GENERAL ORDER. Office of the Adjutant Gen. Department. MONTREAL, June 4, 1813.

The Major-General Commanding has received a report from Major Taylor, of the 100th regiment, giving an account of a gallant affair which took place yefterday, between the gunboats and detachments from the garrifon of Isle aux Noix and the enemy's armed veffels, Growler and Eagle, from lake Champlain, having each 11 guus, with four officers and forty-five men on board; and which ended in the capture of both these vellels, after a well contested action of three hours and one half.

Major Taylor speaks in high terms of the gallantry of all the officers and foldiers employed on this occasion; particularly Lieut. Lowe, of the Marine Department, enligns Dawfon, Gibbon and Humphreys, and Acting Quarter Mafter Pilkington, of the 100th regiment, with their crews; and reports the material affifiance which he received from Capt. Gordon, of the Royal Artillery, Lieut. Williams, of the 100th regiment with parties on fhore, who contributed greatly to the capture of the enemy .- The garrifon had three men wounded-the enemy one man killed and eight feverely wounded .---The Major General Commanding will have much fatisfaction in reporting to His Excellency the Commander of the Forces this action,

ing on to their support .- To those of His Majelly's Subjects who are unfortunately fituated within that inconfiderable portion of the territory occupied by the Enemy, His Excellency recommends a quict and peaceable conduct, fuch as shall neither afford a just cause to the Enemy for treating them with the feverity and rigour they have threatened, or incompatible with their allegiance to the beft of Sovereigns. His Excellency at the same time declares that he shall be compelled, however, reluctantly, inflantly to retaliate upon the American priloners in his poffellion, every violation of the perfons or property of any of His Majefty's Subjects to peaceably demeaning themfelves, and hereby publicly protefts against fuch treatment as equally unfanctioned by the ulages of War, or by the example afforded by His Majefly's Forces with regard to any of the American prifoners in their poffellion.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Arms at Kingfton, this fourteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

GEORGE PREVOST, Commander of the Forces. By His Excellency's Command, E. B. BRENTON.

[On the foothold gained by the Americans at Fort-Erie, was published the following]: ADDRESS TO THE CANADIANS. The commandant of Fort Erie, finding the people in its vicinity anxious to obtain special protection, deems it neceffary to make a public declaration, that all those who may come forward and enrol their names with him and claim the protection of the United States, thall have their property and perfons fecured to them inviolate. He invites all who mean to purfue this course to take it immediately, that they may be distinguished from the enemy; and while he affures them that their interests and happinels will be regarded by the Government of the United States; he folemnly warns those who may oblinately continue inimical, that they are bringing on themfelves, the most rigorous and difaffrous confequences; as they will be purfued and treated with that fpirit of retaliation which the treatment of the American prifoners in the hands of the British fo justly infpires.

the river and lake, it would be a fully to deny ; but the damage is more than counterbalanced by their own loffes in their expeditions, double the quantity of flores, ammunition and provifions being taken from them to what we loft at Fort George. At 40 mile creek they left 500 tents flanding, ready for our troops to enter and lie down in. The pleafing prospect of fecurity, in future, cannot but be consolatory for any past fuffering, previous to the arrival of the necellary fuccours for the defence of fuch a length of coaff as the fhores of Upper Canada,

The diffionorable conduct of the American officers, who have taken up arms, notwithflanding their being prisoners on parole, is a proof of the absence of all sense of what appertains to the profession of arms; a profession formerly maintained by that chivalric fpirit, which preferved it without a flain ; but which late revolutionary characters have levelled, funk and difgraced, by acts wholly derogatory to that nice feeling of honor, which caufed the parole of an officer to be confidered of the moft facred purity; but which is now, unfortunately no more to be relied on than the word of a proflitute; at leaft the conduct of Frenchmen and Americans, have lately reduced it to this very low standard. Frenchmen, who for military purity of character, in this point, prior to the Revolution were an example to other European nations; but now, alas! how changed! We refer our readers to the two Proclamations in our columns; the one by an American officer, and the other by His Excellency Sir George Prevoft. A comparison of the two will point out the diffinction between revolutionary warfare, and that of an officer bred to the profellion of arms, governed by those ancient honorable principles, of which we have made mention above.

