

QUEBEC, NOVEMBER 18.

Extract of a letter from an Officer of Rank, with Col. Morrison's Army, dated Osna-burgh, 13th Nov. 1813.

"On the 5th inst. when we were anticipating an attack upon Kingston, information was received, that the army under General Wilkinson had passed Gananoqui, and gone down the river, upon which orders were given for the 49th and 80th to embark in batteaux, and proceed with the Sir Sidney and Beresford Schooners, in pursuit of them, to Prescott, which place they passed, without suffering much loss, the morning before our arrival. We left the schooners at Prescott, and went on with gun boats and detachments of Voltiguers and Canadians, from that place to Point Iroques here we came up with Jonathan. On the 9th made a reconnoissance, and had a slight skirmish, on the 10th we found him again at Weavers Point, in Williamsburg. In the evening we had a smart brush with two of their columns, which they advanced, with a view of turning our left; in this they were defeated by the well directed fire of our field pieces, and they retired for the evening. On the morning of the 11th, our gun-boats opened upon theirs at long shot, and continued the fire for some time without mischief on either side. We supposed the enemy were preparing to start again, but about 2 o'clock, p. m. we discovered his columns advancing from the woods, towards our position, the right of which was upon the river, at Christler's house: they came on in a very gallant style, receiving a check from our skirmishers, which they succeeded in driving in, when the action became general, and continued as sharp as any I ever witnessed till 4 o'clock, when we had the satisfaction to see the enemy give way before us in all directions—their cavalry charged us during the action, but from the well directed fire of the detachments under Col. Pearson, they soon went to the right about, when our party advanced and took a six-pounder. Our artillery, under Capt. Jackson, was well served, and did great execution. The enemy from their own account, brought into the field 4000 men, and I imagine their loss in killed and wounded, not less than 1000 men; ours amounting to 169. The enemy lost many officers killed and wounded, and we have 5 or 6 of them, prisoners, wounded. Our prisoners yesterday, amounted to more than 100, and others hourly bringing in. Had our small corps allowed our pursuing the routed enemy on the 11th, we should have pretty well accounted for that portion of his army which attacked us—This was Jonathan's debut on the open plains, and I think, for the future, he will prefer his old mode of acting in the bush.—Col. Pearson, and Capt. Davies, of the Quarter Master General's Department, had each their horses shot under them. The enemy is at Cornwall, and we a little above it—he will not remain there long."

DUELLING.

General Orders—Horse Guards, London, 10th September, 1813.

The Commander in Chief is persuaded, that the late Trial of Ensign Edward M'Guire, 6th West-India Regiment; Ensign James Gilchrist, 6th West-India Regiment; Lieut. Anthony Dillon, 101st Regiment; Ensign Daniel O'Brien, 101st Regiment, for the heinous crime of murder, has excited the liveliest interest and anxiety throughout the Army. His Royal Highness has therefore been pleased to direct, that the following Letter, which he has received from the Lord Viscount Sidmouth, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State shall be published in General Orders.

WHITEHALL, SEPTEMBER 8, 1813.

In obedience to the commands of the Prince Regent, I have the honor of acquainting your Royal Highness, that it is His Royal Highness's gracious intention not to order the sentence upon the four officers of the army, who were capitally convicted at the last Assizes at Winchester, of the murder of Lieut. Blundell, of the 101st Regiment of Foot, to be carried into execution; but to grant them the Royal Pardon.

I think it incumbent upon me at the same time to lay before your Royal Highness a copy of the evidence adduced upon the trial of those officers from which it appears, that the original disagreement between Lieut. Blundell and Ensign M'Guire, arose from a trivial cause, that no attempt was made to reconcile the parties, but on the contrary, that, instead of those efforts, which, if properly and reasonably exerted, might have had the happy effect of preventing the meeting, which led to the fatal result, great pains were most unwarrantably taken to instigate and promote it. This observation I am bound to state, refers more especially to Lieut. Dillon, who, from his rank in the regiment, and his standing in the army, was

peculiarly called upon to exercise his influence and authority for a purpose very different from that to which they were applied.

I deem it my indispensable duty, to submit this representation to your Royal Highness, and I do so, in the full persuasion, that your Royal Highness will be pleased to cause such steps to be taken upon this painful occasion, as the circumstances of the case shall upon consideration, be found to require.

(Signed) SIDMOUTH.

While the awful sentence of the law was pending, the Commander in Chief abstained from expressing any opinion on this most distressing occasion. His Royal Highness now feels it incumbent on him to take that part, which a due regard to the discipline and the character of the Army demands.

The Commander in Chief is sincerely rejoiced that the clemency of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, acting in the name and on behalf of His Majesty, has been graciously extended to these officers, and has prevented their suffering an ignominious death.

The offence of which they have been guilty, cannot, however, in a military point of view, remain unnoticed.

