by far the most numerous, consists of per- I that I should have your support and co op sons who have a deep rooed, fixed uncongureable, and undissinguished objection to any other description of currency than that which was obtained during the last warwith this class I can have no contest. Their minds are made up, their opinions predetermin d. they will listen to no argument. They will have no other species of circulating medium, but one of paper stamped with a promise intended for the eye, but never meant to be kept to the understanding. (Hear.) It would be unfair, however, to say, that in the other classes to which I have aliuded, there are not many men who are impressed with a real wish to see the currency of the country placed upon a secure hasis; but who think the time for carrying the improve ment into effect, is inconvenient and ill ehusen. If those Honourable Gentlemen mean to say, that they wish improvement had taken place long since, I must say in justice to the Government of which I am a member, that if our wishes upon the subjet had not been overborne such an alteration would before now have taken place. I shall now refer to the opinions which I expressed in 1822, but shall confine myself in reply ing to those whose argument is drawn from their objection as to the time. How then does the law stand at present ? In 1823, the Bank Charter must of necessity expire, and then the proposed alteration must, under any circumstances take place. But what harm can be done by anticipating that date by a few years? On the contrary, will such an anticipation be productive of advantage? No Gentleman has afferred any reason for any particular prolongation. The Hon. Member for Taunton wished that a year might elapse before the resolution should be adopted, while another Gentleman, more modest, said he would be satisfied with a month (a laugh) -I am, however, of opinion, that whatever adjuration such a delay may be demanded and however short the period to which it may extend, the only effect of it out of doors will be to create an opinion that the measure has been defeared, while within these wa'ls, the efforts of its opponents will, however they may try to conceal them, be directed to still further procrastination, if rot to its total defeat. (Hear hear.) Let us for the sake of a parallel look to the conduct of those who were opposed to the freedom of trade. For years had Ministers been goaded by the cry of those who advocated the question of free trade. They had been assailed month after month with the repreaches, favoured Session sfier Session with the entreaties, of the Hon. Members on the opposite side, to open the commerce of the country to all the winds of Heaven-to leave it free to all the wants of men. Take off, they had been told, the restrictions which cramped and encumbered our trade, and let it be launched anew with strength increased and wider liberty. Will is besaid, then that this conduct, is favorable to the argument of time or that the Parliament ought to give into it? (Cheers.) No, by such a retraction we would but stultify our own measures, and render it impossible for us to carry them into effect when the peri od of operation should have arrived. (Hear, hear.) I hope it may not be considered unnecessary in me, or in any Minister, 10 express his pain at witnessing the late embarrassment and distress of the commercial classes. (Hear, hear.) And here I feel great pleasure in commending the delicacy of conduct of the opponents of the resolutions much as I differ from their opinions on the abstract question. They have honourably abstained from pressing into the discussion of it many topies, with which the present condition of commercial credit might have supplied them, it has been clearly, candidly, and honourably argued. (Cheers.) The Hon, gentleman then feelingly alluded to the present distress of the country, and concluded with hoping it would be of short duration, and that the time was not far distant when thro' the wholesome influence of the resolutions before the House, the industrious peasant will be able to store up the little sum of his earnings, not in frail shreds of paper,

QUEBEC, March 30.

but in solid gold. The Right Hon. Secre-

tary resumed his seat amid. long and loud

continued cheering.

Yesterday His Excellency the Governorin hief, in Council gave the Royal As sent to a number of Bills; and was then pleased to close the Session with the following Speech :-

Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly. When I met you at the opening of this Session I stated to you in general terms the prosperous circumstances of the Province, and the evident necessity that existed for measures to encourage the disposition of the people to industry and public improvement -- to secure and to increase the value of proper'y, and to facilitate the Administration . of Justice in this fast increasing population. received the most pleasing assurances

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eration on all matters tending to those desirable ends. It is therefore with the deepest regret that I now find my hopes disappointed upon the most important subjects which presed upon your consideration.

