

ous, we it at various times to the Palace, to inform his father of the danger with which he was menaced by the intriguing Queen and her brother; but had never an opportunity to disclose his apprehensions, as the Queen was always close to him. At last, by the advice of Moun Shoe-za, he feigned sickness, and his Majesty came to see his son, and give him medical advice, but as the Queen came with him he did not gain his object. A few days afterward they watched an opportunity when the Queen was asleep; and again went and told his Majesty that the Prince was ill; upon which the King proceeded in a hurry to his dwelling quite unattended, when the Prince took advantage of the opportunity to make known his fears, and to unfold the intrigues of the Queen and her brother. The King laughed at the story, and desired his son not to entertain any anxiety, as he was wrongly informed, and nothing of the kind would happen. All his endeavours, therefore, failed to convince the King that the Queen and her brother were plotting against his life and crown. A few days afterwards, at three p. m. a great uproar arose in the palace, it was known that the King was massacred. Moun Shoe-za immediately ran to the heir apparent's palace to consult what should be done for their safety. During this time twenty armed men came to call him in the King's name. He refused to go, suspecting some treachery, and gathering his own people around himself and the Prince, the number they collected amounted to about seventy brave and resolute followers of the best families. At the head of these Moun Shoe-za marched to the palace, where a most terrible contest, with much bloodshed, ensued. Every moment the Royal party increased. At length the rebels were all killed or dispersed - missing the Queen's brother, they searched for him, and found him under a bed, when they dragged him out and cut him into several pieces.

Then the Queen herself, with all her family, without exception, were massacred; after the tumult had subsided, the oath of allegiance was given to every one. The armies on the frontiers hearing of this sad catastrophe, and afraid for their own safety, retreated with hasty march.

On their arrival near Amara-poor, Mahabundoola was brought as prisoner, and taken before the young King. He was then made to drink the water of allegiance, and to swear before the image of Godama (which is always kept and worshipped in the Palace) that he would be faithful and exert himself to the utmost of his power to support the Royal interest; upon which he was appointed Generalissimo of the southern army opposed to the British forces at Rangoon, and his title changed from Maha Bundoola, to that of Saghir Menghy. He was afterwards dispatched in a great hurry, with absolute orders to get recruits and raise as many people as he could for soldiers, from Kiatoldom down as far as Mergui, for which purpose he departed from Ava. After this the Court changed their mind and opened their eyes, and knowing they have stronger force to encounter, and nearer to the capital, they ordered Saghir Menghy to encamp about Shem-be ghewn, to prevent the progress of the Northern British army into their territories, and in his place they appointed Maonghyde, who was formerly Mitchin Woun, meaning Governor-General of all the cities on the banks of the Irawaddy river, and in the time of Minderajee, the great grandfather of the present Monarch, was Governor of Arracan, a well made man of six feet two inches, or thereabouts, and gave him the title of Maha Bundooola, which they pretend to be the terror of the English, with the command of the Southern army.

TO BE SOLD

BY private Bargain, a Lot of Land opposite the Presque Isle Garrison, York County, containing from 400 to 500 acres exclusive of the whole of the Island fronting thereof, containing 63 acres, as measured by the late Adam Allan, Esq. The Island of itself is very valuable, being, when cleared, capable of cutting a great quantity of Hay—what little part of it is now cleared yields about 20 tons annually, which makes it very valuable on account of its vicinity to the Lumbering business at Tobique, Restook, &c. &c.

Also a Farm in the rear of F. P. Robinson's Esq. opposite Government House, Fredericton, containing 300 acres—the Hardwood alone makes this property valuable on account of its being so near the Govt. Fuel Yard in Fredericton—There is also a quantity of Pine and large Spruce Timber on the premises. For terms of payment, please apply to M. NEEDHAM, Esq. Fredericton, or here to the proprietor.

JAMES FRASER,
Prince William Street.

St. John, 17th May 1825.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE business carried on by ROBERT and WM. GIBSON, as partners in the Wool Carding and Millwright trade, was this day mutually dissolved; the business will be carried on in future by Wm. Gibson.

Robert Gibson,
William Gibson,

Lincoln, 4th May 1825.

FREDERICTON, (N. B.)

TUESDAY, 24th MAY, 1825.

Alms-House and Work-House.

COMMISSIONER FOR THE WEEK,
GEORGE F. STREET, Esquire.

SAVINGS BANK.

TRUSTEES NEXT WEEK,

PETER FISHER,
HENRY G. CLOPPER, Esq.
JAMES TAYLOR, Senr. Esq.

