

ing places, and at the same time to provide ports of refuge for our own vessels, "The forts projected at Portsmouth and Portland," he remarks, "will secure to the Union these ports, important both to the commercial and naval interests of the country; they protect the sailing out and in of the ships destined to guard the coasting trade. The defence of these harbors by proper forts will enable the government to form, under their cover, victualling and repairing establishments, and thus convert these harbors into ports of refuge for the navy."

"The works projected at the mouths of the Kennebec, Sheepscot and Penobscot will secure the entrance of these rivers, protect the navy stationed on the coast to guard the coasting trade and afford asylums to our privateers and merchant vessels when chased, and safe points whence the privateers can keep watch upon, and act against the commerce of an enemy."

"The forts to be erected for the defence of Mount Desert bay will deprive an enemy of an important station whence he might menace and paralyze all the navigation of the coast of the state of Maine, and by which he would shorten the line of his operations against that of the coasts of New-Hampshire and Massachusetts. These forts will secure to the United States a position from which will result the following advantages:

"1st. A nearer and better point of departure for operations, in time of war, against the British establishments in New-Brunswick and Nova-Scotia, and against the commerce of these provinces.

"2d. The position will protect, as far as the local circumstances of the country will allow it, the eastern extremity of the maritime frontiers of the Union, being that nearest the possessions of another power.

"3d. It will secure a port of refuge for our navy and privateers in the vicinity of a much frequented cruising ground."

LONDON, APRIL 12.

The Marquis of Londonderry.—We regret to state that the death of this venerable and highly respected Peer, of which event an account was yesterday received express from Castle Stewart, in the county of Down where the noble Marquis breathed his last, on the 8th inst. in the 83d year of his age. He is succeeded in his titles by Lord Castlereagh, now Marquis of Londonderry; but these titles being all Irish, it is by an article of the Union at the option of their present possessor, (the Noble Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs), either to retain his seat in the House of Commons, or by vacating it, to qualify himself for becoming a Representative Peer of Ireland. His Lordship, it is said, will prefer the former.

A Ministerial paper gives the following as an extract of a letter from Paris, dated the 4th inst.—"The arrival of Count Nesselrode has put all Paris in an uproar. He comes with a proposal from the Emperor of Russia to suffer the passage of a Russian Army of 100,000 or 200,000, according to circumstances, through France to Spain, of which a certain number, some say 40,000, shall rest in France, and be replaced by an equal number of French troops, for the Spanish campaign."

Admiral Sir Richard G. Keates is appointed Governor of Greenwich Hospital, in the room of the late Sir John Colpoys; and Vice Admiral Sir G. Cockburn is appointed Major General of the Royal Marines, in the room of Sir R. Keates.

There has been a terrible disorder at the Stock Exchange amongst the jobbers. There has been no settling for the last month, and it is said that the difference to be paid will amount to about twenty millions.

This morning the trial of Messrs. Christie, Patmore, and Trail, for killing Mr Scott in a duel at Chalk Farm, came on at the Old Bailey. Mr. Patmore did not appear; the trial lasted several hours. On its conclusion the Jury retired; and, after deliberating half an hour, returned a verdict of *Not Guilty* in favour of Christie and Trail. It is reported, that Mr. Patmore intends to surrender himself, and take the benefit of the evidence of the two gentlemen who are required.

APRIL 14.

NAPOLEON.

Mr. Hume rose to move for an account of the expenses of the detention of Napoleon. If he were right to detain Napoleon at all, he would contend that in the present

financial difficulties of the country, he might be safely detained at one-tenth of the expense which at present attended his detention. He had in his possession an estimate of these expenses for the year 1819, and he was not aware of any reduction since.

The expenses of the Staff amounted to £24,000
The expenses of the Military Establishment, 193,674
The incidental expenses for the maintenance, &c. of Napoleon, 57,000
The expenses of the provision vessels, about 5,000
The expenses of the Navy, 150,000

The total expenses, £439,674
He moved accordingly.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer said a few words, and agreed to the motion.

The Queen's Courier was stopped last week at Lyons, on his way to Rome, and had all his despatches seized by the French police: his person was searched, and his letters were taken from him. A seal was put upon his bag, which was sent to Paris. The Courier was desirous of conveying the despatches to Paris, but was prevented, when he returned to England, and arrived at Brandenburg-house on Saturday night. Lord Hood wrote immediately to Lord Castlereagh, who replied that an instant communication should be made to the British Ambassador at Paris. Her Majesty has sent a person to Paris with the Courier, with instructions that every letter should be opened.

APRIL 17.

The British Government have offered a reward of £10,000 for the discovery of a North-West Passage to the Pacific Ocean. A great number of adventurers are starting for the prize.

The discovery ships for the North Seas, under the command of Captain Parry, were to sail from Deptford towards the last of April.

