

THE NEW-BRUNSWICK ROYAL GAZETTE.

[Volume XI.]

TUESDAY, 23d NOVEMBER, 1824.

[Number 39.]

The Gazette.

By His Excellency Major General Sir HOWARD DOUGLAS, Bart. (L. S.) Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c. HOWARD DOUGLAS.

A Proclamation.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of this Province, stands prorogued to Wednesday the first day of December next, I have thought fit further to prorogue the said General Assembly, and the same is hereby prorogued to Tuesday the first day of February next ensuing—then to meet at Fredericton, for the dispatch of business.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, the twelfth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty four, and in the fifth year of His Majesty's Reign.

By His Excellency's Command.
W. M. F. ODELL.

NOTICE.

For the Information of those who may have Business to transact with The Lieutenant-Governor; His Excellency has appointed Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, in each week, as the days on which, from ten to one o'clock, he will be prepared to attend to the common routine of Business.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

Fredericton, 13th August, 1824.

HIS Majesty having directed returns to be forthwith made of the general Establishment of the Government of this Province, arranged according to Departments, and including every Individual employed therein, with all the particulars specified in the annexed Schedule, and also a return under similar heads of those public officers who may not be attached to any particular department: all Persons concerned are hereby required in obedience to His Majesty's commands, to forward immediately to this office their respective reports, agreeably to the form prescribed.

By order of His Honor the President.

Return to express in separate columns the following particulars.

- Name, and designation of Office.
- Office.
- Date of appointment.
- By whom appointed and under what Instrument.
- Whether Office executed by Principal or by Deputy; if by Deputy his name.
- Annual salary in sterling and Currency, with rate of Exchange.
- Fees during the year which has expired, in currency and sterling value.
- Net amount received by Principal and by Deputy, in currency and sterling.
- Whether Principal or Deputy be allowed a House for personal residence, or what allowance, if any, for House rent or Quarters.
- Whether Office be held by Principal in conjunction with any and what other Civil, Military or Naval office or appointment or Piece of Profit, in any Colony or on the establishment of the United Kingdom. If the office be held by a Military or Naval Officer whether upon full or half Military or Naval pay, the total amount of pay and allowances of every kind actually received by him in addition to the Profits of his Office.
- Periods during which the officer has been absent on leave from the Colony.
- Whether the Principal or his Deputy enjoy any and what other advantage or profit, not required to be stated in the preceding columns.
- Remarks in explanation of the duties of the office and of such subjects as require elucidation.

By the Honorable JOHN MURRAY BLISS, Esquire, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature for the Province of New-Brunswick.

To all whom it may concern: Greeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that upon the application of James Frasers of the City of Saint John, Merchant, to me duly made according to the form of the Acts of Assembly in such case made and provided, I have directed all the estate as well real as personal within this Province, of Joseph Kenah, late of Fredericton, in the County of York, in the said Province, Esquire, (who is some Joseph Kenah departed from without the limits of the Province upwards of eighteen months ago, and has not resided within the same for any time during the last six months, and is indebted to the said James Frasers, in one thousand eight hundred Pounds and upwards, over and above all Discounts) to be seized and attached; and that unless the said Joseph Kenah, do return and discharge his said debt and all other his just dues within six months from the publication hereof, all the estate as well real as personal of the said Joseph Kenah, within this Province, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the Creditors of the said Joseph Kenah.

Dated at the City of Saint John, this twenty-second day of September, one thousand eight hundred and twenty four.

J. M. BLISS.

R. PARKER, Attorney.

By THOMAS WYER, Esquire, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the County of Charlotte, in the Province of New-Brunswick.

To all whom it may concern, Greeting:

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of John Carrick, of the Parish of Saint George, in the County and Province aforesaid, to me duly made according to the form of the Act of the Assembly in such case made and provided, I have directed all the Estate as well real as personal within this Province, of Samuel Ray, late of the Parish of Saint George, (which said Samuel Ray is departed from and without the limits of this Province, with intent and design to defraud the said John Carrick and the other Creditors of the said Samuel Ray, if any there be, of their just dues, or else to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of the Law as it is alleged against him, to be seized and attached; and that unless the said Samuel Ray do return and discharge his said debt or debts within three months from the publication hereof, all the estate as well real as personal of the said Samuel Ray, within this Province, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the Creditors of the said Samuel Ray.

Dated at Saint Andrews, this fourth day of September, 1824.

THOMAS WYER, J. C. P.
JAS. BARBER, Atty.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, 23d July, 1824.
In Chancery.
Between Mallory Raymond, Complainant, and Richard Carlow, & James Carlow, Defendants.

FORASMUCH as the Court was this day informed by Mr. Wainwright, of Council for the Complainant, that the Bill in this cause was filed on the 15th day of April last, as by the Certificate of their Clerk in Court appears, and process of Subpoena taken out against the said Defendants, but that the said Defendants now reside without the limits of this Province, or do otherwise abscond to avoid being served with such Process, as by affidavit appears: And the said Certificate and affidavit being read, and the truth of the aforesaid allegation being made out to the satisfaction of the Court, It is ordered that the said Defendants do appear and answer to the Complainant's bill, on or before the third Tuesday in February next.

