of St. John. THAT LOT of LAND situate in Saint John-Street, in the City of Saint John, with the Wharf adjoin. ing thereto, and the Dwelling House and other build. ings thereon, now in the Possession of WILLIAM WHIT-LOCK, Esq. - Also three Lots of Land in Union-Street, in King's Ward, in the said City, known as Lots numbers 222, 223, and 224.—Also one Lot in King's-Street, in the said City, known as Lot number 385, and half of Lot number 386 in the same street.—Also Lots numbers 1027 and 1028 in Queen or Charlotte-Street, in the said City .- Also half of a Lot of Land at Mispeck, so called, in the County of Saint John, and known as Lot number 4.—Also a water Lot at Carleton.—All and singular the above Lots of Land and Premises having been taken in Execution by the Sheriff of the City and County of Saint John, at the Suit of WILLIAM GOODALL and JAMES TURNER, against the said WILLI-AM WHITLOCK.

The above Sale will be at the said Dwelling House of the said WILLIAM WHITLOCK.

WILLIAM S. OLIVER, Sheriff. St. John, 10th June, 1811.

JUST RECEIVED Bythe Schooner Hercules, Capt. WOODWORTH from

JAMAICA, and for Sale by the Subscriber, on liberal terms for good payment, TAMAICA SPIRITS; BROWN SUGAR; SHRUB; COFFEE; and INDIGO.

DAVID HATFIELD. Saint John, 29th, April, 1811.

RUM, SUGAR and COFFEE. Just Received by the Subscriber, and for Sale on reasonable terms for Cash or at a short credit, 50 Hhds. SUGAR excellent quality,

40 Puncheons RUM, 50 Barrels COFFEE. ANDREW CROOKSHANK. Saint John, March 30, 1811.

JAMES HENDRICKS, Has Just received per Brig HELEN, Capt. MILLAR, from GLASCOW,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDIZE, VIZ. RY Goods, Slops, Mens' fine and coarse Hats, Stationary, Sadlery, Loaf Sugar, Ironmongery of all kinds, Best double refined British Flat, Square and Bolt Iron, German, Swedish and Blistered Steel, Joiners, Carpenters, Coopers and Shoemakers Tools, Portable Writing Desks, Back Gammon Tables, Window Glass, and Glass Ware, Paints and Paint Oil, Tin and Japaned Ware, Silver and Gold Epaulettes, Silk Sashes, Swords and Belts, and a variety of other Articles, now opening and for Sale on the most reasonable terms, at his Store, North side of the Market Slip.

N. B. Also a few Puncheons of GOOD OLD SPI. RITS, and 50 Chaldron of COAL of an excellent quality, which will be sold low if taken out of the Vessel, now at the Wharf.

Saint John, 3d June, 1811.

BOARDING and LODGING.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has opened a genteel Boarding and Lodging House in King's street, where every attention will be paid to those who may encourage his undertaking.

CHARLES MEPHERSON. ST. JOHN, 6th JUNE, 1811.

Mates' Protections for sale at this Office.

NEW-YORK, MAY 31. Copy of a letter from Commodore Rodgers to the Secretary of the Navy.

United States Frigate President, off Sandy Hook, 23d May, 1811.

