County of Denbeigh, will be held on the 9th of November, at Ruthin, convened by the Lord Lieutenant of that County, Sir W. Wynn, Bart, for the purpose of adopting the best means for aiding the Civil Power, in the preservation of the public peace. Sir Watkin's firm attachment to pure Whig principles, is well known: and the calling this Meeting is a proof of the worthy Baronet's opinion of the measures contemplated by the Radical Reformers, or rather Radical Revolutionists.

At the Cumberland county meeting, Mr. Curwen declared his opinion that radical reform meant revolution; and this it is believed few deny or doubt.

We yesterday received the Paris papers of Monday and Tuesday last. The King held his usual Court on Sunday, and received at a private audience the Baron D'Ultrichtz, the Saxon Minister, who delivered to his Majesty a letter from his Sovereign, notifying the marriage of Prince Frederic of Saxony with the Archduchess Caroline of Austria. Monday the King gave a private audience to Lieutenant Ge-

neral Lagrange. The trial of Regnault Warin, the Editor, and Domerc, the Publisher, of the History of the Hundred Days, came on before the Court of Assizes of the Department of the Seine, on Monday. The Jury, after four hours deliberation acquitted the defendants of making any formal attack upon the inviolability of the King's person, the succession to the Throne, of the Constitutional authority of the King; but, by a majority of seven to five, they declared them guilty of a libel upon the King's person, and upon the Members of the Royal Family. The Court agreeing with the majority of the jury, sentenced the defendants to imprisonment, Regnault Warin, for one year, and Domerc for six months, and both to pay a fine of 1000 francs.

The Senator Tatischeff, Russian Minister to the Court of Madrid, left Paris on Saturday, to proceed to St. Petersburgh.

It is stated in The Journal de Paris, that the Princess of Wales, under her travelling title of the Countess Oldi Angela, was still at Lyons, and that it was not known when her Royal Highness would quit that city.

A report is mentioned in The Journal des Debates, that orders had been issued to shut up the Club of the Friends of the liberty of the Press, which has been for some time held at Paris.

It is stated from Munich, that the Resolutions of the Diet were to be immediately published in Bavaria, but with the express reservation that nothing in them shall be operative which is contradictory to the Constitutional charter. The report continued to be in circulation in Germany, that the opening of the Extraordinary Commission at Mayence is to be postponed. There is also a rumour mentioned in a Vienna article, of very important despatches having been received by the Austrian Court from Berlin, relative to the measures adopted by the Diet, some of which it is said, are to be re-There are said to be two considered. parties in Prussia strongly opposed to each other; one, at the head of which is the Count de Bernstoff, the Ministers de Kircheisen, and others, supporting the Carlsbad system, and the other headed by the Ministers de Humboldt and Beyme, and several of the most enlightened Members of the Privy Council, who desire a revision of some of the Resolutions of the Diet, and in particular of the suppression of the extraordinary Tribunal of Mavence. If we are to believe the Vienna account above quoted, this latter party must have obtained the ascendancy, and if so, the Carlsbad system must at least be considerably modified. The King of Wurtemberg is also said, in an article from Studgard, to be the decided enemy of this system, and great satisfaction is expressed at the distinguished reception given to him by the Emperor of Russia, at Warsaw, it appearing to be inferred from that circumstance, that the Emperor coincides in opinion with the Sovereign of Wirtemberg upon that question. Whether there is any foundation for his opinion remains to be ascertained. It is said that the Congress about to be opened at Vienna, will be occupied, amongst other subjects, with the abolition of the Landwehr and Landstrum, in all the States of the Germanic Confederation.

A marriage, it is reported, is to take place

between an Archduke of Austria and the Princess Maria of Wurtemberg.

The Funds yesterday appeared to be recovering, and Consols for the account had received 66 7-8; but advantage being taken of this trifling rise to sell a large quantity of stock, the price gave way, and the market closed at 66½ for account. Omnium was quoted at a lower proportion han on Thursday, some sales having been made at 4 per cent discount. The foreign exchanges, which have been falling for the three last posts, have ceased to decline generally, and in some instances allowed a decided improvement on the prices of Tuesday.

The Oldham Inquest is finished: and it is understood the coroner's jury has agreed upon a verdict of WILFUL MURDER, against the Manchester magistrates and cavalry; but it is said the verdict will not be promulgated till after the 1st December, in order to give time for Parliament to pass a bill of indemnity.

The Manchester Reformers have signified their determination of holding another meeting on the 1st of November. They will meet no more at St. Peter's field, but on the waste ground near St. George's church.

