

LONDON, August 13.

Did the operations of the army in Spain remain stationary, as long as public curiosity is obliged to rest suspended at home respecting them,—and were Lord WELLINGTON unable to proceed to new achievements, till his countrymen had read and digested those that were past,—the contest in Spain would be a most protracted one: but it is a comfort to us to know, that while we are waiting in anxiety for the details of one triumph, he who has obtained it may be meanwhile marching on to another; and that at least he is not constrained to wait a moment for our cognizance of his proceedings, after he has written his despatches, though we may be doomed to linger many a day in expectation of their arrival. His Lordship is now engaged in providing food for fresh reports, though the last has not yet reached our mouths. Yesterday was full of rumours and enquiries,—of rumours without foundation, and of enquiries without satisfaction. It was said that an Officer had reached Downing-street, this proved to be false: that the telegraph was at work, announcing the arrival of the Fancy gun-brig at Plymouth;—there was as little truth in this. We could almost be merry upon the subject of public disappointment, were we not aware how many wives and parents are now waiting in trembling anxiety for the opening of those despatches which are to inform them whether their respective relatives have graced their country by their fall, or shall continue to defend it by their valour. In few words, therefore, there were no tidings whatever from Spain yesterday. Neither, as we apprehend, from the period which must necessarily intervene between the arrival of a vessel at Plymouth, and that of the officer she conveys, in town, can the expected intelligence be communicated to the public, even in the course of this day.

The few extra-official notices which we have been able to pick up,—may be soon given. It is said that Lord WELLINGTON would even not despatch the Fancy, with the battle of the 28th, till he had repelled Soult's army to that distance, that it should no more be able to obstruct the sieges of St. Sebastian's and Pampeluna; and that, having this object in view, it might be necessary for his Lordship to pursue the routed forces to a considerable distance into France. The loss sustained in the two actions which preceded the great battle, is said to have chiefly fallen upon the Spaniards and Portuguese, owing to the heroic obstinacy with which they refused to relinquish their advanced positions, though repeatedly called in. The troops of the two nations are reported to have challenged each other with generous emulation, to the arduous task of which should retain their posts the longest against superior numbers. The fighting was almost wholly with the bayonet, as the mountainous ground admitted neither cavalry nor artillery, and the impatient valour of the combatants spurned the uncertainty and delay of musket-firing. The loss on our part is generally estimated at 3000; that of the enemy, after his final defeat, at more than twice that number. Sir ROWLAND HILL is said to have joined the Marquis of WELLINGTON on the 29th, and his corps is engaged in the pursuit of the retreating enemy.

The affair of St. Sebastian's has been equally glorious to our arms, though less successful than the battle of the Pyrenees. The failure is chiefly attributed to the inundation of a trench, which separates the isthmus, upon which St. Sebastian's stands, from the Continent. The carnage was severe. We are not able to present an account of our whole loss; but the following is, we believe, a correct return of that sustained by one regiment—the Royal Scots:—

Killed.—Major Peter Fraser, Captain Cameron, Adjutant Cluff, Lieutenant Samuel Clarke, Lieut. Francis Massey, Lieut. John Anderson.

Wounded.—Captain Arguimbau, lost an arm, Captain Logan, ditto, Captain Buckley, severely, Captain R. McDonald, ditto, Captain James Stewart, in two places, slightly; Lieut. O'Neil, severely; Lieut. Eyre, ditto, and prisoner, Ensign Hoskins, ditto, Ensign Alstone, ditto, and prisoner, Ensign Reynolds, ditto, Volunteer Miller, ditto.

Two hundred and eighty rank and file killed and wounded, among whom is the whole of the grenadier company.

Brave and lamented men! we hope it will not be long before your fall is avenged;—avenged as the death of heroes should be, by the conquest of your enemies; with whom, if you had but met them in the open field, your situation would have been exchanged: you would have been triumphant, and they would have been lamenting.

MONTREAL, SEPTEMBER 11.

The enemy's troops at Burlington it is said have made considerable movements for the week past—their numbers have been augmented by a regiment sent on from Greenbush, and report says they have crossed over from Burlington to Plattsburgh about 2000 men. The American Officers are said to speak positively of taking Montreal for Winter quarters.

Letters from Kingston of the 7th inst. confirm the report of Commodore Chauncey's having gone up the Lake, and add that he lies snug under the guns at Niagara, and cannot be induced to come out notwithstanding the constant efforts of Sir JAMES YEO to bring him to an engagement.

The American piquet guard taken at Fort George on the 24th ultimo, arrived here on Wednesday.

At the end of last week, the American regular troops consisted of 5000 effective men; a Regiment was sent to Plattsburgh and the whole were in motion to menace this province.—They speak positively of attacking Isle aux Noix. The number of British Prisoners at Greenbush was not 300 including officers.—This we have from the best authority.

