

have obtained from the Bounty of the Corporation, several convenient lots of ground, in the city, for a School House and are now engaged with exemplary zeal, in building one of ample dimensions, both for Boys and Girls. The work is already well advanced, and no pains are omitted, which can render the institution extensively and permanently useful. Such indeed is the satisfaction it has already afforded, that several smaller Schools are already springing up around it, and bid fair to diffuse very generally through that part of the Diocese, all the blessings of the national System of education.

The Committee would be guilty of great injustice to their feelings if they closed their REPORT, without expressing the thanks that are due to their noble PATRON, for the continuance of His LORDSHIP'S condescending favour and assistance, with which they have been honoured and encouraged through the progress of their efforts.—It is impossible that they should be insensible to the value of such important countenance and being deeply impressed with the liveliest gratitude, they respectfully solicit the indulgence of His Lordship, for availing themselves of the present opportunity to declare it.

THE Committee conclude with a repetition of the desire which they have never ceased to feel, for a continued and increased co-operation of the members of the Church, in all their efforts to extend the influence of Christian knowledge; and for the prayers of the sincerely pious and benevolent among every denomination of Christians, for the blessing of God to direct and prosper the work, in which they are engaged.

By desire of the Committee.
JOHN INGLIS, Secretary.

HALIFAX, Feb. 8, 1819.

LEGISLATURE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.
[Extracts from the Journals.]

Tuesday, 2d March.

Mr. Pagan, by leave, presented a Petition of the Lessees, or Assignees, of certain Lands in the Parish of Fredericton, in the County of York, held under and by virtue of certain leases from the Governor and Trustees of the College of New-Brunswick, conveying to the respective Lessees therein named, estates in fee, upon the payment of certain annual rents, reserved in and by such leases to the said Governor and Trustees for ever—praying that a Law may pass to confirm and assure to the several and respective Lessees named in the said leases, their several and respective heirs and assigns, estates in fee in the several and respective lands and tenements comprised in such leases, according to the purport, true intent and meaning of the same.—Also, that they may be heard by their Counsel at the Bar of the House.

Which, being read, was ordered to be received, and lie on the Table.

Mr. Fraser, by leave, presented a Petition of the Church Wardens, Vestry, and Inhabitants, of the Parish of Saint Mary's, York County, praying aid towards erecting a Church at the mouth of Madam Keswick River, in said Parish.

Which, being read, was ordered to be received, and referred to the Committee of Supply.

Mr. Wetmore, by leave, presented a Petition of the Rector, Church Wardens, and Vestry, of the Parish of Norton, King's County, praying aid towards finishing their Church.

Also, a Petition of the Church Wardens and Vestry, of the Parish of Westfield, King's County, praying aid towards completing their Church.

And Also, a Petition of sundry Inhabitants of King's County, praying aid towards finishing Mills, for hulling and grinding Oats and Barley. Which was referred to the Committee of Supply.

A Bill, "to extend the provisions of an Act, passed in the fifty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled "an Act for establishing a Grammar School in the Town of St. Andrew's." And,

A Bill "to regulate the exportation of Lumber, and to repeal all the Acts now in force relating to the same," was read as engrossed, and sent to the Council for their concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Humbert, Resolved, that no Petition be received, nor Bill brought in, after Saturday next, but by order of the House.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair.

A Message from the Council.

Mr. Speaker,

"His Majesty's Council have concurred in passing a Bill, "in addition to, and amendment of, an Act, intituled an Act "to revive and make perpetual an Act, authorising the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty, of the City of Saint John, to make regulations for the more effectual prevention of Fires in the said City."

"The Council have also concurred in passing a Bill, "in addition to, and amendment of, an Act, intituled "an Act to repeal an Act, made and passed in the thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled "an Act to prevent bringing infectious Distempers into the City of St. John", "and to make more effectual provision for preventing the importation and spreading of such contagious Distempers," with an amendment.—To which amendment the Council desire the concurrence of this Honorable House."

Wednesday 3d March.

A sum not exceeding £150, (was granted to his Ex. the Lt. Gov.) to be by him expended in procuring a fit and suitable Person to explore that part of the Isthmus between the waters of the Bay of Fundy and those of the Gulf of St. Lawrence which is situate between the head of the Great Marsh in Sackville, in the County of Westmorland, and the Gaspereau River, which empties into the Bay of Verte, and between the Missiguash and Tignish Rivers; and that the person so to be employed be instructed to take the difference of the height between the waters of the Bay of Fundy and the Gulf of St. Lawrence; and that he report as to the practicability of a Canal being made across the above Isthmus, and the probable expense that would attend making the same.

