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Shirley B. Ellis

THE NEW-BRUNSWICK ROYAL GAZETTE.

[Volume VI.]

TUESDAY, 6th FEBRUARY, 1821.

[Number 49.]

The Gazette.

By JOHN KEILLOR, Esquire, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the County of Westmorland :

To all whom it may concern Greeting :
NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of *Amasa Wheldon*, of Dorchester, in the County of Westmorland, and Province of New-Brunswick, Merchant, to me duly made, according to the form of the Act of the General Assembly in such case made and provided ; I have directed all the Estate as well real as personal, within the said County of Westmorland, of *John Jeffreys*, late of Dorchester, in said County, Innkeeper, (which said *John Jeffreys* has either departed from and without the limits of this Province, or is concealed within the same) to be seized and attached ; and that unless the said *John Jeffreys* do return and discharge his said debt or debts, within three months from the publication hereof, all the estate as well real as personal of the said *John Jeffreys*, within this County, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the Creditors of the said *John Jeffreys*.

Dated at Dorchester, the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty.

JOHN KEILLOR, J. C. P.

By the Honorable John Saunders, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature for the Province of New Brunswick.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of *William Sewell* of Fredericton, in the County of York, merchant ; *William Wilmot* of same place, merchant, and *William Wilmot* and *Samuel Peters* of same place, merchants and Co-partners in trade, to me duly made pursuant to the directions of the General Assembly in such case made and provided ; I have directed all the Estate, as well real as personal of *Morris Cooper*, otherwise called *Morris L. Cooper*, late of the Parish of Saint Mary's in the County aforesaid, yeoman, (which said *Morris* has either departed from and without the limits of the said Province, or is concealed within the same, with intent and design to defraud the said *William Sewell*, *William Wilmot*, and *William Wilmot* and *Samuel Peters*, and the other creditors of the said *Morris*, if any there be, of their just dues, or else to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of law as is alleged against him) to be seized and attached, and that unless the said *Morris* do return and discharge his said debts within three months from the publication hereof, all the Estate as well real as personal of the said *Morris*, within this Province will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the creditors of the said *Morris*.

Dated at Fredericton aforesaid the eighth day of May, in the year of our Lord, 1820.

JOHN SAUNDERS.

By RUFUS SMITH, Esquire, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the County of Westmorland, in the Province of New-Brunswick.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the application of *Thomas Roach*, of the County of Cumberland, and Province of Nova-Scotia, Esquire, to me duly made pursuant to the directions of the Act of the General Assembly of this Province in such case made and provided ; I have directed all the Estate as well real as personal, of *John Ryan*, late of Westmorland in the County of Westmorland and Province of New Brunswick, Blacksmith, (which *John Ryan*, has departed from, and is with-

out the limits of this Province, or concealed within the same, with intent and design to defraud the said *Thomas Roach*, and the other Creditors of the said *John Ryan*, if any there be, of their just dues, or else to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of law, as has been made appear to my satisfaction) to be seized and attached ; and that unless the said *John Ryan* do return and discharge his debt or debts within three months from the publication hereof, all the Estate real and personal of the said *John Ryan*, within this Province, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the Creditors of the said *John Ryan*.

Dated at Westmorland, the 21st of November, in the year of our Lord 1820.

RUFUS SMITH, J. C. P.

By the Hon. JOHN SAUNDERS, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature for the Province of New-Brunswick :

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of *Samuel Stephen*, late of Aberdeen, in North Britain, Merchant, but now of the City of St. John, in the Province of New-Brunswick, as well on behalf of himself as for and on the behalf of, and as the duly authorised and empowered Attorney for *William Clark*, of Aberdeen aforesaid, Ironmonger, to me duly made, pursuant to the directions of the Act of the General Assembly in such case made and provided : I have directed all the Estate as well real as personal, of *James Robson* and *Alexander Robson*, late of the City of Saint John aforesaid, Saddlers and Ironmongers, trading as Co-Partners, (which said *James Robson* and *Alexander Robson*, have either departed from and without the limits of the said Province, or are concealed within the same with intent and design to defraud the said *Samuel Stephen* and *William Clark*, and other Creditors of them the said *James* and *Alexander Robson*, if any there be, of their just dues, or else to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of Law, as is alleged against them) to be seized and attached : And that unless the said *James* and *Alexander Robson* do return and discharge their said debts, within three months from the publication hereof, all the Estate as well real as personal of the said *James* and *Alexander Robson*, within this Province, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the Creditors of the said *James* and *Alexander Robson*.

Dated at Fredericton, this twenty-ninth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty.

JOHN SAUNDERS.

G. F. STREET, Att'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that We the Subscribers, *John Johnston*, of St. Peters, in the Parish of Saumarac, in the County of Northumberland, and Province of New-Brunswick, Merchant, *Perry Dumaresq*, of the same place, Esquire, and *John Miller*, also of the same place, Merchant, have been duly appointed, by *Joseph Home*, Esquire, one of His Majesty's Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the County of Northumberland, as Trustees for all the Creditors of *Thomas Dodd*, late of the same place, Merchant, who has been proceeded against as an absconding Debtor, under the Act of the General Assembly of this Province, made and passed in the twenty-sixth year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intitled "An Act for Relief against absconding Debtors." We the Subscribers, therefore, by virtue of such our appointment, do hereby notify and require all persons indebted to the said *Thomas Dodd*, on or before the sixth day of February next, to pay all such sum or

sums of money, or other debt, duty, or thing, which he, she, or they owe to the said *Thomas Dodd*, and to deliver all other effects of the said *Thomas Dodd*, which he, she, or they may have in their hands, power, or custody, to us the said Trustees, or to any or either of us : And we the said Trustees do also hereby notify and require all the Creditors of the said *Thomas Dodd*, by or before the abovementioned day, to deliver to us the said Trustees, or any one or more of us, their respective accounts and demands against the said *Thomas Dodd*.