I feel pleasure, however, in acknowledge ing the laborious, attendance of both Houses and the a tention you have given to some of those measures, which though not yet perfected, I still shall entertain the hope of seeing accomplished.

Gentlemen of the House of Assembly. I had been led to believe, and his Majesty's Government had been told, that the diff. erences which had so long subsisted between the Legislarive bodies on financial matters had been amicably settled; -

It is now seen, however, that the long asseried claims from which those differences arose, were only clothed in a new form, and maintained; -and that the Act of Supply which pas ed last year was founded in misconception and misunders anding.

Early in last summer, his Majesty's Secretary of State addressed a despatch to the Lieutenant Governor (then administering the Gomernment in my absence) forcibly pointing out the objections to that Act, and prohibiting his Mujesty's Representative from sanctioning any similar measure in futime: Anxions to avoid the necessity of publicly communicating these Instructions, I made them fully known to several Members who take a lead in the affairs of the Legislature, in the hope that some accommode ion might be adopted, more conformable than the Act of Supply, of last year, to the sentiments and views of his Majesty's Covernment.

Finding, however, that all my endeavours to attain hat happy termination were about to prove unavailing, I felt it my duty to place that dispatch before you; -As it now stands recorded upon your Journals, I have no hesitation in stating to ou that I must adhere to the Orders and Instructions it contains, until they are recalled by His Majesty's commands, and that until then, I must continue to adopt the forms of Accounts and Estimates laid before the Provincial Parliament in this Session, shewing to you one Branch of the Revenue for your information, and the other branch for your appropriation.

Under the circumstances in which I am now placed I think it my duty to accept those grants of Money which have been specially recommended by his Majesty's commands and those also relating to Schools and Charities.

For these 1 return you thanks in His Majesty's name. But as the aid required in support of the Civil Government, and the Administration of Justice has not been granted in a way in which it could be passed into a Law, I think it is equally my duty to reserve all other Bills of Appropria tion for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure upon them.

Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, Gentlemen of the Assembly :-

I cannot close this Session without making a pointed reference to one bill which has been passed under a feeling in the highest degree honourable to this Province and peculiarly agreeable to myself; It is that which has sanctioned the Act of the Executive Government, resting upon my own responsibility, in sending relief to the sufferers at Miramichi. I thank you for that generosity with which the amount of that expenditure was granted, as well as for the readiness with which you justified the discretionary power I had used.

York Agricultural and Emigrant Society.

THE Members of this Society, are requested to meet at the Province Hail, on Saturday next, the 6 h instant, at no n. to take into consideration, the mode of disposing of the Seeds and Implements, recently imported by the Society.

Those persons who wish to become Members, are requested to signify the same to the Treasurer or to

D. Ludlow Robinson, Sec. York Soc'y. Fredericton, 1st May, 1826.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE Creditors of M. G. VALENTINE, an absconding Debtor, is requested at Mr. CLOPPRER's, Office, on Monday the 25th June next, at 10 o'clock for the purpose of examining into the debts die by the said Debtor, and of receiving their respective dividends thereon.

H. G. Clopper, Wm. Taylor, Trustees. John Simpson, Fredericton, 25th April, 1826.

PREDERILIUN, (N. D.)

TUESDAY, 2d May, 1826. Alms-House and Work-House. COMMISSIONER FOR THE WEEK. GEO. F. STREET, Esq.

HENRY G. CLOPPER, ESQ. JAMES TAYLOR, ESQ. MARK NEEDHAM.

Amount deposited Yesterday, £75 10 0

(P. S. to the Gazette.)

Commissioners of Bye-Roads.

York County. John Manson, £75, towards improving the Road in the Parish of Douglas, to commence where the sum granted last year will

James Miles, \$50 towards making Bridges and improving the Road in the Parish of St. Mary, from the mouth of the Nashwalk, to the Nashwalksis, in the Parish of Douglas.

