

motion was then negated by a majority of 102 to 47.

JUNE 28.

At twelve o'clock on Wednesday the select and secret Committee appointed by the House of Lords to examine the papers referred to their Lordships by his Majesty, regarding the Queen's conduct abroad, assembled. They were all present except the Duke of Wellington, the Marquis of Lansdown, and the Lord Chancellor: the latter being in the House of Lords hearing appeals. The Committee first met in Lord Shaftesbury's private room on the first floor amongst the apartments of the Lords' officers, and no person was allowed to remain in the passages. The Committee then went to the robing room, and finally removed to the old House of Lords as the most commodious apartment, and as the farthest removed from interruption. The Usher of the black rod, Sir T. Tywhitt, and other officers of the house, were stationed in various parts, and suffered no person to approach the committee room. During the sitting of the Committee, Messrs. Brougham and Denman attended officially, as the Queen's law officers, and presented a letter addressed by her Majesty to the Committee. This letter, it is believed, was a protest upon the part of her Majesty against a proceeding which may prove fatal to her honour, unless she were permitted to offer evidence sufficient to repel the allegations that are urged against her. No answer was returned by the Committee, and Messrs. Brougham and Denman having waited a considerable time, at length withdrew.

Mr. Lugin.

Being a sort of a stranger here, I am a little puzzled to know what is the meaning of the figures at the bottom of an advertisement headed "MEADOWS" in your *Royal Gazette*. The figures are 1826, 7, 10. As "His Excellency in Council" and "The Surveyor General of Lands" are mentioned in the advertisement, I am disposed to guess that the figures are put there by order of Government; and thinks I to myself perhaps they may be intended for a date: but not having heard that our old Calendar had been altered in the way the French Calendar was some time ago, I do not know hardly what to think about it.—I hope they do not mean to make any revolution in our manner of dating, as we country people wont know how to understand it for a long time to come, and the *Radicals* (as they call them in the Newspapers) seeming to be minded to make a change of all things, I think we had better try to stick to the old way—but I am only asking for information, which I hope you will give us Farmers. So no more at present from your's, to setve,

OLD TIMES.

Kisway, 18th August, 1820.

#### NOTICE.

LOST, between the house of William Porter and Edward Adams, on the River Miramichi, and Mr. Smith's on the Portage, Six Notes of Hand. One order of one of said Notes amounted to £23, drawn in favor of Daglin-Clonsy, which was indorsed to me, and a note against Aron Hovey, which was £3: 11: 6, and a note against Byron Sutor, which was £4: 6: 8—three of said Notes were sued, which were held against William Harris, and the order was 15s. given by George Elles. I caution all persons against purchasing said notes, as I am determined to exact the full amount. Any person finding said Notes, on leaving them at the *Royal Gazette Office*, or at Mr. Wetmore's office, Fredericton, will be handsomely rewarded. MICHAEL O'CUNNINGHAM. Ludlow, July the 9th, 1820.

#### CAUTION.

PERSONS are cautioned against purchasing a Note of Hand of *Arctas Farlin*, given him by me some time in the Fall of 1818, for eighteen pounds, two shillings, and eightpence, as he has received payment for the said Note.

WM. J. BEDELL.

July 10th, 1820.

LOST or mislaid, a Note of Hand, drawn by *William Wilson*, in favor of the Subscriber, for £20, dated 25th Sept. 1819. The payment of said Note being stopped, it will therefore be of no use to any person but the owner. Whoever may find the same, is requested to return it.

JOHN HAYWARD.

Lincoln, 3d July 1820.

### FREDERICTON, (N.B.)

22 D AUGUST, 1820.

Extract of a Letter from the Rev. James Wilson, to his friend in St. Andrews.

"You will, no doubt, be desirous to hear from me, especially as you must by this time know, that there were steps taken to have me summoned to appear at the Supreme Court in Fredericton. I appeared, and was strictly examined by the Attorney-General. The Act of the Province was read relative to Marriages, and, thank Providence, there was no mention in it of the North British Establishment. I explained the term "Kirk," as meaning a Church, and "the Church of Scotland" as meaning the Presbyterian Church, and that I was a Presbyterian Minister, and had married my own hearers, for thirteen years.—It was, in good humour told me, I might go and do my duty."

(St. Andrews Herald.)

We are authorized by the Attorney General to say, that the statement in the above extract is very incorrect; and that so far from Mr. Wilson having been told that "he might go and do his duty"—he was obliged to appear to the information filed against him for solemnizing marriage without legal authority: which prosecution is now depending—the Attorney General being fully of opinion that Mr. Wilson has no authority whatever to perform the marriage ceremony.

DIED] At his house, on the Nashwalk, on Friday the 17th instant, in the 75th year of his age, JAMES FRENCH, Esq. late one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of York, and a Captain upon the Half Pay of the First Batt. of Dehancy's Brigade.