JOHN JOHNSTON.
P. DUMARESQ.

St. Peters, 23d Dec. 1820.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Her Majesty has returned the following gracious Answer to the Address from the Inhabitants of Ramsgate :—

"I have particular satisfaction in receiving this loyal and affectionate Address from the Inhabitants of Ramsgate.

"The victory they anticipated, has at length, been accomplished, by the abandonment of that unconstitutional Act by which it was sought to degrade me. The odium that was intended to degrade me has recoiled upon the heads of my oppressors ; the perjuries of infamous witnesses have not only been demonstrated by open inquiry, but have been acknowledged by those under whose authority they were suborned. The persecution of the Queen of England is perhaps the only one, in the history of criminal justice, in which the accusers have been compelled to make a sacrifice of every principle on whose testimony they rested their accusation.

"I am anxious to banish all painful feelings that such transactions are too well calculated to excite : but the zeal of my friends, and the disinterested attachment of the English People, will be engraven on my heart as long as life and memory remain."

Her Majesty returned the following gracious Answer to the Traders, Burgesses, and Inhabitants of the City of Edinburgh.

"I am unfeignedly obliged by the loyal and affectionate Address from the Merchants, Traders, Burgesses, and Inhabitants of the City of Edinburgh.

"My enemies could not fairly urge the plea of necessity for their late arbitrary and unconstitutional proceedings. The safety of the State was more in danger by the measures they pursued than it could have been by leaving me in the undisturbed enjoyment of my legal rights.

"In repelling the attack of injustice, I have avoided every thing that could give to any one a moment's unnecessary pain : I have had recourse to no assistance but the support of a free, honest, and enlightened people. To that generous people my warmest gratitude is justly due ; and I account it a particular happiness to me, as well as a mark of the righteousness of my cause, that it excited in the Scottish Nation an interest beyond what they had before been known to take in the public affairs."

Report says, that Hampton Court is to be assigned for her Majesty's residence, with—if the people will submit to it—an allowance of only twenty five thousand pounds a year!

MILAN COMMISSION.

The following statement has been lately given of the rise and progress of the Milan Commission :

1. In October, 1817, certain documents were transmitted from the Foreign Office (Lord Castlereagh's) which documents contained charges against the Queen, then Princess of Wales, and were the fruit of the labours of Count Munster, Lord Stewart, and a Hanoverian Agency.

2. A report having been made on these papers, the Milan Commission was established—The Lord Chancellor and the Earl of Liverpool confirming, if not selecting the appointment of the Commissioners. The commission was placed in the communication with the office of Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. The commission did not reach Milan till 1818, and all its reports were made known to the Earl of Liverpool as well as the Lord Chancellor ; it was not till June or July, 1819, that the Milan Commission made its final report, which was then referred to the Cabinet.

3. These are the known facts : no doubt some other correspondent will be able to give us positive information as to the nature of the instructions given to the Milan Commission, and whether they were actually signed by the Lord Chancellor and the Earl of Liverpool. Much imputation has been cast upon Mr. Vice-Chancellor Leach, but most unjustly, for it appears, from the above facts, that he was (though acting as Chancellor of the Duchy of Cornwall) only the Agent or Deputy of the Lord Chancellor of England.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 10.

His Majesty has issued a Decree, dated the 8th of this month, fixing the 1st of January, 1821, as the time at which the new system of weights and measures is to be adopted throughout the whole kingdom of the Netherlands. The introduction of these new measures, which are founded on the decimal system, will undoubtedly prove ultimately a very great benefit to all classes of citizens, though it may be attended at first with some inconvenience.

SPAIN.

The Spanish Cortes have voted 8000,000 rs. vs. for this year's expenses of their Navy, and 330,225,425 for those of the War Department. The Army is to be 54,129 men stronger exclusive of the 121 composing the 3 Swiss Regiments in the Spanish service.

They have also adopted a law project on Patents, the object of which is to secure to the Inventor, Improver, or introducer, of a new branch of industry, the right he has to his property, for the period and under the conditions expressed in the law.

And several more articles of the law project relative to the Liberty of the Press, chiefly enacting, that writers abuse this Liberty by publishing principles, or doctrines, subversive of the religion of the state, or of the Constitutional Monarchy, or calculated to excite rebellion, or to disturb the public tranquillity ; by directly urging their readers to disobey the law or legitimate Authorities ; by provoking them to such disobedience, by means of satires or invectives ; and, lastly, by libels against the private conduct of individuals, or derogatory from their honor and character. Libellers cannot avoid the punishment awarded by the law to this class of offenders by offering to prove the truth of their injurious imputations ; and the libelled have, besides, the right to prosecute the libellers for calumny before the competent tribunals. This, however, does not extend to writings pointing out, in becoming language, the errors of public Functionaries in the discharge of their duties, or denouncing offences or plots, against the state, if the writers prove the truth of their assertions or denunciations. The epithets, with which are to be branded the writings in which the Liberty of the press is abused in any of the ways mentioned as above, are determined by the law, such as *Subversive*, *Seditious*, &c. in the 1st, 2d, or 3d degree ; as also the penalties, fines, or confinement, (the longest term of which cannot exceed six years for the first offence) to be inflicted for those various offences. Writings against the Heads of Foreign Governments are included in all classes of seditious Libels. Printers are to be responsible, if the Authors being unknown, they do not enable

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