18TH FEBRUARY, 1822.

His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, having this day met the General Assembly of this Province, was pleased to open the Session by the following Speech to both Houses:

Gentlemen of the Council,

"Ide nuffed as we are with the Mother Country, in every thing which concerns either her honour or her interests, the enthusiasm of joy with which His Majesty has been greeted by all ranks of his Irish

has been greeted by all ranks of his Irish and German Subjects, upon his late visits to them, car mot fail to give Us, His loyal Subjects in this Province, the most sincere plea-

"It is also highly satisfactory to observe, that the cloud which hung so heavily over the Mother Country at the close of the late war, has been in a great measure dispelled, and that we have now well grounded hopes, if blessed with the continuance of peace, that she will again reach her usual height of pros-

perity and importance.

sure.

"It is most gratifying to me to be able to state to you, that this Province continues progressively to increase in its population and general presperity; at the same time it is incumbent on me to point out, that your usual aid and encouragement to the several Institutions connected with its welfare, will be necessary; and particularly to recommend, as a matter of serious consideration, to devise some plan for the more prompt payment of the public creditor, for the want of which I have been unable to put in execution many important services for which you had provided:

of the British Laws, which is observable in almost all our Provincial Acis, I feel confident that I shall not be disappointed in recommending to your most indulgent attention, the situation of one class of confined Debtors; and further, that you will see it expedient to visit the state of our Prisons, and provide for the removal of any legal impediment that may exist, by which the Prisoners are deprived of the use of Gaol Yards.

"I shall order the public accounts, and all other papers that may be deemed requisite for your information, to be laid before you; and I am happy to state, that the Revenue of the last year has not fallen short of the preceding one, and, when collected, will be

I have to recommend to your early attention, the making provision for the ordinary services of the Province; and I shall from time to time during the Session, bring under your consideration such others as may appear to me to be necessary.

Gentlemen of the Council, and Gentlemen of the Assembly,

After the close of the last Session of the Assemble F commissioned an Officer, with adequate powers, to inspect and report on the state of the Militia in the different Counties, giving him the necessary instructions.

This service he has performed to my entire satisfaction; and copies of his report shall be laid before you, by which the importance of his duties and the necessity of this service being continued, will evidently appear.

GEORGE STRAGEY SMYTH, Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.

The Humble Address of the House of

May it please your Excellency,

est in whatever concerns the honor and the prosperity of the Mother Country, the enthusiastic joy with which our most Gracious Sovereign was hailed by his Irish and German Subjects, in his late visits to them, cannot but afford the highest gratification to His Majesty's Loyal Subjects in this Province.

Another source of unfeigned pleasure is, that the gloom which hung over the Parent State, has been in a great measure dispelled, and that we have so good reason to hope that a continuance of the blessings of Peace, will ensure to her that distinguished pre-eminence which she has long hald among the nations of the world.

the progressive increase of the population, and prosperity of this Province; and we beg leave to assure your Excellency, that the several Institutions connected with its welfare, shall meet with our unremitted attention. We regret that your Excellency has not been able to execute many important services which had been provided for; we are convinced of the necessity of promptly paying the public creditor, and the most serious consideration will be given to this subject, with a view to prevent a recurrence of like inconveniences.

We trust that we shall ever keep in view the principles of the British Constitution and Laws, which have been matured by the wisdom of our Ancestors, and are justly admired by surrounding Nations. Guided by those principles, (in which mercy and sound policy are happily united) we shall enquire into the state of our Prisons, attentively consider the situation of confined Debtors, and adopt such measures to improve the former and relieve the latter, as a due adherence to those principles may sanction.

"We thank your Excellency for ordering the public accounts, with all the requisite papers, to be laid before us, and we are bappy to learn that the Revenue of the last year is not less than that of the preceding one, and that it will be equal to meet every

demand.

"Our early consideration shall be given to the making suitable provision for the ordinary services of the Province, and the communications which your Excellency may be pleased from time to time to make to us, will receive particular attention.

"We are fully aware of the importance of a well regulated Militia, the constitutional defence of our country. The report of the Inspecting Officer, will, we trust, show the importance of his services, and the propriety of continuing them."

To which His Excellency was pleased to return the following answer:

"Gentlemen,---I thank you for this Address, and anticipate the best results from your continued endeavors to increase the prosperity of the Province."

The following Address was delivered to The Fredericton Philomathean Society, formerly (The Society of Small Talkers, by the President, upon his re-entering upon the duties of his office, and is now published at the unanimous request of its Members.