Amount of deposits yesterday, £100

The following Circular addressed, by direction of His Excellency, to the Supervisors of the Great Roads, is published by permission.

(CIRCULAR)

Fredericton, 23d May 1825.

SIR,

It being understood that the Legislative Grants of money for improving the Great Roads have raised among the labouring classes a general expectation of a great increased demand for labour on those Roads, which has contributed to increase the price of labour in the Country, you will take care that, in negotiating with Labourers for their hire, in the settlements through which the Road under your superintendance passes, your demand for labour shall not be so urgent as to have the effect of raising its price beyond what may be considered the ordinary terms at this Season.—For, although His Excellency is desirous that the Appropriations for the Great Roads should be actively applied, He at the same time wishes to prevent their operating so disadvantageously to the general interests of the Province as to enhance the present price of Agricultural Labour.

As there is every reason to believe that the operation of the Emigrant Societies, together with some external measures which are calculated to augment the labouring Population, will soon attract Settlers in greater abundance to New-Brunswick, and enable those Societies to direct an increased Supply of Hands towards the Interior of the Province. You will be pleased to open a Correspondence with the nearest Emigrant Society for the purpose of procuring such hands as you may require; and any such Person as may be thus recommended and who shall in the course of the Season prove their Industry will become proper objects for the protection of those Societies, according to the provisions already adopted for their proceedings in aiding, recommending, and procuring locations for deserving Emigrants and new Settlers.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient humble Servant,
Esquire,
Supervisor, &c.

(P. S. to the Gazette.)

Fredericton, 17th May 1825.

M. G. O.

No. 1. The Commander-in-Chief directs that the following arrangements for the General Muster of the Militia in the Eastern District of the Province be observed for the ensuing season:—

2d Batt. Northumberland.

1st Division at Buctouche on Friday the 1st July.

2d Division at Ruchibuctou, Saturday the 2d July.

1st Northumberland.

At Saint Andrews Point on Wednesday the 6th July.

4th Northumberland.

1st Division at Beaubear's Island on Friday the 8th July.

2d Division at N. Moore's in Ludlow, Saturday 16th July.

3d Northumberland.

1st Division at Caraque, on Monday the 11th July.

2d Division at Saint Peter's on Wednesday 13th July.

Queen's County.

1st Division at Gage Town on Tuesday the 20th September.

2d Division, Head of Grand Lake on Wednesday 21st September.

3d Division at New Canaan on Thursday 22d September.

1st Battalion York.

At Fredericton, on Tuesday 6th September.

3d Batt. York.

1st Division at the upper Village, Kings-clear, Monday 26th September.

2d Division at Narquiwickack, Tuesday the 27th September.

2d Batt. York.

1st Division at Woodstock on Wednesday 28th September.

2d Division at Munquat in Kent, Friday 30th September.

4th Batt. York.

At Green River, Madawaska, on Tuesday 4th October.

No. 2. There being reason to believe that the Orders formerly issued, calling upon Commanding Officers of Corps to furnish the Adjutant General, for the information of the Commander-in-Chief, with nominal lists of the officers of their respective Regiments, according to regimental seniority, and at the same time stating the dates of their Commissions, as far as practicable, are either not generally known, or have not been sufficiently adverted to.—His Excellency directs that returns be filled up agreeably to the annexed form, and transmitted to the Adjutant-General with as little delay as possible.

No. 3. As great benefits and advantages would result to the Militia generally, by a strict observance of the Laws established for their Governance; And it being found necessary for the good of the Service, in conformity to the views of the Militia Act, to call the attention of the Commanding Officers of Regts. to Sections 8, 16, & 22 respecting the levying and collecting of Fines not only of Aliens but also of Delinquents and Exempts The Commander-in-Chief expects that Commandants of Corps will enforce a careful obedience of those parts of the Militia Law above referred to.

PROMOTIONS, &c.

Regiment of County Saint John Militia.
Lieutenant Robert Payne to be Captain vice Bennett who retires.

By Command,

GEO. SHORE, Adj. Gen.

New-Brunswick Agricultural and Emigrant Society.

A SCALE FOR COMPETITION IN IMPROVEMENTS IN AGRICULTURE, AND IN THE BREED OF HORSES, HORNED CATTLE, SHEEP AND PIGS, and also in BUTCHER'S MEAT.

