

13TH JUNE, 1820.

Yesterday morning, at 11 o'clock, agreeably to Notice, a Poll was opened in Fredericton for the Election of four of the most able and discreet men to represent the County of York in General Assembly, when Stair Agnew, Peter Fraser, Henry Smith, John Dow, Esqrs. Mr. Jedediah Slason, Mr. Stephen Cameron, and Mr. Jarvis Ring, were offered as Candidates. Votes were received until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when it adjourned until 9 this morning--65 Electors voted--and the Poll stood as follows:--for

Stair Agnew, 30	Henry Smith, 38
Peter Fraser, 30	Jedediah Slason, 36
John Allen, 31	Stephen Cameron, 36
John Dow, 24	Jarvis Ring, 27

His Excellency Sir JAMES KEMPT, Governor of the Nova-Scotia Province, arrived there on the 1st inst. in H. M. Ship *Phaeton* from England, and on Monday the 5th His Excellency the Earl of DALHOUSIE, took his departure in the New-castle for Quebec.

The Right Honorable Thomas Earl of Selkirk, died in France on the 8th April last.

Receiver General's office

kept next-door adjoining the SURVEYOR GENERAL'S. Attendance from the 11th to the 14th hour of each working day.

To the Electors of the Province of New-Brunswick.

Gentlemen,
It will shortly be your lot to exercise one of the most glorious privileges of our happy Constitution, in the choice of Members to represent you in General Assembly.

The House of Assembly are the Freemen and Freeholders of the Province, in miniature; to them is delegated all powers and privileges necessary to render them capable of acting for the People they represent—to them is intrusted the most sacred rights of that People, the preservation of their liberties and properties, and the making of Laws to that end. Let us for a moment bring under consideration the qualifications essential to persons in whom we would repose so important a trust, and must we not admit that they should be men of education and good understanding, possessed of ample fortunes as collateral security for their integrity, of virtuous unsullied characters, and arrived at a period of life that experience may have matured any political knowledge acquired in their early years: such may be found, and ought to be chosen, independently of all regard to family connexions or party leagues, else what may we expect from their deliberations?

When I look around me and behold some persons preparing to stand for your suffrages at the approaching General Election, I am led to contemplate a measure that so materially affects your interest: It grieves me, as it must every well wisher of the Province, to perceive men aspiring to your representation who do not possess the least necessary qualification for such an office, and whose only object is the gratification of their ambition at the Public expense—men not having any acquaintance with Parliamentary history, nor possessing sound (or any) notions of political expediency. But will you suffer yourselves to be made the dupes of their artifices and vanity? I trust not. It is matter of surprise how men of this description can force themselves upon the Public with such formidable temerity; but 'tis reserved for you to defeat their ambitious views, by rejecting their proffered services, and thereby establishing your own opinion of their incapacity to perform the necessary duties of legislation.

With a House of Assembly composed of such materials, what may be the consequence to the Province? I answer, the Laws may be grossly violated, or innovations made upon your privileges; perhaps not with direct intention, but thro' ignorance and wanting the capacity to judge better.

Yours,

VERITAS.

6th June 1820.

Alarming Emigration from the Province of New-Brunswick.

It is with real concern we have to notice the departure of numbers of our most useful inhabitants from the Province. This emigration which commenced in 1816, has been so closely followed up, that several of the most valuable families are nearly extinct, as but few of their progeny are to be met with at present, and those in a vagrant state. Among those who have emigrated, the *Eagle* family were the first that disappeared; but they being natives of the United States, their return to that country was not at first noticed, as it was expected they never were well affected to us, yet many were sorry for their loss, as they were of unblemished character, of an open honest deportment, useful and pleasant companions, and never assumed more than they merited. The *Guinea* race followed next, whose departure (as they were of African extraction, naturalized in Britain) alarmed the country very much, particularly as they were usually accompanied with some of the numerous connexions of the *Dollar* tribe, who having large families, appeared well attached to the Province, and had rendered themselves very useful, being almost indispensable in the management of our affairs, as they were competent to the greatest as well as smallest concerns, and though of an unhealthy complexion, as coming from a warmer clime, (being Spaniards) appeared very partial to us, till of late they have left the country in large numbers, and are at present seldom to be met with.