By the Court.
D. LUDLOW ROBINSON, Regi. trans.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That We, the subscribers having been duly appointed Trustees of all the Creditors of James Develin, late of the Parish of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, Carpenter, an absconding Debtor, and have been duly sworn to the faithful execution of the said trust, pursuant to the directions of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided: And we do hereby require all persons indebted to the said James Develin on or before the Twenty-eighth day of October next, ensuing the date hereof, to pay to us, or some, or one of us, all such sum of sums of money, or other debt, duty or thing which they owe to the said James Develin, and to deliver all other effects of the said James Develin, which they, or either, or any of them may have in his, her, or their hands, power or custody, to us, or some, or one of us aforesaid: And we do desire all the Creditors of the said James Develin, on or before the same day, to deliver to us, or to some, or one of us, as aforesaid, their respective accounts and demands against the said James Develin, in order that right and justice may be done pursuant to the form of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

Given under our hands at Chatham, the 28th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four.
ALEXANDER FRASER, junr. } Trust.
JOHN M. JOHNSON, }
THOMAS VONDY. }

GREAT BRITAIN.

“Death of the King Louis XVIII.—His Majesty Louis XVIII, rendered up his last breath this morning, Sept. 16, at four o'clock, precisely!—The Royal Family and the Princes of the blood have passed the night in his Majesty's apartment.”—*Quotidienne.*

Thus, then, the event so often predicted—the death of Louis the XVIIIth of France—has at length become matter of history. That Prince is actually dead.—He and Napoleon are alike removed from the world, which was wrung with misery, and drenched with blood, for the sake of fixing one or other of them upon a throne, from which, within ten short years, they have now successively and irrevocably fallen. Yet, for all the millions of lives that were sacrificed, and of treasures wasted, on account of these two men, how few of the individuals that survive them would pay five pounds, or travel a day's journey, to bring either of them back into existence. Such alas! in the eye of a calm observer, is the vanity of most human agitations. No European Prince of the last two centuries underwent more vicissitudes than Louis XVIII, nor endured them with more exemplary equanimity. It is not too much to say on his behalf, that there was no exhibition of meanness in his adversity, nor of insolence in his prosperous fortune.—How much of this seeming superiority to fate may have sprung from a real grandeur of conception—calculating profoundly, and despising thoroughly, the petty fluctuations to which human life is exposed; or how much from mere constitutional heedlessness—not troubling itself about any but immediate and trivial objects—it might, perhaps, be no very difficult office to determine. Louis was unquestionably more an Epicurian than a Stoic. His indolent love of pleasure served him as a substitute for the nobler contempt of suffering; and those who speak of him as magnanimous under misfortune, may be reminded that a man of sluggish sensibility buys the fame of being “magnanimous” at a small expense: his taste was pleasure, not power. Upon the whole, he may rank in history as a Prince who steered with more than ordinary temper through circumstances complicated and new; and as compared with the average of Bourbon Princes, he is entitled to a place in which few of the family can approach him.—*Times.*

The Comte d'Artois was proclaimed King on Thursday, by the title of Charles X, and the Duke and Duchess of Angouleme are now styled the Dauphin and Dauphiness. The title of Charles X, has been already borne by the Cardinal de Bourbon, who was set up by the League as King of France in opposition to Henry IV.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, Sept. 18, 1824.

Orders for the Court's going into mourning on Thursday next the 23d inst. for his late Most Christian Majesty, viz.—The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans, and tippets.—*Undress*—White or grey lustrings, tabbies, or damasks.—The gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.—*Undress*—Grey frocks. The Court to change Mourning on Thursday the 7th of October next, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.—The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.—And on Thursday the 14th of October next, the Court to go out of Mourning.

Letter of the King to the Archbishop of Paris.

“Monsieur, Archbishop of Paris.—The King, my most honoured brother, is dead. The piety and firmness which he evinced during his illness are a completion of the favours which the ALMIGHTY has thought proper to grant to him during his reign. It were to be wished that his life were as long as it was replete with glory and wisdom; but DIVINE PROVIDENCE has disposed it otherwise. I cannot afford to him better proofs of my tenderness and respect than to implore for him infinite mercy, and join my prayers to those of my subjects, imploring the ALMIGHTY to grant repose to his soul; I therefore send you this letter to inform you that, immediately on the receipt of it, you will cause public prayers to be offered up throughout the Diocese, and that you invite to those which shall be offered up in your church the persons who are accustomed to assist at such ceremonies; and satisfied that you will, by your zeal and example, excite the piety of all my subjects in your diocese, I pray to GOD, Monsieur, Archbishop that he preserve you under his holy protection.

“Written at Paris on the 16th of September, in the year of our Lord, 1824, and first of our reign.

“CHARLES.”

FROM THE LIVERPOOL MERCURY,
July 30.

EXTRAORDINARY RETROGRESSION OF THE SEA.

On Tuesday se'night, the tide was observed at Plymouth, suddenly to rise several feet, and its rapid reflux swept every thing before it. At one, next morning, the same occurrence again took place, and the chain bridge on the Lairy was, a second time, torn from its position.—Boats, timber, &c. were swept away by the great flux and reflux of the tide, which continued at intervals until four o'clock on Wednesday morning (being about three-quarters flood) when it began to assume a more formidable and terrific appearance. At high water, the flux and reflux was still stronger: thunder was heard, and the wind veered in puffs to every quarter of the compass. Some idea of the extraordinary rapidity of the current, may be imagined, when it is asserted from the minutest observations, that the flux or fresh of the tide, at times was two feet two inches perpendicular in five minutes, and again actually made a reflux of three feet six inches in the same short space of time, tearing up the soil from the bottom of the river, the agitated thick surface of which resembled the boiling of a pot. The vessels at the Breakwater one minute were afloat, and the next lying high and dry on the body of the works.