

FREDERICTON, (N. B.)

29TH JUNE, 1819.

(P. S. to the Gazette.) HEAD-QUARTERS, FREDERICTON, 28th June, 1819

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS. His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to approve of the following Battalions of Militia being assembled for exercise and drill, as follows:— 2d Battalion King's County, at Johnston's Tavern, on the lower bounds of the Parish of Sussex, on Thursday the 15th July, 1819. Queen's County—At Gagetown, Saturday the 9th of October, 1819.

By Command M. C. HALLES, A. A. Gen. M. Forces. Extract of a Letter from Port Glasgow, dated 27th April.

"Business continues in a very distressed state in Great-Britain. A House in Manchester failed last week, by which failure an individual house in Glasgow will lose nearly £200,000, and should this depression continue, the Timber trade must suffer with the rest. Two expresses have been sent over land to Calcutta—one from Glasgow, and one from Liverpool, for the purpose of countermanding the orders for Cotton from that quarter, and consequently the ships now there, must return in ballast—the amount paid to each of these Expresses for the performance of the journey, is £3000."

London dates by the English mail which arrived yesterday at the Post Office, are to the 11th ult. Mr. Grattan's motion for a Committee to consider the state of the laws, excluding Catholics from a participation of all civil rights, with a view to their repeal was brought forward on Monday in the House of Commons. The motion was seconded by Mr. Croker in a speech which made a very powerful impression. It was opposed by Mr. L. Foster, and at a late hour of the night, defeated by a majority of two. The numbers being according to some calculations—noes 248—ayes 246; according to others—noes 243—ayes 241. A plot to poison the Emperor of Austria has been timely discovered at Mantua, and has called forth many observations. The plot was to have been executed at Rovigo. More than two hundred persons have been arrested in consequence.

London, May 1. The Leeds papers notice the alarming decrease of upward of 240,000 yards of cloth in the manufacture of this year, as compared with last. The calculation in the city is, that within the last nine months, not less than 8,000,000 of money have been lost by the speculators in coin and cotton only! The general revenue, since the end of last quarter, is said to be falling off £90,000 weekly.

The Prince Regent has had a very severe attack of the gout. The following Bulletin was issued on the 20th April:— The Prince Regent has less pain in his left hand and wrist. The gout showed itself actively yesterday evening in the right foot. His Royal Highness, however, has passed a more tranquil night, and is altogether better this morning.

Windsor Castle, May 1. "His Majesty's bodily health continues to be good, and he is generally in cheerful spirits, but his Majesty's disorder is undiminished."

No less than 250 of our Naval Lieutenants have recently embarked for Canada, to possess themselves of their portions of land in that province, conformably to the regulations of Government in their favour. By order of the British Government, a second payment of the Waterloo prize money is now making to the Hanoverian army, which amounts to 541, 175. 4d. for a Staff Officer; 71. for a Captain; and 105. 3d. for a subaltern.

MONTREAL, JUNE, 5

A report is prevalent, that there is a considerable reinforcement on their way out for the military and naval Departments in the Canadas. In tracing the origin of this rumour we find it had its rise in private letters, received, from high official characters in Britain, by their friends in this country. We are unable to say what number are expected; the most authentic accounts, mention, Eight regiments of infantry, one cavalry, and a proportionate addition to the marines and seamen on the Lakes. We are equally in the dark as to the cause of this proceeding while some say it is solely owing to a change in the destinations of some regiments, whose services are not required at home or in other stations, others assert that it proceeds from the high toned replies of the United States Government in the explanation demanded by Great-Britain on the Arbutnot and Ambrister business.

BOSTON, JUNE 14.

DISTRESSING TIMES. In Philadelphia alone, 20,000 persons are daily begging the manufacturers for work. The prices paid there by the Commissary-General, for making a pair of pantaloons, or shirt, for a soldier is 12 1/2 cents. Thus a woman to earn 1 dol. 50 cents per week, must make two shirts or two pair of pantaloons exclusively. In N. York, the same thing exists. About 600 women at daylight before a count-house in Greenwich-street, soliciting work of a manufacturer.