Last week 10 soldiers (Frenchmen) deserted from De Meuron's Regt. stationed at Chambly and proceeded towards the lines with their arms and accoutrements, and in full uniform. They compelled a poor Canadian to conduct them, and threatened him with death if he refused. A party of the 13th Regt. with an officer of Meuron's pursued, and overtook them, not 40 rods from the lines. The villains resolutely fired on the party which was at this time assisted by the militia. The pursuers in their turn fired, killed 4 of the deserters, and wounded 3 of them; the remaining 3 escaped. The reports of this affair have been various, our information was from a respectable man living close by the spot in whom we place implicit confidence.

A Gentleman who left Kingston on Tuesday evening and arrived here yesterday morning, reports that Com. Yeo had taken an American government sloop; loaded with 2 or 300 barrels flour and other provisions. No mention was made of the operations of the hostile squadron.

SEPTEMBER 14.

Nothing has transpired from the Upper Province since our last number, of any consequence, further than a report of the enemy's fleet having again entered the Niagara River, where, under the protection of his land batteries, the American Commodore is secure from any attack on the part of Sir James Yeo, until he shall expose himself to another chase.—We are apprehensive that no general action will take place on Lake Ontario if the enemy can avoid it, until he is assured of his decided superiority, and unless Sir James Yeo, by the better sailing of his squadron, is enabled to cut off some of his opponent's vessels on his return to Sacket's Harbour; we are fearful that the season will terminate with no further naval operations.

On the skill and gallantry of Sir James Yeo, his officers and men, we have every reason to place the fullest confidence, and we are well persuaded that every effort will be made on his part to bring the enemy to action, but it is not an easy matter to bring an unwilling combatant to risk a general engagement, particularly where the distance between his harbours is so short—with respect to great military operations in that quarter they seem to depend so much on the result of those of a naval nature, as to leave little room for immediate expectation.—We shall, however, be extremely happy, if we should prove incorrect in our anticipations, as we have not the smallest doubt of a brilliant victory in the event of a naval action.

We understand that demonstrations on the part of the enemy, on our own frontier, have been perceived, within these few days past; and that a considerable body of his troops had arrived at Plattsburgh, from Burlington, and that other divisions were advancing in the same direction: from intelligence we received yesterday, the number of Regulars on this expedition is estimated at 5000; and that their movements strongly indicate an attack on our lines.—If this diversion of the enemy is contemplated, as may be supposed, to distract our attention; and by that means weaken our force in the Upper Province, so as to enable him to effect his object in that quarter, we have every reason to hope he will be mistaken; and that with the force now on our lines, and with the Militia which may be immediately collected, he will have more cause to repent of this second alarm, than he had on the first which he occasioned us last fall, and where he was satisfied with being frightened into a precipitate retreat.



BY HIS HONOR
MAJOR-GENERAL
Sir THOMAS SAUMAREZ,
PRESIDENT and Commander in Chief
L. S. of the Province of NEW-BRUNSWICK, &c. &c. &c.
THOMAS SAUMAREZ.

A PROCLAMATION.
WHEREAS the General Assembly of this Province stands prorogued to the first Tuesday in September inst.; I have thought fit by and with the advice of His MAJESTY'S Council further to prorogue the said General Assembly, and the same is hereby prorogued to the first Tuesday in December next.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, in the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and in the fifty-third year of His MAJESTY'S Reign.

By His Honor's Command,
JON. ODELL.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.
Extract of a Letter from the Secretary of State, to His Honor the President, dated June 18th, 1813.

The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts having proposed an alteration with respect to the provision to be made to retired Missionaries, as communicated to you in the Earl of LIVERPOOL'S Circular Letter of the 22d June, 1811, I am to acquaint you that it has been now determined, that the Pension of £100 per annum to retired Missionaries shall be restrained to those who, after a residence of ten years, shall be considered by the Society as disabled by age or infirmity, and that a Pension of £50 per annum will be allowed to the Widows of those Missionaries who die in the Service of the Society."

EDMOND and BEDELL,
HAVE on hand an assortment of BRITISH MERCHANDIZE,—Also Swedish and double and single refined English Iron; Souchong Tea; Coffee; Rum; Brandy; Gin; Tobacco,—Likewise a quantity of RYE FLOUR, all of which they will sell on the most reasonable terms for Cash or good Bills of Exchange.
ST. JOHN, SEPTEMBER 7, 1813.

SUGAR and RUM.
Just Received per Schooner BRITANNIA, JOHN WOODWORTH Master, from MARATHONIQUE,
13 Hhds. Muscovado Sugar,
7 Puncheons of Rum,
For Sale by the Subscriber cheap for CASH.
NEHEMIAH MERRITT.

