

By ROBERT PAGAN, Esquire, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the County of Charlotte, in the Province of New-Brunswick.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of Tyler Porter Shaw, of the Parish of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, Merchant, to me duly made, pursuant to the directions of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided: I have directed all the Estate as well real as personal, within the said County, of Charles Cox, the younger, late of the Parish of St. George, in the County of Charlotte aforesaid, Yeoman, (which said Charles Cox, the younger, is departed from and without the limits of this Province, or concealed within the same, with intent and design to defraud the said Tyler Porter Shaw and the other Creditors of the said Charles Cox, the younger, if any there be, of their just dues, or else to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of Law as it is alleged against him) to be seized and attached; and that unless the said Charles Cox, the younger, do return and discharge his said debt or debts, within three months from the publication hereof, all the Estate as well real as personal of the said Charles Cox, the younger, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the Creditors of the said Charles Cox, the younger.

Dated at St. Andrews, in the said County of Charlotte, the nineteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty.

ROBT. PAGAN, J. C. P.

JAS. BARBER, Att'y.

By JOSEPH HOME, Esquire, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the County of Northumberland, in the Province of New-Brunswick.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the application of Hugh Munro, Esquire, (of the Firm of John Johnston and Hugh Munro, Copartners in Trade) of the Parish of St. Peter, in the County and Province aforesaid, Merchants) to me duly made, pursuant to the directions of the Act of the General Assembly of this Province in such case made and provided; I have directed all the Estate as well real as personal, of Thomas Dodd, late also of the Parish of St. Peter, in said County, Merchant, (which said Thomas Dodd has departed from and is without the limits of this Province, or concealed within the same, with intent and design to defraud the said Hugh Munro and his said Copartner in Trade, and the other Creditors of the said Thomas Dodd, if any there be, of their just dues, or else to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of law, as has been made to appear to my satisfaction) to be seized and attached; and that unless the said Thomas Dodd do return and discharge his debt or debts, within three months from the publication hereof, all the Estate as well real as personal, of the said Thomas Dodd, within this Province, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the Creditors of the said Thomas Dodd.

Dated at New-Castle, in the said County of Northumberland, the twenty-eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty.

JOS. HOME, J. C. P.

JOHN AMB. STREET, Att'y.

#### MONTREAL, APRIL 25.

Our late Elections, as an important part of our Provincial polity, have justly engaged a great share of the Public attention, since they commenced. This is a point on which the people have the undoubted privilege of exercising a free and unbiassed choice: And it was the dread of influencing that choice, or of appearing to do so, that has prevented our offering any remark on the subject before. Now, as the contest is nearly finished, or, at least the selections of our Candidates so far fixed, that there is little fear of changing the public opinion towards them, the following observations on this important subject have occurred to us.

First, respecting Electors.—It must be obvious to every person who will peruse the law on this subject, that (although no doubt made with the best intentions) it is vague and indefinitely expressed, and by no means so comprehensive as to embrace every case. The qualifications necessary to entitle a person to vote are mentioned, it is true; and this might be deemed sufficient; but the exceptions to these are not enumerated, nor when they are to be applied: hence an absurd and unconstitutional practice has crept in, by which women are brought forward as voters, either as tenants or proprietors. Although the elected does not require in every respect all the qualifications necessary for the elector, there is no law by which any person capable of voting is rendered ineligible as a member. Upon this principle, therefore, we might as well have female representatives in Parliament. Why not have them as judges and magistrates? and why not have a *petticoat polity* at once? There are many points on which the Act as at present worded admits of a latitude incompatible with due regularity in Elections; and others, in which its meaning is not, or cannot, be understood by those to whom it applies. But as our present limits will not allow of our entering farther on the subject, we shall resume it at another time; and sincerely hope to see, when the House of Assembly meets, that Mr. Neilson's motion for an amendment of our Election Laws, as proposed last session, will be resumed and carried into effect.

Second, as respecting Candidates of Representatives.—On this part of the subject we would not wish to be thought premature, or partial in our observations. As above stated, in most cases on the present occasion, the selection of our representatives is either wholly settled, or so far done that nothing we can advance will have any effect in changing the public opinion, respecting those on whom the choice of the people have fallen. But the choice of proper Representatives is more important than the qualifications of voters, and a subject on which greater errors may be committed, in so far as there are less pointed rules of law for our direction in this particular. More is left to the discretion of the people on this subject, than in the other; and more injury may arise from an injudicious choice of a Candidate, than if a few voters should come forward not duly qualified. The law has imposed certain tests, and prescribed certain requisites for such as offer themselves as Representatives; but these are so few, that designing men, when anxious to procure a seat in Parliament, will easily overleap the conditions prescribed for attaining such office; and there exists no barrier against them but the public opinion, and the sentiments of those qualified by law to place them in Parliament, or keep them out of it. True, the law has imposed severe penalties in cases of bribery or corruption, and has used every means to guard against the adoption of undue measures with the view of influencing the Electors. But still it is imperfect as far as regards the individual qualifications of the Candidate. We sincerely hope should Mr. Neilson's motion be again brought before the House of Assembly on this subject, he will take care to introduce a clause, by which every person offering as a Candidate shall be obliged to read and write, a circumstance which has hitherto been too little attended to in our choice of Representatives. *Risum tenentis amici!* Will it be believed, that in the 19th century, an era in which civilization and erudition had attained a height it had never reached before, and more than six years after an appropriation of £10,000 had been bequeathed, by one individual for establishing a college for the education of youth in this place, the rich and populous county of Montreal, one of the most important in the whole province, sent a Representative to parliament utterly destitute of the above qualifications. In framing a clause to guard against this error, it might be enacted, that every member of the house previous to his being sworn in to take his seat, should be able to read a chapter of the bible to the speaker, (they shall not be so cruel as pitch upon the 8th Chap. of Nehemiah) and write his own name and that of his Sovereign in legible characters.

