Volume XII.]

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TUESDAY, 21st JUNE, 1825.

Number 17

# The Gazette.

BY His Excellency Major General Sir Howard Douglas, Barone, (L. S.) Lieu enant Governor and Comman er in Chief of the Province of New Brunswick, &c. &c. &c. HOWARD DOUGLAS, A PROCLAMATION.

TATHEREAS the General Assembly of this Province stands pro regued to Monday the Sixth day of June next; I have thought fit further to proregue the said General Assembly, and the same is hereby prorogued to the First Monday in September next Ensuing.

Given under my Hand and Scal at Fredericion, the twenty fourth day of May in the year of our Lord cone thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, and in the Sixth year of His Majesty's Reigh. By His Excellency's command.

WM. F. ODELL. Head Quarters, Fredericton,

13th June 1825. MILITIA GÉNERAL ORDERS.

Mis Excellency the Lieutenant Gover nor and Commander in Chief is pleased to order that the following arrangements be observed for the General Muster of the undermentioned Battalions of Milita for the present year :-- Viz.

1st Battalion Westmoreland, At the bend of the River Petitcudiac, on

2d Batt. Westmorefund, At Sackville on Saturday 2d July.

3d Bett. Westmoreland, At Rogers' in H pewell, on Mond y 4th July.

1st. Butt. Charlotte. 1st Division at St. Andrews, on Thursday 15th September.

2d Division at St. Stephen's on Saturday 17th September.

2d Batt. Charlotte, At the Fall of Maguagadavic on Tuesday 20th September.

3d Batt. Charlotte. 1st Division at Indian Island on Thursday the 22d September. 2d Division at Grand Manan on Saturday 24th September.

St. John City Militia. The two Battalions of Cny Militia on Tuesday 27th September.

The Regiment of St. John (County Militia)

1st Division consisting of the Companies in Portland westward of the Abnideau, and Carleton and Lancaster Companies, on the heights near Carleton, on Wednesday 28th September.

2d Division near Cody's Farm at Loch Lomond on Thursday 29th September. 3d Division at Quaco on Saturday 1st October.

Sunbury Regiment, At Mr. Solemon Perley's in Maugerville, on Saturday 24th September.

PROMOTIONS, &c. 2d Batt. Chartotte County Militia.

Ensign Henry Cook allowed to retire

Lieut. Wm. Flaherty to be Adjutant, with the Rank of Captain, vice Clarke reured.

Ensign John Gray Campbell, to be Lieutenant of the Rifle Company, vice Flaherty promoted.

lames Beman, gent, to be Ensign, vice Campbell promoted.

William M Kenzie, to be Ensign, vice Cook retired.

2d Lieusenant Abraham I. Weimore, to be 1st. Lieutenant of the Rifle Company. By Command.

GEO. SHORE.

### LONDON.

#### HOUSE OF COMMONS.

In a debate in the House of Commons, on the subject of the Canadian Land Com pany. Mr. Wilmot Horten said, that one of the conditions of the compact was, that the Company were to pay the sum of £20.000 annually for fifteen years, to be a plied by His Mijesty's Government to be Civil ex pences of this Colony. Mr. Hume assirted, that out of 30,000 Emigrants to Upper Canada, only 100 families had been able to establish themselves ! -- and that for the last fourteen years, the colonial department had been the most inefficient department of Go vernment. This gentleman was very severe on Lord Batherst, and said !

If he had a Reformed House of Commont, he would not he strare a moment to impeach Lord Bathurst for neglect of duty, and to move an Address to His Majesty for his removal. The misconduct of that noble Lord was not confined to Canada. It ex tended itself to the Ionian Islands, to the Cape of Good Hope, &c. He had often system pursued in the whole of our colonial possessions. When he looked back at whar had been long going on in many of our co. lonies; when he considered the conduct of some of the Governors; when he saw what was at present going on in the Cape of Good Hope; when he recollected how many of his Majesty's subjects had been transferred by the direction of Lord Bathurst from the Cape to Botany Bay; when he contemplated the mass of t, ranny which he had so long exercised, he really felt ashamed of himself for having so long sar quierly without raising his voice against the continuance of such things. The imperious necessity of creating some new and important check on the Government of our distant Colonies, was constantly becoming more and more apparent; and he repeated his persuasion, that he should confer a great benefit on his Majesty' Ministers and on the country, if he could induce the House to address his Majesty to remove Lord Barhurst from the situation he had so long and disadvantageously

The following remarks by Mr. Baring, as they are known to accord with the sentiments of his Majesty's present Ministers,

will be read with deep interest. Mr. Baring pressed upon his Majesty's Government the expediency of considering in good time what must, of necessity, be the future condition of Canada. It was impossible that it could very long continue to be a Colony of Great Britain, for all experience proved that no colony could, for any great extent of time, continue in that relation to the parent country, the productions of which were similiar to the productions of the parent country. It would, therefore be wise to consider the propriety of doing that freely and in time, which would otherwise be accomplished after great bloodshed and expense; and if his Majesty's Government lost sight of this important consideration, they would in his opinion, very much misunderstand the best interests of the Empire. If it was not 100 bold to meddle with such a question without having any authority from official situation to do so, his own inclination in dealing with that colony would be to call the people together, and ask them whether they were not now arrived at that state of maturity which

would entitle them to separate from the mother country! Whether having nurtured and brought them up from thildhood, we should not now treat them as parents treat their own children, in giving them independence? If however it was stil the policy adopted by this country to retail them as a dependant colony, it could only to done by acting towards them with the greatist liberality, by not only attaching the herris of the people but attaching them enthusiattically to us. In that view we should afford them every commercial advantage, and adopt those liberal principles of colonization which were calculated o increase the population to the greatest extent. It was impossible not to feel that on years would scarectly pass over our heads without bringing things to such a state as might endanger the existence of the colony, if he countrary course was to be pursued.

