

BOSTON, FEBRUARY 11.  
BA NEWS FROM THE NORTH-WEST.

From ALBANY, FEBRUARY 4.  
Governor Tompkins has just received the following Extract of a Letter from Major Noon, commanding at Buffalo, of the Defeat of General WINCHESTER, of the North Western Army. It is reported that Gen. W. is among the slain.

THE EXTRACT.

BUFFALO, FEBRUARY 3.  
"It is with extreme pain I inform you that on Saturday last a Flag came across from the English side with Capt. Fitzgerald, of the 49th Regiment, informing the Commanding Officer on our side, that General Winchester and about 1000 men was killed and taken prisoners at the Miami Rapids; that it was a dear bought victory for the British.—He adds that 600 of our men were killed and 400 taken prisoners. An express has been sent to General Dearborn with this distressing intelligence by Colonel Porter, commanding at this Post."

A VALUABLE PRIZE.

Wilmington, (Del.) February 3.—Arrived at Philadelphia, the Lady Johnson an ordnance transport, from London, prize to the French privateer Comet, laden with 40 pieces of battering cannon, a large quantity of Congreve rockets, 2000 bbls. prepared gunpowder, (90 lbs. in each cask) a number of musketry and accoutrements in boxes, cordage in abundance, and a variety of other articles, consisting of munitions of war. The Lady Johnson sailed from London for Quebec with this valuable cargo for the supply of the British armies in Canada.

HALIFAX, FEBRUARY 10.

The Tartarus brought the November and December Mails, which had been received at Bermuda by the Francis Freeling Packet.—The Packet was taking out her guns, and was to proceed to New-York—London Papers to the 19th December have been received by the Mails.

The extreme importance of the intelligence from Russia, though from our last advices we had great reason to anticipate it, has far exceeded our most sanguine expectations, in the velocity with which the fall of the most despotic of Tyrants that ever afflicted the earth, has been precipitated.—The Russian details can only be paralleled with the rapid events which marked the Tyrant's rise to power.—And they furnish the strongest hope, that He who "rides on the whirlwind and directs the storm," is about to punish the pride of a man who has often assumed to himself the attributes of the Deity, and who for his wise and inscrutable purposes has been raised up as an instrument to punish the Nations of the Earth—or as Pope elegantly expresses it:—

"If plagues or earthquakes break not Heaven's design,  
"Why then a Borgias or a Cataline?  
"Who knows but he whose hand the lightning forms,  
"Who heaves old ocean, and who wings the storm;  
"Pours fierce ambition in a Caesar's mind,  
"Or turns young Amice loose to scourge mankind."

With Bonaparte, none of the Tyrants of antiquity can be compared: he has, in the greatness of the power he has acquired, and in the abuse of it, far exceeded them all; and in his fall, his greatest Captains, who have, as well as their Master, been gorged with the blood and pillage of Nations, are largely partaking of the punishment and disgrace that has befallen him.

The idea of his invincibility is gone; the charm is broken—nor can there be a doubt but that a new Era is about to commence, and that a spirit of re-action will soon shew itself in every nation which has been compelled to submit to his despotic sway.

Questions of extreme importance arise out of these interesting events;—Will the United States of America still continue to be fascinated with the ephemeral power of the Corsican? Shall his wily policy still direct their Councils?—And will they madly sacrifice that Commercial Prosperity and Wealth which they have obtained, almost exclusively, while the Commerce of the rest of the World has been for years subjected to the restrictive system of Bonaparte?—The Naval Power of Great-Britain is increasing on this Station—the storm is gathering, the thunder rolling toward them—and nothing but an immediate change of measures, can long rescue them from the effects of their madness and folly. The Spirit of Revolution with which the world has been so much afflicted originated in America—the mania has nearly subsided in Europe—and it is not improbable but that in this Hemisphere it may receive its final extinction.

The London paper of the 19th December contains a most important decision of Sir W. Scott, on the question of a British Subject expatriating himself and entering into the service of an enemy.—A Surgeon's Mate of a privateer who had been 20 years in a foreign country, and whose case admitted of every plausible plea to justify the act, has been found guilty in the High Court of Admiralty—and Sentence of Death was immediately pronounced upon him.—This Decision is of the utmost importance at the present moment, when the greatest wiles are resorted to by the American Government, to seduce from their allegiance the crew of the Macedonian, and of our Seamen generally.—It is melancholy to reflect on the situation of these men; as many of them will soon fall into the power of our Navy, and the Decision of Sir W. Scott in this Case decides the fate that will await them. They will not have even the plea to avail themselves of, which the unhappy man has set up in the case referred to.—It is therefore to be hoped, that sober reflection will speedily teach them the effects of

the crime they have committed, and lead them back with contrition to the Allegiance they have been seduced from.