This gentleman, after having made many sacrifices in his native country, readily joined the standard of his rightful King in the late rebellion of the British Colonies in North America, and at the peace; with many others similarly situated, came to this Province, and sat down to cultivate the arts of peace.—How fortunate he was in this pursuit, all can testify. His house was the seat of hospitality—his urbanity, his charity, and his benevolence, endeared him to all whobad the pleasure of his acquaintance; and it might be questioned, whether his friends or the poor, most effectually felt the good effects of his open hand and liberal heart.—It was here the weary traveller, the old friend, and the friend of yesterday, found the best table, the best bed, and the heartiest welcome. As a Magistrate, he discharged his duties with cheerfulness—As a practical Farmer, and a good neighbour, he was excelled by few. His children mourn the irreparable loss of perhaps a too indulgent parent—and his friends will never cease to recollect the pleasure of former days.

From the Halifax Free Press, Aug. 15.

The Newfoundland paper, that have been received by the Three Sisters contain English dates to the 1st ult. Parliament were still occupied in considering the question relative to the Queen. On the 23d June Mr. Wilberforce introduced the following resolutions, which passed with a majority of 267

"Resolved—That this House has learned with unfeigned, and deep regret, that the late endeavours to frame an arrangement which might avert the necessity of a public enquiry into the information laid before the two Houses of Parliament, had not led to that amicable adjustment of existing differences in the Royal Family which was anxiously desired by Parliament and the nation.

"That this House, fully sensible of the objections which the Queen might justly feel to take upon herself the relinquishment of any points in which she might have conceived her own dignity and honor to be involved, yet feeling the inestimable importance of an amicable and fine adjustment of the present unhappy differences, cannot forbear declaring its opinion, that when such large advances have been made towards that object, Her Majesty, by yielding to the earnest solicitude of the House of Commons, and forbearing to press further the adoption of those propositions on which any material difference of opinion yet remains, would by no means be understood to indicate any wish to shrink from enquiry, but would only be deemed to afford a renewed proof of the desire which Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to express, to submit her own wishes to the authority of Parliament; thereby entitling herself to the grateful acknowledgements of the House of Commons, and sparing this House the painful necessity of those public discussions, which whatever may be their ultimate result, could not but be distressing to Her Majesty's feelings, disappointing to the hopes of Parliament, derogatory from the dignity of the Crown, and injurious to the best interests of the empire."

To which Her Majesty made the following Reply:—

"I am bound to receive with gratitude any attempt on the part of the House of Commons, to interpose its high mediation for the purpose of healing those unhappy differences in the Royal Family, which no person has so much reason to deplore as myself. And with perfect truth I can declare, that an entire reconciliation of those differences, effected by the authority of Parliament, on principles consistent with the honour and dignity of all the parties, is still the object dearest to my heart. I cannot refrain from expressing my best

sense of the affectionate language of these resolutions. It shows the House of Commons to be the faithful representative of that generous people, to whom I owe a debt of gratitude that can never be repaid. I am sensible, too, that I expose myself to the risk of displeasing those who may soon be the judges of my conduct. But I trust to their candour and to their sense of honour, confident that they will enter into the feelings which alone influence my determination.

It would ill become me to question the power of Parliament, or the mode in which it may at any time be exercised. But however strongly I may feel the necessity of submitting to its authority; the question, whether I will make myself a party to any measure proposed, must be decided by my own feelings and conscience, and by them alone.

"As a subject of the state, I shall bow with deference, and if possible without a murmur, to every act of the Sovereign authority. But, as an accused and injured Queen, I owe it to the King, to myself, and to all my fellow subjects, not to consent to the sacrifice of any essential privilege, or withdraw any appeal to those principles of public justice, which are alike the safeguard of the highest and the humblest individual.

In the House of Lords on the 26th June the following Petition from the Queen, was received and read; and Mr. Brougham, and Mr. Denman were heard upon the subject, and required time to enable Her Majesty to procure from the Continent, persons who could contradict the statements which had been made against her.—

"To the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament Assembled.

"CAROLINE R.—The Queen having been informed that proceedings are about to be instituted against her in the House of Lords, feels it necessary to approach your Lordships as a petitioner and a fellow subject. She is advised that, according to the forms of your Lordships' House, no other mode of communication is permitted.

"Now, as at all times, she declares her perfect readiness to meet every charge affecting her honour; and she challenges the most complete investigation of her conduct; but she protests, in the first place, against any secret enquiry; and if the House of Lords should, notwithstanding persist in a proceeding so contrary to every principle of justice and of law, she must in the next place declare that even from such an unconstitutional course she can have nothing to apprehend unless it would be instituted before the arrival of those witnesses whom she will summon immediately to expose the whole of the machination against her. She is anxious that there should now be no delay whatever in finishing the enquiry; and none shall be occasioned by Her Majesty. But the Queen cannot suppose that the House of Lords will commit so crying an injustice as to authorise a secret examination of her conduct, in the absence of herself and her Counsel; while her defence must obviously rest upon evidence which for some weeks cannot reach this country. The instant that it arrives, she will entreat the House of Lords to proceed in any way they may think consistent with the ends of justice: but in the mean time, and before the first step is taken, Her Majesty desires to be heard by her Counsel, at your Lordships' bar, this day, upon the subject matter of this petition."