Str.-I regret extremely being under the necessity of representing to you an event that occurred on the night of the 16th inst. between the ship under my command and his Britannic Majesty's ship of war the Little Belt, commanded by Capt. Bingham: the result of which has given me much pain, as well on account of the injury she sustained, as that I should have been compelled to the measure that produced it, by a vessel of her inferior force. The circumstances are as follows: On the 16th inst. at twenty-five minutes past Meridian, in seventeen fathom water, Cape Henry bearing S. W. distant fourteen or fifteen leagues, a sail was discovered from our mast-head in the East, standing towards us under press of sail. At half past one the symmetry of her upper sails (which were at this time distinguishable from our deck) and her making signals, shewed her to be a man of war. At forty-five minutes past one P. M. hoisted our ensign and pendant; when, find. ing her signals not answered, she wore and stood to the Southward. Being desirous of speaking her, and of ascertaining what she was, I now made sail in chace; and by half past three, P. M. found we were coming up with her; as by this time the upper part of her stern began to shew itself above the horizon. The wind now began, and continued gradually to decrease, so as to prevent my being able to approach her sufficiently before sunset, to discover her actual force, (which the position she preserved during the chace was calculated to conceal) or to judge even to what nation she belonged; as she appeared studiously to decline shewing her colours. At fifteen or twenty minutes past seven, P. M. the chace took in her studding sails, and soon after hauled up her courses, and hauled by the wind on the starboard tack; she at the same time hoisted an ensign or flag at her mizen-peak; but it was too dark for me to discover what nation it represented; now for the first time her broadside was presented to our view; but night had so far, progressed, that although her appearance indicated she was a frigate, I was unable to determine her actual force.

At fifteen minutes before eight P. M. being about a mile and a half from her, the wind at the time very light, I directed Capt. Ludlow to take a position to windward of her and on the same tack, within short speaking distance. This however the commander of the chace appeared from his manœuvres to be anxious to prevent, as he wore and hauled by the wind on different tacks four times successively between this period and the time of our arriving at the position which I had ordered to be taken. At fifteen or twenty minutes past eight, being a little forward of her weather beam, and distant from seventy to a hundred yards, I hailed "what ship is that?" to this enquiry no answer was given, but I was hailed by her commander and asked " what ship is that?" Having asked the first question, I of course considered myself entitled by the common rules of politeness to the first answer; after a pause of fifteen or twenty seconds, I reiterated my first enquiry of "what ship is that?" and before I had time to take the trumpet from my mouth, was answered by a shot that cut off one of our maintop-mast breast back stays and went into our mainmast-at this instant Capt. Caldwell, of marines who was standing very near to me on the gangway having observed "sir, she has fired at us" caused me to pause for a moment just as E was in the act of giving an order to fire a shot in return; and before I had time to resume the repetition of the intended order, a shot was actually fired from the second division of this ship; and was scarcely out of the gun before it was answered from our assumed enemy by three others in quick succession, and soon after the rest of his broadside and musketry. When the first shot was fired, being under the impression, that it might possibly have proceeded from accident and without the orders of the commander, I had determined at the moment to fire only a single shot in return, but the immediate repetition of the previous unprovoked outrage induced me to believe that the insult was premeditated, and that from our adversary being at the time as ignorant of our real force as I was of his, he thought this perhaps, a favourable opportunity of acquiring promotion, although at the expence of violating our neutrality and insulting our flag; I accordingly with that degree of repugnance incident to feeling equally determined neither to be the aggressor, nor to suffer the flag of my country to be insulted with impunity, gave a general order to fire; the effect of which, in from four to six minutes, as near as I can judge, having produced a partial silence of his guns, I gave orders to cease firing, discovering by the feeble opposition that it must be a ship of very inferior force to what I had supposed, or that some untoward accident had happen-

ed to her. My orders in this instance, however, (although they proceeded alone from motives of humanity and a determination not to spill a drop of blood unnecessary) I had in less than four minutes some reason to regret, as he renewed his fire, of which two 32-pound shot cut off one of our fore-shrouds and injured our fore-mast. It was now that I found myself under the painful necessity of giving orders for a repetition of our fire against a force which my forbearance alone had enabled to do us an injury of moment: our fire was accordingly renewed and continued from three to five minutes longer, when perceiving our opponent's gaff and colour down, his main-top-sail-yard upon the cap, and his fire silenced, although it was so dark that I could not discern any other particular injury we had done, or how far he was in a situation to do us farther harm, I nevertheless embraced the earliest moment to stop our fire and

prevent the further effusion of blood. Here a pause of

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