And a sum not exceeding £1000, to be paid in bounties, for the encouragement of raising Bread Corn on new lands, agreeably to a Law of this Province, for the year 1819.

Thursday 4th March.

A Bill, "to provide for the support of a Light-House, to be built upon Point Escuminac, in the County of Northumberland." was agreed to by the Council.

Friday, 5th March.

Mr. Fraser, from the Committee appointed to enquire and report what monies may be necessary for the further improvement of the Bye Roads and Bridges in the several Counties in this Province, reported, that the Committee were of opinion that the following sums, in addition to those heretofore granted, and which remain unexpended, should be appropriated for that purpose, to wit:—

County of Saint John,	£460
County of Westmorland,	580
County of Northumberland,	500
County of York,	510
County of Charlotte,	500
County of Sunbury,	175
King's County,	400
Queen's County,	375

£3500

Mr. Pagan, from the Committee appointed to enquire and ascertain what monies may be necessary for the further improvement of the Great Roads of Communication throughout the Province, reported, as the opinion of the Committee, "That the sum of £3000 should be allotted to continue Improvements on the Great Roads of Communication throughout the Province, in addition to the sums heretofore granted, and remain unexpended."

Mr. Allen moved for leave to bring in a Bill, "for apprehending Deserters from His Majesty's Service, and for punishing unlawful dealings with Soldiers or Deserters."

Leave Granted.

A Bill, "to extend the provisions of an Act, passed in the fifty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled "an Act for establishing a Grammar School in the Town of St. Andrew's." was concurred in by the Council.

A Bill, "to enable the Province Treasurer to borrow the sum of Nine Thousand Pounds, for paying off bounties and other debts payable by the Laws of this Province," was ordered to be engrossed.

A Bill, "in addition to, and amendment of, an Act, intituled "an Act for the support and relief of confined Debtors."

A Bill, "further to alter and extend the provisions of an Act, intituled "an

Act to encourage the erection of a Pass-Boat to be worked by Steam, for facilitating the communication between the City of Saint John and Fredericton, and to give further encouragement to the present Proprietors of the Steam Passage-Boat erected in pursuance of the same Act." were read a third time and sent to the Council for their concurrence.

CHARLESTON, (S. C.) JAN. 25.
SEA ROBBERS.

The annexed particulars of the depredations committed by a gang of plundering wretches on board the Buenos Ayrean ship *Louisa*, fitted out at Baltimore, have been furnished us by one of her petty officers, now in prison, who has turned State's evidence. —Comment would be superfluous—the narrative cannot but excite the indignation of every one:—

The *Louisa*, commanded by Captain JOSEPH ALMEDA, shipped a crew in Baltimore, in August last, as a Letter-of-Marque, under Buenos Ayrean colors, to go a voyage to the North-West Coast of America. Her armament then consisted of 10 guns, and she was manned with 40 men. She dropped down to the Paruxent, where she received from a pilot boat, six guns, and 46 men—making her force 16 guns and 86 men. Thus equipped, she proceeded to sea.—The first vessel she captured was a Spanish brig, loaded with cocoa, coffee, indigo, and a large quantity of specie, on board of this vessel Capt. Almeda went with a prize-master, leaving the *Louisa* in command of Mr. Smith, the Lieutenant; some time after, the crew rose upon the officers, took the ship from them, and confined them in the fore-castle, when a French brig heaving in sight, they were put on board of her. The Gunner Craig, (sometimes calling himself Clark) then took command of the *Louisa*, when they fell in with the British sch. Sir John Hardy, Capt. Fairweather, which they plundered took the Captain and Supercargo (Mr. Smith) on board the *Louisa*, and taking them apart, threatened to take their lives, unless they told where they had concealed their money; the Captain informed where a small sum was secreted, which they took, together with some other articles, and then suffered them to proceed. They next fell in with a British ship, plundered her and let her go. They then proceeded to the island of Bonavista, where they found an American ship, just arrived from France, which they plundered; then went on board of some other vessels and obtained information of the situation of the town, which they determined to go on shore and plunder; in which affair several lives were lost, and goods, plate, money, &c. to a large amount, taken. Thence they proceeded to the Isle of May, where they plundered an American ship, brig, and schooner, being the only vessels in port; went on shore at night, and plundered the town. They then shaped their course for the United States; on the passage, fell in with and plundered the following vessels, viz. a Russian ship a French brig, an American ship bound to Rio Janeiro, and an American brig from Boston, bound to Havana, on board of which latter vessel they put three of their crew. They then met with a schooner from North Carolina, bound to Savannah, and, with the consent of the Captain, put all their crew on board, except about 25 men. Next day, off Charleston Bar, scuttled the ship under her larboard main chains, and fired two guns through her larboard wings, and then took to the boats, shortly after which the ship was in flames, and about 5 o'clock A. M. blew up. The men in the boats landed at Mr. Leslie's, and proceeded to Charleston.

