

The sum of fifty pounds to the Justices of the Peace for the County of Westmorland, for the purpose of finishing the Court House and Gaol in that County.

The sum of two hundred pounds to the Justices of the Peace for the County of Northumberland, towards defraying the expence of building a Court House and Gaol in the said County.

The sum of two hundred pounds to the Commissioners of the Light House on Partridge Island, for the purpose of building a suitable wharf for the security of boats; repairing and making a small addition to the house for the Keeper; a Vat to hold the Oil for the use of the Light House, and for digging a well on the said Island.

The sum of thirteen pounds fifteen shillings to the Sheriff of the County of King's, for holding the Poll for electing Members for that County, in October one thousand eight hundred and nine, and in March one thousand eight hundred and ten.

The sum of ten pounds to the Clerk of the House of Assembly, in addition to the proceeds arising from the sale of the two open stoves for the purchase of other open stoves for the House of Assembly.

To Elizabeth Tilton, the widow of John Tilton, who was murdered in attempting to apprehend deserters, the further sum of fifty pounds.

To John Pond, Philip Weade, and James Stewart, the sum of one hundred pounds, as some relief for the losses they have sustained by the unusual freshet in December last, as stated in their Petition, that is to say, John Pond, fifty-five pounds, Philip Weade, twenty-five pounds, and James Stewart, twenty pounds.

The sum of fifty pounds to the overseers of the poor of the Parish of Fredericton, in part to reimburse the expences heretofore incurred by them in supporting sundry impoverished and disabled disbanded soldiers.

The sum of eleven pounds thirteen shillings and four pence to His Majesty's Attorney General, being the amount of his account for special services rendered to the Province Treasurer and his Deputies, in the years one thousand eight hundred and nine, one thousand eight hundred and ten, and one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

To John Robinson, Esquire, the sum of one hundred pounds, to reimburse him in that sum advanced to Militia embodied at Fredericton in the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, under the Administration of the Honorable President Ludlow, which sum has not been repaid to him in consequence of the sudden death of the President, and the frequent changes in the Administration of the Government of the Province.

The sum of two hundred and fifty pounds to the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint John for the purpose of assisting in erecting a Pier or Break Water, to be carried out to low water mark, or as much further as may be found necessary, on or near the south side of the lot formerly owned by Thomas Handford, Esquire, and now belonging to General Coffin, for the purpose of better securing the harbor of Saint John, to be paid whenever the President and Commander in Chief in Council shall be furnished with proper and satisfactory Certificates, that a like sum of two hundred and fifty pounds has been raised and paid, or secured to be paid, to be used and applied towards the erection and completion of the said Fabrick.

II. And be it further enacted, That the following sums be also allowed and paid out of the Treasury, as follows, to wit.

A sum not exceeding one hundred pounds to the Overseers of the Poor for the City of Saint John for the time being, for the purpose of supporting and taking care of such sick and lame seamen as may arrive at that Port, who have no wages due to them and cannot support themselves.

Also a sum not exceeding fifty pounds to the Overseers of the Poor for the time being, in the town of St. Andrews for the purpose of supporting and taking care of such sick and lame seamen as may arrive in that Port who have no wages due to them and cannot support themselves.

And a sum not exceeding fifty pounds to the Overseers of the Poor for the Parish of New Castle, in the County of Northumberland for the time being, for the support of such sick and lame seamen as may arrive in that County who have no wages due to them and cannot support themselves: Provided always that the said sick and disabled seamen be not Persons intitled to claim any relief from any or either of the said places or parishes as paupers thereof: And provided also that no part of the said several sums of money shall be paid or drawn for until proper certificates shall be furnished to the President or Commander in Chief that the said several sums have been expended in whole, or in part, or that the whole or some part or parts thereof are necessary to provide for those objects.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the before mentioned sums of money shall be paid by the Treasurer by Warrants of His Honor the President or Commander in Chief for the time being, by and with the advice of His Majesty's Council out of the monies now in the Treasury or as payments may be made at the same.

### JUST LANDING

From on board the Brig *AUGUSTUS*, JOHN RICHARDS Master, from LIVERPOOL, And for Sale by SAMUEL WIGGINS, at the most reduced prices, A VERY GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF BRITISH GOODS adapted to the Season. A few Crates CROCKERY, handsomely assorted. Also, A quantity of SALT very low, if taken out of the vessel. St. John, 6th April, 1812.

Carpenter's Protections for Sale at this Office.

## RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the Government of the Public GRAMMAR SCHOOL in the City of Saint John; established by the President and Directors of the said SCHOOL, May 1, 1812.