ST. JOHN, JUNE 23

ARRIVED, Wednesday, ship Elizabeth, Whitehead, New-York, 7 days—Master, ballast. Briggs Milburn, Pears, Newcastle, 45 days—H. Johnston & Co. ballast. Benjamin, Stirling, Tobago, 27 days—Master, rum and sugar—Sailed again on Thursday, for Passamaquoddy. Mary, Boodle, Whitehaven, 41 days—William Black, dry goods and coals. William, Milby, St Vincent, 12 days—Merritt & Van Hout, rum and molasses.

James, Powers, Russ, (Fre) 56 days—H. Johnston & Co. 58 passengers. Am. sch's Seven Friends, Ross, Bath, 7 days—T. Millidge, lumber. Packet, Fowler, Belfast, 3 days—Master, lumber. Despatch, Peterson, Bath, 5 days—H. Johnston, & Co. lumber. Sloops Elizabeth, Havener, Belfast, 6 days—J. Ward & Son, lumber. Industry, Fosset, Marlborough, 5 days—T. Millidge, lumber. Thursday, brig True Blue Taylor, New-York, 8 days—J. Ewing & Co. ballast. Sch'r James, Crook, St. John's N. F. 10 days. T. Millidge, rum, &c. Friday, brig Elizabeth, Garrison, Halifax, 3 days—J. Woodward, molasses, &c. Industry, Lindsay, London, 49 days—Hamilton, Sons & Co. ballast. Active, Brown, London, 45 day—H. Johnston, & Co. ballast. Sch'r Cornwallis, Bancroft, Jamaica, 28 days—D. Hatfield, rum and molasses. Saturday, brig Rambler, Rosenel, Demerara, 25 days—T. Millidge, rum. Sunday, Am. sch'r Savannah, Fields, Portland, 4 days—Crookshank & Johnston, lumber. Sloop Favorite, Knight, Portland, 3 days—Master, lumber, bread, naval stores, &c. Yesterday, A. m. sch'r Neptune, Furber, Belfast, 5 days—Master, lumber. Susannah, Wheeler, Portland—Master, lumber. This day, brig Crosswhite, —, Londonderry, 37 days—Coats & Barr, 137 passengers.

CLEARED.

Ships James, Mackie, Demerara—lumber, T. Hanford. Prince of Waterloo, Grav, Aberdeen—timber, M'Leod, Robertson & Co. Brigs Joseph & Mary, Stanton, Falmouth—timber, E. Winslow & Co. Swift, Corfield, Demerara—lumber, Crookshank & Johnston. Joseph & Jane, French, Falmouth—timber, E. Winslow & Co. Mungo Park, Leavitt, Barbados—lumber, &c. T. Millidge. Mary-Ann, Darrow, Liverpool, N. S.—salt. Sch'r Sophia, Seely, Jamaica—lumber, Master. Mary-Ann, Weberton, Jamaica—assorted cargo, T. Millidge. Am. sch'r's Delaware, Moody, Philadelphia. Three Sisters, Soul, Boston—passengers. Fox, Blanchard, Portland—plaster. Experiment, Miller, Belfast—rum, &c. Friends, Ross, Portland—plaster.

The Abena, Transport, sailed for St. Andrew's on Friday last, which a detachment of the Royal West India Rangers, which are to be disbanded at that place. On Friday last, Capt. GRANTHAM, R. A. a Detachment of the Artillery Corps, and several invalids from the 74th Regiment, embarked on board the Star transport, which with the Buerbon transport, sailed for Halifax on Sunday morning.

THE PATRIOTIC CITY AND SEQUESTERED VILLAGE.

