

deeply impressed with the pernicious consequences which might attend the propagation of so rash an opinion, think it a duty they owe to the public, to declare, from the most attentive and dispassionate consideration of the history of this disease, collected from every quarter of the world, that the assertion above mentioned is wholly without foundation.

THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

SAINT JOHN,

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1813.

Arrived, Sunday, schooner Maria, of Fredericton, Wm. H. Berton, master, from Kingston, Jamaica, with a cargo of Rum, Sugar, Shrub, Molasses, and Coffee, &c. to P. Fraser, Esq. Merchant, Fredericton.

This morning, schooner George, Captain Robbins, from Newfoundland, via Halifax.

This morning we were politely favored with Halifax papers to the 1st inst. and Boston papers to the 22d ult.—from the former we have hastily extracted the following gratifying and highly pleasing intelligence:—

HALIFAX, DECEMBER 1.

Arrived, yesterday, schooner Rebecca, Harris, from Quebec, 9 days.

We feel much gratification in laying before our readers, the following important intelligence from Canada, extracted from Quebec papers to the 18th ult.

QUEBEC, NOVEMBER 18.

By last night's Mail.

**HEAD-QUARTERS, LA CHINE, }
15th NOVEMBER, 1813. }**

GENERAL ORDER.

His Excellency the Governor General and Commander of the Forces, has received from Lieut. Col. Morrison, 89th regt. the official report of the action which took place on the 11th inst. at Crystler's Farm, 20 miles above Cornwall, between the corps of Observation, consisting of the 49th and 89th regiments, and a detachment from the garrison of Prescott; under Lieut. Col. Pearson, the whole amounting to about 800 men, and the principal division of the enemy's army, commanded by Major General Boyd. On the day preceding the action an affair took place in consequence of the corps of Observation pressing on the enemy, which after a short conflict terminated in his defeat, the British division occupying that night the ground on which the affair had taken place. On the 11th Lieut. Colonel Morrison continued his pursuit, when the enemy, concentrating his force made a grand effort to relieve himself from so troublesome an opponent, and advanced with his heavy columns of infantry, supported by artillery, his front covered by a numerous body of cavalry and riflemen, Lieut. Col. Morrison fell back gradually, and took up a judicious position (which he had previously made choice of) with his little band; his right on the river, consisting of the flank companies of the 49th regt. and a detachment of the Canadian Fencibles, under Lieut. Colonel Pearson, with a six-pounder a little advanced; supported by three companies 89th regt. under Captain Barns—the 49th and 89th regiments formed the main body of reserve, extending across the road to a pine wood, occupying a space of 700 yards.

Major Heriot, with a detachment of the Canadian Voltigeurs, and a small band of Indian Warriors under Lieut. Anderson, secured the left flank—the action commenced about two o'clock in the afternoon, and in half an hour became general, the enemy attempting to turn the left of the British, but were repulsed by the 49th and 89th regiments, which advanced firing by wings and platoons—the enemy having failed in this attempt, united their utmost effort in an attack on the right, supported by four pieces of artillery and their cavalry, which was in like manner repulsed; the 49th and 89th regiments having moved up in echelon, and formed in line, a charge commenced by the 49th regiment, but was not persevered in, in consequence of the enemy's having charged upon the right, and threatened to gain the rear, but their cavalry were so gallantly received by the three companies 89th regt. under Captain Barns, and the well directed fire of the artillery under Captain Jackson, that they were instantly repulsed, and by the rapid pursuit of Capt. Barns's party, a six-pounder was captured from the enemy, whose attention was now solely directed to covering the retreat of his beaten forces; in this last effort he was foiled by a judicious movement of the corps under Lieut. Col. Pearson, who continued to pursue the enemy in his flight.

Lt. Col. Morrison reports in the strongest terms, the cordial and able co-operation he experienced from Lt. Col. Pearson, Lt. Col. Plenderleath, 49th regiment, Major

Clifford, 89th regiment, Major Heriot, Canadian Voltigeurs, and Capt. Jackson, Royal Artillery, to whose able exertions with the combined gallantry of the troops, where every man did his duty, this great success is to be attributed.

The Lieut. Col. reports the benefit the service has received from the active exertions of Lt. Col. Harvey, Deputy Adjutant General, Capt. Skinner and Davis, Quarter Master General's Department, Lt. Anderson of the Indian Department, and Lt. Hagerman of the Militia, who acted as his Aid-de-camp.

It is with deep regret that Lt. Col. Morrison transmits a list of casualties containing the loss of several brave Soldiers—but when the unequal contest and the quadruple loss of the Enemy and the importance of this splendid victory are considered, the comparative British loss will appear less than might reasonably be expected.

Return of Killed, Wounded and Missing.

Royal Arty.—2 rank and file wounded.

Royal Arty. Drivers.—1 do. wounded.

49th Regt.—1 Capt. 1 drummer and 5 rank and file killed; 5 subalterns, 3 sergts. and 34 rank and file wounded.

