Daniel Peteman, between the Churches in Westfield and Greenwich, 401.

Richard Dixon, from Nelson Nelson's to

Isaac Parey's, 201. Samuel Fairweather, Junt. from Duncan M'Grigor's to Shearer's in Springfield, 15%. Samuel Fairweather's, from Samuel Fairweather's Mill to the Road near David

Parks', 15%. Lewis Frazie, from Joseph Darling's to Win.

Lawis Frazee, for the Bridge over Saudholm's Mill Steam, near Haney's, £20.

Henry Parlee, from Henry Parlee's to the Main Road on Studnolm's Mili Stream, 15/. Jonathan Titus, from Barns's to Smith's Saw Mill, 151.

James Hoyt, from Pittfield's to Jonia's, 20/ John Graves, from Graves's Mill to the head of the Settlement on the South Branch, 151. Wm. Harding, from Holder's to Watson's in

Westfield, 20%. City and County of Saint John, granted

Geo. Anderson, from the entrance of Musqush Harbour to the St Andrews Road, 501 John Day, from Dipper Harbour to the St. Andrews Road, 20/ Geo. Mathews, & Peter Duffus, from Little Ri-

ver Bridge to Black River Settlement, 50/. Thos Bean, Senr from the Road from Anthony's Farm below Red Head, to the Settlement at Mispec,

Thos Bean, Esq. from Little River Bridge to Anthony's Farm, 261.

Thos. P. Williams, from the Westmorland Road to the second Lake, and to the head of the third Lake, belonging to the Chain of Waters called Loch

Geo. Hazen, Esq for the Road from Little River to Loch Lomond £30 Daniel Ansley, for the Road from the Bridge at the Foot of the Large Loch Lomond, to the Black

Settlement, thence to Garden's Creek, 351. Robert Ellis, for the Road recently opened from the Settlement at Tyne mouth, on the Bay of Fundy, to the Quaco Road, 251.

Geo Cody and John Jordan, from Thomas' Tavern to the lower Loch Lomond, 100/ Geo Cody, and John Jordan, from the foot of Loch Lomond to Smith's Tavern, 30/ George Cody, and John Jordan, from Smith's

Tavern to the Quaco Settlement, 150/ Geo Hazen, Esq. from Hammond River to Martin's Head, 15%

Jehial Partelow, from Blakslee's farm to Little Geo. Matthews, and Peter Duffus, to assist the Inhabitants in building a Bridge over Black River

Jehiel Partelow, to assist in building a Bridge over Little River, and forming a Road across the Marsh, adjoining the same, 601 Northumberland.

James Gilmour, Wm. Abrams, and William Crane, for exploring and opening a Road from Bouglas Town to the New Settlement in the rear

thereof, granted in 1825 From Fidde's to the upper line of Newcastle,

For the Road thro! the Indian Tract on the North West Branch of Miramichi River, granted in 1824.

John Campbell, from Tabusintac to Tracady, granted in 1824, 100/ From Tracady to Posmouche, granted in 1824,

James Blackhall, and John Young, from Pocmouche to Caraquet, granted in 1824, 50/. For a Bridge over the N. W. arm of Caraquet River, granted in 1824, 30/.

For the same purpose, granted in 1825, 26/. For the road from the N.-W. arm of Caraquet river to the Settlement at Grand Ance, granted in 1824, 121. 105. 8d.

John Miller, Esq. and John Young, for opening a road from New-Bandon to the New-Settlement in the rear thereof, and from thence to Jacob Teagne's, granted in 1824, 251.

For a Bridge over Bass river, granted in 1824,

For the same purpose, granted in 1825, 20/ For the road, and for Bridges over small streams between Jacob Teague's and the Harbour of St Peters, granted in 1825, 30%.

Perry Dumaresq' and John Anderson, from Perry Dumaresq's through Allen's Grant, to the road leading to Restigouche, granted in 1825, 20%. From St. Peters to the Falls of Tatigouche river,

granted in 1825, 30/. From St. Peters to Bass river, granted in 1825.

For the road on the North side of Middle river, granted in 1825, 251. For the road on the North side of the Forks of Middle river, granted in 1825, 25/.

Alex. Davidson, Junr and Hector M'Kinnon, from Bartibogue to Oak Point, granted in 1824, Alex. Davidson, Junr. and Hector M'Kennon,

for building a Bridge over Oyster river, granted in Roderick M'Lend, for exploring a road from Bartibogue river to Negnac, granted in 1825, 20/

BARRISTERS INN.

HE above House formerly known by the name of Avery's Hotel, is open for the Entertainment of Travellers, and others who may have occasion to visit Head Quarters.

The accommodation of the House and the excellent Stable attached, are too well known to require further discription. Those who may favour the House with their custom, may rely on every attention being paid to their comfort. They will find the Wines and other Liquors of the best quality and flavor.