Yesterday a shock was felt at the Stock Exchange, of no ordinary kind. It was made known, that Ministers had determined to call in ten or twelve thousand of the out pens oners of Chelsea Hospital to put them on full pay, under officers retired on the half pay list, and, to make them do duty in the garrisons, thereby to relieve an equal number of the standing troops for active service. At the same time, that twenty men per company were to be added to the marine corps, for the duty of the dock-yards! This intelligence of increasing expense, spread an alarm even in the Cirv, and Stocks immediately fell one per cent.

BOSTON, Nov. 27.

Horrid Murder and Robbery!

We have never been called upon to record a fouler instance of crime, than is narrated in the following account from the Daily Advertiser of this morning. It is reported that one of the women, who was in the house says she could indentify the ruffian, among hundreds, who came into the room by the door, and whose face was not blacked. A man was apprehended yesterday, skulking in West Cambridge woods, of the name of Warren, who answered the description of one of the villians.

Murder and Robbery—A murder and robbery was committed on Thursday evening last, in Stoneham, about 8 miles from this town, and little more than half a mile from the Andover turnpike, which, for atrociousness, has seldom been equalled. We have been at some pains to obtain the following particulars, which we believe will be found to be substantially correct;—

On Thursday evening, at a little before 9 o'clock, the house occupied by Mr. Jacob Gould, aged 65 years, Mr. David Gould, jun, aged 56, both single men, Miss Polly Gould, aged 63, their sister, and Mrs. Abigall Winship, aged about 50, a widow and assistant in the family, was entered by three men, disguised by having their faces blacked, and armed with dirks or knives, who, after seizing David and Jacob, threatened them with instant death if they did not deliver them their money. - Jacob seized a chair, and attempted to defend himself, when the robbers threw him down, and stabbed him in the breast, which is supposed to have been the cause of his death, on the left hip and on the left shoulder. They then forced the others down cellar, where they tied them, then dragged Jacob who was languishing of his wounds into the chamber, and made him discover to them his money. - They then carried him down cellar, and after going through the same formality with David and Polly, they secured them all in cellar, and mide off.

When they left the house, they cautioned the family not to make any noise, saying they had placed a sentry near. Son after, Mr. David Gould who had been wounded by them in several places, though not dangerously, succeeded in untying himself, and aroused the neighbours; when it was found to be near 11 o'clock. They succeeded in getting Jacob up and placed him on a bed, where he languished in great agony until about 4 o'clock, when he died.

What adds to the atrocity of the crime is

the apparent cold-blooded depravity with which the villians proceeded in their work. When Jacob observed he was mortally wounded; one of them said "it was time for him to die, as he had lived longer than he had." While in the cellar, the widow requested them to bring some spirit for Jacob, which they promised to do, but were heard to say that if he drank spirit it would cause him to bleed more, and therefore hasten his death.

They took from David 6 half eagles, two 3 dollar bills, and one 2 dollar bill, believed to be eastern money; one fur hat of Charlestown make; and from the others money to a considerable amount.

The robbers conducted as if they had been acquainted with the house, and one was heard to call Mr. David Gould by name. Owing to the confusion in which the family were thrown, they were not able to give any description of the murderers.

A reward of five hundred dollars is offered for the apprehension of he villains, and we trust they will be speedily brought to justice.

A report, which, however, requires, confirmation, is published in the Milledgeville (Georgia) Republican of the 9th inst. "that Gen. Gaines had received orders for a detachment of 5000 men from that state, and 5000 from South Carolina, to proceed to Amelia Island."

Smoky Atmosphere.--Letters from Louisvillie, Ken. inform, that a great part of the woods between that place and Lexington a distance of 74 miles—were in a blaze; and at Louisville the inhabitants had been nearly suffocated with the smoke.

" Such a season," adds one of the letters, " has never been witnessed in this section of the country. Horses and horned cattle were suffering severely, and some have died with a distressing disorder of the tongue, which they have termed the tongue distemper. It first shows itself in lumps on the tongue, afterwards the throat is affected, and the animal is unable to chew or swallow. I apprehend that this is occasioned by continued thirst; as, when travelling, I have frequently called at four or five public houses, distant from each other three or four miles, without being able to get any water for my horses. They can furnish water for the man, but are compelled to refuse it to his horse. Heaven grant that we may soon have a heavy rain."

In North-Carolina the smoky atmosphere was attributed to woods on fire it that State. The same in Canada.

ARRIVAL OF THE HORNET.

NEW-YORK, NOV. 24.—Yesterday the U.S. ship Hornet, Reid, arrived here from Gibraltar. The Captain was bearer of despatches from Mr. Forsyth, our Minister in Madrid, for the Secretary of State, with which he immediately proceeded for Washington. He left Madrid the 12th, and Gibraltar the 26th Oct.

