

POST-OFFICE, SAINT JOHN, 14th JAN. 1813.

A LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in this Office uncalled for, viz.—

ANDREWS, THOMAS	M'Kienna, Samuel
Adams, Robert	Morton, George
Arnold, Oliver	Milt, Thomas
Armstrong, William	M'Kenna, Mrs. Capt.
Andrews, Elizabeth	Miles, Samuel
Bidgelow, Gideon	Moro, Alexander
Baxter, Rodger	Morrison, Neil
Broyant, James	Norton, Frances
Caleff, John	Natt, Mary
Canning, Phelon	Niblock, Nathan
Cameron, Lauchlan	Outhous, John
Cuthbert, Abram	Purdy, Elizabeth
Cuthese, John	Piere, John
Christie, Peter	Pollard, William
Carman, William	Robinson, John
Dow, John	Reid, John
Drake, Francis	Robertson, James
Finch, Mary	Robb, John
Garrison, William	Richard, Joseph
Harvey, J. A.	Redickar, Christian
Harvey, Henry	Robson, George
Heany, John	Stevens, Jacob
Hughes, John	Stephen, William
Harrington, William	Sealy, Caleb
Hall, James	Sayer, James
Hewson, Mr.	Storee, Alexander
Holden, Thomas	Stanton, Benjamin
Hepworth, William	Woodworth, Mrs.
Houlands, Mr.	Waterbury, John
Hatch, Harris	Wilson, Abram
Johnson, Seth	Wick, David
Lewis, Charles	Whiteueck, John
Laenen, John	Walton, Joseph
Lincoln, Mr. A.	

WM. CAMPBELL, Post-Master.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN from the Subscriber, at Mirimachi, by some person or persons unknown; FIVE SETS OF BILLS of EXCHANGE, as near as can be recollected of the following description:—

One set of Exchange for £380 sterling, at 60 days, payable to Jerod Betts, or order, drawn by James Fraser, & Co. on Messrs. Smith, & Co. Liverpool; dated Mirimachi, 30th July, 1812.

One ditto, for £373:4:2 sterling, at 60 days, payable to Jerod Betts, or order, drawn by John Clark, & Co. on R. Robson, South Shields; dated at Mirimachi, 20th August, 1812.

One ditto, for £61:1:9 sterling, or thereabouts, payable to Thomas Sutherland, or order, drawn by James Fraser, & Co. on a person unknown; dated at Mirimachi, last spring or early in the summer, 1812.

One ditto, for £42 sterling, or thereabouts, payable to Richard Lee, or order, drawn by James Fraser, & Co. on a person unknown; dated at Mirimachi, July or August 1812.

One ditto, for £28 sterling, payable to Jerod Betts, or order, drawn by Murdock M'Kenzie, on a person unknown; dated at Mirimachi July or August, 1812.

The BILLS which are drawn payable to Jerod Betts, or order, were not indorsed; and the others only by the person, in whose favor they were drawn.

All persons are cautioned against purchasing any of the above Bills, as payment will be stopped in Britain.

The above reward of TWENTY POUNDS will be paid to any person who will give information so that the Bills above mentioned, may be recovered by the Subscriber.

JEROD BETTS.

Fredericton, 16th December, 1812. 15

To be Sold at Public Auction.

ON the second TUESDAY, being the 9th day of February next, at 12 o'Clock, in the same day, at the House of William Secord, near Pickle's Ferry, in King's County, a tract of Land lying in Norton, in the said County of King's, being part of a tract of Land granted to Guilford Stedholme and others, and known and described as follows, viz.—Beginning on the north side of the road leading from Sussex Vale to Kingston, directly north from a heap of stones and stake marked A on the east side and N G on the west side of the same road, thence running north to the extremity of the aforesaid grant, thence east fifty rods on the rear line of the said grant, thence north to the Kingston road aforesaid, thence following the courses of the same road to the place of beginning, thence running west on the courses of the said road, until a line running north from the said road to the extremity of the beforementioned grant, will include one hundred acres, thence north to the rear line of the said grant, to the place where the first mentioned line running north from the said heap of stones and stake aforesaid strikes the rear line of the said grant, thence south on the said east mentioned rear line of the said grant to the place of beginning, comprizing in the whole three hundred acres, more or less; which same described tract of Land was formerly the property of one Ozias Ausley. The terms of payment will be made known at the time of Sale.

STEPHEN HUMBERT.

