

SELECTED POETRY.

TO THE HARVEST MOON.

Moon of Harvest! I do love
O'er the uplands now to rove,
While thy modest ray serene
Guids the wide surrounding scene;
And to watch thee rising high,
In the blue vault of the sky,
Where no thin vapour intercepts thy ray,
But in unclouded majesty thou walkest on thy way.

Pleasing 'tis, oh, modest Moon!
Now the night is at her noon,
'Neath thy sway to musing lie,
While around the zephyrs sigh,
Fanning soft the sun-tanned wheat,
Ripened by the summer's heat;
Picturing all the rustic's joy,
When boundless plenty greets his eye,
And thinking soon,
Oh modest Moon!
How many a female eye will roam
Along the road,
To see the load,
The last dear load of harvest home.

Storms and tempests, floods and rains,
Stern despoilers of the plains,
Hence away the season flee,
Foes to light-heart jollity;
May no winds careering high,
Drive the clouds along the sky;
But may all nature smile with aspect boon,
When in heaven thou showest thy face, oh Harvest Moon!

'Neath you lowly roof he lies,
The husbandman with sleep-sealed eyes;
He dreams of crowded barns, and round
The yard he hears the flail resound;
Oh! may no hurricane destroy
His visionary views of joy!
God of the winds! oh, hear his humble prayer,
And while the Moon of Harvest shines, thy blustering whirlwinds spare.

Singular Infatuation.

An inquisition was taken a few days since before Thomas Stirling, Esq. Coroner for Middlesex, at the Red-Lion and Ball, Red-Lion Street, Holborn, on the body of Mrs. Susannah Dale, a widow, about 60 years of age. The deceased had been a widow many years, and she had let the house which she lived in (66, Red-Lion street,) and which was her own property, to Mr. Stears, and kept two small rooms only for her own use, one of which was kept constantly locked up. She never suffered the rooms to be cleared since the death of her husband, nor allowed any one to enter them until just previous to her death. She never left her apartments until after it was quite dark: and then went merely to procure food from the shops in the neighborhood, to subsist upon the ensuing day. She would sit by the fire from morning till night, and would creep into bed with her clothes on. Her inactivity was such, that she never washed her clothes, and was too penurious to purchase a change of linen or to pay for the washing of the linen she usually wore. A few days before she died, she grew so unwell, that she was obliged to send for a poor woman to nurse her: who advised her to have her bed changed, and send for a doctor. She refused, however, to have her bed altered, and continued lying under one blanket, the only covering she had, until she died, with her clothes on, which she had not taken off her back for so long a period. The deceased had £5000 in the funds, and a number of houses, and in her apartment she had more than £100 in Bank notes. While alive, she resisted all attempts that were made to discover her disorder by the nurse, who wished to see what ailed her. After her death, the nurse and her lodger took the clothes off her person, and found her in such a situation, that they were obliged to cut and hack the clothes off, for they had penetrated into her flesh; and her stockings (which were without feet,) were cut from her legs, which were covered with ulcers, and which was supposed to have mortified. She lay on a piece of sackcloth, and after her death, upon her side, was found an old pocket, which contained two paper parcels, in which were £90 in country bank notes, and £12 in bank of England notes. Her body, which was a mere skeleton, was removed into another room before the Jury would view it. The Jury retired to the Taverne, and received the evidence. Verdict—Died by the visitation of God.

[London paper.]

SEA FIRES.

In the year 1694, the country about Harlech in Monmouthshire, was annoyed about eight months by a fiery exhalation, that was seen only in the night, and consisted of a livid vapour, which rose from the sea, or seemed to come from Carnarvonshire, across

a bay of the sea eight or nine miles broad on the west side. It spread from this bay over the land, and set fire to all the barns, stacks of hay and corn in its way. It also infected the air, and blasted the grass and herbage in such a manner that a great mortality of cattle, sheep and horses, ensued. It proceeded constantly to and from the same place, in stormy as well as in calm nights; but more frequently in the winter than in the following summer. It never fired any thing but in the night, and the flames, which were weak and of a blueish color, did no injury to human creatures, for the inhabitants did frequently rush into the middle of them, unhurt, to save their hay and corn. This vapour was at last extinguished by ringing bells, firing cannons, blowing horns, and otherwise putting the air into motion, whenever it was seen to approach the shore.