1. The Scholars shall be punctual in their attendance at the School, at the following hours, that is to say, during the months of May, June, July, and August, from 6 to 8, from 10 to 1, and from 3 to 5 of the clock; during the months of March, April, September, and October, from 9 to 12, and from 2 to 5 of the clock; and during the months of November, December, January and February, from ½ past 9 to 1, and from 2 to 4 of the clock; Saturdays excepted, on which day the School shall be dismissed at 12 o'clock.

The School shall be opened with Prayers in the morning, and closed at evening in like manner.

2. No Scholar shall be admitted under seven years of age, nor until he shall be able to read fluently a Chapter in the Bible.

3. All the Scholars shall appear in the School decently dressed, and with clean hands and face, and if any one shall be absent from Prayers, or appear with dirty hands or face, he shall be reprimanded or moderately corrected, and the Master is desired to enforce the regular and punctual attendance of the Scholars as well for their own advantage, as for the credit of the School.

4. The School shall be divided into five Classes, the Scholars remaining ordinarily one year in each Class. But if on account of the youth, dullness, or negligence of any Scholar, it shall appear improper at the end of the year, to advance him to another Class, he may be continued six months, or a year longer in the same Class, at the Master's discretion.

5. The undermentioned Books are to be used in the several Classes, viz.

FIFTH, or lowest Class.—Latin Accidence, or English part of Lilly's Grammar, Nomenclature, Cordeus; *Selectæ e veteri*.

FOURTH Class.—Latin Grammar, *Selectæ e veteri*, Eutropius, Cornelius Nepos, Cæsar's Commentaries; Exercises from the Exempla minora of Eaton, Æsop's or Phædrus's Fables.

THIRD Class.—Latin Grammar; Latin exercises from Clark's introduction, Cornelius Nepos, Cæsar, *Selectæ e profanis*, Prosody, Greek Grammar.

SECOND Class.—Latin Exercises; Grammar Lessons daily, till the Scholars are perfect in Syntax; Sallust's, Bellum Catilinarium; Ovid, Virgil's Eclogues, Greek Grammar and Testament.

FIRST Class.—Virgil's Æneid, Horace's Odes, Epodes and Epistles, Sallust, Greek Grammar and Testament, Lucian, Terence, Xenophon, four or five Books of Homer, Cicero's Orations, and Livy's History; if this Class should be continued a second year, Cicero *de officiis, de amicitia, de senectute*, a few more books of Homer, Latin Themes, and Greek Exercises may be added.

6. Every Scholar is to be ready with a lesson for recitation immediately upon the opening of the School, at each period in the day, and the Master is requested to vary the order in which the Classes and individuals in the several Classes shall be called upon to recite, in order to ascertain that this regulation be strictly obeyed.—Exclusively of this first lesson, the Scholars, shall be prepared, and shall be heard, to recite as many other lessons or tasks as shall be sufficient to keep them closely and diligently devoted to their studies during the remainder of each school period in the day; and the lessons and recitals designated for one period, shall in no case be postponed to another, but in case of sickness, or other unavoidable accident.

7. Instruction in Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, History, and similar branches shall make a part of the Exercises for the afternoon in each day, the forenoon Exercises being exclusively restricted to Latin and Greek.

8. No English Prose translations shall be on any account made use of in the School; but the first Class may be allowed to use Pitt's or Dryden's Virgil, Francis's; Horace and Pope's Homer, to help them to understand and reach the sense of the Originals.

9. The Master will, at discretion, employ the Scholars in parsing; scanning, exemplifications of the Rules of Grammar, translating passages from Cæsar, Sallust, or other School Books, and turning the same, some time afterwards, into Latin again. He will also in the exercises of the afternoon occasionally hear the Scholars read aloud from the approved English Classics, Poets, and other authors, and teach them a proper emphasis, full and clear articulation and due deliberation in reading; and prescribe lessons from Lindley Murray's English Grammar, to the Scholars in the several Classes, so that they may obtain a correct Grammatical knowledge of the English language and a relish for its beauties.

10. On Saturdays, exclusively of the Church Catechism, the Scholars shall review and recapitulate the week's exercises, and devote a portion of the time to proper lessons in the English Grammar above mentioned, and reading aloud in English, at the discretion of the Master. The Catechism in Latin is recommended for the first Class.

11. The holidays and days of recreation and relaxation shall continue as established by the order of the Board, made on the 3d day of July, 1807.

12. Persuasions and arguments adapted to the understandings should be employed to promote application, emulation, and good behaviour among the Scholars, and corporal punishment resorted to only when necessary; in the infliction of which the Master should be guided by discretion and good temper; for small offences, confinement, or an additional task are most eligible, where these are insufficient, or in case of gross transgression, corporal punishments must be employed, but all violence, which would injure the health or

affect the understanding of the Scholars must by all means be avoided.