AS this Season is too far advanced to give the Farmers, for this year, a fair trial in Competition for Field Crops, the following Prizes for the encouragement and raising Field Crops in the Year 1826. are offered from the General Funds of the Society.

For the greatest quantity of the best quality of Wheat raised from one undivided Acre,	£5
For the second do. do.	2 10
For the greatest quantity of best Oats raised from one undivided Acre,	5
For the second do. do.	2 10
For the greatest quantity of best Barley from one undivided acre,	5
For the second do. do.	2 10
For the greatest quantity of best Indian Corn raised from one undivided acre	5
For the second do. do.	2 10
For the greatest quantity of early blue nose Potatoes raised from one undivided acre of upland,	5
For the second do. do.	2 10
For the greatest quantity of Sweedish Turnips grown in the Province, in do.	3
For the second do. do.	

RULES OF COMPETITION.

1st. Any person or persons in any part of the Province may contend for any of the Prizes above mentioned.

2d. Persons contending for any of the Prizes, must forward to the Secretary of the General Society a correct statement under oath, to be sworn before some Magistrate, of the exact quantity correctly measured, for which he or she claims the Prize—and also of the exact quantity of Land upon which the same was raised, the nature of the soil, the quantity and description of manure put thereon, and the kind of husbandry adopted in the cultivation thereof.

3d. Such statement must be accompanied by a Certificate from one or more of the judges to be hereafter appointed, of his hav-

ing examined and seen the whole of the Grain or other article for which the Prize is contended, and also of the manner in which the same has been cleared and got up, and of the quality thereof, who must also forward a sample of the article for which the Prize is claimed.

4th. Any person intending to contend for the Prize who does not reside sufficiently near to any one of the regular judges appointed by the Society, to enable him to attend to examine the Grain or other article, must give notice thereof to the Secretary of the General Society, in order that a special judge may be appointed in his neighborhood for the purpose.

5th. That no Person can receive any of the Prizes except under a compliance with the foregoing Rules.

It is proposed to have a Cattle Show in Fredericton on Wednesday the Seventh day of September next, when the following Prizes for the encouragement of the breed of Horses, Horned Cattle, Sheep and Pigs will be offered from the Funds of the Society.

For the finest Provincial Bred 3 Year old Horse or Mare Colt	£10
For the finest Bull not less than 3 years old, and not exceeding 5	£5
For the finest Cow not less than three years old and not exceeding 5	£4
For the finest Ram not less than a year old and not exceeding 5	£5
For the finest Ewe not less than 2 years old and not exceeding 5	£2 10
For the finest Boar not less than 1 year old,	£2
For the finest Sow not less than one year old	£1
For the finest fat Ox, not less than four years or more than 7—fatted in the Province,	£1
For the finest fat Weiber not less than 4 years old	£2

RULES FOR COMPETITION.

1st. Judges will be appointed by the Central Board, to attend the show and award the Prizes.

2d. The decisions of the Judges so appointed to be final without appeal.

3d. Before any person to whom any Prizes may be awarded, can receive his Prize, he must file with the Secretary a statement of the following particulars—viz. If the Prize be for a Horse or Mare Colt, information of what Horse and Mare the same was from.

If for a Bull or Cow, of what breed the same and where bred,

If for a Ram, the same particulars.

If for Boar or Sow, the same particulars.

If for the finest fat Ox, how, and upon what, and where fed, and what length of time, and how early put to the Yoke.

If for the finest fat Weiber, how, and upon what and where fed and bred.

No Prizes will be paid except under strict adherence to the foregoing Rules.

N. B. The other papers throughout the Province, are requested to publish the above scale.

COMMISSARIAT OFFICE.

St. John, 13th May 1825.

TENDERS will be received at this Office, until Monday the 8th day of June next at 12 o'Clock from persons disposed to enter into a Contract with His Majesty's Government, to erect at Fredericton, and entirely finish by 1st October 1826, a Barrack and Hospital of Rough Stone of the Country, agreeably to a plan and specification which may be viewed, and every further information obtained on application to the Commanding Royal Engineer at Fredericton, and to this office.

As the specification for the intended Buildings differ from those lately seen, persons tendering are requested to possess themselves of the information offered.

No Tender will be noticed unless accompanied by a letter from two responsible persons addressed to Ass't. Com. General PARCE, offering to become bound with the party tendering for the performance of such contract as may be concluded upon.

The Subscriber

HAS just received a Quantity of Fewther Beds of a good quality, on consignment, which he will sell low for Cash.
George Wood.

17th May 1825.