[Entick's present state of the British Empire.]

Most Singular Case.—A few days ago a young man named Samuel Brown, was brought in the custody of a Police-officer from Dartmouth to London, charged with having committed a wilful murder on the coast of Labrador, towards the end of last summer. The principal witnesses to substantiate the charge had not yet arrived in town; the young man, therefore, after undergoing a partial examination at the Home-office, was committed for trial, to the custody of the Governor of Tothill-fields prison. From all that has yet transpired on the subject, it appears that the prisoner and the deceased (T. Pierce) were seamen on board a Newfoundland vessel, and in the course of the voyage, some altercation took place as to the quantity of food which each consumed. The prisoner asserted that the deceased ate more than any man in the ship, which he denied. This produced warm blood, and it is stated, that the deceased struck the prisoner a slight blow, which he returned by darting a whale harpoon, which he had in his hand at the moment, into the body of the opponent. The blow was fatal; the man died, and the prisoner was immediately put in confinement by order of the captain. The vessel having subsequently approached an island which, to all appearance, was uninhabited, it is stated that the captain, conceiving his prisoner to be a most dangerous character determined to put him on shore, and as the scene of the labours of his crew lay in the neighbourhood, there to leave him, until the period arrived for their return to Europe. In pursuance of this resolve, two boats were hoisted out, into one of which the prisoner was put, and he was then towed to shore by the other. On reaching the land, the boat in which the prisoner remained was hauled up on the beach; and in order to ensure his safe custody, he was fastened by a chain to her stern. The chain was sufficiently long to permit him just to get out of the boat for the purpose of nature, but no more; and thus, under every vicissitude of weather the open boat was the only place of rest. His food was simply hard biscuit, and this was occasionally brought to him from the ship by some of his former comrades; but in consequence of surf or contrary winds, it sometimes happened that as far as his captain's contribution went, the subsistence of a whole week consisted but of three biscuits. While in this deplorable situation, Providence assigned him a friend, and the kindness of a female savage, who accidentally discovered his wretched plight, by assisting him to break his chain, enabled him to traverse the island in search of some nutritious berries which it produced. For eight weeks he was left in this miserable state, when the captain, having completed the object of his voyage, sent part of the crew to convey the poor fellow on board, in order that he might be brought home for trial. He was received on board with every mark of rigour, and was immediately put in irons. At length, he reached Dartmouth, and was there landed, and consigned to the custody of the civil authorities, to be dealt with as the law directs.—His alleged offence having been committed "beyond seas," it became necessary that he should be regularly examined before the Lords of Council; and for that purpose he was conveyed to London. The prisoner is a young man of great simplicity of appearance.

RAGS! RAGS! RAGS!
CASH will be given at the Royal Gazette Office, for clean Linen or Cotton RAGS.

CHEAP GOODS.

E. SLOOT & Co.

HAVE just received per the CALEDONIAN from LONDON, an extensive assortment of BRITISH MERCHANDIZE, which they offer for Sale on very reasonable terms.—The whole were particularly selected by Mr. JAMES SLOOT.

—ALSO—
CONIAC BRANDY,
JAMAICA SPIRITS,
GENEVA,
LISBON WINES,
PORT do.
PORTER,
White Vine VINEGAR,
And Some Double GLOUCESTER CHEESE.

Fredericton, 30th June, 1818.

JUST RECEIVED

And now opening for Sale by the Subscriber.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS,

PORT,
SHERRY, and } WINES
VIDONIA, }
Bottle and Draught PORTER.

Vinegar; Holland Gin; Cogniac Brandy. Leaf Sugar; Teas; double and single Gloucester Cheese; Shell Almonds; Raisins; Soap & Candles; Confectionary; Drug's; Nails of all sorts; Bar Iron; Window Glass, &c. all of which he now offers for Sale low for Cash or approved Credit.

JEDEDIAH SLASON.

Fredericton, 30th June, 1818.

P. FRASER,

HAS just received per the Ships Wellington, from London; Waterloo, from Liverpool; and the Benlomond, from Glasgow, a general assortment of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES, suitable for the season; all of which will be sold low for Cash, Furs, or Bills of Exchange.

N.B.—Those indebted to him to the 24th December last, are requested to settle their respective balances without delay.

Fredericton, 5th June, 1818.

NEW GOODS.

