

FREDERICTON, (N.B.)

23D JUNE, 1818.

We understand that a Court is appointed to assemble at Saint John on Tuesday the 30th inst. for the trial of ROBERT BARR and EDWARD TONER, charged with the murder of ROBERT DOUGLAS.

His Excellency the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR left this place for the City on Thursday last.

ARRIVED AT SAINT JOHN.

Saturday, ship Marcus Hill, Bryson, Londonderry—J. L. Verner—salt, and 258 passengers.
Lord Gardner, Cuthbert, Londonderry—J. M. Wilmot—288 passengers.
Brigs James, Powers, Ross, (Ireland)—A. Johnston—60 passengers.
Eliza, Henney, Londonderry—J. Ewing & Co—133 passengers.
Tuesday, brigs Barrassie, Barr, Dublin—Crookshank & Johnston—134 passengers.
Union, Lancaster, Trinidad—Z. Wheeler—rum, sugar, coffee, molasses.
Angerona, Gilbert, Quoddy—master—lumber.
Wednesday, sch'r Adela, Hanford, Lucie, Jsm.—J. L. Verner—cargo rum, &c.
Friday, brig Harriet Newell, Thain, Boston, 3 days—S. Humbert—cargo flour, staves, &c.
Saturday morning, brig James Stewart, Hamilton, St. Lucie—J. M. Wilmot—ballast.

CLEARED.

Ship Dunlop, Brown, Greenock—timber—Hugh Johnston & Co.
Halifax Packet, Clarke, Londonderry—timber—Wm Black.
Isabella, Davies, Glasgow—timber—Robertson & Simpson.
Elizabeth, Thomson, Dumfries—timber—Samuel Scovil.
Brig Prince Edward, Perriam, Plymouth—timber—master.
Sophia, T. Garrison, Demerara—fish, lumber, &c.—H. Gilbert.
Swift, Corfield, Jamaica—fish, lumber, &c.—Crookshank & Johnston.
Robert, Baxter, Jamaica—fish, lumber, &c.—C. Calverley.
Morriston, Roche, Kinalee—timber, &c.—H. Johnston & Co.
Admiral Durham, Coppell, Barbados—fish and lumber—Gilbert & Simonds.
Minerva, Hare, Nova-Scotia—ballast—W. Black.
Friends, Lunan, Cork—timber—H. Johnston & Co.
Sch'r Perseverance, Henderson, Philadelphia—150 passengers—C. S. Thomas.
Chart, Dougal, Barbados—fish and lumber—Crookshank & Johnston.
Duke of Wellington, Cory, New-York—plaster and passengers—N. Disbrow.

The Halifax and Saint John papers received since our last publication, contain London dates to the 9th ultimo; extracts from them follow:—

LONDON, MAY 8.

We intimated yesterday that a general Election is nearer at hand than is generally supposed. We have strong reasons for being ourselves of this opinion. The Morning Chronicle seems to think that the event will be hastened on account of Lord Castlereagh's anxiety that it should take place before he goes to the Congress of Sovereigns. We expect the event upon very different and much more substantial grounds. We, however, wish that such a bustling scene may be over, and the nation settled again into tranquillity, before his Lordship joins a Congress of the utmost importance to Europe, and in which, if wrong measures are adopted, France may relapse into a revolutionary chaos, and every other State be affected by the shock.

Yesterday the Prince Regent held a Court, and afterwards a Privy Council, at which the Duke of Richmond was sworn in Governor of Canada. A new State Seal was agreed upon for Scotland.

The last ships arrived from China bring no accounts of any misunderstanding between the Chinese and the English on account of smuggling or otherwise. When the last ships left St. Helena, Bonaparte still continued in a sour mood, took no exercise, and refused to see any visitors.

HOUSE OF LORDS, MAY 8.

The Royal Assent was given by Commission to the Duke of Cambridge's Allowance Bill; the NOVA SCOTIA TRADE Bill; and a number of other Bills.

MAY 9.

We can now state from authentic information, that the marriage of the Duke of Clarence with the Princess Royal of MEININGEN is finally arranged. The consent of his Royal Highness in Council, and of her Serene Highness, has undergone no change by the proceeding in the House of Commons. The Princess is to have the ceremony of a marriage by proxy before she embarks for England. The British

Minister at Sturgard is to be his Royal Highness' Proxy.

BRITISH FUNDS.—Saturday May 9, 12 o'clock, 3 per cent. cons. 80½ 80¾.
Prize Cause. The Lords Commissioners of Appeal, in the cause of the capture at Moose Island, have decreed Restitution to the Claimants, on payment of the taxed costs of the Captors.

LONDON, May 1.
HOUSE of COMMONS, Thurs. April, 30.
EMIGRATION.

A MEMBER, whose name could not be learned, inquired whether any means had been adopted by Government to prevent the Emigration which took place from this Country to America?

