

Ward Chapman 19

THE NEW-BRUNSWICK

ROYAL GAZETTE.

[Volume II.]

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[Number 41.]

The Gazette.

BY HIS HONOR

Harris William Hailes, Esq.

President and Commander in (L.S.) Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.

H. W. HAILES.

A Proclamation.

WHEREAS the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, stands prorogued to the second Tuesday of this instant, December, I have thought fit further to prorogue the said General Assembly, and the same is hereby prorogued to the first Tuesday in February next ensuing, then to meet at Fredericton for the dispatch of business.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, the sixth day of December, in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and in the fifty-seventh year of His Majesty's Reign.

By His Honor's Command, Wm. F. ODELL.

BY HIS HONOR

Harris William Hailes, Esq.

President, and Commander in (L.S.) Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.

H. W. HAILES.

A Proclamation.

WHEREAS by Act of Parliament passed in the Forty-eighth year of His present Majesty's Reign, Power is given to the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, or Commander in Chief of this Province, with the advice and consent of His Majesty's Council, to allow the importation of certain enumerated articles from the United States of America into this Province, for the purpose of re-exporting the same to other parts of His Majesty's Kingdom of Great Britain, or to any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations; and whereas it has been thought fit with the advice and consent of His Majesty's Council to publish this Proclamation, hereby authorising and empowering British Subjects for the space of six months from the date hereof, to import and bring into this Province from the United States of America, in British built ships or vessels owned and navigated according to Law; Scantling, Plank, Staves, Heading-Boards, Shingles, Hoops, or Squared Timber of any sort; Horses, Near Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, or Live Stock of any sort; Bread, Biscuit, Flour, Peas, Beans, Potatoes, Wheat, Rice, Oats, Barley or Grain of any sort; and British Subjects during the same period, are hereby authorized and empowered to export in British ships owned and navigated as aforesaid, all or any of the said herein before enumerated articles, to any other of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, the sixth day of December, in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and in the fifty-seventh year of His Majesty's Reign.

By His Honor's Command, Wm. F. ODELL.

NOTICE.

PERSONS indebted to the Subscriber on Bonds or Notes, or who may have balances due on Book, up to the 24th June last, are particularly requested to call and discharge the same without delay.

HENRY SMITH.

Fredericton, 26th Nov. 1816.

THE SUBSCRIBER

REQUESTS all those indebted to him either by Bond, Note or Book debt, to call on him at Gagetown, (Queen's County) and settle them without delay, as all accounts not adjusted within six months from the date hereof, will, at the expiration of that term, be put in the hands of an Attorney.

The Creditors of the Subscriber are also notified to meet him at Gagetown within the above term for a settlement.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS.

4th October, 1816.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

It is with pleasure we have to record another triumph of Christianity over ignorance and superstition. By accounts just received from Mr. Read, in South Africa, the Missionaries have met with joyful reception at Caffraria, for whose arrival the minds of the Caffrees had been prepared by a person of that nation who had been converted to the Christian Faith some time ago. They are said to be nearly 100,000 in number.

BAPTIST MISSIONARIES IN INDIA.—Extract of a letter from the Rev. J. Rewe, Baptist Missionary at Digah, near Patno, Bengal, to the Rev. Mr. Saffery, Baptist Minister of Salisbury:

"We have another inquirer who has professedly renounced heathenism named Balux D... He gave up his household gods, which are very small and made of brass. I have delivered them to a friend returning to England, who has promised to leave them with Mr. Puris for you. They are five in number and you may put them all in your waistcoat pocket.

"The Baptist Missionaries on the continent of India, and in the Islands, occupy 26 stations where they have christian churches consisting of between 6 or 700 persons converted from heathenism, and where Schools are supported, in which from 1000 to 1200 children are gratuitously taught. But the great work of these missionaries is the giving to the millions of India the Scriptures in their own tongues, for which purpose they are translating them into twenty-eight languages, and including other translations printing them in thirty-five. The seat of the mission is at Serampore, about 15 miles from Calcutta. Here the missionaries translate, assisted by learned men from all nations round them. Here they keep ten printing presses constantly at work. The expenditure of the mission is rather more than £14,000 annually; of which the sum of £7000 is received from the Missionaries, who add to the tribute of their labours all that they receive from them."

From a late London Paper.

THOMAS PAINE.—The following is an extract of a letter received by Mr. William Dilwyn, of Walthamstow, Essex, from his daughter in America. The writer is of the most unquestionable respectability, and appears recently to have received the information stated in it from a person equally intitled to credit. The latter resided in a family in the near neighbourhood of the celebrated Thomas Paine, who resided at Greenwich, near New-York, and during his last illness had contributed to his comfort, by occasionally preparing and sending him food and refreshments more adapted to his situation than he usually enjoyed. These, the informant chose to be the bearer of to his bedside, although his personal circumstances were so deplorable that the air of his chamber could scarcely be endured. In performing this humane office, she had the opportunities of conversation with him, which authorised the writer's belief, that he exhibited another proof of Dr. Young's assertion, that "Men may live fools, but fools they cannot die." The letter proceeds to say, that she found him frequently writing; and believed, from what she saw and heard, that when his pain permitted, he was almost always so engaged, or in prayer, in the attitude of which she more than once saw him, when he thought himself alone. One day he enquired if she had ever read the "Age of Reason," and on being answered in the affirmative desired to know her opinion of that book. She replied she was but a child when she read it, and probably he would not like to know what she thought of it.—Upon which he said, if old enough to read, she was capable of forming some opinion, and from her he expected a candid statement of what this opinion had been. She