NEHEMIAH MERRITT,
Has Received by the WILLIAM, ROBERT BAIRD, master, from LIVERPOOL,
AN ASSORTMENT OF
BRITISH MERCHANDIZE,

Which he will sell on reasonable terms, AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING, VIZ:
SUPERFINE, Second and Coarse Cloths, double mill'd and single Cassimeres and Serges, Salsbury and other Flannels, Calicos, Shawls, Cambrics, Ladies color'd Cotton and Worsted Hose, Men's do. Cotton Shirting, Irish Linen, Slops comprising shirts, trousers, round and pea-jackets, and watch coats, Men's fine and coarse Hats, cod and pollock Lines and Hooks, a fashionable assortment of coat and vest Buttons, &c. &c.—Crates of well assorted CROCKERY, and Tierces of GLASS WARE.
Also, A quantity of Liverpool SALT, and 50 tons of COALS, which he will sell very low if taken out of the vessel.

He has Likewise for Sale,
Prime and Mess BEEF and PORK in barrels, Pitch, Tar and Turpentine, Cordage, bolt, flat and square Iron, Spikes, Nails, Iron Pots, Kettles and Bake Pans, Paints and Paint Oil, Stone Jugs and Butter Jars, &c.

TO BE LET,
And possession given immediately.
TWO Front Rooms, a Bed Room and a Kitchen, and the use of a Cellar and a good yard, fronting the Market-square—Further particulars inquire at this Office.
SEPTEMBER 21, 1813.

By the ORRIB and Augustus from Liverpool; TAYLOR and PEGGY from London.

DONALDSON and HAY
Have Received an extensive Assortment of Fashionable MERCHANDIZE, comprising

SUPERFINE Broad Cloth and Kersey-meres; Ladies Pelise Cloths, and flannels; Stocking Webbs; Ladies, Gentlemen, and Childrens Beaver Hats; Ladies fine Straw Hats and Bonnets; Ladies and Childrens Morocco and Kid Shoes and Boots; Printed Calicos; Ladies Fancy Muslin dresses; Black and Coloured Bombazetts; Black Bombazeens; Wildbore; Ladies and Gentlemen's Black, White, and Coloured Silk Hose and Gloves; Cotton and Worsted do. do.; Plain and Sewing Silk; Black Mode and Florentine; Black and Fancy Ribbons; Laces; Fashionable Hearth Rugs; Printed Table Covers; Sewing Cottons, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO—India Cottons; Black and Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs; Hyson & Souchong Teas; Pepper; Indigo; Starch; Vinegar; Copperas; Mustard; Olives; Sallad Oil; a few boxes London Hard Soap; Mould and Dipt Candles; London Porter in Bottles; Hardware of various descriptions, Round, Flat, and Square Iron; Steel; Grates; Pots; Ovens; Teakettles, &c. Slops of all kinds; Loaf Sugar; Window Glass, &c. &c. which they offer for Sale on reasonable terms for Cash.
St. John, 21st June, 1813.

Good Stabling for Horses.

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAVING fitted up a commodious Stable at the Brewery, for the accommodation of Horses, &c. takes this method of informing the inhabitants living on the River St. John, and others, that he will, in future, be able to accommodate them with the best of Stabling. The convenience of the situation he flatters himself will give general satisfaction. No pains will be spared to provide always the best of Hay, and the strictest attendance will be given to those entrusted to his care.

ELISHA BROAD.
St. John, 17th Sept. 1813.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the Subscribers have received full powers from Messrs. ROBERT SHIVES, & Co. to receive all debts due to them, and give sufficient discharges therefor: They hereby request all persons indebted to the said Messrs. ROBERT SHIVES, & Co. to call and settle their Accounts immediately, otherwise they will be put in suit without discrimination.

EDMOND & BEDELL.
St. JOHN, 18th Sept. 1813. 41

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of the late JOHN KING, of Sussex-Vale, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same duly attested within Three Months from the date hereof, and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to
JOHN KING, } Executors.
JOHN BLAIR, }
Sussex-Vale, 25th September, 1813. 31

ALL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of JAMES GEROW, of the Parish of Hampstead, and County of Queens, deceased, are requested to render them duly attested within Three Calendar Months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate are desired to make immediate payment to
STEPHEN GOLDING, } Adm-
JOHN WATSON, Jun. } nistra-
WINTHROP ROBINSON, } tors.
Queens County, September 23, 1813. 31

ALL persons having demands against the Estate of the late EBENEZER BROWN, of Queensbury, in the County of York, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same duly attested; and all those who are indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
ABRAHAM BROWN, Admr.
Queensbury, August 9th, 1813. 31

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of CHARITY FRENCH, late of Dipper Harbour, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested, within twelve months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to
NATHAN SMITH, } Execu-
JOHN CHALONER, } tors.
St. John, 14th September, 1813.

MERRY ANDREW and HENRY the VIIIth Playing CARDS of a good quality, for Sale at J. S. MOTT'S Office, by the dozen or single pack.