On a due consideration of all the circumstances attending this transaction, the Commander in Chief is induced to think that of all the parties concerned, the unfortunate officer who lost his life, and the yet more unfortunate one, by whose hand his comrade fell, are the least culpable; they appear not to have been actuated by any personal animosity, but to have been instigated and governed by the advice of others.

The Commander in Chief is greatly concerned to observe that no such palliation can be adduced in the cases of Lieut. Dillon, Ensign Gilchrist, and Ensign O'Brien.

Their interference was equally uncalled for, and unnecessary, and tended, not as might have been expected, to settle the trivial difference which existed between their brother officers, but to magnify its importance, and to instigate them to the measure which had led to so fatal a result.

The Commander in Chief therefore has it in command to convey to all these Officers the highest displeasure of the Prince Regent, for conduct so unmilitary and disgraceful; and to notify to them, that they are no longer Officers in his Majesty's service but His Royal Highness being disposed in this decision to attend to the distinction which appears in their conduct, and observing that Lieut. Dillon, who from his rank and standing in the army, ought to have set a different example, has throughout taken the most prominent part in these outrageous proceedings, and greatly influenced the conduct of Ensigns Gilchrist and O'Brien, is pleased to limit the declaration of being incapable of ever serving his Majesty in any Military capacity, to Anthony Dillon, late Lieut. in the 101st Regiment.

The Commander in Chief directs, that this order shall be entered in the Orderly Books, and read at the head of every regiment and corps in the service. He hopes it will prove an useful and impressive lesson to the young Officers of the Army, and a warning to them of the fatal consequences of allowing themselves to be misled by erroneous notions and false principles of honor; which when rightly understood and leading to its legitimate object, is the character of a soldier.

By the Royal Highness the Commander in Chief's command.

HARRY CALVERT, Adj. Gen.

BRITISH NAVY.

The Navy List for August, 1813, consisted of 250 ships of the Line, 41 44's and 50's; 262 Frigates; 178 Sloops and Yachts; 11 Bombs, (fire-ships); 209 Brigs; 38 Cutters; 64 Schooners, &c.—Total—1053.

BRITISH SHIPS OF WAR TAKEN—1812.

Alert, T. L. P. Langhorne—16 guns, built 1804, taken on the Coast of North America, after a most gallant action, by the American Frigate Essex, of 44 guns.

Guerriere, J. R. Dacres—38 guns, taken 1806—Taken by the Constitution, American Frigate, of 50 guns and 476 men, commanded by Capt. Hull, after a most obstinate and determined resistance, the Guerriere had only a complement of 244 men at quarters, and fought under the most disadvantageous circumstances, and was afterwards obliged to be destroyed.

Macedonian, J. S. Carden—38 guns, built 1810.—Taken off Madeira, by the American frigate, United States, commodore Decatur, of 50 guns and 478 men, after a most determined and severe action, highly honorable to Capt. Carden and his brave crew, 104 of which were either killed or wounded.

Java, Henry Lambert—38 guns.—Taken, Dec. 20, off the coast of Brazil, by the Constitution, American frigate, of 50

guns, and afterwards destroyed, after a most determined and desperate resistance of upwards of three hours and a half; in which time she was made a complete wreck, having her bowsprit and every mast and spar shot out of her. Java, 24 killed, 100 wounded. Constitution, 14 killed, 44 wounded; the number slightly wounded could not be ascertained.

1813.

Peacock, William Peake—18 guns, built 1807.—Taken off Demerara, by the American sloop of war Hornet, 24, Capt. Lawrence, after a severe action of forty-five minutes, and afterwards sunk.

AMERICAN SHIPS OF WAR TAKEN—1812.

James Madison, 14 guns. Taken after a chase of seven hours, by the Barbadoes, Capt. T. Huskison, Aug. 22.

Wasp, 18 guns. Taken by the Poitiers, 74, Capt. Sir J. P. Beresford, Kut.

Nautilus, 16 guns. Taken by the Shannon, Capt. Broke, (now the Emulous.)

Vixen, Captured by the Southampton, 32, Sir J. L. Yeo, but afterwards lost on a reef of rocks near Conception Island, Bahamas.

1813.

Viper, (bg.) 12 guns. Taken by the Narcissus, 32, Capt. John R. Lumley.

Chesapeake, 49 guns. Taken after a short but most gallant action, by the Shannon 38, Capt. Broke. Chesapeake, 70 killed, 100 wounded. Shannon, 24 killed and wounded.

The long services of the Royal William protracted beyond those of any other ship ever built, are come to an end. She has been examined in dock, when her timbers proved so generally defective, that she is ordered to be broken up. It cannot be ascertained, at this port, when this memorable ship was first built. It is recorded of her that she came into harbor on the 2d day of October, 1679, to be laid up in ordinary: went out on the 16th day of March, 1700: came in again on the 26th of July, 1702: was ordered on the 31st of July, 1714, to be taken to pieces, for the purpose of being rebuilt; and was undocked on the 3d of September, 1719. Particular orders have been given to report on the appearance of her timbers, when she is taken to pieces, to account, if possible, for her unusual duration: to observe if they have been charred or snail drawn (as, it is presumed, was the practice when she was built); and whether there appear to be any effects in them from any oxygenated matter; or on any other parts of her, from such a cause.