Navy Yard, Gosport, June 23. SIR-I have the honor to inform you that on the 20th, the enemy got under way, in all 13 fail, and dropped up to the mouth of Fames River, one thip bearing a flag at the mizen. At 5. P. M, were discovered making great preparation with troops for landing, having a number of boats for the purpose. Finding Craney Ifland rather weakly manned Capt. TARBELL directed Lieuts. NEALE, SHUR-RICK and SANDERS, with 100 feamen, on fhore, at 11 P. M. to a finall battery on the N. W. point of the Island. Tuesday the 22d at the dawn, the enemy were discovered landing found the point of Nansemond River, faid to be 4000 troops; and, at 8, A. M. the barges attempt to land in front of the Island, out of the reach of the fhot from , the gun-boats; when Lieuts. NEALE, SHURRICK and SAN-DERS, with the Sailors, and Lieut. BREC-KENRIPGE, with the marines, of the Constellation, 150 in number, opened their fire, which was fo well directed that the enemy were glad to get off, after finking three of their largest boats. One of them, called the Centipede, Admiral WARREN's boat, 50 feet in length, carried 75 men, the greater part of whom were loft by her finking. Twenty foldiers and failors were faved, and the boat hauled up. From the boats that were funk, I prefume there were 40 prisoners. The troops that were landed fell back in the rear of the Island, and commenced throwing rockets from Mr. WISE's house, when gun-boat No. 67 threw a few shot over that way, they difperfed and went back. We have had all day deferters from the enemy coming in. I have my felf taken in 25, and 18 prisoners belonging to the Centipede. The officers of the Conficliation fired their 18 pounder more like riflemen than artillerifts. I never faw fuch shooting, and ferioully believe they faved the Ifland. In the evening the boats came round the point of Nanfemond, and, at funfet, were feen returning to their thips, full of men. At dusk they firewed the flore along with fires, in order to run away by the light, I have the honor to JOHN CASSIN. be, &c. The Hon. WM. JONES, Sec'y of the Navy.

which does high credit to the arrangements of Major Taylor, and the conduct and bravery of all concerned.

Extract of a General Order, dated Head-Quarters, Kingston, 6th June, 1813:

" Major-General DE, ROTTENBURG will deliver over the Command of the Troops and Civil Administration of the Province of Lower Canada to Major-General GLASGOW, and is to arrive at Kingfton on the 20th inflant. " Major General Sir ROGER HALE SHEAFFE will meet Major-General DE ROTTENBURG at Cornwell on the 15th, and from thence proceed to Montreal, to assume the Command of the Troops in that District."

The following Proclamation was printed at Kingston and circulated throughout Upper Canada:

By His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir GEORGE PREVOST, Baronet, Governor General and Commander in Chief in and over His Majesty's North American Provinces, and Commander of the Forces in the said Provinces, &c. &c. &c.

A PROCLAMATION. TIS EXCELLENCY the COMMANDER A d of the forces having seen a Public Declaration made by Lieutenant Col. P. Prefton, of the 12th Regiment of the United States Infantry, dated at Fort Erie, the goth of May last, in which he professes to hold out the protection of the United States to all those who shall come forward and voluntarily enrol their names with him, and threatening with rigorous and disastrous confequences those who shall have the spirit and loyalty to pursue a different course of conduct. His Excellency deems it necellary to caution His Majefty's Subjects in this Province against liftening to the infidious offer of the Enemy, or truffing to their affurances of protection, which fubfequent events have clear-Iy proved they are fo little able to afford to themfelves. With the bare polleffion of a narrow ftrip of our frontier Tersitory, not obtained by them without a fevere contest and correfponding loss, with an unconquered and unbroken Army in their front, at an inconfiderable diffance from them, and ready to difpute every inch of ground over which they fhould attempt to advance into the Country, it was hardly to be expected that the Enemy's prefumption would have led them to confider themfelves as in the posselfion of this Province, or have induced them, contrary to the effablished usages of civilized warfare, to treat its peaceable Inhabitants as a conquered people. The brilliant refult of the action of the 6th inftant, the rout and complete dispersion of a large division of the Enemy's Forces on that day, attended with the capture of their Artillery and of their ableft Generals, their fubfequent retreat and flight, with the loss of the whole. of their baggage, provisions, and Tent equipage, before the victorious Army of Brigadier General Vincent, daily increasing in firength from the powerful reinforcements reaching it, and affified by the Squadron under Sir James Yeo, now in undiffurbed poffellion of the Lake : all these events which followed in rapid fucceffion within a very few days after Lieutenant-Colonel Prefton's declaration, fhew more flrongly than any language can pollibly defcribe, the futility of the offers held out by it, and produce the flrongest incentive to His Majefly's Subjects to hold fast that allegiance from which the Enemy would infidioufly withdraw them. His Excellency therefore confidently calls upon all the Loyal and well difpofed in this Province, who are not under the immediate controul, or within the power of the Enemy, to ule every pollible effort in repelling the Foe, and driving him from our foil, affuring them that they will be powerfully aided by the reinforcements daily arriving at this Poft, and prefs-