Lord Castlereagh was understood to state that the subject had engrossed the anxious attention of the Noble Lord at the head of the Colonial Department, and that some measures were in contemplation for that purpose.

LONDON, APRIL 30.

The communication of the Duke de Richelieu to the Chamber of Deputies, on Saturday, respecting the liquidations, inserted in our paper of yesterday, is pregnant with the most important matter. The liberality of the several Governments which had claims on France, but securing justice to their respective subjects, is highly honourable to them, but whether it was political conduct is another question. France is divided into parties, and when once her pecuniary difficulties are surmounted, and all foreign troops removed from the Country, it would probably be torn into pieces by contending factions, if the most powerful of them did not combine to spread revolutionary doctrines over other States, and shake the foundations of their safety, in order to prevent them from interrupting the ambitious views of the Demagogues at home.—The termination, therefore, of the military occupation of France by the Allies is indeed a question of the utmost importance; and truly is it said in the Duke de Richelieu's communication, that "the Sovereigns are to assemble to determine this great question, upon which hinges the destinies of Europe." We have often professed our alarm at the idea of a removal of the Allied Troops from France, and nothing that we have heard has altered our opinion of the danger likely to attend such a measure. The revolutionary waves are still swelling in that Country, and perhaps would soon after rise into a dreadful storm, destroy all the moulds of order at home, and carry the overwhelming and destructive torrent into all surrounding States. We, therefore, raise a warning voice to our Rulers, and to all the Governments of Europe, involving them to consider this momentous question with the most profound attention, and after so much labour, anxiety and expence, having delivered themselves from revolutionary horrors, not rashly to break down the safe guards of national independence, by removing the Allied Troops from France till there is the strongest moral, political, and physical proof that she is able to protect herself from domestic danger, and consequently by no means likely to bring perils upon any other State.

From the N. B. Courier, June 20.

Dreadful Accident.—On Saturday evening, about 10 o'clock, an inquest was taken by J. C. F. BREMNER, Esq. Coroner, on the body of Mr. DANIEL DEVOE, of this City, who was accidentally shot near his own residence between the hours of seven and eight, the particulars of which are nearly as follow:—

Two Children, brothers, the eldest about 10 years of age, grand-sons of JOHN WARD Esq. had procured a pair of pistols, with which they were amusing themselves; one of them was snapped several times but did not go off; the other was tried and found loaded; on which the younger desired the elder to fire it out of the window; this was accordingly done, in a direction to cross the street; but owing to the pistol being loaded near twelve months, it hung fire for some time, which so intimidated the youth, as to cause his arm to be removed from its original posture, and melancholy to relate the ball with which it was loaded, entered the head of the above named Mr. DANIEL DEVOE, who happened to be passing at the time—it entered at the back of the left ear, and lodged over the right

eye, which put a period to his existence in about half an hour. Immediately on the accident being discovered, the boy ran to inform his grand-father, but such were the sensation of Mr. WARD, that he could not immediately communicate the event to the crowd of spectators which had gathered in the street, and who for some time knew not the real cause of the unfortunate man's disaster. It was however in a short time explained by the appearance of Mr. WARD who was very sensibly affected as were all of that respectable and worthy family.

Mr. DEVOE, was among the early settlers of this Province, and aged about 63; he was a quiet, inoffensive man and had in his early days accumulated a little property, but having no relatives living, had bequeathed the same to Mr. JAMES O. BETTS of this City, with whom he lived comfortably and contented; and such was the state of his bodily health and mental faculties, that had it not been for this untoward event, he bid fair to enjoy many more years under the hospitable roof of a person whom we are proud to say he had not put a mistaken confidence in.—City Gazette.

On Saturday last, a fine boy, about 8 years of age, son of Mr. Benjamin Miles of this City, was unfortunately drowned in the Mill Pond.—ibid.

Serious Fracas!—On Wednesday night last, a serious dispute took place between the crew and passengers of the Brig Barrassie, lately arrived from Dublin, and the crew of the Ship Lord Gardner, from Londonderry, both lying at the Breakwater, Lower-cove; which originated in some insulting language given by the crew of the Brig to that of the ship; when from words, they proceeded to throw stones, and each party drove the other alternately on board their respective ships, where the contest was said to have been dreadful, and several on both sides much bruised with stones and handspikes—the cabin windows of both vessels were broken in; and the officers of the ships obliged to take shelter in order to screen themselves from the attack of the enraged seamen. It appears on the examination of the persons concerned in this affray, that the master of the Barrassie asked for a gun, which he loaded with ball; that some person took the same on deck and fired it off, the contents of which unfortunately lodged in the breast of Mr. Robert Douglas, chief mate of the Ship Lord Gardner, who was at the time standing on the quarter deck, calling to the men to desist from quarrelling.—The wound proved mortal, and the young man died in about three hours. He was a native of Ayr, Scotland.