JAMES TAYLOR,

Has just received by the late arrivals from Europe,

A HANDSOME Assortment of Goods suitable to the Season, which he offers for Sale on the most reasonable terms.

Fredericton, 9th June, 1818.

New Goods.

MARK NEEDHAM

Has just received by the Ship Benlomond, from Greenock, and Wellington from London,

A NEAT and Fashionable Assortment of GOODS, (part are just come to hand, per the Steam Boat,) all of which will be sold on the lowest terms for Cash or short approved Credit.

Fredericton, 26th May, 1818.

Ten Pounds Reward.

LOST on the 7th June last, by the Subscriber, (occasioned by the upsetting of his Canoe in the White Rapids, Southwest-Branch of Miramichi) a Black Dress Coat, in the pocket of which was a small Leather Bag, and in the Bag a Tin Box, containing One Hundred and Seventy-five Pounds in Gold—twenty-two Doubloons made a part of the above mentioned sum, and the remainder in British and Foreign Gold of different denominations; a Parcel containing eight Doubloons, one Guinea, nine Dollars, and some small change, amounting to Thirty-four Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Nine-Pence; and the remainder loose in said Bag—amounting in the whole to Two Hundred Pounds.

The above Reward will be given to any person finding the same, and restoring it to

RICHARD PRICE.

Ludlow, 6th July, 1818.

HALF Pay Certificates & Military Allowance; Bills, of Exchange; Indentures, & Bail-Bonds for Sale at this Office.

NOTICES.

ALL those Indebted to the Subscriber, neglecting to settle, their Accounts will be put in the hands of an Attorney to collect.

JEDEDIAH SLASON.

Fredericton, 9th March 1818.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of PETER BROWN, late of the Parish of Ludlow, deceased, are requested to render their accounts duly attested, within nine months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

LOT HOSMORE, } Administrators.
WILLIAM FISH, }
Ludlow, 17th February 1818. 3mp.

ALL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of the late JOHN M'KEEN, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within twelve calendar months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate are desired to make immediate payment to

MARGARET M'KEEN, Administratrix.
WILLIAM M'KEEN, Administrator.
Maugerville, 10th April, 1818.

ALL PERSONS

HAVING any demands against the Estate of HENRY GREEN, late of Queensborough deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested—and all those indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment to

ELIZABETH GREEN, Administratrix
JOHN DAYTON, Administrator.
Queensborough, 1st March, 1818.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of the late JOHN M'LEOD, deceased, will render their accounts for adjustment, and those indebted to said Estate will make immediate payment.

JEDEDIAH SLASON, } Executors.
M. NEEDHAM, }
Fredericton, 7th April 1818.

ALL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of the late JONATHAN SHERWOOD, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested, within three months from the date hereof, and all those indebted to said Estate are desired to make immediate payment to

MARY SHERWOOD, Administratrix.
DAVID NEWMAN, Administrator.
Miramichi, 27th February, 1818. 4f.

ALL Persons, (in the Province of New-Brunswick) having any demands against the Estate of BENJAMIN AYCRIGG, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested to within three months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

MARY P. WOLHAUPTER, Administratrix.
JAMES M'INDOE, Junr. Administrator.

Fredericton, 5th May, 1818.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber up to the 1st January last, will please pay immediately, otherwise they will be sued without delay.

W. BAILEY.
Fredericton, 26th May, 1818.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of DANIEL FLETCHER, late of Sheffield, deceased, are requested to render their accounts attested to, within twelve months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

DAVID FLETCHER, Administrator.
Nashwaak, 14th April, 1818.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of STEPHEN PORTER, late of Sunbury County, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate are desired to make immediate payment to

ELIZABETH PORTER, Adm'x.
JOHN DOW, Adm'r.
Burton, 30th June, 1818.

THE NEW-BRUNSWICK ROYAL GAZETTE.
Is Published every TUESDAY, by GEORGE K. LUGRIN,
Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, At his Office, in Camperdown-Street, opposite the Market-Place, FREDERICTON.
Where Blanks, Handbills, &c. can be struck off at the shortest notice.

CONDITIONS:
The Price of this Paper is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE per annum (exclusive of Postage) half in advance.
Advertisements not exceeding FIFTEEN LINES will be inserted for FOUR SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE the first, and ONE SHILLING and SIXPENCE for each succeeding Insertion.