

HALIFAX, NOVEMBER 8.

His Majesty's Ship Niemen, arrived here on Sunday evening in 56 hours from Boston.—The officers of that ship give the most pleasing accounts of the reception they met with in that growing and highly respectable city. Former feuds, we hope have been long forgotten, and the Mother and Daughter, are now happily restored to those friendly feelings which are not likely to be again disturbed.—Massachusetts has been long remarked for her candour and liberality towards the Parent Country, and if corroborative proof of her good disposition was required, we have it before us of the most satisfactory nature. The Niemen is the only British Ship of War which has been in Boston Harbour for ten years—and many of the inhabitants on her arrival, evinced a great desire to pay every attention to their visitors. The officers of the Dock Yard politely proffered any Stores that the ship might require—and with the utmost civility, attended the parties who went to inspect their Naval Arsenal. Captain Wallis, and several Officers of the ship, dined with the officers of the City Militia, and met with a most cordial and complimentary reception. The respective National airs of "God save the King"—and "Yankee Doodle"—were received with the most lively and reiterated cheers—and many highly flattering Toasts were drunk by the Americans and their guests. Indeed the general feelings entertained by the officers of the Niemen, are regret that the service they were employed on would not permit them to see more of our cultivated and hospitable neighbours, combined with a pleasing recollection of the handsome reception they experienced—and we may safely affirm that polite attentions could not be lavished on any Gentlemen in the British Navy by whom they would be more properly appreciated than by Captain Wallis, and the officers of the ship he commands.

When it is recollected that in the action between the Shannon and the Chesapeake, Capt. W. was the senior surviving Lieutenant, of the victorious frigate—the attention we have remarked—and the loud cheers with which he was received on entering the Theatre, are very strong testimonies of the liberal and friendly feelings entertained by the citizens of Boston.

Miss Lake, Colonel and Mrs.

Harris, Lieutenant Lake, R. A. and Mr. T. Grassie, came Passengers in the Niemen.

Captain Sir William Wiseman, R. N. Capt. Edwards, R. N. Captain St. John, and Lt. Baldwin, 52d Regt. returned to England in the Rifleman.

NEWPORT, OCT. 30.

*Melancholy and Distressing.*

—On Friday last, James Mosher, of the Newport road, left his house with an intention of fencing a stack of Hay, which he had cut upon a marsh in a remote part of the property of John Allison, Esq. and not returning at evening, his family supposed he had stopt at some of the neighbouring houses, but not returning during the night, they became alarmed, and as soon as day light appeared, one of his sons repaired to the house of Mr. Allison, who accompanied him to the place where the stack of hay was situated, on approaching it their fears were much excited, by observing the fence but partly made, they immediately commenced a search among some small wood where he had cut his poles, and after about ten minutes of the greatest possible anxiety, they found the unfortunate man laying dead, with an awful wound on the top of the right foot, supposed to be made accidentally with an axe, which was found laying by his side.—An inquest was held on the body on Saturday, a verdict was found, that the deceased died in consequence of loss of blood from the wound in his foot, and no other way. The deceased was an honest, industrious and peaceable man: he has left a widow and eight children to lament the loss of a kind husband, and tender parent.

*John Mills, the Nova Scotia Prodigy.*

—This extraordinary youth we understand intends returning home in a day or two. His parents are said to be extremely poor, and when it is made known that the proceeds arising from the exhibition are to be applied to obtain for him the rudiments of Education, of which he is entirely destitute, we doubt not that charity, as well as curiosity, will induce those who have not yet seen him to pay an early visit. When he left Cumberland he weighed 304 lbs. since which time he has increased to 319 lbs. being at the wonderful rate of 1 lb. per day!!! He is to be seen at any time in the day at Mr. John Winton's, opposite the fuel yard, price 7½d.—*Halifax Journal.*

DARING ROBBERY.

Quebec, Sept. 30.

Yesterday morning at half past one o'clock, a gang of robbers, consisting of ten or twelve, all armed painted or masked, entered the house or presbytery of Messire Masse, Cure, of Point Levy, through the windows. They seized the Cure, placed him on a sofa, with a loaded pistol presented to his breast, and forced him to deliver up the key of his chest. It appears that they had previously obtained information of its situation and contents. They carried off all the money, consisting of thirteen hundred pounds in gold, and five hundred pounds in dollars, without molestation. Early information having been given to the Police, no time was lost in taking judicious and effectual measures for their apprehension. We noticed with pleasure that Captain Guky's troop of cavrey, under his immediate command, as also the companies of Volunteers of the Quebec Militia, offered their services, and were instantly despatched by the Police, in pursuit of the Robbers, in different directions, together with 200 men of the regulars of this garrison, who were accompanied by several magistrates and a number of respectable citizens, (the latter appointed special constables, for the occasion,) having all the constables at their command. They succeeded yesterday in arresting three of the gang, and no doubt is entertained, from the measures adopted, that the whole of them will be taken. The three men who were arrested, were stripped and closely examined, when cash to the amount of £5 was found upon each of them; they had purchased wearing apparel and trinkets, (one of them a watch) to the amount of £15 each. One of them was observed to retain some remnants of paint or blacking on his face.—They gave most contradictory and improbable accounts of themselves and their booty, so as to leave no doubt of their being concerned in the Robbery. The troops and militia were ordered to continue the pursuit for two days. A general militia order was issued directing the commander and other militia officers, to give every assistance in their power in apprehending those desperate offenders.—*Mercury.*

The Greek ship Hellas, 64 guns, has sailed from New-York.

MONTPELIER, VT. AUG. 29.

*Singular Escape and Presence of Mind in a Boy.*

Tuesday last, as Mr. John Clark and his son, a lad 8 years of age, were at work in Mr. Keeth's factory, in Barre, the boy stepped upon a piece of plank in the floor, which tipped on and instantly let him down on the arms and floats of a large tub wheel, which propels the machinery of the factory, and then under a full head of water. The father who was near saw his son fall and in an agony sprang to his relief. After making a number of unsuccessful attempts to draw his child out by the feet, in which case he would have been inevitably crushed to atoms between the arms of the wheel, and the sleepers of the floor, there being but just room sufficient for him by laying flat on his face to pass under the sleepers. In this situation the lad cries to his agonized father, and says—"Don't be scared Pa, but shut the gate as soon as you can." The father shut the gate, and the boy, after riding round on the wheel in a dark gloomy, and perilous situation, some twenty or thirty times, is by his father taken out unhurt, from the same hole where he fell in.

The feelings of the parent in this case can be better imagined than described. He was so much agitated by fear that he knew but little what he was about, and with difficulty found the gate to stop the water.

In the Cathedral at Lubec, is a clock of singular construction, and of high antiquity, having been placed there, as an inscription upon it sets forth, in 1405. It is calculated to answer astronomical purposes as well as those of time; representing, for instance, the places of the sun and moon in the ecliptic, the moon's age, a perpetual almanac, as well as many other contrivances. Over the face of it appears an image of our Saviour; and on the other side of the image are folding doors so constructed as to fly open every day when the clock strikes twelve. At this hour a set of figures representing the twelve Apostles, come out from the door on the left hand of the image of our Saviour, and pass singly in review before it, each figure making its obeisance, by bowing as it passes; and afterwards entering the door on the right hand. When the procession terminates the door closes.