Yesterday a long and impartial examination of the parties took place before His Worship the Mayor and several Magistrates, when Captain Robert Barr, of the Brig Barrassie, and Edward Toner, passenger (the person supposed to have fired the gun) were committed to prison, to take their trials at the next Supreme Court—and John Sugden, mate of the Brig Barrassie, and Joshua Smallhorn, passenger, in the same, were bound over to prosecute.

We shall defer saying more on this subject at present: but shall endeavour, after the trial, to give every particular that may come to our knowledge respecting this unfortunate affray, and its melancholy issue.—Courier.

From the Acadian Recorder.

The following is an Extract of a letter from a respectable Mercantile House in Liverpool, dated, 12th ult.

"This is to inform you that the Nova-Scotia Trade Bill received the Royal Assent on the 8th inst. I can however form no further opinion of its operation except Mr. Acheson has informed me it was supposed Ministers intended to act upon it, but that when the Order in Council was preparing to be issued he would give me the earliest notice, which I will endeavour to communicate to you before it can reach you in a regular course. Mr. A. mentions having written to you through the Colonial Office, and will no doubt convey later and better information than I can obtain. I am in daily expectation of receiving a copy of the Act in question, which I hope to send forward by the Perseverance to sail in a few days."

On Friday 1st May, the American Brig Poacher, Malcolm, from Liverpool E. bound to Boston, arrived off the Island of Fayal, having on board the Passengers and crew

(38 in number) of the American Ship Solon, W. Stoddard, master; struck by Lightning and burnt on the 27th April, in Lat. 41 Lon. 27 W. The people were in a very distressed situation, but were not allowed to land. At the request of the American Consul at Fayal, eight of the Passengers were taken on board the Prudence, Capt. Leggett, arrived here yesterday. Capt. L. landed them at Liverpool, N. S.

MARRIED] At St. John, on Monday last, by the Rev. Dr. BURNS, Mr. Edward Lake, to Miss Martha, daughter of Mr. George Taylor, of this City.

— Same place, on Wednesday last, by the Rev. Mr. BERT, James A. Harvey, Esq. of the Ordnance Department, to Barbara, third daughter of the late Adino Pad-dock, Esq. of this City.

— At Sussex Vale, on the 10th inst. by the Rev. Mr. ARNOLD, Mr. Lewis Fairweather, to Charlotte Maria, second daughter of Samuel Hallett, Esq. all of that place.

EDUCATION!

JAMES BENNET.

BEGS leave to acquaint the inhabitants of Fredericton, that he intends to open a schools, for the instruction of Boys and Girls, (as soon as a certain number can be obtained) in Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, and English Grammar, on the Madras System of Education. From the knowledge he has in that System, his attention to the rapid advancement of his pupils, and his care of the morals and manners of those under his charge he hopes to merit a share of the public patronage.

"The Madras or new System of Education has no parallel in the history of mind. It differs not only essentially from every System, which has not been copied from it, in the principle on which it is built, but also, materially, in the laws by which it is conducted, in the practices with which it is accompanied, in the effects which it has produced, and in the rapid spread which it has made over the world. It bears no resemblance to those idle and unprofitable speculations, which, engendered in the imagination of the writer, have no foundation in the nature and genius of children, or in any well grounded experience in the science or even the art of tuition. It is, on the contrary, founded on a Discovery made within the walls of a School, for the multiplication of power, and division of labour, in the moral and intellectual world. It is the result of an experiment made at Madras, and directed towards the development of a power of the human mind, which, like the polarity of the magnet, after its attractive qualities were known, had for ages lain idle and unprofitable. The facts on which it stands, do not rest on the report of an individual or on uncertain testimony. They stand on official and public records and vouchers attested by the highest authorities in India."

He will also teach the following branches of a liberal education.

The Latin and French Languages.
Geography and Penmanship.
Book Keeping and the Elements of English Composition.

Application may be made to J. B. at the Jerusalem Coffee-House.
Fredericton, 22d June 1818.

M'PHERSON & WILLOX,
Saddle, Harness, Boot & Shoe Manufacturers.

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Fredericton and its vicinity that they have commenced Business in the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. SHAW, and have purchased their whole Stock of Saddlery, Harness, Boot & Shoe Materials. They flatter themselves that by a strict attention to their business, to merit a share of the public favours.

P. & W. will always have on hand a quantity of best English Leather.
Fredericton, 22d June 1818.

STOLEN.

FROM the Subscriber a NOTE of Hand granted to him by DAVID NEWMAN, for thirty eight pounds, some shillings. All persons are hereby, cautioned from Buying the said NOTE or giving value for the same as the payment of the Note is Stopped by

JOHN M'ENTYRE.
Miramichi, 1st June 1818.