#### LONDON, APRIL 25.

The KING's birth day having been kept yesterday, the Houses of Parliament did not sit.

The County of Limerick has been placed under the Peace Preservation Act by the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council. An extraordinary Police will, therefore, be placed throughout that County.

APRIL 26.

Certain changes in the administration of affairs, rather however of a personal than of a political character, begin to be spoken of with some degree of confidence. Some Members of the Cabinet have expressed themselves as indifferent to the charms of place, and only wait a favourable opportunity to resign the splendour of power for the enjoyment of domestic happiness. The fulfilment of these intentions is regarded with dismay by not a few of their colleagues, in whom the principle of ambition has lost none of its early vigour. The remonstrances of these friends have hitherto exercised a considerable influence in inducing them to postpone the gratification of their own wishes.

APRIL 27.

An Illustrious Widower; it is whispered in the Fashionable Circles, has recently entered into a private marriage with the daughter of a Noble Duke.

APRIL 28.

Sentence passed on the State Prisoners. The LORD CHIEF JUSTICE of the King's Bench having placed the black cap on his head, proceeded to address the prisoners, and calling over the names of the first five, he said:

"Prisoners, you have severally been tried and found Guilty of the crime of High Treason, in levying war against His Majesty, to compel him to change his Government; one of you, Arthur Thistlewood, said you proposed to call certain witnesses to contradict the testimony of one of the persons that were evidence for the Crown. The Learned Counsel that had the conducting of your defence did not think proper to call them, but if he had, it would have been an improper time; the offence, however, of which you have been convicted, has been fully proved by other witnesses. Some of you have thought fit to say much of a person that has not been brought forward, but this court could only decide on evidence. From all that has appeared in the course of these trials, and the avowal of some of you that it was your intention, by the deliberate assassination of 14 persons, to assume the whole Government of the Country; the Gentlemen of the Jury by whom you have been tried, must have been satisfied that this was your object after having committed the assassination alluded to. Some of you have thought fit to acknowledge your offence, and cast yourselves on the mercy of your Sovereign. Should your lives be spared, you will show your gratitude, by obedience to the Laws, and by conducting yourselves as good and faithful Subjects. It appears, that the present situation in which you are placed, has been caused by the reading of irreligious and seditious publications. Men never forget their duty to their King and their Neighbour until they have forgotten their God and Religion; then the heart of man becomes inflamed, and he is the fit instrument for the accomplishment of the worst of crimes; such persons must, however, be brought, by the example made of you, to know that they will consult their own safety by putting a proper restraint on themselves."

The Learned Judge then, in the most solemn manner, exhorted Thistlewood, Brunt, Tidd, Davidson, and Ings, to make the best use of the short time they have to live in this world; and proceeded to pass on them the awful Sentence of the Law as follows, repeating the names of the prisoners:—

"That you be severally taken from hence to the place from whence you came, and then be carried on a hurdle to a place of execution, and there severally hanged by the neck till you are dead, your heads to be severed from your bodies; your bodies to be divided into four quarters, and to be at the disposal of His Majesty; and the Lord in his infinity have mercy on your souls."

The prisoners were then taken from the Bar, apparently not much affected.

APRIL 29.

THE LATE DUKE OF KENT.—Yesterday a Meeting of Noblemen and Gentlemen took place at Freemasons' Hall, for the purpose of considering the propriety of erecting a statue to commemorate the many virtues of His late Royal Highness the Duke of Kent. His Grace the Duke of Bedford took the Chair, supported by the Earls of Donoughmore, Darnley, and Breadalbane; Lord Clifton, Mr. Wilberforce, M. P. Mr. Hume, M. P. Mr. Alderman Wood, M. P. and several other distinguished public characters. Several Resolutions were adopted for the purpose of carrying into effect the great object of the Meeting, and a number of speeches were made, descriptive of the many virtues of the late Duke of Kent, and enforcing the necessity of paying this tribute to his memory.