BOSTON, FEB. 4.

MORE PIRACY!

The Hamburg ship *Emma Sophia*, capt. Frhm, from Hamburg for Havana, was taken possession of Dec. 19, off the Bahama Bank, by a small piratical sch. mounting one gun, and manned by about 30 men, and carried into a small harbour on the coast of Florida, where she was robbed of goods to the amount of 50 000 dollars. She had a very valuable cargo of linens, laces, nan-kins, gold watches &c.; and part of it belonged to merchants in this town. The crew of the sch. was made up of Spaniards, Frenchmen, Germans, and Americans, and it is expected she was fitted out at, or near Havana.—12 of the pirates were put on board the ship, each having a knife about a foot long, which they brandished, saying there

was money on board, and if they did not find it, they would kill every soul belonging to the ship.—The captain was a Spaniard, the lieut. a Frenchman, and Davis, (the boarding officer,) the most brutal rascal on board the schooner, was an American, and belongs to New-York; he acted as spokesman—called for a rope, and ordered his gang to hang the supercargo, (Mr. WILLIAM SAVAGE, of this town,) who, to save his life jumped overboard; he was afterwards picked up, apparently insensible. They took off all his clothes, even to his shirt, and laid him on his back, on the deck, naked, and then put a blanket over him: in this situation he lay about 5 hours, without moving hand or foot. They seemed to have a particular spite against Mr. Savage, for they robbed him of all his clothes, and even stole the ring from his finger.—The pirates left the ship on the night of the 24th, and she arrived at Havana the 26th.

WASHINGTON, FEB. 3.

"The House of Representatives of Congress are now advancing into the third week's debate on Gen. JACKSON'S conduct during the Seminole War.—The discussion will terminate without leading to any practical result; but the debate will show that there are highminded, independent, and enlightened men, who will vigilantly guard the Constitution against the infractions of any individual, how fast soever his hold may be on the affections of the people, either by the elevation of his situation, or his high services to his country."

The Floridas. The Spanish troops destined to receive the surrender of the Floridas from the United States, sailed from Havana, the 15th January; and probably, ere this, are in a full possession of them.

Earthquake in Iceland.—Accounts, dated October 27th from Copenhagen, state, that a violent shock of an earthquake, which lasted ten minutes, was experienced in Iceland. It was attended with a noise under ground as of a dreadful cracking, and immediately after there was an eruption from Hecla. The sea was in a state of dreadful commotion. This volcano, which some authors had pronounced extinct, is situated in the southern part of the island, about a league and quarter from the sea, is triple-topped, and 1,500 feet above the level of the sea. It was in 1093 that its eruptions caused most calamity—so violent were they, that the cinders were scattered at a distance of thirty leagues over the island. The latest eruptions took place between 1780 and 1784, and were preceded by very striking phenomena. A noise was heard—the earth gaped wide—meteors appeared in the direction of the volcano—a flame soon followed with smoke, from which issued globes of fire—the stones were discharged to a great distance, and, lastly, the lava flowed out in torrents.—From 1004 to 1766, Iceland has experienced sixty-three volcanic eruptions.

NOTICE.

ALL those indebted or having accounts unsettled with the estate of the late John M'Leod, are requested to call on Mr. Robert Eggar, (he being appointed to adjust them). Those indebted to the said Estate are particularly requested to pay their Accounts, otherwise they will be put in the hands of an Attorney to collect.

Jedediah Slason, | Execu-
Mark Needham, | tors.
Fredericton, 23d Jan. 1819.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having just demands against the Estate, of JOSEPH WILLISTON, deceased, late of the Parish of Glenelg in the County of Northumberland, Farmer, are requested to render the same duly attested within twelve months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

JOSEPH WILLISTON, Ex'rs
RICHARD SIMONDS, Ex'rs
Miramichi, 19th Jan. 1819.