

The Report of the Committee was then read. It commenced with the Foreign relations of the Society. In France their exertions had answered their most sanguine expectations. The Duke de Angouleme had expressed himself most friendly towards the society and their objects, and the Duke de Cazes had subscribed 1000 livres in support of their funds. In the United States and their dependencies, Christians of every denomination, and even Jews, exhibit the most earnest desire to possess the Scriptures, and to support the societies by which they are distributed. From Switzerland, Hanover, Saxony, Wirtemberg, Prussia, Denmark, Russia, Sweden, and Norway, the intelligence was of the most gratifying kind. Similar accounts had been received from the Ionian Islands, and from Athens, where Bible Societies had been established. The eighth report of the Calcutta Bible Society, and that from Madras and its dependencies, furnished abundant proof of its advantages. In China, though the jealous power of the Government still operates to prevent the admission of the Holy Scriptures; yet well founded hopes are entertained, that the exertions, which are making will eventually succeed in shedding the light of the Gospel over that vast Empire. Under the direction of Dr. Morrison, the whole Bible has now been translated into Chinese language, and the one thousand pounds voted by the Society for that object had been appropriated thereto. The New South Wales Bible Society had been zealously supported by all the civil, military, and ecclesiastical authorities in the colony, and its establishment promised the most beneficial results. The reports which had been made from the South Sea Islands were most gratifying. The whole Gospel of St. Luke had been translated into the Otaheitan language, and 1000 copies had been printed and nearly distributed. In Africa and America, the kingdom of Hayti, and the Western Archipelago; there was unquestionable evidence of the great and growing success of that Holy cause, in which the Society is engaged.

The reading of the Report having been concluded—

The Duke of Gloucester said, it was truly gratifying to observe that at every succeeding anniversary the Reports were more and more encouraging. Every Power in Europe was now in their favour. He concluded by moving that the Report be received.

The Bishop of Salisbury seconded the motion, and it was carried unanimously.

The Earl of Harrowby moved that the thanks of the Meeting be given to their Noble President.

Lord Ashdown seconded the motion in a short speech, and it was carried with immense applause.

The Noble Chairman returned thanks. The Reverend Mr. Wand, chief of the Missionaries at Serampore, presented printed translations of the Scriptures in all the principal languages of the East-Indies.

Dr. Adam Clarke introduced two Ceylonese Priests to the meeting. He said these young men had been brought up as Priests in the Temple of Vishnu, from the time they were five years of age. About three years ago a translation of the Bible fell into their hands, and their faith in the worship of Vishnu was immediately shaken. They happened to be of the class, or caste of fishermen in Ceylon, and were particularly struck with that part of the Scriptures in which our Saviour tells the Sons of Zebedee to follow him and he would make them fishers of men. They became curious to see the people who had the means of sending throughout the world the glorious truths of the Gospel. They applied to the then Governor (about to return to England on account of his lady's ill health) to be allowed a passage in the same vessel; but they were refused. So great, however, was their desire to visit England, that they actually took a boat, followed the vessel to sea, and were taken on board whilst the vessel was under way. He took them into his house, gave them every instruction in his power, and eventually admitted them into the bosom of the Church by Christian Baptism; and he had now the pleasure of presenting them as the first fruits of the British and Foreign Bible Society in the island of Ceylon.

The assembly broke up at a quarter past five o'clock.

FREDERICTON, (N. B.)

11TH JULY, 1820.

Mr. LUGRIN,

Having observed in your last paper, a notification—that the old Members were declared elected for this County, without annexing a state of the Poll as it stood at the close of the scrutiny—allow me to hand you one, corrected from the Poll book—which is as follows—

FRASER,	368
ALLEN,	344
DOW,	323
AGNEW,	278
SMITH,	277
CAMERON,	272
SLASON,	218
RING,	168

The circumstance (well known here) of a refusal on the part of the Sheriff, to correct an error which took place on the last day of the election—with regard to the vote of Benjamin Atherton—who gave his suffrage to Mr. SMITH, and, by a misapprehension of the Poll Clerk, was not placed in the proper column—would have left that Gentleman and Captain AGNEW, equal in numbers—and which now, no doubt, will occasion an application to the House of Assembly at their next meeting.

A FREEHOLDER.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY.

The election for Members to represent this County in the next General Assembly, closed at Indian Island on Friday morning last, in consequence of one of the Candidates, (J. PORTER, Esq.) withdrawing his name from the list.

The following was the state of the Poll at the close:—

MR. MACKAY,	440
MR. J. CAMPBELL,	434
MR. STUBBS,	345
MR. CLARKE,	309
MR. PORTER,	262

(Herald, July 4.)

Members returned to serve in General Assembly, for the County of Westmorland.