The loss of the above families is severely felt, as no others have as yet come among us that are capable of supplying their places, except a few of the *Doublon* race, who have very small families, and though of undoubted character, assume rather too much, and as is usual with families suddenly raised above their merits, are difficult of access to the poor, and live rather above their income. This renders them not so amiable as the other families; but as pride is always exposed to mortifications, it is probable their importance will be diminished, if ever many of the descendants of the other families should return to the country.

As the above families are very partial to cattle, corn, and flour, it is expected they have gone to countries where these things are more abundant than here. Although it is probable some have gone where tea, gin, &c. are cheaper, and others, some report, are kept under involuntary confinement in different parts of the Province; some indeed lamenting the destruction of our timber, particularly in the King's forests, have left the country on that account. As we are much in want of the assistance of those families, it is hoped, by a close attention to agriculture, the raising of cattle, &c. we shall induce some of them to return and remain among us, as they are partial to sober, industrious neighbors, and delight in trade and agriculture.

If those persons who may be chosen to assist in managing the affairs of the Province, should devise some plan to recall those families and fix them permanently here, so that they may increase in proportion to the other population of the country, they will deserve well of their constituents, and render an essential service to the Province.

Cultivation of Hemp in Upper Canada.

190. To the person who shall sow with Hemp the greatest quantity of land in the province of Upper Canada, not less than six arpents (each four-fifths of a statute acre), in the year 1819, and shall at the proper season cause to be plucked the summer Hemp (or male hemp bearing no seed), and continue the winter hemp (or female bearing seed), on the ground until the seed is ripe: *the Gold Medal, or One Hundred dollars.*

191. To the person who shall sow with Hemp the next greatest quantity of land in the same province of Upper Canada, not less than five arpents, in the year 1819, in the manner abovementioned; *the Silver Medal, or Eighty Dollars.*

192. For the next greatest quantity of land, in the same province, and in a similar manner, not less than three arpents; *Forty Dollars.*

Certificates of the number of arpents, the method of culture, of the plucking of the hemp, with a general account whether sown broad-cast or in drills, the expense, soil, cultivation and produce, to be transmitted to the Society, certified under the hand and seal of the governor or lieutenant-governor, together with 2 lbs. of the hemp, and two quarts of the seed, on or before the last Tuesday in April, 1821.

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Cultivation of Hemp in Lower Canada.

193 to 195. Premiums exactly similar in all respects to those held out for the province of Upper Canada, are also offered for the province of Lower Canada.

Cultivation of Hemp in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

196 to 198. Similar premiums in all respects are also offered to the provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

Importation of Hemp from Canada, Nova Scotia, and New-Brunswick.

199. To the master of that vessel which shall bring to this country the greatest quantity of Marketable Hemp, not less than one hundred tons, in the year 1819, the produce of Canada, or of one of the above-mentioned provinces; *the Gold Medal.*

200. To the master of that vessel which shall bring the next quantity, not less than fifty tons; *the Silver Medal.*

Certificates, satisfactory to the Society, to be produced by the master of the vessel on or before the first Tuesday in February, 1820, to testify that such hemp was grown and prepared in Canada, Nova-Scotia, or New Brunswick.

MARRIED] On the 3d inst. by the Rev. JAMES SOMERVILLE, M. WILLIAM RUSSEL, to Miss EUNICE, daughter of Mr. ALWARD HARNED.

On the 5th inst. in the Parish of St. Mary's, by the Rev. Mr. SOMERVILLE, GEORGE LEE, Esqr, to SUSAN, only daughter of the late Hon. BEVERLEY ROBINSON.

Commissariat Office, Fredericton, 13th June 1820. Contract for 800 Cords of Wood.

PERSONS desirous of furnishing 800 Cords of Merchantable Fuel Wood, (to consist of Rock Maple, Black and Yellow Birch, and Beech) for the use of His Majesty's Troops at this station, or a less or larger quantity as may be required according to the strength of this Garrison, are informed, that sealed Tenders for the same will be received at this Office until Friday at 12 o'clock the 30th June instant.

The whole quantity required under this proposed Contract, must be delivered into His Majesty's Commissariat Fuel Yard, at Fredericton, on or before the 1st day of April 1821, and be measured as usual at the expense of the Contractor, and in such quantities as to ensure a constant supply for the Troops.