89th Regt.—1 drummer and 4 rank and file killed; 1 Capt. 1 subaltern, 3 sergts. and 57 rank and file wounded.

49th Flank Company—2 rank and file killed; 1 subaltern and 11 rank and file wounded, and 6 rank and file missing.

Can. Fencibles—4 rank and file killed; 2 subalterns and 14 rank and file wounded.

Can. Voltigeurs—4 rank and file killed; 9 rank and file wounded; 3 rank and file missing.

Militia Arty.—1 rank and file wounded.

Militia Dragoons—1 ditto ditto.

Indians—1 warrior killed; 3 do. missing.

TOTAL—1 Capt. 2 drummers, and 19 rank and file killed; 1 Capt. 9 subalterns, 6 sergeants, 131 rank and file wounded; 12 rank and file missing.

Names of Officers Killed and Wounded.

49th Regt.—Capt. Nairne, killed—Lt. Jones, wounded dangerously—Lt. Bartly, wounded severely not dangerously—Lieut. Claus, wounded, left leg amputated—Lieut. Morton, wounded severely not dangerously—Lt. Richmond wounded slightly.

89th Regt.—Capt. Browne, wounded severely not dangerously. Ensign Leaden, wounded slightly.

49th Flank Company—Lieut. Holland, wounded severely.

Can. Fencibles—Lt. Delorimiere, wounded dangerously, since dead.—Ensign Armstrong, wounded dangerously.

By His Excellency's Command,
EDWARD BAYNES,
Adj't. Gen. N. America.

A previous General Order mentions that it had "been reported to His Excellency that Lt. Col. Morrison, with the 89th Regt. and Capt. Mulcaster of the Royal Navy, with a division of gun-boats, had effected a landing at Hamilton, where they were put in possession, by the inhabitants of that place, of all the Public Stores left there for the use of the American Army, and among other articles, they restored to them the Goods which had been taken on board of the seven merchant batteaux belonging to Montreal, captured a few weeks ago, and after destroying the Public Buildings, our force again united and continued to hang on the enemy's rear.

That "His Excellency had also a report from Capt. Mulcaster, Royal Navy, stating his having brought over from Ogdensburgh to Prescott, 3 inch and a 10 inch brass Mortar, with their Stores, and a large supply of Provisions which had been deposited there by the American Army.

That in the action of the 11th inst. 400 Americans were taken—and that, on the 12th, Col. Morrison's "daring little band were renewing their molestation of the enemy in his progress towards Montreal, where Major Gen. Wilkinson had publicly declared it was the orders of his Government to take up his Winter Quarters."

Wilkinson and his army left the British shore of the River, and crossed over to the American side near St. Regis on Friday last. What new road to Montreal he is going to find out now, we cannot tell, but to Montreal he must come, "in obedience to the orders of his Government."

Some people say that the reason why Gen. Wilkinson did not come down at once and attack Montreal, is that Col. Morrison seemed to be driving him down. The General no doubt is brave; but like Sir John Falstaff, he is determined not to be "brave upon compulsion."

ST. JOHN'S, N. F. Nov. 11.

A letter from a Gentleman at Burin, to a Mercantile House in this Town, dated on

Thursday last, gives the following important and agreeable intelligence:

"Mr. Langdon, of St. Lawrence mentions the arrival of his brig Dart, in 21 days from Oporto, with information that the Allied Army have so completely defeated the main French army, that Bonaparte escaped with only 30,000 men; that Hamburg is in possession of the Swedes; that the Danes have at length declared against France; that several French Officers have joined Dumourier, who is to penetrate France with an Army in favour of Louis the XVIIIth; that the Empress has quitted France; that the Austrians are very successful in Italy; and St. Sebastian had surrendered to Lord Wellington, who had entered France with the whole army under his command. I hand you this just as it came to me."

It is with extreme concern we have to state the loss of His Majesty's sloop of war Tweed, Captain Mather, in Shoal Bay, near Bay Bulls, on Friday night last, by which melancholy circumstance, several of the officers, and upwards of 60 of her crew were drowned. The accident was owing to thick hazy weather, with a heavy gale dead on shore.

The Tweed left Cork on the 31 ult. with 52 sail of vessels, destined for Newfoundland.

The ship Southampton, of London, Henry Lee, master was lost the same night.—She struck on a rock called Long-point Island, about a mile to the southward of the Tweed; the master and crew remained two nights on the rock, suffering most severely from cold and hunger, and were relieved by the humane exertions of Mr. David Chase, of Petty Harbour, from whom they received the kindest treatment. Four men unfortunately perished.

BOSTON, NOVEMBER 22.

Latest from Lisbon.

By the Juno, arrived on Saturday, we received a file of Lisbon papers to the 11th October.

