

Further to observe, that Major ALLEN ought to have taken it for granted, that a higher rank would have been bestowed on the Staff Officer appointed to inspect the Militia in this regard, had it been necessary.

No. 2.—The Commander in Chief has directed the Adjutant General of the Militia Forces, to be present at the General Musters of the Militia Corps in the present year, to inspect them according to the customs of the Service, and to report as to their state, &c. &c.

By command of the Commander in Chief,  
**GEO. SHORE, Adjutant General Militia Forces.**

Frederickton, 27th May, 1822.

#### MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

The Commander in Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz.

1st Batt. Charlotte County Militia.  
Captain H. Harb, to be ad Major.  
To be Captains.  
Lieutenant J. Strang, of the Artillery, vice Hatch promoted.  
Lieutenant W H Mowat,  
William Garnett, vice D. W. Jack, who retires with his rank.  
Quarter Master Robert Mowat, to a new Company.

To be Lieutenants.  
Ensign Samuel M'Farlane,  
James Campbell, Gent.  
Edward M'Master, do.  
To be Ensigns.  
Hugh M'Callum, Gent.  
Lauchlan Cameron, ditto, vice M'Farlane promoted.

William Whitlock, do.  
George Walton, do.  
Benjamin M. Stymist, do.  
James Barber, Esq. to be Quarter Master.  
His Excellency accepts the resignation of Capt. D. W. Jack, who retires with his rank.  
ad Batt. Charlotte County Militia.

To be Captains.  
Joseph Clarke, Lieut. H. P. 76th Regt to be Adjutant, with the rank of Captain, vice Campbell retired.  
Lieutenant John M'Neal, to a new Company.  
" Hugh M'Leod, vice Campbell retired.  
" Angus M'Kenzie, Esq. vice J. W. Wilson retired.

Henry Sealy, to be Captain of a Rifle Company.  
To be Lieutenants.  
Thomas Nicholson, from the St. John Militia, to the Rifle Company  
Ensign Daniel Leeman, to a new Company.  
" Josiah Haney, vice M'Neal promoted.  
" Gideon Justison, vice M'Leod, do.  
" James Pratt, vice Sealy, do.

To be Ensigns.  
William Flaherty, Gent to the Rifle Company.  
James E. Hatheway, do.  
John Appleby, do.  
Edward C. Warrington, do.  
Peter Clinch, do.  
James Drake, to be Acting Quarter Master to the Division at Grand Manan.

1st Batt. King's County.  
To be Captains.  
M'Leod, Esquire, H. P. Royal Navy.  
Joseph Dickson, Jun.  
John Prince, Jun.  
Philip Dann,  
Stephen Crawford,  
Abraham Bulyca,  
William Harding,  
Justus Wetmore.

To be Lieutenants.  
James Brittain,  
Ezekiel Flewelling,  
William J. Flewelling,  
Jeremiah Townsend,  
Jeremiah Maybe, Jun.  
Thomas Bostwick,  
Caleb Flewelling,  
Daniel Peetman,  
Zebulon Jones.

To be Ensigns.  
William Dickson,  
Joseph Flewelling,  
Abraham Prince,  
Peter M'Kenzie,  
Samuel Gorum,  
Anderson Worden,  
Thomas Flewelling,  
John Smith,  
Philip Nase.

3d Batt. York County Militia.  
Capt. J. M'Lauchlan, to be Adjutant

A return of Vessels entered inwards at the Naval Office, between 18th and 25th May, 1822.

May 18.—Eliza, Dudne, Jamaica, 46—8 puns, rum, and 6 hhd's sugar.  
20.—Cornelia, Reed, New-York, 10—431 bbls flour, 75 do. rye do. 30 do Indian meal, 20 do bread, 1 tierce rice, 2 bbls beans, 4 casks grass seed, and 1 bail of moss—2 passengers.