13. The Scholars are to deliver pieces of Poetry or Prose selected from the best authors publicly in the School at stated periods, particularly at the semi-annual visitations, and they should be instructed to speak with a proper modulation of voice and with easy natural action or gestures.

14. In addition to the semi-annual visitations established by Law, there shall be a standing Committee appointed by the President and Directors, one or more of which Committee with such other gentlemen as upon their request may incline to attend them, shall be authorized to visit the School as often as once in each month, upon such day as they shall think fit, giving the master one day's previous notice of any such visitation. Such Committee to inquire into the state of the School; to examine the Scholars as to their progress in literature and behaviour, and to receive any communications or suggestions that may be made for the benefit or better regulation of the School.

15. At the semi-annual visitations appointed by Law, the master shall critically attend to the performances of the several Scholars, correcting all errors which they may commit therein; leaving it to the visitors afterwards to put such questions, and make such variations in the examinations as they may think proper. The President and Directors always expecting in the Scholars the most correct attention to the Rudiments of Grammar, great care in parsing, and in exemplifying and applying the Rules of Grammar.

16. Proper and suitable Books shall be provided, to be distributed as premiums to such Scholars as may be intitled to prizes in their several and respective classes at the semi-annual visitations, on account of the excellence of their performance and their progress in literature, accompanied always with correctness and propriety in their general conduct and behaviour.

THOMAS MILLIDGE, Jun.  
OFFERS FOR SALE,—CHEAP FOR CASH,  
100 Barrels of Wheat FLOUR,  
75 ditto Rye ditto.  
750 Bushels best Northern CORN,  
A New 12½ inch CABLE, 90 fathoms.  
ALSO,  
A SMALL ASSORTMENT OF  
BRITISH GOODS, received by the PENELOPE.  
Saint John, May 14, 1812.

FOR SALE AT THE  
**CITY MILLS,**  
FRESH Wheaten and Rye FLOUR;  
Ditto INDIAN MEAL;  
Best YELLOW CORN;  
SHORTS, BRAN, &c.  
Portland, 7th May, 1812.

NOW LANDING  
On the Subscriber's Wharf, the Cargo of the Schooner  
*Ferebe and Phæbe*, JOSEPH RIDEOUT Master, from  
St. Lucia, consisting of  
Rum, Sugar and Molasses,  
For Sale on liberal terms by  
NEHEMIAH MERRITT.  
Monday, May 4, 1812.

NEHEMIAH MERRITT,  
Has Received by the WILLIAM, ROBERT BAIRD  
master, from LIVERPOOL,  
AN ASSORTMENT OF  
BRITISH MERCHANDIZE,  
Which he will sell on reasonable terms,  
AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING, VIZ:  
SUPERFINE, Second and Coarse CLOTHS, double mill'd and single Cassimeres and Serges, Salisbury and other Flannels, Calicos, Shawls, Cambrics, Ladies color'd Cotton and Worsted Hose, Men's do. Cotton Shirting, Irish Linen, Slops comprising shirts, trowsers, round and pea-jackets, and watch coats, Men's fine and coarse Hats, cod and pollock Lines and Hooks, a fashionable assortment of coat and vest Buttons, &c. &c.—Crates of well assorted CROCKERY, and Tierces of GLASS WARE.  
Also, A quantity of Liverpool SALT, and 50 tons of COALS, which he will sell very low if taken out of the vessel.

He has Likewise for Sale,  
Prime and Mess BEEF and PORK in barrels, Pitch, Tar and Turpentine, Cordage, bolt, flat and square Iron, Spikes, Nails, Iron Pots, Kettles and Bake Pans, Paints and Paint Oil, Stone Jugs and Butter Jars, &c.  
Saint John, 20th April, 1812.

By the HARMONY and FRIENDS from LIVERPOOL,  
**CURRIE and HANFORD**  
Have Imported a variety of neat, fashionable and useful GOODS, among which are;  
PRINTED Cottons; rich fancy Muslins; Ribbons; Silk Handkerchiefs; Bombazets; Dimities; Ladies Straw, fancy Silk & Beaver Bonnets & Feathers; Gentlemen's best Beaver, Silk, Willow & Leather Hats; Hosiery; Shirtings; Tortoise Shell and other Combs; Ladies and Children's Shoes; Curtain Fringe, &c. &c.  
Canada Stoves of different sizes, and a quantity of other Hardware; well assorted Earthenware in crates and casks; Loaf and Brown Sugar; Rum; bottled Porter and Ale; which with their former Stock, they will sell at the most reduced rates for Cash.  
Also per HARMONY, Blown Salt in Bags, and a quantity of Fishery Salt.  
Saint John, 4th May, 1812.