The tenor of the despatches, being, of course, unknown, there is a better scope for the exercise of guesswork—; and the conjectures on the subject of the Spanish Treaty are about equally divided between its Ratification and Non-Ratification—or rather, the adhesion or non-adhesion of the Catholic King to the terms of the late Treaty;—for the treaty itself became a dead letter on the 23d of August last.

What of certain information by this arrival is, that Mr. Forsyth remained at Madrid. So far so good. Sentinel.

If any credit were due to "letters from Gibraltar," it might be inferred, from them, that the treaty was NOT renewed; but the American public have had repeated proofs of the futility of the assertions and speculations of these anonymous letter-writers. ib.

The American Consul at Gibraltar, under da e of October 18th, says, "The Horner sails to morrow for Malaga, to take Captain Reid on board, who left Madrid the 12th.—THE TREATY NOT RATIFI-

Other letters say, it was believed the treaty would yet be ratified, and forwarded to the United States by a Spanish messen-

Another round report is, That a Spanish Minister is to be sent out to the U. States forthwith; and that he is to be the beater of the new treaty assented to by Spain.

When the Hoiner left Gibraltar, the American squadron was anchored in the Bay. The Erie was to sail for New-York in a few days.—The park had carried Mr. Shaler to Algers. The crews of the squadron were in good health, and the sickness at Cadiz had abated.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 18.

The spirit of local improvement, we presume, was never so strongly manifested. since the foundation of this towr, as at the present period. To say nothing o inferior matters, we may observe that no less than four very handsome Churches are now building or completing; St. Luke's, St. George's, St. Michael's, and the Blind School Chapel, all of which will rank amongst the handsomest sacred edifices of the present age. Five new docks and basins, of the finest description, are also in a state of great forwardness; four of them entirely new. One of the largest streets in the town has just been taken down, on one side, for the express purpose of widening and improving it: a liberal and spirited sacrifice of property which has seldom been equalled. The new road which has been opened through Clayton square exhibits an improvement which strikes every beholder with delight and affords an invaluable accommodation to infirm persons, who have now a way of ascending to the higher parts of the town, without the fatigue of mounting a steep hill. One of the finest squares in the kingdom (Abercrombie-square) has been laid out and commenced on a handsome and liberal scale. in one of the most salubrious and most elevated parts of the town. Impovements of a still more extensive kind are promised, assoon as the requisite authorities from Parliament can be obtained. We sincerely hope that our Chief Magistrate for the ensuing year will display the same earnest anxious zeal as his predecessor, in carrying such public spirited plans as these into execution, and advancing them to maturity.

AGRICULTURE.

A farmer in an inland county, who cultivates 800 acres of land, reckons his rene at £1,150, his taxes, tythes, laborers (15) &c £2,000, his family expences £1137 55.—Total £4,287 55.—And his receipts for 230 acres of wheat, 100 acres of oats, 70 acres of beans, wool from sheep sold, cattle sold, and horses sold, at £7,788 105. making £3,501 55. clear.

London, Oct. 23.

A Shirt without seams .-- Thomas Hall. an ingenious linen-weaver, in Ireland, has lately finished a shirt entirely in his loom. It is woven throughout without seams, is very neatly and accurately gathered at the neck, shoulders, and wrists. The neck and wristbands are doubled and stitched; there is a regular selvage to each side of the breasts; the shoulder straps and gussers are nearly stitched, as well as the wrists. In short is is as perfectly finished as if made by an expert seamstress .--- This shirt has been exhibited to several gentlemen in the linen trade, who have completely satisfied themselves, that it is actually the production of the loom, without any assistance from the needle.

HALIFAX, DECEMBER 18.

A Coroner's Inquest was held this morning on the body of James Long, a private in the 62d Regiment, who put an end to his existence by discharging the contents of his musket at his head, which was literally shattered to atoms. The deceased was stationed on the Gaol guard, and was missed from his post by the Serjeant at an early hour. At about 6 o'clock the report of a gun was heard in the direction of the Chapel, which induced an immediate search to be made. when the unfortunate man was discovered reclining against the fence about 200 yards below the guard-house, with his head blown off, and the fragments laying in all directions at the distance of 40 yards from him. Hie musket was at his feet, and the ramrod found at a distance off. The deceased always bore a good moral character, and no cause that we can learn of can be assigned for the perpetration of so horrid a deed. Verdici-Self-murder.

RAGS! RAGS! RAGS!

CASH will be given at the Royal Gazette

Office, for clean Lines or Conton RAGS.