WILLIAM BOTSFORD, Esq.
BENJAMIN WILSON, Esq.
RUFUS SMITH, Esq.
JOSEPH CRANDAL, Esq.

For Northumberland.

RICHARD SIMONDS, Esq.
HUGH MONRO, Esq.

LONDON, MAY 13.

Pursuant to arrangements, the ceremonies of proclaiming the Coronation took place this morning, which were the same as those observed when His Majesty was proclaimed King. The solemnity of the coronation will take place on the first of August.

Prices of British Stocks, May 13.—Three per cent. reduced 59½; three per cent. consols, 69½; four per cent. 87½.

French Stocks on the 11th May.—Five per cents. 73½; 85c.; Bank Stock, 150½.

English Wheat, 9s 9d. a 10s 9d.; American, 7s. 6d. a 9s 6d.; Quebec, 8s. 6d. a 9s. Flour, English, fine, 54s. a 56s per 280lbs; seconds, 50s a 52s; American, in bond, 28s. a 30s per bbl.; sour, 35s. a 37s.

Mr. Alderman Wood's motion, in the British House of Commons, for an enquiry into the conduct of Edwards, the spy, was negatived without a division.

QUEBEC, JUNE 19.

H. M. S. Newcastle, Captain Fanshawe, from Halifax, having on board His Excellency the Earl of Dalhousie, Governor General of British North America, the Countess of Dalhousie, and their respective suites, arrived in this harbour yesterday at one o'clock.

HALIFAX, JULY 3.

At a meeting of the Grand Lodge, held at Mason's Hall, in Barrington-Street, on Saturday last, JOHN ALBRO, Esq. was elected Grand Master of Masons in Nova Scotia, New-Brunswick, &c. vice JOHN GEORGE PYKE, Esq. resigned; and vice JOHN ALBRO, Esq. elected Grand Master, JOHN PYKE, Esquire, Deputy-Grand-Master.

LONDON, MAY 9.

The question of the Civil List came on as was expected, in the House last night. The numbers on division were 256 in favour of Ministers, and 157 against them, leaving a majority of 99. The numbers on Friday were 273 for Ministers, and 153 for their opponents, leaving a majority of 120.

We have the satisfaction to state, that the accounts received this morning from Liverpool and Manchester, notices a very material improvement in trade at both of these places. At Manchester there appears to be a very general demand for cotton goods.—At Liverpool, during the last week, no less than 14,000 bales of cotton were sold.

Much uncertainty still exists in the City with respect to the financial arrangements of the Chancellor of the Exchequer. The prevailing opinion is, that a loan will certainly be required; but if it should not exceed in amount 5 or 6,000,000, there is little doubt, from the great abundance of money, that there will be a considerable improvement in the public funds. Cash in the Stock Exchange continues to be so extremely abundant, that it can be borrowed, even in large amounts, for a few days, at the low rate of interest of from 2 to 3 per cent. and regular bills with the Banker's acceptances are discounted at 4 per cent.

The Trustees of the Massachusetts Society for Promoting Agriculture, have introduced from England, at considerable expense, Cooke's famous drill scarificator, and apparatus complete, calculated for the drill husbandry on a large scale. It is the most perfect apparatus now in use in England, for the above purposes. Its expense would be too great for small farmers, though one machine would serve for the sowing and dressing the arable land of six or eight contiguous small farms. The main object of the Trustees in introducing it was, that it might serve as a model from which our ingenious artists may take hints, and thereby form cheaper and more perfect instruments, or, at least, such as will be more adapted to the means and cultivation of our farmers. It will be placed, during the session of the Legislature, in some place where they can have access to it, and farmers and artists may at all times view it.

In the spring it will be tried on several farms, under the direction of the Trustees. The Trustees have also imported the celebrated Northumberland double-mould-board plough, with wings, circled coulters, &c. complete for ridge work. This will also be exposed to public view.

They have since ordered a considerable number of other agricultural implements, which they expect in the spring.

A considerable addition has lately been made to their library, by an importation from France. Among other works, is the valuable "Annales de l'Agriculture Francoise," begun by Tessier, and continued by Bosc, in 50 or 60 volumes; the "Theatre d'Agriculture," by the father of modern French agriculture, Olivier de Serres; all the Roman writers on agriculture, and many valuable treatises on different branches of the art. This library is deposited in the Boston Athenæum.

"For the Ladies' Port Folio."

PUBLIC OPINIONS.

"We live in a censorious world," remarked my friend a few days since. Yes, and 'tis well for many of us that we do. The world is that tribunal of censorship, to which, for the general advancement of propriety in word and action, we are and ought to be amenable. Although I would not have the tribunal of public opinion referred to in every trivial circumstance of life; yet, in the many more important ones, it may be considered with profit to ourselves.

