

some degree unprepared for the attack of the American, who chased her under English colours; but on coming near hoisted the American flag, and commenced the engagement.

The Royal Bounty had 10 guns, 18 men, and 4 passengers—one a female.—Capt. G. sustained the unequal conflict for an hour and a quarter; when, having the boy that was at the helm killed, himself wounded, together with his second mate, boatswain and cook, the colours were struck: several shot were fired afterwards, one of which wounded the chief mate. The Americans then took possession, and ordered all the people on board the privateer, where the wounded received surgical assistance, but the others, were treated very harshly, having their clothes, some of which they wore, taken from them.

Two Americans were badly wounded, and it is supposed some were killed, but this was not acknowledged. The American master was quite enraged at the resistance he had met with from Capt. Gamble, whose conduct on the occasion, as well as of his gallant associates, deserves the approbation of every brave man.

The Privateer shortly after boarded the Thetis, of Poole, Capt. Pack, from Sydney, with Coals, which was set fire to, as well as the Royal Bounty. The Crew of the former escaped.—At 11 at night, Captain Gamble, with his crew were set adrift in the Boat. They reached the land of Placentia Bay the next morning—after receiving the most hospitable treatment at Lamalin, they were conveyed from thence to Burin, where they also experienced every attention from Mr. Butler, and Mr. Harrison, who provided them with a conveyance for St. John's.

The Privateer we are led to believe, has done a good deal of mischief on the southwest coast, but we hope Capt. Cookesley of the Hazard, who must have been near that part of the coast will put a stop to her career.

[A Gentleman from Newfoundland states, that the wounds of the Chief Mate, and which he received after the colours were hauled down, are feared to be mortal.

Five of the Crew, three Americans and two Foreigners, ran below as soon as the action began.—No discipline or order appeared on board the Privateer, and to this Capt. G. ascribed the firing after the colours were hauled down.]

SEPTEMBER 14.

The American Government has issued an order to the public and private armed ships of the United States not to molest American vessels bound home from our ports, having on board cargoes of British manufactures—following which is an order to the Collectors of the Customs throughout the Union to seize those vessels and their cargoes immediately on their arrival, and, after going through the forms of condemnation, to sell them—from a reported conversation which three Gentlemen interested in British importations have had with Mr. Gallatin, we find the American Government are disposed, after the sale of the property so seized, confiscated and sold, to allow to the complaining parties the costs of these Goods and the charges upon them, if there be sufficient left for that purpose after a deduction of the duties; and should there be more than sufficient the surplus is to be paid into the Treasury, and applied to the general services of the Country.—This is one of the most pitiful, contemptible acts of the contemptible Administration of the United States.

The Linnet sailed from Quebec, under convoy of His Majesty's Ship Tartarus, and in company with the ship Leicester, brigs Thomas Jeffery and Express, and a schooner for this place—parted from them in hazy weather.—The Tartarus, we understand, has on board the colors of the American regiment, which surrendered to General Brock, at Detroit, in charge of one of the Generals Aids-de-Camp, who is on his way to England with them, and the despatches informing of the event.

BOSTON, SEPTEMBER 2.

Government have issued orders for the release of all British Prisoners, when there is an opportunity of conveying them to a British place, and any officer to give a receipt for them.

The Non-Importation Law is to be enforced in port; but seizures are not to be made on the ocean. So the chance of peace from the revocation of the Orders in Council, is thrown aside by our apparent war loving Rulers—and our own citizens are to continue to be embarrassed in their importations, and exposed to ruin.

An English barque arrived at Salem yesterday, prize to the privateer brig Decatur, of Newburyport.

British schooner Skylark, from Quebec, for Martinique, has arrived at New-York, prize to the privateer Banker-Hill.

Br g Antelope, from Jamaica, prize to the Cape Cod privateer schooner Dolphin, was spoken 5th August.

The British ship Sir Simon-Clark, Udney, 16 guns, 40 men, with rum, &c. prize to the privateer Globe, has arrived at Norfolk. The privateer had one man killed, and 2 wounded; the ship had 5 wounded and 4 killed, among them a passenger, son to Sir Arch. Mackenzie, a Scotch Baronet, aged 18.

FROM THE ALBANY GAZETTE.

POSTSCRIPT.

Since our paper was at press, we have been furnished with the following Proclamation of the British Gen. Brock, by which it appears that in addition to the fall of Detroit, and the loss of the American army at that post, a cession was made to the British government of Michigan, in the capitulation entered into by Gen. Hull.