—Eagle, Pratt, Plymouth, 42—ballast—23 passengers  
—Hannah More, Kenn, Boston, 2—ballast.  
21.—Betsey, Hurter, London, 30—do.  
—Robert, Baxter, Jamaica, 25—do.—Passenger, Mr. Alderman  
—Alexande, Hilland, Maryport, 42—do. 9 passengers

22.—Conquest, Sinclair, Bluehill, 3—63 M. ft. boards.  
—Hannah, Mason, Eastport—4 M. staves—Passenger, Mr. Moss.  
24.—Marian, Fenwick, Newcastle 59—ballast  
—Castlereagh, Garrison, Boston, 2—ballast—6 Passengers

25.—Frison, Sinclair, Greenock, 42—ballast.  
—Mars, Milbourn, Newcastle, 47—do.  
—Cumberland, Coats, do. 57—do  
—Clear Air, M'Kenzie, Jamaica, 26—5 punt tom. 8 casks sugar.

The English Agent, arrived at the Post Office here, late last evening. The London dates by the mail are to the 16th of that month.

The two Bills introduced into the House of Commons by the President of the Board of Trade, to remove the restrictions under which the Colonial Trade has laboured, were likely to pass through Parliament without opposition.

War between the Russians and Turks appears to be very probable. The following is the latest intelligence on that head:

LONDON, APRIL 16.  
Advices have been received from Constantinople of the 11. After the arrival of a message from Vienna, the mediating Powers Great Britain and Austria, presented through their Ambassadors, another Note to the Divan on the 10th March, in which the evacuation of Moldavia and Wallachia by the Turkish troops was again earnestly pressed. It was not known what answer would be returned by the Porte. None had been received when the advices were sent off on the 11th.

DIED] In the Parish of Maugerville, on Friday evening last, after a long illness, Mr. DAVID INGLIS.

#### Thoughts concerning Education. (Continued.)

Another thing that is of great advantage to every one's health, but especially childrens, to be much in the open air, and as little as may be by the fire, even in winter. By this he will accustom himself also to heat and cold, shine and rain; all which, if a man's body will not endure, it will serve him to very little purpose in this world; and when he is grown up, it is too late to begin to use him to it. It must be got early, and by degrees. Thus the body may be brought to bear almost any thing. If I should advise him to play in the wind and the sun without a hat, I doubt whether it could be borne. There would a thousand objections be made against it, which at last would amount to no more, in truth, than being sunburnt. And if my young master be to be kept always in the shade, and never expos'd to the sun and wind for fear of his complexion, it may be a good way to make him a beau, be not a man. And altho' greater regard be to be had to beauty in the daughters, yet I will take the liberty to say, that the more they are in the air, without prejudice to their faces, the stronger and healthier they will be; and the nearer they come to the hardships of their brothers in their education, the greater advantage will they receive from it all the remaining part of their lives.

Playing in the open air has but one danger, that when he is hot with running, he sit or lie down on the moist earth. This and drinking cold drink, when they are hot with labour or exercise, brings more people to the grave, or to the brink of it, by fevers, and others diseases, than any thing I know. These mischiefs are easily prevented whilst he is little, if during his childhood, he be constantly and rigorously kept from sitting on the ground, or drinking any cold liquor whilst he is hot, the custom of forbearing, grown into habit, will help to preserve him, when he is no longer under his maid's or tutor's eye. This is all I think can be done in the case: As years increase, liberty must come with them; and in as many things he must be trusted to his own conduct, there cannot always be a guard upon him, except what you have put into his own mind by good principles, and establish'd habits, which is the best and surest.