It is the fear of public opinion, that restrains the unprincipled man in office, from abusing his trust. It is a dread of denunciation by this same judiciary-tribunal, that causes the atheist to be silent and bury within his own bosom, sentiments derogatory to his nature. The immoral debauchee, who sets at defiance the laws of his creator, pays some deference to the scrutinizing ordeal of public opinion. Under many other circumstances (and it is for the benefit of civil society that such is the case,) we find this moral censor operating to restrain the current of vice and immorality; and in many instances checking the opening bud of iniquity."

[DIED] On the 1st of this inst. July, at Miramichi, at the house of FRANCIS PEABODY, Esquire, Mr. GEORGE LEONARD HAZEN, aged 27, (son of JOHN HAZEN, Esquire, of Burton, in the County of Sunbury). A young man whose irreproachable moral conduct and amiable manners, had endeared him to all his connexions in this world—from which he took his departure with that pious resignation to the will of Divine Providence, that rendered his death, as his life had been, a laudable example to all to whom he was known, but a loss to his friends and relatives which will long be most sincerely deplored.

His funeral took place on Monday last the 3d instant, at Miramichi, attended by a numerous collection of his friends.

J. WOODD, Surgeon, respectfully intimates that he has begun to practice in this place; and hopes by care and attention, and from the experience he has had in Scotland for a number of years, to merit the approbation of his employers.

N.B.—Orders left at J. W.'s house or shop, Regent-Street, will be punctually attended to.

Fredericton, 11th July 1820.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between Betts & Henderson, Merchants, of Miramichi, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All Persons having just demands against the late firm, will render them to George Henderson, Junr. and all persons indebted to the said firm, are hereby requested to come forward immediately and settle their accounts, and make their payments without delay to the said George Henderson.

JARED BETTS.

GEO. S. HENDERSON.

Miramichi, 30th June, 1820.

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber hereby forbids all persons from purchasing, or having any thing to do, with a Due Bill in favor of Thomas Tripp, of fifty-seven pounds, nine shillings, and sixpence currency, it having been already paid. The Bill is dated March 18, 1820.

AMBROSE SNOW.

Miramichi, 5th July 1820.

AT a Special Session of the Peace holden at the County Court-House in Fredericton, in and for the County of York, on Saturday the 20th May, 1820, for the purpose of Regulating the Assize of Bread in the Town of Fredericton, Ordered, that from Tuesday the 29d inst. the ASSIZE OF BREAD be as follows:

THE Sixpenny Wheat *lb. oz.*
Loaf to weigh - - - 2 : 8
Ditto Rye do. 3 : 8
And other Loaves in proportion.

By order of the Court,
G. CLOPPER,
Clerk of the Peace.

Bank of New-Brunswick.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Book is now open at the Store of Peter Fraser, Esq. for receiving Subscriptions for Shares in the Bank of New-Brunswick, under the provisions of the Act passed at the last Session of the General Assembly, for establishing the said Bank. Fredericton, 20th June 1820.

JEDEDIAH SLASON,

HAS received by the Thomas Henry, & Hope from Liverpool, the Favorite from Greenock, and the Wellington from London, a general assortment of BRITISH MERCHANDIZE,

which will be sold low for Cash or short approved credit.

HAS LIKEWISE ON HAND

RUM, MOLASSES and SUGAR, which will be sold low for Cash, by the Hogshead.

Fredericton, 27th June 1820.

NOTICE

To all Persons who have had their Accounts rendered by the Subscriber to the 31st December last, and have not called and acknowledged them by a Note or otherwise, that their Accounts will be put in the hands of an Attorney, without delay.

JEDEDIAH SLASON.

Fredericton, 27th June 1820.

NEW GOODS.

MARK NEEDHAM

Has just received, by the Wellington, from London, the Duke of Wellington, Waterloo, Kingston, and Thomas Henry, from Liverpool, and Isabella, from Port-Glasgow, a neat assortment of British Merchandize.

Among which are, HYSO, Souchong, and Congo Teas; Cognac Brandy; Geneva; Madeira (Port, Sherry, and Sicilian) Wines; Cheese; London Mould Candles; Soap; Loaf Sugar; Indigo; Bottled and Drat Porter; Paints and Oil; Stationary; a few superior Quills, &c. &c. &c.

Which are now opening, and will be sold unusually low, for Cash.

He begs leave to mention to his friends and customers, that the times have so wonderfully altered since last season, that prompt payments have become absolutely necessary; and at the same time returns his most grateful thanks for the very liberal patronage that he has received for many years.

Fredericton, 23th June, 1820.