PROCLAMATION.

By Isaac Brock, Esq. Major General commanding His Majesty's forces in the province of Upper Canada.

WHEREAS the territory of Michigan was this day, by capitulation, ceded to the arms of His Britannic

Majesty, without any other condition, than the protection of private property; and wishing to give an early proof of the moderation and justice of the government, I do hereby announce to all the Inhabitants of said territory that the laws heretofore in existence shall continue in force until His Majesty's pleasure be known, or so long as the peace and safety of the said territory will admit thereof.—And I do hereby also declare and make known to the said inhabitants that they shall be protected in the full exercise and enjoyment of their religion; of which all persons both civil and military will take notice to govern themselves accordingly.

All persons having in their possession, or having any knowledge of any public property, shall forthwith deliver in the same, or give notice thereof to the officer commanding, or Lieut. Col. Nichol, who are hereby authorised to receive and give proper receipts for the same.

Officers of the militia will be held responsible that all arms in possession of militia men be immediately delivered up, and all individuals whatever, who have in their possession arms of any kind, will deliver them up without delay.

Given under my hand, at Detroit, this 16th day of Aug. 1812, and in the 52d year of his Majesty's reign.

(Signed) ISAAC BROCK, Major-General.

A true copy,
J. MACDONELL, Lieut. Col. Militia & A. D. C.

NEW-YORK, SEPTEMBER 3.

A State Trial.—Yesterday morning, in the circuit court of the United States, now sitting in this city, a bill of indictment was presented against a merchant of this place, for high treason against the United States in furnishing the enemy with supplies of provisions, under a British License given by the late Minister Mr. Foster. The prisoner had been prosecuted under the Act against sailing under foreign licenses, and was on bail, but on being indicted for the offence of treason, the fact having been committed since the declaration of war, was committed to prison for trial.

THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

SAINT JOHN, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1812.

His HONOR the PRESIDENT arrived in this City from Head Quarters, on Tuesday last.

We learn from Fredericton that on the 10th inst. a grand display of the Military works took place in consequence of the late glorious victory obtained by General Brock, in Upper Canada; a Royal Salute was fired from the gun-boats in the River, and a feu de joy by the troops; in the evening a brilliant ball was given by His Honor the PRESIDENT; and the Militia and Volunteers assembled, and fired a feu de joy, and afterwards repaired to a house illuminated for the purpose, where several appropriate toasts were given on the occasion; the greatest enthusiasm prevailed among the inhabitants of that little loyal town.

HULL'S INVASION,

Sung at the President's Ball, Fredericton, September 9, 1812.

COME tune up and summon, with pipe and with tabor,
Sweet echo to sound a salute to our neighbour,
Whom Nap the destroyer of peace and good order
Prevailed on to make an attack on our border.

At his bidding come Hull, and he made Proclamation,
"Choose wisely, submission or extermination!"
Full surely he thought, by this insolent bluster,
To put all his foes in a terrible fluster.

Then once, and again, and again he assailed us,
But courage and conduct as usual, availed us,
When teased by his bouncing and daily retreating,
We flew to his rear and there gave him a beating.

His grog intercepted, no whiskey to cheer him,
Tho' still two to one, yet he thought us too near him,
In short—with Bellona no longer he flirted,
But wisely surrendered and—not a man hurted!

On the shores of Potomak in Washington City,
Nap's minions may sing thorough-base to my ditty,
But all who disdain to fight under his order
Will curse neighbour Madison's war on our border.
All true sons of Freedom will spurn at his order,
And curse neighbour Madison's war on our border.

MARRIED] On Thursday evening, by the Rev. Dr. BYLES, Mr. JOHN FRY, to Miss ANN WHITE, daughter of Mr. WILLIAM WHITE, all of Martin's Head.

DIED] At Fredericton, on the 12th inst. Miss RACHEL BARLOW, aunt to Mrs. Emerson, in the 82d year of her age, much lamented by all who knew her.

At Sussex Vale, on the 20th ult. in the 82d year of her age, Mrs. MARY ANN STOCKTON, relict of the late Major Richard Stockton.

In this City, on Tuesday the 15th instant, in the 69th year of his age, the Honorable AMOS BORSFORD, Esquire, Speaker of the House of Assembly, and Senior Barrister at Law in the Province.—He had filled the former distinguished situation with honor to himself and advantage to the public interests in every General Assembly convened in the Province since its erection in the year 1784, having during that period been uniformly returned one of the Representatives for the County of Westmorland, where his benevolent conduct during a residence of nearly thirty years, will long be held in grateful remembrance, and his loss universally and deeply regretted.—His remains were interred on Friday last, numerous attended.