Saint John, 24th December, 1812.

NOTICE.

THE Firm of JOHN BLACK, & Co. being, by the consent of all the partners dissolved: All persons having any demands against the same, are requested to present them for settlement without delay, and those indebted to the said Firm are desired forthwith to make payment and settlement with WILLIAM BLACK, & Co. JOHN BLACK, & Co. Saint John, New-Brunswick, January 1, 1813.

THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

EASTERN FRONTIER OF THE UNITED STATES, Head Quarters at Eastport, January 7, 1813.

Sir,

I am instructed by the General Commanding the eastern district to endeavour to stop all communications between the Subjects of the United States, and the Subjects of His Britannic Majesty; I therefore hereby notify to you that all persons coming to this Frontier from His Britannic Majesty's Provinces or Shipping, except by permission of the Commanding Officer of this Frontier, will be treated as Spies, or will be made Prisoners of War. While I strictly comply with my instructions, I am disposed to accommodate Persons of every description who may come in a legally authorized Flag of Truce, with a proper Officer, and on business of necessity in this Frontier, provided they strictly conform to the regulations adopted for these purposes. Flags of Truce will be received at LITTLE'S Wharf, in Eastport. No person will be permitted to leave the wharf, or have communication with the inhabitants, without permission from the Commanding Officer of the Post. Packets and Letters will be inspected by an Officer before they are delivered to the persons to whom they are directed. This Letter will be handed to you by Lieutenant MACLAY of the United States Artillery, who will receive any proper communication you may think necessary to make.

I have the honor to be, with due respect,

Your most obedient, most humble servant,

(Signed) GEO. ULMER, Colonel of Volunteers Commanding on the Eastern Frontier. The Commanding Officer of His Britannic Majesty's Forces at St. Andrews.

LEGISLATURE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.

FREDERICTON, 14th JANUARY, 1813.

HIS HONOR the PRESIDENT came to the Council Chamber and opened the Session of the General Assembly by the following Speech:—

Gentlemen of the Council, and Gentlemen of the Assembly,

THE declaration of War on the part of the United States of America against Great-Britain, has rendered it necessary for me to require your attendance in General Assembly at an earlier period than the ordinary exigencies of the Province would have demanded; and while we deplore the infatuation that has induced our neighbors, blind to their own true interests, to lend their aid in support of that spirit of tyranny and universal dominion, which Great-Britain has so long gloriously resisted—we are called upon vigorously to exert ourselves in the defence of all that is dear and valuable to man, and the principal object that presents itself for your consideration upon this occasion, is the revision of the Militia Law, with such addition and amendments as may be requisite, to enable us most effectually to counteract any hostile attempts of the enemy.

Gentlemen of the Assembly,

Sundry expences have been necessarily incurred towards the defence of the Province, of which a particular account together with the Treasurer's Accounts and such other papers as may be necessary for your information shall be laid before you, and I have the fullest confidence in your zeal and readiness as far as the means in your power, will enable you to make provision for the public exigencies. I have thought it expedient for the present, to withhold the Warrants for such of the appropriations for Roads, and some other services as had not been drawn from the Treasury, previous to the declaration of war, excepting in some few instances, where the services had been actually performed, or where they appeared to be indispensably necessary.

Gentlemen of the Council, and Gentlemen of the Assembly,

The Act passed at the last Session for granting an aid to His Majesty towards the defence of the Province, has been laid before His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, who has expressed the most lively satisfaction in witnessing your readiness to contribute in aid of those exertions which His Royal Highness will make in defence of His Majesty's Provinces, and his confidence in your liberality, and in the known courage and determined spirit of resistance of the Loyal Inhabitants of New-Brunswick, a copy of the Letter written by command of His Royal Highness upon this occasion shall be laid before you.

I most sincerely congratulate with you on the signal successes which have hitherto attended His Majesty's Arms, in repelling the attempts which have been made by the enemy in the Canadas. In these several contests the Militia have borne a conspicuous part, and I have no doubt that the Militia of this Province, animated by this example, and by that spirit of loyalty and attachment to His Majesty, for which they have been so uniformly distinguished, will whenever the occasion shall offer, discharge their duty with equal zeal, and I trust from the goodness of our cause with equal success.

To His Honor Major General GEORGE STRACEY SMYTH, President and Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c. The Humble Address of His Majesty's Council in General Assembly.