A. Lockwood, Jun. Sec. and Treas.

Gentlemen Fellow Members.

By the majority of your suffrages, I am allowed the honour of continuing in the administration of the government of this Society. Language is inadequate to express the deep sense of my unworthiness of the exalted situation in which your generosity has placed me. Well aware, as I am, of my own insufficiency to the discharge of a duty so arduous and important—conscious, as I am, of lacking that judgment and forbearance, so indispensably requisite in the person and character of your President—I cannot but regret that the lot had not fallen upon one better qualified than I am—upon one who from age and experience must have attained that indoment and forbearance, which my vanishfulness and inexperience can hardly be presumed to have acquired for me.

It is with mingled emotions of joy and sorrow I now animadvert to the present state of our Institution; Of joy, because of the expectation that those dangers and difficulties which have for a season, like a cloud overshadowed us, are past, and the sunshine of prosperity returned to re-ammate our hopes, and to resuscitate in us that ambition which was once the boasted characteristick of this truly laudable Institution: Of sorrow, because I have already witnessed the prefude of an attack, the most serious and alarming in its nature—an attack that professes for its sole object the undermining of the very ground work, and feeding upon the vitals of an Institution, whose views are as elevated as its pursuits are emobling. When we see individuals among us studying how they may effect a change in regulations, that time and experience have confirmed as salutary and beneficial when we see them striving how they may divert the attention of their fellows, from pursuits that are dignified and noble - pursuits that have already been productive of the happiest results; and directing them to pursuits altogether theoretical and impracticable—we cannot but most deeply lament that such a spirit should be found among us, and most fearfully anticipate the effect, which such a cause is calculated so produce.

Trusting, however, that time will have wrought a change of scritiment, and more mature deliberation overruled whatever may have been the result of an immature, certainly injudicious, resolution, I will relieve your minds and my own, from the further contemplation, at this time, of a subject so awfully discressing.

Allow me then, Gentlemen, to present to you my most grateful acknowledgments for the repeated manifestations of your favour, and to express to you the hope I cherish, that that unanimity and friendship which should ever be the leading principle among us, will continue to be the distinguishing tharacteristick of this Society; and to assure you of the happiness it will afford me, in ever meeting you in your wishes, and in contributing my mite to the advancement of you

London dues to the 1st Dec.—The King of France was reported to be dead, and that in consequence the French Funds had immediately suffered a depression of five percent. Lima, the Capital of Peru had surfendered to the army of General San Martin. Several Conties in Ireland are said to be in a state of disturbance. The following Ministerial changes it is said have been agreed on the

The Marquis Wellesley to be Secretary for the Hime Department. Lord Sidmouth to the Private Seal, Lord Westmorland quits the Cabiner, and is to be Lord Chamberlands Mr. Canning is to be first Lord of the Admiralty; and Lord Melville, to be Governor General of India. The Marquis of Buckingham to be Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. Mr. Huskisson to be first Commissioner of the India Board, and is to have a seat in the Cabiner. Mr. S. Bourne is to succeed Mr. Croker at the Admiralty.

A motion was made in the Provincial Parliament of Lower Canada to resolve, "That a permanent provision be made for the support of the Civil Government of that Province, and of the honor and dignity of the Crown, during the life of his present most gracious Majesty."

A long debate ensued, in which most able arguments were given both in support of and against the motion, and after some time the question being put, it passed in the negative. Weas 5, Nays 31.

Mr. Printer,

I am a plain Man, things in my view, do not go right, I cannot see it and be silent, I must speak freely, for I am a plain Man, and can see plain. We might and should have had, a full representation, in the House of Assembly (now sitting,) if proper steps had been taken; now the Electors of York learn, that the Poll will not be opened until after the sitting of the ensuing Supreme Court, by which time I should hope the House ought to be about rising in order to save as much of the public Money as possible which I trust the House in their wisdom will most certainly consider, particularly as they have been very recently admonished to consider their ways. Another plain (tho' serious matter.) Mr. Printer I wish to observe, as it is an old Proverb, that law makers should not be law breakers, this principle should be most strictly instilled in the minds of the rising youth around us, who may some day fill their seats; why then Mr Printer, why do we see characters in worldly situations sitting in the Forum one day, in madly litigious debate and the next entering the Holy House of Gode exorting the very persons they may be in warm argument with the next, to Godliness, meekness, and contentment of mind; I am but a plain Man Mr Printer but I conceit I know enough to assert these things are not right --- they are not now legal and any person may see it if they will look at the late law of the Province which was sent six thousand miles, to be approved of, and ratified by our most gracious and beloved Sovereign King George the Fourth; I am Mr. Printer, very kindly a SACERDOTAL OBSERVER

Mre Printer,

I am sorry to learn that that busy body refered to in your last, still keeps up his old trade:—as I am informed he has reported, that Mr. Slason was the man (at this momentuous Electionering crises,) that did advance upwards of sixty pounds in cash, to rescue a certain person in the County of York from impending ruin, which report I am bold to assert has no truth for its foundation, let credit be given where credit is due.