#### British and Foreign School Society.

At a Special Meeting of the Committee, held at the Society's House, February 1, 1820, to consider of some suitable expression of the feelings of this Society, on the melancholy occasion of the Death of our most zealous and active Patron, His Royal Highness THE DUKE OF KENT: ROBERT SLADE, Esq. in the Chair.

IT WAS RESOLVED UNANIMOUSLY.

1. That this Committee most sincerely deplore the great loss which the religious and moral interests of mankind in general, and the BRITISH AND FOREIGN SCHOOL SOCIETY in particular, have sustained by the deeply-lamented death of His Royal Highness the late DUKE OF KENT AND STRATHEARN, the warm and constant patron, zealous advocate, and the active promoter of universal education,

and of the principles which form the basis of this Society.

2. This Committee most gratefully remember, and are anxious to record, that His Royal Highness, very early after the first introduction of the British System of Education, and in consequence of a full conviction of its vast importance to the best interests of mankind; avowed himself its warm friend and patron; and thereby following the example of his venerable and august FATHER. That His Royal Highness, has never, under any circumstance of difficulty, ceased to prove his sincere and deep interest in the progress and success of the labours of this Society both in public and private; and still, at the eve of the illness which terminated his valuable life, has shewn his readiness to aid them not only by his advice, but also by his active co-operation.—The Committee are further convinced, that the patronage and support of His Royal Highness have been of the highest importance, and contributed much to the rapid and wide diffusion of the incalculable benefits bestowed upon the nations of every part of the globe, by the introduction of the British System.

ROBERT SLADE, CHAIRMAN.

#### SPAIN.

Madrid Gazette of the 18th inst. have reached town, from which we extract the following

#### OFFICIAL ARTICLES:—

"The King has issued a decree, importing, that as he has perceived the general joy and enthusiasm with which all the inhabitants of the heroic Spanish Nation have received the Decrees of the Cortes of the 6th Aug. 1811, and of the 19th July, 1813, for the abolition of exclusive privileges and prohibitory privations, and desiring with paternal love to promote by all possible means the felicity of his people, consents, on his part, to the removal of all obstacles to the punctual observance and march of the new Constitutional System, and to the increase of the population and prosperity of the Monarchy, has resolved to concur with the Provisional Junta, that the Senoial jurisdictions referred to in the said decrees, as well as those exclusive privileges, &c. shall henceforth vest solely with, and be at the disposal of the Nation.

Given at the Palace under the Royal signature, on the 19th of April, 1820.

The growing confidence in the new order of things is sufficiently manifested by the fact, that the *reals communes*, the Spanish Government papers, which, before the recent change, was at 86 per cent. discount, was, on the 18th, at 58 per cent. discount.

#### SHERIFF'S SALES.

ALL that Messuage and Tenement situate, lying, and being on the N.W. side of Regent-Street, at present owned and occupied by Joseph Stevens, and taken under an execution issuing out of the Supreme Court of this Province, at the suit of Jonathan Payson. The above Property will be sold on Saturday the 16th day of Sept. next, to the highest bidder, at the Jerusalem Coffee-House, by The SHERIFF of YORK. Frederickton, 14th March, 1820.

ALL that Tract, Piece, or Parcel of Land, situate and lying in the Parish of Queensbury, in the County of York, and being in the rear of Lot No. 41, in the Grant to John Bedell—the said tract containing 300 Acres, more or less. The above Property taken under an execution issuing out of the Supreme Court of this Province, from Abraham B. Close, at the suit of Alexander Nevers; and will be sold on Saturday the 16th day of September next, to the highest bidder, at the Jerusalem Coffee-House, by The SHERIFF of YORK.

ONE half of Lot No. 66, and one half of the Mill-seat thereon, in Wakefield, one hundred and thirty acres more or less, taken by execution from Solomon Farley, at the suit of Aaron Putnam, by a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Supreme Court, for sixty-four pounds, one shilling, and sixpence, New-Brunswick currency; and will be sold on Saturday the 16th day of September next, to the highest bidder, at the Jerusalem Coffee-House, by The SHERIFF of YORK.

ALL that valuable Farm, together with the Building thereon, now in the possession of Archibald Clayton, on the river Nashwalk, containing 252 acres and 3 rods, being the uppermost and third part of Lot No. 4, in the grant to Daniel Lyman, and others. The above Property taken under an execution issuing out of the Supreme Court of this Province, at the suit of the Executors of the Estate of the late Duncan M'Leod: and will be sold on Saturday the 16th day of September next, to the highest bidder, at the Jerusalem Coffee-House, by The SHERIFF of YORK.

THE upper half of Lot No. 12, in the Parish of Frederickton, at present owned and occupied by William Buchan, in the Maryland settlement, taken under an execution issuing out of the Supreme Court of this Province, at the suit of the Executors of the late Duncan M'Leod. The above Property will be sold on the above day to the highest bidder, at the Jerusalem Coffee-House, by The SHERIFF of YORK.