COMMISSARIAT OFFICE,

St. John, N. B. 5th October, 1813.

CASH

WANTED for BILLS of EXCHANGE, drawn on the Right Honorable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, at Thirty days Sight.—Tenders for Sums (not less than one hundred pounds sterling) will be received at this Office.

R. EDWARDS,
Assistant Commissary General.

JAMES POTTER,

Has Imported in the Ships TRITON, from LONDON, and CERBERUS, from GREENOCK,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
MERCHANTIZE,

CONSISTING OF

DRY GOODS, IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, HARDWARE, GLASS, STATIONARY, &c.

Which he now offers for Sale at his SHOP, in Prince William Street, opposite the Post-Office.

HE HAS LIKEWISE ON HAND,

A few Hogsheads Choice CLARET; Boxes of SOAP and CANDLES.

Saint John, 7th August, 1813.

WILLIAM BLACK, & Co.

HAVE just received by the Ship COMET,

Captain GILLIES, from LIVERPOOL, An Assortment of CORDAGE, DUFFLE BLANKETING, and LIVERPOOL SALT,

to be Sold low for Prompt payment.

St. John, 8th November, 1813.

TO BE SOLD,

OR LEASED FOR A TERM OF YEARS,

THAT valuable FARM at Mount Aston,

on the Westmorland Road, five miles from the Market House in the City, now in the occupation of THOMAS PALMER, containing about three hundred acres of land, including about twenty acres of marsh.—There are on the Premises a good dwelling-house and barn, and possession may be had, if required, at any time in the course of the ensuing winter.—For terms apply at this Office.

St. John, 12th October, 1813.

NEHEMIAH MERRITT,

HAS just imported in the Brig FRIENDS and HARMONY, from Liverpool, a large quantity of BRITISH MERCHANTIZE, which he offers for Sale by the Package at a small advance for Cash or Bills of Exchange, viz.

Printed Fancy Cambricks,
2 and 2 White Cotton Cambricks,
2 and 2 Shirting Cottons,
Superfine Navy Blue and mixt Cloths,
Second and Coarse Cloths,
2, 2, 2, and 2 Rose Flannels,
White, Red and Yellow Flannels,
Pelisse Cloths,

Patterns of the above can be seen at any time at his Store.

He has also on hand and for Sale,
20 Tierces of excellent Coffee,
10 ditto of Glass Ware, and many other articles.

St. John, 16th Nov. 1813.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the Subscribers have received full powers from Messrs. ROBERT SHIVES, & Co. to receive all debts due to them, and give sufficient discharge therefor: They hereby request all persons indebted to the said Messrs. ROBERT SHIVES, & Co. to call and settle their Accounts immediately, otherwise they will be put in suit without discrimination.

EDMOND & BEDELL.

St. John, 18th Sept. 1813.

NOTICE.

THE Concern in business hitherto carried on between the Subscribers closes this day by mutual consent: Therefore all persons having any demands against them, or either of them, are requested to render the same for payment, and all those indebted to them, or either of them, will please make their respective payments accordingly.

JAMES FRASER,

SAMUEL GROSVENOR.

Fredericton, N. B. 24th September, 1813.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of ROBERT M'KEEN, late of the County of York, deceased, are hereby required to render the same duly attested; and all those indebted, are desired to make immediate payment to

BENJAMIN TIBBETS, } Executors

BENJAMIN SLOOT, }
Queensbury, 2d Nov. 1813. 3p

ALL persons having demands against the Estate of the late EBENEZER BROWN, of Queensbury, in the County of York, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same duly attested; and all those who are indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

ABRAHAM BROWN, Admr.

Queensbury, August 9th, 1813. 3p

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of the late JOHN KING, of Sussex-Vale, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same duly attested within Three Months from the date hereof, and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

JOHN KING, } Executors.

JOHN BLAIR, }
Sussex-Vale, 25th September, 1813. 3p

ALL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of AARON ANDREWS, late of the Parish of West Isles, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, are requested to exhibit their accounts to the subscriber duly attested within Six Months from the date hereof; and those indebted to said Estate are desired to make immediate payment to

JAMES CHAFFEY, Admr.

Deer Island, September 24th, 1813. 6p

ALL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of THOMAS COATES, of the Parish of Sussex, in King's County, deceased, are hereby requested to render their accounts duly attested within Eight Months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

ROBERT COATES, } Executors.

JOHN COATES, }
Sussex-Vale, 1st October, 1813.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of the late DUNCAN M'LEOD, Esquire, of Fredericton, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same duly attested; and all those who are indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

JOHN M'LEOD, } Executors.

P. FRASER, }
Fredericton, August 16, 1813.