His Majesty had a Levee at Carleton House on the 20th of April, which was very britian ly attended. We observe the fol loving among the numerous presentations comerated in the Courier : - The Bishop of Nova Scotta, on his consecration, by the A chhishop of Canterbury; Sir Startiford Reff s, on his return from India; Mr. Augus W. De Barres, Judge of the Su prime Goort of Newfoundland, by Earl Bahurst Mr. Stanley, on his return from abrad, by his father, Lord Stanley ; Sapi. Maide, R. N. on his return from the North American Station; Lieut. A. Wetherall. 52d Regiment, on his appointment and going to North America, by Gen. We heralt; Mr. J. Flanks, on his being appointed a Mri Holland, H. M. Attorney General for the Burmudas, by Lord Scarborough; Majon General Sir J. Murray, on his return from Demaraca, by Earl Bathurst; Major Valiant, 87 h Regiment, by General Sir Charles Green, on his return from Canada; Land Ellenborough, on his marriage, by the Bishop of Bath and Wells ; Capt. Strut, R. N. H. S. Phatin, by Lord Melvile; Capt. Spong, 60 Regt. on promotion; Capt. Beecley, R. N. on his apointment to the Blossum.

Scotch Settlers in North America - On the 15th April a public meeting was held at Glasgow, for the purpose of supplying (in connexion with the Church of Scotland,) the Scottish Emigrants in British America with Ministers, Teachers and Catechists. The Earl Dalhousie entered the room at 2 o'clock, and having taken the chair, amidst loud applauses, proceeded to address the meeting. The Society was then organized, of which his Lordship was chosen Patron, Mr. Finley President, and Mr. M. S. Stewart Vice President.

# ST. JOHN, June 1.

On Tuesday last the Court of Quarter Sessions, for the City and County of Saint John, was opened; and from the Rcorder's charge to the Grand Jury, we were in hopes that very few Bills of Indictment would be laid before them. We are sorry to say that this has not been the case, and perhaps there has scarcely ever been so many complaints of Assault and Battery, at any one Court, as have been laid before the present Grand Jury. Many of them we conceive to be of a frivolous character, but there are others more serious in their nature and conse quences.

Court of Vice Admiralty .- An interesting and important case came on before the of his mother, while she was getting out of Court of Vice Admiralty holden at the City | the cabin window. Hall here on Saturday last, His Honor Judge PETERS on the Bench. It related to the seizure of the brigantine Young Norval, built in the Province, near the Lines, opinion, exonerated from any blame. It and bought, when on the Stocks, by Mr. also appears, from the investigation of the

ROBERT STIRLING, of this City, Mer chant, who was claimant in this cause. ] appeared that a Permit had been obtained at the Custom House of Saint Andrews upon which said yessel came to this port, but that on application having been made by Mr. Stirling to the Collector of His Majesty's Customs for the purpose of having her registered, he was refused, on the grounds that she was built by, for, and on account of an American cinzen, and that part of her materials were of Atherican manufacture. On the same gounds the seizure took place. G. F. STREET, Esq. Advocate General, conducted the pleadings on the part of the Crown -W. B. KINNEAR, Esq. on the part of the Claimant. After various depositions had been read, and a long argumentation had taken place in support of the Prosecution, His Honor the Judge advised its being withdrawn, on the ground that the case had not come into Court in such a shape as to admit of his giving a decision upon it, inasmich as the seizure had been made before the Vessel had been registered and thus put into such a situation as to admit of her performing any act as a British Vessel, and that were he to order her to be registered, the Officers of Customs might act on the Decree, or not as they thought proper, the matter being beyand his jurisdiction. The Court admitted the case to be a very hard one, in as far as relates to the Claimant, who though entirely innocent of the whole transaction, had lost the use of the vessel for several months, and had been put to great expence and trouble; but it was stated that he had full recourse upon the guilty person from whom he had signed oppression on the part of the seizing officers, His Honor was pleased to grant the usual Certificate, to save them from being hable for expences incurred. - Star.

## NEW-YORK, JUNE 3.

Distressing Accident. - Yesterday morning about 6 o'clock, as the seam boat Legislator, Capt. Fisher, was leaving the dock, with about 50 passengers for New-Brunswick, the afterhead of her biler burst out, with a dreadful explosion and produced inexpressible alarm for the fate of all on board. After the confusion had in some measure subsided, it was discovered that none of the passengers were injured. It is, however, with extreme pain we have to state, that out of 15 persons employed on board, Francis Raney, the Cook, and Thomas, a black boy, were scalded to death—the latter having been found within the boiler; Robert Greenleaf, the fireman, was taken, to the Hospital, where he died soon after; Joseph Rees and John Henry, of New Brunswick, were considerably burnt, but it is supposed will recover; Mr. Fleming the Engineer, and George Bradford, of this city, about a 5 years of age, were slightly scalded. In addition to the above, one of the waiters is still missing. At the time of the explosion, there were about a dozen ladies in the after cabin, all of whom made their escape, some out of the cabin windows into a boat, and the others were taken out through the skylights upon deck. One of the ladies, Mrs. Garrison, of New Brunswick with whom we have conversed. ir forms us that alt ough she cabin was completely filled with steam and smoke, she never lost her recollection, & experienced no serious inconvenience to her respiration, although the passed from the after to the forward cabin, in pursuit of her son, abont 12 years of age. The little f llow happened to be on deck, and was in pursuit

It is an act of justice to add, that Captain Fisher has manifested on this melancholy catastrophe, a becoming feeling, and is, in our was truly and a possession of the pulse of