— On Friday morning, Mrs. C. YOUNG, aged 55 years, wife of Mr. GEORGE YOUNG.—Her remains were interred yesterday.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

LICENCE having been obtained from His Honor the PRESIDENT, to sell the Real Estate of DARIUS DICKINSON, deceased.—NOTICE is hereby given that Lot number 18, in the Parish of Wakefield will be Sold at Public Auction, at Mr. POTTER's Tavern, in Fredericton, at 12 o'Clock on Friday the 23d day of October next.

HENRY SMITH, Administrator.
Fredericton, 12th September, 1812.

FRANCKLIN MANOR.

TO be sold by private Contract several very valuable FARMS on the tract of land known by the name of FRANCKLIN MANOR, lying on both sides of the River Hebert, in the County of Cumberland, seven miles from Amherst Court House. The tract contains above thirteen hundred acres of rich marsh land, great part of which is under good dyke, and many thousand acres of excellent upland, portions of which, in the vicinity of the Farm Houses, are cleared and cultivated. The upland lies very conveniently to the marsh, and will be divided in such a manner as to suit the purchasers of Farms.

The River Hebert is navigable for large ships; and there may be got upon the Manor many thousand tons of large and valuable timber. There is an extensive bed of very good Coal that runs through one part of the Manor, which may be worked with great ease, and at a trifling expence, vessels being loaded with it in Chignecto or Cumberland Bay with great convenience, as the Coals are thrown at once from the bank into the vessel. There is an almost inexhaustible quarry of Freestone, of which great numbers of excellent grindstones have been made, and sold to great advantage. There are also several valuable Mill streams on the land; and a good Road that runs through it to Partridge Island, from which there is a regular Ferry to Windsor.

For further particulars apply to Mr. RICHARD BLAIR, at Francklin Manor.

N. B. The terms of payment will be made easy.
Cumberland, 16th September, 1812.

By the Ship COMET, JOHN EDDINGTON Master, from GREENOCK.

JOHN BLACK, & Co.

Have received an additional Supply of BRITISH MANUFACTURES.
Also—A quantity of COAL, which will be Sold low if taken from the Ship.
Saint John, 14th September, 1812.

Brandy, Wine, &c. &c.

STEPHEN HUMBERT,

Has received per Schooner REBECCA, from HALIFAX, AND OFFERS FOR SALE,

HIGH PROOF Coniac Brandy;
Sicily, Port, Malaga, and Champagne Wine;
Turkey Figs; Soft Shell'd Almonds; Anchovies;
Olives; Capers; and Sweet Oil in large bottles.

A L S O,

Elegant $\frac{1}{2}$ Silk Shawls; Ladies Silk Sandalls;
Ladies extra long White and Black Silk Gloves;
Do. habit do. assorted colors;
White Kid, and Beaver Gloves; White Wax Beads;
Two boxes Confectionary; Satin; Silk; China Ribbons;
And Four hundred Quintals Codfish.
Saint John, 29th August, 1812.

A good opportunity for a WOMAN wishing to see or return to the OLD COUNTRY.

Wanted a single WOMAN servant to attend a small Family (without young children) going to ENGLAND.—A woman who can produce a good character for sobriety and honesty, will hear particulars by applying at this Office.

Saint John, 10th September, 1812.

TO BE LET,

THAT part of the Dwelling-House of the Subscriber, not occupied as a Store, with the out-houses.—The convenience of the well in the yard, and having an entrance sufficient to admit a cart are well known. Possession to be given the 1st day of next month.

THOMAS MILLIDGE, Jan.

Saint John, September 14th, 1812.

LOST OR MISLAID,

A RED Morocco POCKET BOOK, containing 3 Doubloons, one of which is marked with the letters D. R. 7 seven shilling pieces, and three Pension Tickets one for £6 and the others £4 each, with the names of Thomas and Eliza Ingleby written on the inside of the Book.—A Reward of TEN GUINEAS will be given to any person who may find the same, and return it to the Subscriber.

THOMAS INGLEBY.

Saint John, September 7, 1812.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of the late WILLIAM CHEW, of Fredericton, deceased, are requested to present the same to the Subscriber within twelve months from the date hereof, and those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to DUNCAN McLEOD, Admr. Fredericton, April 10, 1812.