No Tender will be noticed unless accompanied by a Letter addressed to Assistant Commissary General PRICES, signed by two respectable Persons, engaging to become bound with the Person tendering, in the sum of one thousand Pounds, for the performance of the Contract to be entered into, a copy of which may be seen on application at this Office.

NEW GOODS.

MARK NEEDHAM

Has just received, by the *Wellington*, from London, the *Duke of Wellington*, *Warwick*, *Kingston*; and *Thomas Henry*, from Liverpool, and *Isabella*, from Port-Glasgow, a neat assortment of *British Merchandize*.

Among which are;

HYSON, Souchong, and Congo Teas; Cognac Brandy; Geneva; Madeira (Port, Sherry, and Sicilian) Wines; Cheese; London Mould Candles; Soap; Loaf Sugar; Indigo; Bottled and Draught Porter; Paints and Oil; Stationary; a few superior Quills, &c. &c. &c.

Which are now opening, and will be sold unusually low, for Cash.

He begs leave to mention to his friends and customers, that the times have so wonderfully altered since last season, that prompt payments have become absolutely necessary; and at the same time returns his most grateful thanks for the very liberal patronage that he has received for many years.

Fredericton, 13th June, 1820.

TO LET,

At Public Auction, at the House of Mr. Jonathan Robinson, in Hopewell, **PIECE OF MARSH LAND**, in the Parish of Hopewell, on the Creek, known by the name of *Cumstock Creek*.

The above Land will be Leased to defray the expense of Dyking the same.

Newton Wells,

Paul C. Robinson,

John Edgett,

Samuel West,

Feet M. Cattan, jun.

Hopewell, June 1, 1820.

Commissioners of Sewers.

purpose of Regulating the Assize of Bread in the Town of Fredericton, Ordered, that from Tuesday the 23d inst. the ASSIZE of BREAD be as follows:

THE Sixpenny Wheaten lb. oz.
Loaf to weigh - - - 2 : 8
Ditto Rye do. 3 : 8
And other Loaves in proportion.
By order of the Court,
G. CLOPPER,
Clerk of the Peace.

To be sold at Public Auction, on the 6th day of July next, if not previously disposed of at private sale,

A LOT of LAND in King Street, with the buildings thereon, consisting of a dwelling House and Barn: the House has four rooms on the lower floor, and is a very comfortable building: for further information enquire of

JOHN ESSINGTON.

Fredericton, 6th June, 1820.

To the Editor of the *New-Brunswick Royal Gazette*.

Sir,

I regret to be again obliged to intrude myself upon the Public, through the medium of your useful Paper; but having observed in your publication of the 23d May last, the representation of Mr. ROBERT AUSTIN, formerly a Quarter-Master-Serjeant in the late 98th Regiment; and that gentleman having advanced some of the most notorious falsehoods that ever passed from the mouth of a man, I feel myself called upon to offer the following remarks, which I hope the Public will impartially read over:--

With regard to the first part of his statement, I doubt not for a moment but he will be immediately convicted by every impartial reader, of being guilty of a mean subterfuge.

He states, that in July 1817, he gave me a bill of exchange for £:00 Sterling—that in October last I stood indebted to him, on account of said bill and other accounts, in the sum of £:119; and interest for two years and three months at 6 per cent. will amount at least in the whole £:134 currency. Of this sum he says he recovered £:16 currency; which would leave a balance in his favour of £:118, instead of the £:105 which he says I gave a bill for:—and how he could make so egregious a mistake, I leave for the public to judge.

I now totally disavow every part of his statement, with the exception of having given him on his going home, the Power of an Attorney to collect several sums of money due me from the Officers of the Regiment to which I then belonged, and how he acted in that capacity, I have never been able to learn; but this I say, that I never got any account of his agency whatever, and more, I suppose, I never shall. For further particulars, I beg leave to refer the Public to my advertisement in the *Royal Gazette* of the 20th March last, and I also beg to state, that I am now arrested for the amount of the note in question, at the suit of Mr. SAMUEL GROSVENOR, as Agent, who, thro' private malevolence or slander, urges the above atrocity—(that gentleman should be the last man to offer such calumnies, to balance his own scold and pedantry). I trust it will speedily terminate, and that the Laws of my Country will cause the Parties concerned to repent of their unjust demand.

I have the honor to be,

Sr,
Your most obedient Servant,

JOHN S. COX.

Fredericton, 13th June 1820.