Mr. LUGRIN, I have to make an apology for omitting to pursue this subject according to the intention held out by me in my last communication. Having some Timber concern at the Wapiskahagen, about 150 miles above the Sequestered Village, I have been necessarily absent, and my visit to the Patriotic City since my return, has also taken up some time. I shall now proceed. — I find the Freeholder has been emitting a little more light through the medium of the Star. We are not only informed of the "paternal care and solicitude of the Crown" (rather a brilliant conceit I must confess) but we are told "the situation of a Metropolis is of no consequence!" "My argument is," (says the Freeholder) "that wherever the Metropolis is, there should be the Seat of Government!"—I wish, Mr. Lugrin, the Freeholder (who appears to be very condescending and good natured) would have the goodness to let us know what constitutes a Metropolis. — And while he is about it to inform us which is the Metropolis of the United States, and when and by what means it acquired that rank. The argument (as he calls it) of some people would be that wherever the Seat of Government is, there is the Metropolis. Petersburg in Russia is but about a century old and is now that Metropolis of the Empire, formerly Moscow had that rank but she lost it, and when?—not until the number of Houses in the former exceeded that of the other?—According to the Freeholder's argument, Petersburg never ought to have been the Seat of Government. Whatever notions may be entertained by the wise Freeholder, I am of opinion that the Situation for the Seat of Government is of great importance.—So thought Peter the Great when he founded Petersburg.—So thought the Government of the United States when Washington was built "for the Metropolis"—and so thought the Government of the State of New-York when Albany was fixed on for the Seat of Government, because it was situated more in centre of that large and populous State, than the City of New-York, which was formerly the Seat of Government.

But to return to the point of digression: I have paid the promised visit to the Patriotic City, and find it to be increasing in population and wealth.—The Free-Port Act is likely to be of great advantage to its Trade.—It is a flourishing place, situated at the mouth of a very fine River, which is the principal source of its consequence.—The Harbour is not equal to Port Ros-way or Shelburne in Nova-Scotia, but the River is every thing to the City. I rejoice at the prosperity of the City; but I confess I do not like to see the City attempting, in the person of its Champion, the Freeholder, to exalt itself by degrading other parts of the Province, and particularly the sequestered Village.—That Fredericton is not a City, is very certain, and it is much to be lamented that it is not, because it has not the inestimable blessing which the Patriotic City possesses, of choosing its own Justices of the Peace every year. It is astonishing how niggardly Governments are in parceling out benefits to the People!—I believe the City of New-York and the Patriotic City are the only two who enjoy the privilege of choosing their own Justices every year.—I mean a choice by the People at large.—In those two Cities every Freeman or in other words, every man who lives in either of the Cities may have a chance of either electing, or being elected a Justice every year. In this sequestered Village we are obliged to submit to the Justices appointed by the King, and how can His Representative know as well what is good for the people as they can themselves? I remember hear-

ing an old Inhabitant of the City of New-York say, that when it was in its infancy, one of the Wards had but barely two Inhabitants in it—one of them a very decent man, and the other a sort of an outlandish Dane, or Swede, or something who could not speak English—and when the annual election took place, for several years in succession, the decent Englishman would send for the other and give him a bottle of rum for his vote—and that vote treated for the year, a Justice of the Peace, an Alderman, a Justice of Oyer and Terminer, and what also beside I do not recollect. As the Charter of the Patriotic City was copied from that of New-York, I suppose it would possess the same privilege under the like circumstances. I should envy them this happiness if I did not see that the privilege they enjoy of electing their own Justices, and Aldermen, and Constables, makes them look down with so much contempt on other parts of the Province, and believe that the Patriotic City is the only place for the Seat of Government.

As it is admitted that the City is not central in the Province, I shall wait to know what constitutes a Metropolis, before I will form even a conjecture why it ought to be made the Seat of the Government, except one, which is, that there the principal Officers of Government might have a better opportunity of smuggling. But enough for the present—If no accident happens to my Timber at the Wapiskahagen, I will next week say something about the sequestered Village. Your obliged Customer, A FARMER. St. Maty's, 28th June, 1819.

PILLAU, (PRUSSIA) April 3. The Louisa, Capt. Hopp, from London, has arrived to day with Scotch colonists; they intend establishing themselves in Poland.

GIBRALTAR, APRIL 3.

Some of the American squadron have been here these few days, and have insulted some of the Officers of the 64th Regiment, and sent challenges, and two duels, fought on the neutral ground the day before yesterday. In the first, a Captain of the 64th was wounded in the thigh, at the third shot; he is doing very well however. The next affair was between another American officer and Capt. Johnson, of the same Regiment, who wounded the American the second shot, but slightly, and again struck him, on the fourth shot, in the groin, and it is reported he is since dead.—Another duel took place in Saint George's Cave yesterday, at 4 o'clock, between Capt. Dixon, of same Regiment, with another American Captain, and wounded the American the first shot, on the head; the guard came to take them prisoners, and the American endeavouring to get away from the guard, being weak with loss of blood, fell and cut his face. Notwithstanding the duel, Capt. Dixon borrowed a horse from a gentleman, mounted the American on it, and proceeded with him all the way to Ragged Staff, where the Am. boat lay. The guard at that place were going to stop him, but Capt. Dixon told the guard to take him and let the American go, as he had given his word of honour that he should not be stopped.—They sloop of war is moved this morning to Algiers. I remain, Gentlemen, your very obedient and humble servant, WM. KENNEDY.