The last advices from Lord Wellington's army confirm the report, that as soon as the rainy season had passed, the whole would march forward into France. The town of Denia was battered on the 16th September, and stormed and carried the ensuing night; the garrison retreating to the castle, which was closely invested. Suchet had retired over the Llobregat, near Barcelona; but the allied operations in that quarter were retarded by the scandalous improvidence of the Spanish Commissariat in not furnishing the armies with supplies. Lord Bentick had been compelled to retire from Villa Franca to Tarragona; but Suchet had in his turn retreated, and there were no French in Spain, except in a few fortified places, which cannot hold out six weeks.

POSTSCRIPT.

BURLINGTON, NOV. 19.—The campaign for the season is said to be at an end. Gen. Hampton's army is at Plattsburg, where they are to take up winter quarters. Gen. Wilkinson's army is at the French Mills, near St. Regis, about 25 miles from the Four Corners, Chateaugay, and are building huts for winter quarters. The army under General Wilkinson has had a severe engagement with the enemy, which followed them from Kingston and Prescott, they were attacked in the rear, in or near Cornwall. The enemy were three times repulsed at the point of the bayonet and finally retreated leaving the Americans on the field. The number killed on either side is not correctly ascertained, it must however be great, as in one instance, it is said the charge was contended for twelve or fourteen minutes.

POSTSCRIPT—No. 2.

Major Snelling, who arrived in town, last evening, informs us that the action on the St. Lawrence, was a partial one; that only 1500 men under General Boyd were engaged; that this force repulsed the enemy three times, with the bayonet; that some loss was sustained on our side, among whom was General Covington, who was mortally wounded.

DIED At his house, in Maugerville, Sumbury County, on the 17th ultimo, in the 79th year of his age, Dr. JOSEPH CLARKE, an one of the Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for said County, who has left a most amiable widow (daughter of Abel Allyn, Esq. of great respectability, late of the Island of Barbadoes) one son and nine daughters, and a number of valuable friends and acquaintances, to lament and regret his death—He was a very useful and successful practitioner of Physic upwards of fifty years—He was of a respectable family in Stratford, in His Majesty's late Province of Connecticut; from whence he was driven

by his unthankful countrymen in the year 1776 within the British lines; his wife and a number of young children, after having been insulted and robbed of their property, were sent into New-York, from whence he came in the year 1783, with his wife and eight children to this Province—As a christian he was sincere without hypocrisy or ostentation—As a friend, kind, obliging and cheerful, and few men have been blessed more in the amiable disposition and good conduct of so numerous a family, or in length of days, or free from bodily pain or sickness,—his death was calm tho' sudden, caused by the gout in the stomach.



BY HIS HONOR
**MAJOR-GENERAL
Sir THOMAS SAUMAREZ,**
PRESIDENT and Commander in Chief
L.S. of the Province of NEW-BRUNSWICK, &c. &c. &c.
THOMAS SAUMAREZ.

A PROCLAMATION.
WHEREAS the General Assembly of this Province stands prorogued to the first Tuesday in December next; I have thought fit by and with the advice of His MAJESTY'S Council further to prorogue the said General Assembly, and the same is hereby prorogued to the second Tuesday in January next ensuing, then to meet at Fredericton for the despatch of Business.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, the twenty-seventh day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and in the fifty-fourth year of His MAJESTY'S Reign.
By His Honor's Command,
JON. ODELL.

Prize Sale at Auction.
ON MONDAY next the 13th inst. at Mr. NEHEMIAH MERRITT'S Wharf, at 12 o'clock, will be Sold the Prize Sloop RESOLUTION, about 70 tons, with her cargo of Iron Ore, and Schooner FLOWER about 30 tons, with her cargo of Dry Fish.
ANDREW CROOKSHANK.
7th December.

NOTICE.
ALL Persons indebted to WILLIAM WHITLOCK are desired to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, otherwise their debts must be put in suit without further notice.
WARD CHIPMAN, Jun.
St. John, 4th December, 1813.

CONTRACT.
PROPOSALS for building two Block Houses upon the heights in the vicinity of Saint Andrews, will be received at the Commanding Royal Engineers Office, Portland, Saint John, and at Capt. WALKER, Royal Engineers Office, Saint Andrews, where further particulars relative to the said buildings may be obtained on enquiry.
23d November.

OFFICE OF ORDNANCE,
Saint John, New-Brunswick, }
23d November, 1813. }
WANTED
FOR the use of the ROYAL ARTILLERY in this Garrison, Four Tons of good STRAW, to be delivered at the Artillery Barracks in the Lower Cove.
ROBERT PARKER,
Ordnance Storekeeper.

SICILY MADEIRA.
FOR SALE a few Pipes SICILY MADEIRA WINE cheap for CASH by
CURRIE & HANFORD.
17th November.

DANIEL GREEN,
BEGS leave most respectfully to return his grateful thanks to a generous Public for past favors, and informs them he still continues FANCY and WINDSOR Chair Manufacturing at his Shop in the Market square, where the smallest favor will be thankfully received, and executed with despatch.
N. B. Wanted to the above Business a smart active LAD.
St. John, 23d November, 1813.