JAMES P. PRESTON, Lt. Col. 12th Regt. Inf'y Com'g at Ft. Erie, Black Rock and Buffalo, May 30th, 1813.

MONTREAL, JUNE 19.

By letters received from the forty mile Creek, dated 10th June, it is faid, " that the advance of our army under Major Evans, took possession of General Lewis' Camp, baggage' and ftores, &c .- and took up his polition in the quarters from which the General had juft flown; the General's horse was taken, and the enemy was purfued close to the Niagara line, which he has or will crofs before to-morrow,----We have taken about 70 prifoners and 20 batteaux laden with supplies. Scott, Christie and King, and a bundred others, are acting with their army although prifoners on parole. Information is just received that there are 6000 of the enemy at Fort George, where fickness, discontent and famine prevail. In their flight they have burnt Fort Erie and abandoned every thing." By an express which arrived here yesterday, from Kingflon, it is said that Gen. Vincent was within 12 miles of Fort George; that Sir J. Yeo has taken, in camp equipage, arms and ammunition, nearly or quite double to the quantity loft at Fort George; that the Americans have been driven from Fort -Erie, Chippawa and Queenflown : that an Indian had informed General Vincent, that Fort George and the town was in flames. The express left York 12th inflant, 7 P. M. and Kingfton the 14th, early in the morning. By letters of the 12th, from York, it is faid, that " Nothing has yet been done by Gen. Proctor against Fort Meigs"-and adds, " Dickfon is clofe at hand with gooo Indians." A letter from Kingfton of the 14th inft. reports, that the enemy had evacuated Fort George. We place no reliance on this information. It is added, Sir J. L. Yeo fcours the Lake. The two veffels taken on Lake Champlain, we understand, are refitted and ready for service. On Thursday last Eight American Officers, that were taken prisoners at the head of Lake Ontario, on the 6th inflant, arrived here .--Among them is Gens. Winder and Chandler.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of the first respectability, dated Kingston, 17th inst .: "Sir JAMES YEO and his fquadron have returned off the harbour, having taken four finall veffels and a great quantity of provisions and flores, amongst them are from g to 400 barrels of pork ; and deftroyed much more, ---Sir James is taking in his bilcuit, and is to be off again immediately,"

INVASION OF VIRGINIA. OFFICIAL ACCOUNTS. WASHINGTON, JUNE 25. LETTERS. From Commodore Caffin to the Secretary of the Navy.

Navy Yard, Gosport, June 21. SIR-On Saturday, at 11, P. M. Capt. TARBELL, moved with the flotilla under his command, confifting of 15 gun-boats, in two divisions, Lieut. JOHN M'GARLNER 11 division, and Lieur. ROBERT HENLEY the ed, manned from the frigate and 50 mulketeers Gen. TAYLOR ordered from Crany Illand, and proceeded down the river; but adverte winds and fquals prevented his approaching the enemy until Sunday morning at 4 P. M. when the flotilla commenced a heavy galling fire on a frigate, at about three quarters of a mile diftance, lying well up the roads, two other frigates lying in fight. At half paft four a breeze fprung up from E. N. E. which enabled the two frigates to get under way, one razee or very heavy ship, and the other a frigate, to come nearer into action. The boats, in confequence of their approach hauled off, though keeping up a well directed fire on the razee and other ship, which gave us feveral broad fides. The frigate fifst engaged, supposed to be the Junon, was certainly very feverely handled-had the calm continued one half hour that frigate must have fallen into our hands or been deftroyed. She must have flipt her moorings fo as to drop nearer the razee, who had all fails fet coming up to her with the other frigate .- The action continued one hour and a half with the three thips. Shortly after the action the razee got alone fide of the ship, and had her upon a deep careen in a little time, with a number of boats and stages round her. I am satisfied confiderable damage was done to her, for the was filenced fome time, until the razee opened her fire, when the commenced again. Our lofs is very trifling. Mr. ALLISON, mafter's mate on board No. 139, was killed early in the action by an 18 pound ball, which paffed through him and lodged in the maft. No. 154 had a fhot between wind and water. No. 67 had her Franklin thot away, and feveral of them had fome of their fweeps, as well as their flantions that away, but two men flightly injured by the fplinters from the fweeps; on the flood tide feveral fhips of the line and frigates came into the roads and we did expect an attack last night