NOTICE.

MONDAY next is the Quarterly meeting of the Fredericton Committee of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, of which the Members will please take notice. JAMES MILNE, Sec'y. Fredericton, 29th June, 1819.

NEW GOODS.

EZEKIEL SLOOT & Co. Have received per the MELANTHO from London, their Spring supply of British and East-India MERCHANDIZE, which they offer for sale on their usual moderate terms.

---ALSO--- CONIAC BRANDY, Hollands GIN, PORT and LISBON WINE, Wine VINEGAR, London Bottled & Draft PORTER, Double and single Gloucester CHEESE. They expect daily, an assortment of WOOLLENS and STUFFS, from Liverpool. Fredericton, 15th June, 1819.

FRESH GOODS.

MARK NEEDHAM HAS just received by the latest arrivals from Europe, part of his SPRING SUPPLY, and daily expecting the remainder—which will be disposed of at his usual low prices. Fredericton, 11th May, 1819.

REMOVAL.

J. PAYSON informs his friends, that he has removed to the house above Mr. R. SMITH'S, in the lower part of the Town where he has for Sale Pickled, Dry, & } FISH, Smoked, } Rum, Sugar, & Molasses; Best Souchong Tea; and all other articles in the Grocery Line, Cheap for Cash. Fredericton, 9th June, 1819. 2w.

HAS just received, and is now opening his SPRING SUPPLY of GOODS, which he offers for sale on his usual liberal terms. Fredericton, 16th June, 1819. 3m.

To be sold at Public Auction on Thursday the 14th day of October next, at the Market-House in Fredericton, if not previously disposed of,

TWO Hundred Acres of valuable Land in the rear of Lot No. 27, in Maryland Loyalist Grant, and very contiguous to the Nashwalk road and river, there is a considerable quantity of black Birch and white Pine trees capable of being made into ton timber.

All persons are hereby most strictly forbidden trespassing on the said Lot, either by cutting down or carrying off any timber whatever. St. Mary's, 29th June, 1819.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the wife of the Subscriber eloped from his Bed and Board on the 18th May last, without any provocation: He therefore cautions all persons from crediting her on his account, as he will pay no debts of her contracting. DANIEL M'SHEAFRY, Junr.

All Persons having any demands against D. M'S. will send their accounts to him at the Royal Oak Inn, for settlement; and all those indebted are requested to make immediate payment. Fredericton, 23d June, 1819.

NOTICE. ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber up to the first of the present year, are desired to make immediate payment, otherwise their accounts will be put into the hands of an Attorney to collect without discrimination. J. B. PAYNE. Fredericton, 22d June, 1819.

WANTED by J. B. P. one of two Journey-men, well experienced in the Tailoring business, of sober morals. ALL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of the late RICHARD HOME, of Miramichi, deceased, are desired to present their accounts duly attested within three months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to JOSEPH HOME, Administrator. Miramichi, 16th June, 1819.

FOR SALE, TWENTY Acres of the Orontoct Island—Also—200 acres of Land in the County of York, lying about 12 miles above Fredericton, bounded on the lower side by M. Mills' Farm, and on the upper by Mr. John Taylor's.—For further particulars apply to GEO. HEYWARD, sent. Lincoln, 3d June, 1819.

FOR SALE AT THE ROYAL GAZETTE OFFICE. A few Rolls superfine Parchment; Yellow wove 4to Post; do. do. with black border; Broad and narrow Pink Tape; black Lead Pencils Red Sealing Wax; red and black Inkpowder; Bills of Exchange; Indentures; Bail Bonds for the Supreme and Inferior Courts; Half-Pay Certificates; do. Powers of Attorney, &c. &c. Fredericton, 5th June, 1819.