JAMES CARTER. derieten, 16th March, 1885.

FREDERICTON, (N. B.)

TUESDAY, 8th AFRIL, 1825.

Atms-House and Work-House. COMMISSIONER FOR THE WEEK, GEORGE F. STREET, Esquire.

SAVINGS BANK

JEDEDIAH SLASON, Esq. HENRY G. CLOPPER, Esq. JAMES TAYLOR, Senr Esq.

New-Brunswick Agricultural and Emigrant Society.

Report of the proceedings of a General Meeting of the Members of the Legislature and other respectable Gentlemen from different parts of the Province, assembled in one of the Committee Rooms of the House of As embly, on Thursday the 10th day of March last, pursuant to adjournment, His Honor the Chief Justice, at a former meeting,

having been elected President, was called to the His Honor Judge Botsford Chairman of

the Committee appointed at the last Meeting to draw up Rules then made the follow. ing Report:

Rules and Regulations of the New-Brunswick Agricultural and Emigrant Socie-

ACH Annual Subscriber shall pay ten shillings in advance on becoming a Member. Donations to the amount of seven pounds shall constitute a Member for life.

2d. Subscribers to the amount of seven pounds to the late Central Society, to be considered as Members for life of this Society.

The President and Vice President of the County Agricultural Societies, to be ex-efficio Member of this Society.

4th. The Annual Meeting of this Society to take place during the Session of the Legislature, six days previous notice of the Meeting, to be given by the Secretary in the Royal Gazette.

5th. The officers of the Society to consist of a President, two Vice-Presidents, a Treasurer and Secretary, and a Central Committee consisting of nine Persons, of which Committee the President and Vice-President, and Treasurer shall be Members, any three of whom to be a Quorum.

6th. The officers of the Society to be chosen Annually at the General Meeting, with the exception of the Secretary, who is to be appointed by His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor.

The Secretary, to be allowed a suitable salary for his services.

8th. The General Society to superintend the Interests of the Province at large; to apportion to the different Counties, all monies which may be given by the Legislature in aid of the views of the Society. This Society reserving such part as it shall deem necessary for its own interests and to audit and examine the accounts of its own expenditure, as well as the expenditure of the sum apportioned to the different Counties.

9th. The Country Societies to have the sole disposal of their own Subscription, and of the monies to be apportioned to them respectively, out of the Legislative grants, sending an account to the Secretary, and by him to be laid before the Central Committee, of the expenditure of the latter.

1 oth. All monies which may be raised in the diffierent Counties by subscription or otherwise, shall be applied to the exclusive benefit of the County in which it may be raised, except when it shall be given to the General Society.

11th. The Central Committee during the recess of the General Society, to carry on the details of the Society, but not to have the power of disposing of any part of the Funds or Stock of the Society, unless expressly authorized by the Society for

that purpose. 12th. The Implements of Husbandry, and Seeds which may be furnished to the Members of the General Society, or to those of the County Societies, shall be at prime costs and charges.

1 9th. Societies to be formed in the different Counties, and when organized, to be considered as auxiliary to and to correspond with the Secretary of this Society, and to communicate all such information as may be deemed useful, in forwarding the interests of the Institution.

14th. That until such Societies be formed in the different Counties, the monies to be apportioned by this Society, to be at the disposal and under the control of the

Members of the Legislature residing in any such County, together with the Justices of the Common Pleas of the County, provided such Justices be Members of the General Society.

That no money be apportioned to any County for a longer period than two years, to be accounted from this date, unless an Agricultural Society shall be established within that period in such County.

16th. A Geographic and Statistical account of the Province shall be published at the expence of the Society, as soon as the neressary materials can be collected.

17th. All comunications which may be approved of by the Society shall be published at its expence, and be circulated thro' the several Counties.

18th. No alteration or new regulation can be made, but at the annual Meeting of the Society.

19th. All the Members of the Legislature to be considered as Members of the General Society.

20th. That when any monies are to be appropriated by the Central Committee, the quorum must consist of five members.

21st. That in addition to the duties of the Secretary more immediately connected with Agricultural detail, it shall be his duty to receive all communications from the Presidents and Secretaries of the County Agricultural and Emigrant Societies, or Committee relating to any application for Grants of Land, to make the necessary enquiries at the Land Office, and to communicate the result of such enquiries to the respective Presidents and Secretaries, from whom he may have received such communication.

Which were approved of and agreed to by the Meeting.

The following Gentlemen were then cho-

sen officers for the ensuing year. His Honor the Chief Justice, as appointed at the last Meeting, President. The Hon, Judge Bossford, & Vice. The Hon. Thomas Baillie, Presidents.

The Hon. S. D. Street, Treasurer. Ward Chipman, Esq. Peter Fraser, Esq. Harry Peters, Esq.

Members of the Central Committee. Peter Stubs, Esq. Jedediah Slason, Esq.