It is feared that the Catholic Bill will be rejected by the Lords. The debate upon the second reading was to be resumed on the 17th.

Lord Castlereagh, now Marquis of Londonderry, vacates his seat as a representative of the county of Down in the House of Commons. His Lordship it is said, will be immediately returned for the borough of Plympton.

Sale of the Government Ground in the Parish of Portland.

Will be Sold at Public Auction, by Messrs. CROOKSHANK & JOHNSTON, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of the 1st of June next:

ALL the PUBLIC GROUND, together with the Water Lots lately occupied for Military uses, excepting that on which Fort Howe stands and a portion adjacent.

The whole is laid out in Lots, — a plan of which may be seen by applying at the Office of the Assistant Commissary General, or at the Counting House of Messrs. Crookshank & Johnston.

Conditions of Sale as follows, viz. — Ten per cent to be paid at the time of Sale as a deposit, to be forfeited if the Purchaser retreats. Forty per cent more at the expiration of six months, and the remaining moiety at the end of eighteen months, without Interest.

The payments to be secured by joint Bonds of the Purchasers and two approved Sureties. Assistant Commissary General's Office, St. John, 24th April, 1821.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, grateful for the encouragement he has received since his commencement in business, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from the Store fronting the river, to his new house in Regent-Street, contiguous to the Market-House, and directly opposite the house of Mr. Samuel Peters, where he has on hand a general assortment of Goods, which he offers for sale at the lowest prices, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, Furs, or Country Produce, — and respectfully solicits the continuance of the custom of his friends and the public.

GEO. WOODS.

Frederickton, 1st May, 1821.

FOR Sale at Auction, on the 1st of July next, at the Market House in Frederickton, 150 Tons of white Pine Timber, in the rear of the Keswick Grant, being forfeited to his Majesty.

1st May, 1821.

NOTICE.

J. WOODD, Surgeon, continues to possess his Lodgings in York-Street. Advice given gratis to the Poor, every morning between the hours of 9 and 10.

8th May, 1821.

FREDERICTON, (N. B.)

29TH MAY, 1821.

(P. S. to the Gazette.)

The following Appointments have been made by His EXCELLENCY The LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, by and with the advice of His MAJESTY'S Council—viz:

Commissioner for Roads.

The Honourable Judge Bliss, for opening a new road from Oromocto to the Ne-repis.

Commissioners for placing Buoys and Beacons.

Thomas Ostle, Esquire, } Harbour of
William Bowser, } Buctouche.
Angus McIntosh, }
James M'Kean, } Harbour of
Thomas Powell, } Richibucto.
Benjamin M. Goldsmith, }

To be Trustees and Directors of the Grammar School to be established in the County of Westmorland.

William Botsford, Esquire,
Rev. Christopher Milner,
Samuel Gay,
John Keillor,
William Crane,
Edward Dixon, } Esquires.

Committee for recommending Emigrants, at Saint John.

James Ewing, Esquire.

Doubloons have risen in New York to 164 dollars, owing to the demand for the market at Havana and Cape Henry. This high price is therefore not expected to continue. It operates here in the meantime as a relief in forwarding remittances to the States. Drafts on Boston can be purchased in Halifax at par.—H. Recorder.

The English Mail for April, brought to Halifax in the Salisbury packet, in 27 days from Falmouth, arrived at the Post Office last evening. London dates are to the 17th.

DIED] On Thursday last, Mrs. CATHERINE ARNOLD, sincerely lamented by her family and numerous friends.

(Communicated.)

SHOCKING CATASTROPHE.

The Demon of misfortune seems to rage on our devoted country with ruthless hand. Though our river is the mart of extensive commerce, and consequently the scene of many a grievous accident, yet the awful visitation we have the painful task to relate, is we believe without a parallel in this our infant country.

On Saturday the fifth of May, as the Pilot Boat of JAMES, GEORGE, WILLIAM, and JOHN MACCULLUM, was lying at anchor in a heavy gale of wind off what is called the Black Land, some distance to the westward of Point Eskimiac, at about ten o'clock in the forenoon, as the gale raged with increasing violence, it was imperfectly observed to be got under weigh by the three sons of Mr HENRY MACCULLUM, Sen, namely GEORGE, WILLIAM, and JOHN, also a man of the name of LAWSON, in their employment, Pilots, and making (as we suppose) for the entrance of lower Bay-duvin, a sea struck the boat's counter and stove it literally to pieces. The unfortunate young men were seen on the boat's fore-castle with arms extended, seemingly determined to lay hold of the last expedient which offered the most distant ray of hope, namely swimming—but a tremendous sea drove them from their last retreat, and plunged them in the bosom of the angry element—after which they were seen no more.