The Agnes sailed from Portsmouth for Newfoundland, under convoy of His Majesty's ship Atalanta, on the 10th November, and separated from the Convoy in a heavy gale of wind on the night of the 15th, in lat. 48. 30. long. 10. 20. was afterwards captured by the Hunter brig Privateer of 12 guns and 150 men, belonging to Boston, and had a Prize Master and five men put on board.—A continued series of westerly winds and stormy weather preventing their reaching the American coast, and the men being exhausted with fatigue and the want of provisions, the prize master was induced to bring her into this port.

QUEBEC, JANUARY 26, 1813.

Most sincerely do we congratulate our readers on the news of the late happy and glorious events, in the north of Europe. The great enemy of the tranquillity of the universe, after sacrificing millions of lives to his overstrained ambition, will we trust, at last be reduced to the necessity of confining himself within proper bounds, if no worse come of him. In venturing to encounter the hardy veterans of the north, in their own bleak regions, he has put all at stake, like a rash gamester, elevated to a degree of giddiness, by a long run of success. Where is now his colosseum-greatness? Prostrated in the dust. His name, no longer an object of terror, will become a bye-word among nations.

Can any thing be more glorious for Great-Britain, than the confidence put in her honor and strength, by the Emperor Alexander, in confiding to her care, his navy and, we are persuaded, his most valuable moveables. We have no doubt that a great part of the moveable wealth of Russia is in those-ships. Thus does the little Island of Great-Britain uphold the north and the south of Europe. Where has she a dependency that can be otherwise than proud of forming a part of such power?

Now will be finally decided the long agitated question of uniting Europe under one head. It has had such a trial as it will scarcely ever have again. The experiment has failed. Greater numbers with more military and political reputation, it is scarcely possible to carry into the field, than has been carried by Napoleon Bonaparte; yet have his means been inadequate to his end.

Now that Russia may be considered as secure, a power that has lately, no doubt, engrossed much of the attention of Great-Britain, she will be able to turn more of her attention to the U. States, who will now also find that they have overshot their mark, in their views of assisting in her projected humiliation, at a moment when she had her hands full. Now will they discover their error in clinging to a falling usurper, rather than to the established and unshaken power of Great-Britain, their ancient parent.

DEPUTY PAY MASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,  
HALIFAX, 25th JANUARY, 1813.

THE Reduced Officers on the British American Establishment residing in the Provinces of Nova-Scotia and New-Brunswick, and in the Islands of Prince Edward and Cape-Breton, are hereby notified, that the Half-Pay and Military Allowance respectively due to them, for the period between the 24th June, 1812, and 25th December following, will be issued at the Army-Pay-Offices in Halifax and St. John, on Monday the 8th day of February, at the usual Office-hours. From those Reduced Officers who may have lately come to reside within any of the above-mentioned Settlements an additional Certificate will be required of the latest period up to which they have received their Half-Pay from England.

R. A. TUCKER,  
Deputy Pay Master General.

OFFICE OF ORDNANCE,  
Saint John, New-Brunswick, 4th January, 1813.

WANTED,  
FOR the use of the ROYAL ARTILLERY in this City, Three Tons of good STRAW, to be delivered at the Artillery Barracks in the Lower Cove.  
ROBERT PARKER, Ordnance Storekeeper.

SUGAR and RUM.  
Just Received per Schooner BRITANNIA, JOHN WOOD-  
worth Master, from MARTINIQUE,  
113 Hogsheads Muscovado Sugar,  
7 Puncheons of Rum,  
For Sale by the Subscriber cheap for CASH.  
NEHEMIAH MERRITT.  
St. John, 8th February, 1813.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF  
SLOOT and NEVERS  
WAS by mutual consent, dissolved the 24th day of October last; all persons having any demands against said firm are requested to render their accounts for adjustment, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment.  
EZEKIEL SLOOT,  
ALEXANDER NEVERS.  
FREDERICTON, 21st JANUARY, 1813.

CAUTION.  
WHEREAS repeated depredations have been committed c. l. Lots No. 12 and 13, situated on Long-Island, Kennebeckais—This is to forwarn all persons from cutting or carrying off Hay, Wood, Hoop-poles, &c. or otherwise trespassing on said Lots; and in that case, they will be prosecuted with the utmost rigor of the Law.  
THOMAS MILES.  
Saint John, 13th November, 1812.

THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

SAINT JOHN, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1813.

Tuesday last the English Mails for November and December, arrived at the Post Office in this City.—London dates are to the 19th December, nine days later than our last accounts.

It is with great satisfaction we are informed that the Inhabitants of Sunbury, and York, stimulated with the same patriotic zeal to promote His Majesty's service, as the Counties of St. John, King's and Queen's to accelerate the movements of the 104th Regt. through those several Counties into Canada for the defence of that Loyal Province, by turning out with their sleighs, sleds and horses, to convey that well regulated and meritorious corps with its baggage from stage to stage.

MARRIED] On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Dr. Byles, Mr. BENJAMIN CREIGHTON, to Miss FRANCES BENNETT.

DIED] At Mougerville, the 6th inst. after a long and painful illness, ISRAEL PERLEY, Esq. in the 54th year of his age, an old and respectable inhabitant.

—Wednesday, after a short illness, Mrs. MARGARET McLEAN, in the 52d year of her age, relic of Capt. Charles McLean. Her remains were interred yesterday numerously attended.

OFFICE OF THE QUARTER-MASTER GENERAL  
OF THE MILITIA,  
SAINT JOHN, (New-Brunswick,)  
February 15th, 1813.

ANY Person or Persons desirous of undertaking to weigh or get up, from the Wreck of His Majesty's Brig *Plumper*, (sunk near Dipper Harbor) any Articles that belonged to her, or to the Officers, Crew, or Passengers; as well as such part of the Public Money as can be obtained, will give in Proposals for so much per cent on the value of the property so obtained, to

GEORGE LEONARD,  
Quarter-Master General of Militia.

N. B. A sufficient guard of the King's Troops will be stationed near the Wreck to prevent pillage.

NOTICE.

THE Sale of the property of the late DARIUS DICKINSON having been postponed—NOTICE is hereby given that said property, to wit; Lot number 18 in Wakefield, will be sold positively at 12 o'clock on Friday the 2d day of April next, at Public Auction, at the house of Gabriel Van Horne, Innkeeper, at Fredericton.

HENRY SMITH, Administrator.  
Fredericton, 17th February, 1813.

JOHN KNUTTON,

Has received by the Ship *RENELOPE*, from *GLASGOW*, a large assortment of fashionable and other GOODS which he is now opening at his Store in Prince William Street; as they were purchased on the lowest terms he will sell them very cheap for CASH or BILLS OF EXCHANGE,

AMONG WHICH ARE,

PELISSE CLOTHS, Cotton Cambrics, a variety of elegant Lenos and Muslins of the newest patterns, Printed Calicos, Gingham, a variety of Shawls, Dimity, Muslinet, Counterpanes, Nankeens, Silk and Cotton Velvets, several kinds of Silks, Thread and Cotton Lace and Edgings, Lace Veils, Gloyes, Umbrellas and Parasols, Ladies and Childrens Hats of different kinds, Ladies Morocco and Kid Slippers, Linen Cambrics, Irish Linen, Cotton Shirting, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Rattinet, Shalloon, Calimanco, Durant, Bombazeen, Bombazet, Wildbore, Black Crape, Mattresses, &c.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Subscriber intending to leave this Province early next Spring, (for Europe) requests all those to whom he is indebted to send in their accounts by the First of April, and all those indebted to me, to make immediate payment, or their accounts will be left with an Attorney to sue without discrimination.—All Houses, Lots, Lands and Furniture, will be Sold by  
THOMAS INGLEBY.  
Saint John, January 1, 1813.

ALL persons having any just demands against the Estate of JOHN DOWNING, late of the Parish of Dorchester (River Pettitcudiac,) in the County of Westmorland, Mariner, deceased, are requested to exhibit their accounts to the subscribers duly attested within twelve months from the date hereof; and those indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment to  
MARGARET DOWNING, Administratrix.  
JOHN KEILLOR,  
JAMES WATSON, } Administrators.  
Dorchester, Pettitcudiac, 8th January, 1813.

ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of JAMES H. LAMB, late of Fredericton, Merchant, deceased, are requested to send them in, duly attested, within Twelve Months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to  
HARRIET LAMB, Sole Executrix.  
Fredericton, 20th May, 1812.

ALL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of HENRY McKAY, late of the Parish of St. Mary's, York-County, deceased, are requested to send their accounts to the Subscriber, duly attested, within Twelve Months from the date hereof, and those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to  
DANIEL BLACK, Administrator.  
Hempstead, (Queen's-County) March 12, 1812.