The Society being thus formed and organized, the President communicated to the Meeting that he had received a Message from His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, that it was his intention to attend the Meeting in person, to communicate his sentiment on their proceedings, and his acceptance of the office of Patron.

Wereupon His Excellency entered and having taken the Chair, addressed the Society as follow :-

Mr. President, Vice-Presidents, and Gentlemen of the Agricultural an! Emigrant Society.

TEVINCE the satisfaction and cordiality with which I receive your Address, by placing myself in this Chair, as your Patron, on the very instant the distinguished Seat is offered to me,; and the first sentence I shall deliver from it is, to assure you that my most zealous exertions shall be used to promote the great objects we have in view, in every way that may depend upon me.

I am gratified for the present, sanguine and confident for the future, when I look around me and perceive the distinguished persons of whom this Society is composed, and the interest which it has excited; and it is particularly pleasing to me to find myself supported by the distinguished person whom you have placed in the President's Chair. I congratulate you, Gentlemen upon such an election, and myself on having such Coadjusures.

The Agricultural and Emigrant Societies being now about to go into immediate, and, as I hope, successful operation, it may not be useless to express to you, and through you to convey to the Public, some appeals to those exertions which will be required to realize the benefits which we here contemplate, and for attaining which, the course is now so clear.

This fine, and as I have hitherto found it. happy Province, is advancing rapidly, with growth almost exuberant, to a station, the real intrinsic character and condition of which, in other times, will depend mainly upon the manner in which we who are now directing its affairs, in certainly a critical period of its advancement, when it is daily developing its resources and forming its system, may discharge our several duties, by do-

ing all that may depend upon us to train sustain and correct the principles, habit and pursuits, and to regulate the exertions, by which, unquestionably, it may te conducted to a state of great prosperity,

To consider these duties with reference to all the obligations we owe to the Country in the several branches which contribute to its moral, political and statistical progress, would lead us away, far beyond the sphere of our present purpose; I shall, therefore on. ly consider the duties we have to fulfil in regard to the Institutions now completely or. ganized. The several purposes contempla. ted by those Institutions call upon us to promore habits of frugality, domestic economy, and useful industry, as training a tural population to settle and labour on the soil, and to assist them so to exert themselves in the modes and means of culture as to improve our Agricultural condition; to make ut more independent at least for out food and subsequently to set free other branches of industry, which are now under great ding. bility. The foundation of systems which may produce such benefits has now been laid. I have had much satisfaction in recommend. ing and promoting them. My views have been cordially and ably seconded every where; the measures they called for have now been adopted; and they have been liberally endowed by the Legislature with pecuniary means to animate and quicken the system. The Saving Banks Bill; the organization and endowment of the Body I now address, open, to the industrious classes of Society, and to the interests of the Country generally, a distinct view of the progress that may be made from foundations laid, first, in habits of frugality and domestic economy, onwards, through moral and provident conduct, to security and accumulation, productive application, improvement in Agriculture, increase of Population, compile tion in Labour, encouragement and dettlopement of industry, and augmented production. The Acts and the system of this Session have laid the foundation of much inprovement to the country on solid grounds; and seeds which should blossom hereafter, are planted in a fertile soil; but whether the superstructure is to be raised, or those seeds are to spring, depends not on those who have laboured on the foundation, or who have provided the means that may quicken the process. Whether the Savings Bank Bills or this most admirable Institution are to be effectual in doing good, depends upon the degree of Public Spirit with which our en ertions here, may be supported and extended in the Country generally. All public lay stitutions live only by Public Spirit, in any Country; but this is particularly the cast in young countries where man owes to felow man a greater contribution of his concest and of his aid. Look at the progress of it When a Settler goe individual case. singly to encounter the difficulties and the la bor of a solitary Location in an unsettle District, and with the sweat of his own brown to shelter his family, and to clear space! receive the seeds which are to yield his in mediate subsistence, we all know what forth tude, power, and time are required to accom plish such beginnings. But should he in dertake his enterprize on a site near to wir former Settlers have experienced such diff culties, the recent sense brings to his aid it little community, to labor for him; and the exertions of that Public he is speeds established in a way, that he might neve have accomplished by his own solitary pol ers. This is Public Spirit. Somey 10 with the Edifices we are now raising! are, on some respects, partially, and in our wholly, new Settlers, in this Country; they are well deserving of public exelle to complete the useful fabric. We are he entirely dependent upon Public Spirit What can these systems do without They would languish from this day, might expire even in their cradle. This do trust will never happen. I know! how long I may be the witness of their p gress; but sure I am that the intensit interest which I feel in this Province. which I have imbibed paternally for the cess of these Institutions which I have be instrumental in bringing forward, will ways he felt with such solicitude as give me pleasure in their success; but will from that very interest will suggest reproif (which cannot be) they should fail for want of public exertion. But remem that time, labour in arrangement and management, must be contributed gratuitous

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