One thing the mention of the girls brings into my mind, and that is, that your son's debts be never made strait, especially about the breast. Let nature have scope to fashion the body as she thinks best. She works of herself a great deal better and exacter than we can direct her. And if women were themselves to frame the bodies of their children in their wombs, as they often endeavour to mend their shapes when they are out, we should as certainly have no perfect children born, as we have few well-shap'd that are strait laced, or much tamper'd with. This consideration should keep busy people from meddling in a matter they understand not; and they should be afraid to put nature out of her way in fashioning the parts, when they know not how the least and truest is made. And yet I have seen so many instances of children receiving great harm from strait-lacing, that I cannot but conclude there are other creatures as well as monkeys, who, little wiser than they, destroy their young ones by senseless fondness, and too much embracing.

THE Business at present carried on by the Subscribers, will shortly terminate: They therefore request that all accounts with them may be speedily closed.  
**CAMERONS & BROWNSWORD.**  
Frederickton, 28th May, 1822.

## REMOVAL.

JOHN R. M'PHERSON, respectfully informs the Public, that he has removed to the House of Mr. NIVERS, in Regent Street, where he has on hand a good stock of Saddlery and Harness, which he will dispose of cheap for Cash.  
Old Saddles, &c. repaired on the shortest notice.  
Day & Martins' Blacking for Sale.  
Frederickton, 14th May, 1822.

## WM. H. GREER,

TAILOR,  
RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends, and the Public in general, that he has commenced business in the House of Mr. C. ACKERMAN, immediately adjoining Mr. AVERY'S Hotel, where all orders from the Town or Country will be executed with neatness and dispatch.  
Frederickton, 27th May, 1822.

## LOST,

BY the Subscriber, on Saturday last, between J. BEDELL'S, Esquire, and Mr. J. INGRAHAM'S, a red Morocco POCKET BOOK, containing several notes of hand, and various other papers.  
A Reward of Twenty Shillings will be given to any person returning the same.  
**THOMAS LANDERS.**  
Frederickton, 27th May, 1822.

## C. P. SMILER,

PAINTER, GILDER, AND GLAZIER,  
RESPECTFULLY informs the Inhabitants of Frederickton, that he has taken a shop in Carleton-Street, directly opposite the Jerusalem Coffee-House, where he intends carrying on the above business, and hopes by strict attention to merit a share of Public patronage.  
N. B. Rooms Papered in the neatest manner.  
Frederickton, 21st May, 1822.

## COLLEGE RENTS.

THE Lessees and Occupants of College Lands are requested to pay their Rents at the office of **GEO. P. BLISS.**

IF being the intention of the Subscriber to leave this place, for England, in July next, he therefore requests all persons indebted to him to make immediate payment; and those having accounts against him, to render them for adjustment.  
**STEPHEN WHITE.**  
Frederickton, 8th April, 1822.

## TO LEASE.

Possession given the first day of June next, THAT well known HOUSE and LOT, belonging to the Widow BLAIR, at present occupied by **GEORGE FREDERICK STREET, Esq.** For particulars enquire of  
**JOHN M. BLAIR.**  
23d April, 1822.

FOR Sale, at Auction, on the first day of June next, on the premises, between the hours of eleven and one, two Building Lots on Brunswick-Street, fronting the College Square. Terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale.  
**ROBT. TURNER.**  
Frederickton, 7th May, 1822.

THE Subscriber wishing to close his Lumber concerns for the season, requests his customers to forward their Timber as soon as possible; prompt payments will be made for balances, in British and West-India goods, Building Materials, Farming Utensils, Provisions and Cash.

WANTED.  
A few Sticks of round White Ash, from one foot diameter and upwards.  
**P. FISHER.**  
Frederickton, 14th May, 1822.

## LOOK SHARP!

THE Subscriber having taken most of the debts due E. B. WILLIAMS, to collect, requests all debtors to call and liquidate their accounts without delay; good lumber will be taken in payment if delivered soon. The honest man need not fear to call. Every allowance will be made for the depression of the market, and the greatest lenity shewn to those who exert themselves to discharge their debts, while those who endeavour to protract or evade payment by secretly disposing of their lumber, shuffling or deceit, must Look Sharp.  
**P. FISHER.**

As Notes have been taken for most of the above debts, no further notice will be given.  
Frederickton, 14th May, 1822.