RICHMOND, JUNE 25. We have letters from Hampton to the 23d, at 3 P. M. On Tuesday the enemy difembarked on the fouthern fhore near Craney Island, and attempted to cross a creek three or four feet deep to reach the Illand. From Newport's Noofe they were feen very diffinctly moving in columns, their number about 2400, but they met a warm reception and was obliged to retire. Our troops were reinforced by 6 or 700 men from Norfolk. This morning, the tenders with men were moving down towards Lynnhaven. We hourly expect our thare of the bulinefs.

HAMPTON TAKEN.

NORFOLK, (Virg.) JUNE 25 .- About 5 o'clock this morning the British made an attack on Hampton, by land and water. Reports flate, that the fiting continued an hour and foriy-five minutes. Two houses were fet on fire by the rockets. The troops at Hampton are varioully effimated at from five to 800. Their fate is not known. RICHMOND, JUNE 26. BY EXPRESS TO THE GOVERNOR, Col. WALKER, of the 63th regt. of militia has informed Gov. BARBOUR, by express, of the arrival of an express in Yorktown with the dreadful melancholy news of the capture . of Hampton. This express was fent from Col. HOWARD, to order the militia to repair to the Half-way-Houfe, between Hampton and York, Col. WALKER adds, he shall order his regiment, to rendezvous immediately at Williamsburgh and York. The express adds, that the attack on Hampton commenced yefferday morning, at four, by water;-that the attack began with Congreve Rockets which fet fire to the town ;-that the enemy then effected a landing; and were met gallantly by the militia .- Further is not flated, except that the town was taken. Major Con-LIN of York county, was killed; and Capt. ANDERSON, of Williamsburg, either killed, or a prisoner. Of the invading troops, strange to tell, about 30 of them were faid to be troopers! The extent of our lofs is not known. It is believed, our troops were retiring to the Half-way-Houfe, which was to be the rendezvous of the furrounding militia. The Council was immediately convened, and measures of defence are in train of execution. All the neighboring militia have been called out.

-----QUEBEC, JUNE 22.

The late favorable turn given to the war in Upper Canada, continues to be of the most cheering afpect; and, from the number of thip carpenters going up, a decided and perpetuated superiority on the lakes, on the part of the Britifh, may in future, be looked to, with confidence. On this the fecurity of U. Cannada will depend ; and may be confidered as no longer doubtful. The Americans, we are perfuaded, have, be fore this time, croffed over to their own fide of the river Niagara, with a confiderable diminution of men, flores and reputation. That they have done fome injury on the Canadian fide of to be, &c.

-There are now in the roads 13 thips of the

JOHN CASSIN.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER. "Williamsburg, June 25. I lay down line and frigates, one brig, and feveral tenders. my musket a moment to flate to you hastily, I cannot fay too much for the officers and that the attack on Craney Island was that a crew on this occasion; for every man appeared feint to attract attention to that fide of the rito go into action with fo much cheerfulnefs, ver, while it appears the plan of the enemy apparently to do their duty, refolved to conwas to attack us on this fide; and accordingly, quer. I had a better opportunity of discover-Hampton was invaded and carried this morning ; ing their actions than any one elfe, being in my and as a party was landed five miles above the boat the whole of the action. I have the honor town we fear the militia there have been cut off. But we hope for the befl. Gop only