#### FOR SALE,

A LOT and HOUSE, laying on the S.E. side of York-Street—the house is 38 by 33, two stories high, and nearly finished. It will be sold in its present state, or can be completed, on the shortest notice, as may suit the purchaser. As the Proprietor built it for his own use, he was particular in the choice of materials, and the execution of the work. The above property is eligibly situated. For particulars inquire of the Subscriber.

THOMAS T. SMITH.

Fredericton, Aug. 19, 1820. 5w.

FOR sale at the Office, (price 2s. 6d.) a Trial in the Supreme Court at Halifax, the 20th July 1820, between *William Henry Hall*, Plaintiff, and *Major George Barron*, Defendant, for criminal conversation with the Plaintiff's "wife."

Royal Gazette Office, Fredericton, 22d August, 1820.

#### NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber, on Note or Book account, up to this date, are requested to call and settle the same, on or before the 20th of September next.

JONATHAN PAYSON.

Fredericton, 1st Aug. 1820.

#### NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber to 24th July last, are requested to come forward and settle their accounts without delay; those neglecting to do so, may expect to hear from him through another channel.

E. B. WILLIAMS.

Fredericton, 15th Aug. 1820. 2m.

#### CAUTION.

THE Subscriber hereby forbids all persons from purchasing, or having any thing to do, with a Due Bill in favor of *Thomas Tripb*, of fifty-seven pounds, nine shillings, and sixpence currency, it having been already paid. The Bill is dated March 18, 1820.

AMBROSE SNOW.

Miramichi, 6th July 1820.

#### AUCTION.

To be Sold at Public Auction at the King's Store, on Thursday the 31st inst. at 11 o'clock,

ON account of Government, in lots to suit purchasers, 1000 pair of men's shoes.

Fredericton, 15th Aug. 1820.

AT a Special Session of the Peace holden at the County Court-House in Fredericton, in and for the County of York, on Saturday the 20th May, 1820, for the purpose of Regulating the Assize of Bread in the Town of Fredericton, Ordered, that from Tuesday the 23d inst. the ASSIZE OF BREAD be as follows:

THE Sixpenny Wheat. lb. oz.  
Loaf to weigh - - - 2 : 8  
Ditto Rye do. 3 : 8  
And other Loaves in proportion.  
By order of the Court, G. CLOPPER,  
Clerk of the Peace.

ALL Persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a Note of hand now in possession of *George Bruce*, dated in May 1820 for 40 tons of white pine timber, as the said *George Bruce* has received the value of said Note and refuses to give it up. SAMUEL CASEY.  
Nashwalk, 8th Aug. 1820.

REUBIN SMITH'S ESTATE.

A GENERAL meeting of all the Creditors of REUBIN SMITH (an absconding debtor) is requested at the Jerusalem Coffee-House in Fredericton, on Monday the 28th day of August next, at 12 o'clock at noon on the same day, to examine and see the debts due to each person ascertained agreeably to the form and effect of the Act of the General Assembly in such case made and provided, when a second and final dividend will be made; and all Creditors entitled to such dividend, who have not yet proved their Debts, must attend with proper affidavits to support their claims or the same cannot be allowed.

Dated at Fredericton this 26th

day of June, 1820.

GEO. FRED. STREET,  
GEO. MINCHIN.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given to all Persons desirous of having themselves or their Children inoculated by the Cow Pock—may have it done gratis by calling at *Doctor Woodford's*, any day between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock. He gives this early notice in consequence of the Small Pox having made its appearance in Town.  
1st of August, 1820.

J. WOODS, Surgeon, respectfully intimates that he has begun to practice in this place; and hopes by care and attention, and from the experience he has had in Scotland for a number of years, to merit the approbation of his employers.

N.B.—Orders left at J. W.'s house or shop, Regent-Street, will be punctually attended to.  
Fredericton, 11th July 1820.

#### Five Pounds Reward.

WHEREAS the Garden belonging to the Subscriber was entered on the night of the 27th instant, and a quantity of Melons, &c. taken therefrom. Any person giving information so that the Thief or Thieves may be detected and brought to justice, shall receive the above reward.

EBENEZER AVERY.

Fredericton, 31st July, 1820.

#### NOTICE.

THE Proprietors of Pews in Christ Church, Fredericton, who have omitted to pay their Few Rent due the 24th day of June last, are hereby notified, that unless the same is left with one of the Wardens before Monday the 4th day of September next, their Pews will then be sold agreeable to the regulation of the Vestry.  
Fredericton, July 31, 1820.

#### NOTICE.

PERSONS having demands against the Estate of the late ANDREW RAINSFORD, Esqr. Receiver General and Assistant Barrack Master General, are requested to exhibit the same to the Subscribers, within six months;—and those indebted are desired to make payment to ELIZABETH RAINSFORD, }  
H BARTLETT RAINSFORD, } Executors  
THOMAS WETMORE, }  
King's-ear, Y. County, 24th June 1820.