## POST OFFICE NOTICE.

THE will be sent to and from Saint John, by the land route and Steam Boat, as usual.  
7th May, 1822.

## THE CHURCHMAN'S PROFESSION OF HIS FAITH AND PRACTICE.

(Continued from the Gazette 14th inst.)

By briefly pointing out the difference between the Church of Rome and us, in some of these articles, it will easily be discovered on which side the greatest safety lies, and whether we are not sufficiently secure in our belief, without extending our faith to theirs. They confets, with us, that the Scriptures are infallible, and a sure guide to direct us in the way of salvation; but we can never believe as they do, that the Pope is so, or any Council or Assembly, however general, of men not inspired by the Holy Ghost. We acknowledge and receive the ancient creeds of the Church, and very properly make use of some of them as a part of our divine service, because the truths they contain are plainly declared in the Holy Scriptures; but to these the Church of Rome has added, by its own pretended infallible authority, a creed so modern as that of Pope Pius IV. promulgated by the Council of Trent, in the 16th century, and containing a number of articles as destitute of any foundation in Scripture, as they are opposed by the concurrent testimony and usage of the whole truly primitive Church. So then whether they or we are distinguished by the safe faith, I think, may easily be determined.

The same conclusion may be drawn with regard to Worship, another important branch of our Christian duty. To worship God, they say with us, is safe and profitable piety; but to worship images, as they do, we say, is damnable idolatry: ours, therefore, is surely the safer way of worshipping. To pray to God in Christ's name, and make use of his powerful intercession for us, both they and we acknowledge to be sound and acceptable devotion; but to call on Saints or Angels for help, or employ them as mediators with God, according to their practice, we say, is gross and unwarrantable superstition: so ours is certainly the safer way of praying. In the Sacrament of the Eucharist, both they and we believe a commemorative oblation of the elements; but a propitiatory sacrifice, as they believe it, we utterly disclaim; and a corporeal presence, or what they call Transubstantiation, we justly reject: the cup of blessing, as a part of the institution, is acknowledged by both; but a power of depriving the laity of that blessing, and the practice of the Romish Church, as founded on that pretended power, we must ever renounce and abhor: ours, therefore, is the safer way of receiving this Holy Sacrament. To perform divine service in a known tongue, as we do they will not say is sinful; but to worship God, as they often do, in an unknown tongue, we say, is contrary to Scripture, and totally inconsistent with the design of all such religious service: so it must be safer to join in our worship and prayers than in theirs.

In all these respects, the advantage evidently lies on our side; and, while we thus believe and worship, as the Scriptures of Truth direct, we are certainly members of the Catholic, though not of the Romish, Church. Where'er the Word of God is received in its original purity, and his Sacraments administered according to their divine institution, and, of course, by a ministry duly commissioned for the purpose, we may there look for the regular means of salvation which Christ himself appointed, and shall be sure to find a part of that Church, which he hath thus blessed with the means of grace and with the hope of glory. In the sanctified use and proper improvement of these blessed means of divine appointment, lies the true Christian way to heaven and happiness; and, as many as walk according to this rule, I shall ever pray with the Apostle, "Peace be on them, and mercy, and upon the Israel of God." (Gal. vi. 16.)

## CAUTION.

ALL Persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a Note of Hand, drawn by William Kent, in favor of John Kelly, (a Soldier in the 74th Regiment) for Seven Pounds. Note dated on or about the 6th of July, 1821, as said Note has been paid by the Subscriber, and the said John Kelly refuses to give it up.  
**WILLIAM KENT.**  
Frederickton, 16th April, 1822.

## NOTICE.

**GEORGE BAIN, Whitesmith,** has removed to that house belonging to Capt. Kenah, East side of York Street, where any orders in his line will be punctually attended to.  
Frederickton, 7th May, 1822.