The elder two of the unfortunate Brothers, were married, (GEORGE and WILLIAM) the Widow of the latter is in the last stage of pregnancy.

The most diligent search has been made for the bodies, but hitherto without effect.

THE PILOT'S GRAVE.

LOUD howl'd the winds with boding sound,
And angry roll'd the foaming wave,
The screaming sea-fowl circling round,
Seem'd conscious of the Pilot's Grave.

Their little bark, with daring prow,
Oh fearless stem'd the mantling wave,
But now the sullen sea-beach brow
Contains the lowly Pilot's Grave.

The future Sage on evening walk,
Where gently curls the limpid wave,
Shall pensive list the Rustic's talk
Of storms that mark'd the Pilot's Grave.

But ah! the Widow sad—forlorn!
The heaving breast—the frantic rave—
The orphan baby, yet unborn,
Shall drop a tear on "Father's Grave."

The hapless Mother, now no more
Shall Mother's joys or pleasures have,
But sighing trace the sea-beat shore
Which marks her much-lov'd offspring's grave.

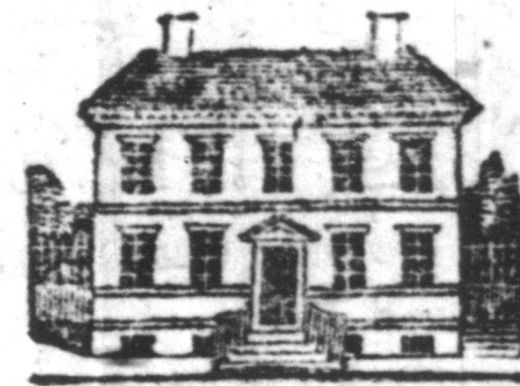
But Heaven shall soothe the suffering heart,
In frenzy wild no more to rave,
Religion's balm shall ease the smart
Inflicted by the Pilot's Grave.

J. R.

Miramichi, 18th May, 1821.

TO LET,

And possession given next Month,



THAT commodious House belonging to the Estate of the late Duncan M'Leod, deceased, at present occupied by Geo. P. Bliss, Esq. For further particulars apply to P. FRASER.

Frederickton, 28th May, 1821.

TO LET,

For one or two Years, and possession given immediately,

A PART of the property belonging to Mrs. JENKINS, consisting of an excellent Dwelling House and Barn, with a Garden and upwards of 20 acres of Land. For particulars apply to JOHN J. W. WINSLOW. Kingsclear, May 28, 1821.

FOR SALE,

LOTS No. 30 and 31, in the Parish of Kingsclear, containing in the whole 230 acres, under high cultivation, together with Stock, Farming Utensils, &c. JAMES BENNET. Kingsclear, 29th May, 1821.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be Sold at Public Auction, at the Market House in Frederickton, on Monday the 19th day of November next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon,

LOT No. 76, containing 500 acres, granted to William Whitlock, in the Grant to Stephen Jarvis and seventy others, in the Parish of Kingsclear.

The above property taken in execution from the said William Whitlock, will be struck off on the above day to the highest bidder, by

The SHERIFF of YORK.

19th May, 1821.

THE Co-Partnership of M'PHERSON & WILLOX, being this day dissolved by mutual consent: all persons having any demands against the said Firm, are requested to present their accounts for adjustment, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to JAMES WILLOX, who is duly authorized to receive the same.

JOHN M'PHERSON.
JAMES WILLOX.

Frederickton, 22d May, 1821.

THE Subscriber informs his Friends and the Publick, that having purchased the Stock in Trade of the late Firm of M'PHERSON & WILLOX, he intends carrying on the Saddle and Harness Making Business in all its various branches, at the Shop formerly occupied by the said Firm; and solicits a continuance of the Publick favour.

JAMES WILLOX.

Frederickton, 23d May, 1821.

Advertisements sent to me Royal Gazette for insertion, from those persons who do not reside in the Parish of Frederickton, must be accompanied by the CASH, otherwise they will not be attended to.

JUST received per the Ann Grant, from Greenock, an assortment of GOODS, which will be sold low for Cash.

Those persons indebted to the Subscriber to the 24th December last, (and who since have paid no part of the balances due at that time) are requested to settle their accounts without delay—And they will be pleased to take notice, that it will not be in his power to supply them with any more Goods, until their respective balances are fully discharged.

P. FRASER.

Frederickton, May 22, 1821.

NEW GOODS.

MARK NEEDHAM, has just received by the Ann Grant, from Clyde, a supply of GOODS suitable for the Season, which will be sold low for Cash:

ALSO,

A few Barrels PORK, on Consignment. * * Persons that have not paid their Accounts for Supplies, to 30th December last, he cannot extend Credit to, until those accounts are paid.

Frederickton, 22d May, 1821.