then said she thought it the most dangerous book she had ever seen; that the more she read, the more she wished to read, and the more she found her mind estranged from all that is good; and that from a conviction of its evil tendency, she had burnt it, without knowing to whom it belonged.—Paine replied to this, that he wished all who had read it had been as wise as she; and added, "If ever the Devil had an agent upon earth, I have been one." At another time when she was in his chamber, and the master of her family was sitting by his bedside, one of Paine's former companions came in; but seeing them with him, hastily went out, drawing the door after him with violence, and saying "Mr. Paine, you have lived like a man; I hope you will die like one." Upon which Paine, turning to his principal visitor, said, "I see what miserable comforters I have." An unhappy female, who had accompanied him from France, lamented her sad fate, observing, "For this man I have given up my family and friends, my property and religion; judge then, of my distress, when he tells me that the principles he has taught me will not bear me out.

LONDON, SEPT. 29.

NAUTICAL PEDESTRIANISM?—M. Schmidt, pianomaker, has invented a nautical machine of the greatest simplicity, by means of which in the most stormy weather, and in the midst of the most violent tempest, any person may contend against the waves and be preserved from shipwreck. During the next week he will, in the presence of the Authorities, make trial of this machine, which he calls the "Parapontic Chair." The maker proposes to walk in it from Calais to Dover.

The Princess Augusta Charlotte of Bavaria, whom the Emperor of Austria has sought in Marriage, had been previously betrothed to the son of the Grand Duke of Tuscany. A request has been sent to him, with the consent of the princess, to renounce his claim.

Three Iron Bridges, which were in preparation some time, have lately been erected at Petersburg; one over the Molka, the others over branches of the Neva. They surpass in grandeur and convenience all others in that capital.

BONAPARTE

Sometimes indulges in pleasantries. The following is an instance. The Captain of the British 50 gun ship New-Castle, was introduced, and the ex-emperor made very minute enquiries as to her tonnage, weight of metal, &c. On being told she car-

ried 24-pounders, and 42-pound carronades, he asked, "What chance would you stand with a French 74?" If it was blowing hard, answered the Captain, so as to prevent her opening her lower ports, we would take her, not otherwise. How long continued B. do you think you would be in taking a large 38 gun frigate? Do you mean French continued the Captain. Napoleon smiled, and said, no "American."—About ten minutes was the answer; on which the Ex-Emperor laughed heartily, bid adieu, and mounted his carriage, which was waiting for him.

CAPTAIN WRIGHT.

The remains of this brave but unfortunate officer were buried in the cemetery of Pere la Chaise at Paris, and his friend Sir Sydney Smith has this year erected a Monument to his memory, the upper part of which is of a pyramidal or obelisk form, on the plane of which are the letters D. O. M. and underneath an urn, in basso relievo, with two weeping figures on both sides, with torches reversed, the whole of the base, and the pedestal of the urn, are divided into six compartments, into which the inscription is distributed in Latin, of which the following is a translation

HEROES INTUMED, JOHN WESLEY WRIGHT, by birth an Englishman, Captain in the British Navy, distinguished both among his own Countrymen and Foreigners for skill and courage, to whom of those things which lead to the summit of glory, nothing was wanting but the opportunity. His Ancestors, whose Virtues he inherited, he honoured by his Deeds. Quick in apprehending his Orders, active and bold in the execution of them. In success modest: in adverse circumstance from in doubtful enterprises wise and prudent.

A while successful in his career, at length, assailed by adverse winds, and on a hostile shore, he was captured; being soon after brought to Paris, was confined in the Prison called the Temple, infamous for midnight murders and placed under the most rigid custody; but in bonds, and suffering severities still more oppressive, his fortitude of mind, and fidelity to his country, remained unshaken. A short time after, he was found in the morning with his throat cut, and dead in his bed. He died the 28th October, 1805, aged 36. To be lamented by his Country—avenged by his God.

WILLIAM SYDNEY SMITH, in memory of ancient friendship, erected this Monument in the year of the Christian Era, 1816.

MONTREAL, NOVEMBER 18. EARTHQUAKES.

On Saturday the 9th instant, about five minutes after mid-day, a slight shock of an earthquake was felt in this city and the neighbourhood; and again, on Saturday last, about twenty minutes after eight o'clock, in the morning, another shock more severe than the former, was experienced, which continued nearly twenty seconds, accompanied with a rumbling noise, and made the stoves, window-sashes, and cupboard furniture rattle violently. There was a profound calm at the time of the last shock, and the atmosphere was somewhat clouded.