AN ELECTUR.

February 9, 1822.

SAINT JOHN, FEBRUARY 2.

MARRIED] On Wednesday evening, by the Rev. Dr. Burns, Mr. Magnus Sabiston, to Margaret, eldest daughter of Mr. James Shand, all of this City.

Rev. R. WILLIS, Mr. MICHAEL FITZ GERALD, to Miss Mary Anthony, only daughter of Mr. John Anthony, of New-York.

This Morning, in Trinity Church, by the Rev. R. WILLIS, Mr. PAUL PRINCE, to Mrs. ANN WHINNERAIL, all of this City.

Charlotte, on the 17th ult. Mr. James J. Ackerley, of this City, to Miss Susan Libby, of the former place.

DIED] At St. Andrews, on the 21st ult. after a long and distressing illness which she bore with exemplary fortitude, Mrs. Ann Mikenzie, aged 55 years.

HE Subscriber has no intention of removing to St. John by some busy by

SPECIAL General
Emigrant Society, is h
the Society Office at 10 o'Clc
the 18th inst. by direction of the
A, LOCKW

Visiters for the present month

Messrs. Slason & Ring. Emigrant Society Office, Feb. 12, 1

NOTICE.

York, having received His Majesty
Writ for the Election of a Person
duly qualified to represent the said County
in the General. Assembly, in the room of
STAIR AGNEW, Esq. deceased, does in
obedience thereto, hereby proclaim and give
Notice, that the said Election will take place
at the County Court House in Fredericton, on Monday the 25th inst. at 12 o'clock
at noon, there to continue and be kept open,
without any removal of the Poll, from day to
day at the Law directs, until the said Election shall be finished:—Whereof all Persons
concerned will take due notice.

Further and more particular Notice is hereby given, to persons residing in the upper part of the County, that the Poll will not, on any account, be carried up the River, as on former Elections.

E. W. MILLER, Sheriff.

Fredericion, 9th Feb. 1822.
SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be Sold at the Market-House, on Tuesday the 26th day of March next,

HE Upper half of Lot No. 79, and the whole of Lot No. 80, in the Parish of Queensbury—taken from Nath. Tredwell.

known and distinguished in the block granted to the disbanded soldiers of the late 42d Regiment, as Lots No 62 63 and 64 and part of Lot No. 61, taken by Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province, at the suit of Xenophon Jouett.

By the SHERIFF of YORK. Fredericton, 11th Feb. 1822.

FOR SALE

HOUSE, the properity of FRANcis Kithourne, on Lot No. 29, joining the Wind-Mill, leased from the Church.---The payment will be made easy.---For particulars apply to IEDEDIAH SLASON.

Fredericton, 12th Feb. 1822.

NOTICE.

HIS is to forbid all persons purchasing a Note of Hand drawn by the Subscriber, in favour of John MacCarty, for twenty eight tons of White Pine Timber, as said note has been paid.

Miramichi, 7th Feb. 1822. 3wp.

On the 1st day of May next, will be offered for sale at Auction,

OT No. 30 in King-Street, with the A buildings thereon, the property of the Subscribers. The terms of payment and known on the day of Sale.

DAVID MITCHELL.
JOHN MITCHELL.

Notice for a Contract.

Parish of Fredericton, being desirous of building a Poor House upon the hill in the rear of the Town, and not knowing whether one of Stone, Brick, or Wood, could be erected at the least expense, request proposals to be sent to them, or either of them, under seal, for each. The building proposed, to be two stories high, and contain at least ten rooms, including the ground story, and that built strong to answer the purpose of a Work House. The Contractors to furnish every material, and to finish it agreeably to a plan to be seen at Mr. James Berton's.

Payments 100 L per annum. Fredericton, 28th Jan. 1822.

JOHN SEGEE, of Maryland, to settle all his business; those indebted to him, are hereby requested to make impediate payment; and those having