Sir,

WE thank your Honor for your Speech at the opening of this Session, and while we lament the infatuation of our neighbours, who mistaking their own true interests have been induced, by declaring war, to

lend their assistance to that spirit of tyranny and universal dominion which Great-Britain has so long gloriously resisted—we feel the necessity imposed upon all classes of His Majesty's Subjects in this Province, vigorously to exert themselves in discharge of their duty on this great occasion; and we shall heartily concur in such additions and amendments to the Militia Law as may be requisite to enable your Honor most effectually to employ the force entrusted to your command for the safety and preservation of this Colony.

We receive with dutiful and grateful acknowledgments the gracious expressions of His Royal Highness the PRINCE REGENT of satisfaction in witnessing the readiness of the Legislature to contribute in aid of those exertions which His Royal Highness will make in defence of His Majesty's Provinces, and of his confidence in the liberality and courage of the Inhabitants of New-Brunswick; and we thank your Honor for directing a copy of the Letter written by command of His Royal Highness on this occasion to be laid before us.

We receive with great satisfaction your Honor's congratulations on the signal successes which have hitherto attended His Majesty's Arms in repelling the attempts which have been made by the enemy in the Canadas, in which contests the Militia have borne a conspicuous part, and we confidently trust that, whenever the occasion may require, the brave and loyal Militia of this Province, under your Honor's auspicious command, will emulate this noble example, and discharge their duty with equal zeal, and we hope with equal success.

To which His Honor the PRESIDENT was pleased to return the following answer.

GENTLEMEN,

I thank you for this Address, and with pleasure embrace the opportunity to testify my confidence in the warmth of your attachment to His Majesty's Government, and zeal for the Public welfare.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY, 18th JANUARY, 1812.

To His Honor Major General GEORGE STRACEY SMYTH, President and Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c. The Humble Address of the House of Assembly.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOR,

THE House of Assembly thank your Honor for calling together the General Assembly at this juncture, and have great satisfaction in assuring you that the People of this Province sensible of their true interests, are ready and determined to repel every aggression which the infatuated policy of the American Government may induce it to commit on the soil of New-Brunswick.

THIS determination on our part is fortified by the conduct of their Government palpably in support of the spirit of tyranny and universal dominion so happily alluded to by your Honor.

THE House of Assembly in compliance of your Honor's recommendation, will immediately revise the Militia Law, and give their aid in forming such amendments as the joint wisdom of the Legislature may approve, most effectually to counteract the hostile attempts of the enemy.

THE detailed account of expences incurred by your Honor towards the defence of the Province, the Treasurer's accounts and such other papers as may be thought necessary to be laid before us for our information shall receive our immediate attention, and we will with every means in our power, justify that confidence which you are pleased to repose in our zeal and readiness to make provision for the Public exigencies.

THE House entirely concur with your Honor in the expediency of withholding, since the American declaration of war, the late appropriations for the Roads and other services with the exceptions stated.

THE House beg leave to express how highly they are gratified in having their conduct approved of by His Royal Highness the PRINCE REGENT, relating to the aid granted to His Majesty in the last Session of the General Assembly, and that His Royal Highness should have been pleased to express an opinion so very favorable of the inhabitants of this Province by an assurance of those exertions which he will make in their defence.

THE House reciprocate the congratulations of your Honor on the successes of His Majesty's Arms in the Canadas, and assure you this Country is highly animated by the example of these Provinces; nor will it be left behind in emulating their deeds whenever the occasion shall offer to its Loyal Inhabitants to discharge their duty to their King and Country, and the House most humbly implore the divine assistance to crown those exertions with success.

FALMOUTH, OCTOBER 16.

GENERAL ELECTION.

The general result of the Elections throughout England, is truly gratifying. The contests have been comparatively few; and those every where marked by true English feeling, and exhibiting the triumph of true English principles. Wherever the French taint has appeared, it has ceased to excite as formerly; and its champions have sunk into deserved insignificance.—There they will remain; till some new calamity or providential infliction furnish them with new materials for assailing the public peace.

At Westminster, nobody, thought it worth while to oppose Sir Francis Burdett, and though Lord Cochrane has evidently lost much of the confidence of the self-called Reformers, (the pot-wallpapers who preponderate in that city) they were fain to put up with him for want of another. Neither Sir F. nor his Lordship had arrived at the hustings, when their names being proclaimed, and no one appearing to oppose them, they were elected of course. The whole did not oc-