Daniel Hallett, jun. £40, towards improving the Road from Estey's Mill through the Cardigan Settlement in the Parish of Douglas,

John Robinson, £40. towards improving the Road from Estey's Mill to Piekard's Mill on the Nashwalksis in the Parish of Dinigias.

John Allen, Esq. £50, towards improving the Road from the Martinaquack Creek, through the Sco ch Set lement. John Allen, Esq. 220 towards im-

proving the Road from Jesse Christy's to Darius Buri's in the Parish of Douglas. Simon Hammond, \$50, towards cut-

ting down Hills on both sides of Enoch Currier's Creek, in the Parish of Kinsgelear George Long, £40, towards improv ing the Road from Kelly's Creek to Long's Creek, in the Parish of Kingsclear.

James Morris, £50, towards improving the Road from the Scotch Settlement on Lake George, to the River St. John, in the Parish of Prince William.

Wm. C. Joslin, £25, towards removing Rocks from off the Road from James Hoyes' to George Jones', in Prince William

William Davidson, £50, towards un proving the Road from Palmer's to the Pocquieck, in Prince William. Amos Dow, 250, towards improving

the Road from Ed River, to Captain Bull's Farm in Woodstock. 10 commence. where the improvements left off last year. Thomas Cunhiff, £'30, to improve the

Road from Isaac Smith's to Hillman's in Woodstock. Andrew Blair, £40. to improve the

Road to the Scotch Sectlement, between the main Road and Andrew Blair's in Woodstock.

Thomas Cunliff, £30, to improve the Road from Isaac Smith's to William Graham's in Woodstock.

Benjamin Churchill, \$25. to improve the Road from Robert Hannah's lower line 10 Samuel Esterbrooks' in Wakefield.

Joseph Wolverton, £40, to improve the Road from Joseph Wolverton's to Robert Philips, in Northampton. Benjamin Noble, £40, to improve

the Road from Robert Philips' to Charles M'Mulim's in Wakefield. Charles M'Mullen, £25, to improve

the Road from William Oser's to a new Settlement in the rear, in the Parish of Wakefield.

Jabez Squires, £50, to improve the Road from Samuel Kearney's to James Fitzherbert Vin Kent.

Robert Eggar, £45, towards opening and making a Road from the mouth of the Restook River, to the Settlement above the falls on the said River.

The Hon, John Saunders, £50, to improve the Road from the Caverhill Settle ment, to the River St. John, in Queens

Smon Hammond, 260, to repair the Bridge over Long's Creek in the Parish of

Kingsclear. Queens County. Samuel Scovil and Richard Currie, £100, for the Road from Richard Currie's jun, to the Thoroughfare between the Grand and Maquapit Lakes.

Thomas Thorn, \$240, for the Road from the Washademoak Lake, near Salmon Creek, to the English Settlemen.

George Lyon, \$40, for the Road from Breakneck Mountain to the Nerepis Road. Thomas Corey, £50, for the New-Cannaan to Studholme's Mill Stream.

Philip White, £30, for improving the Road from Watson's Ferry, to Carter's

John M'Lean, 260, for the Road from William Wiggins's to the head of Cumberland Bay.

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Thumas Hewlett, £60, to open a Road from the Main Road on the Western side of the River, to New Ireland and Jerusa-

lem Settlements. William Clarke, £100, to improve the Road from the North side of the Ma quapit Lake, to Newcastle, at the head of the Grand Lake.

Thomas Underhill, £30, for the Road from Shaw's to the Kings County Line. Harry Peters, 290, for the Road from

Tyng's Brook, round the Ocnahog. Thomas Corey, £100, for improving the Road from the New Canaan Settlement, to Studholme's Mill Stream.

Samuel Scovil and Richard Corrie, jun. Leon, granted in 1820, for the Road from the River Saint John, near Richard Currie's to the Thoroughfare.

Thomas Thorn, £40, granted in 1825. for the Road from Long Creek, to Watson's Ferry.

Kings County. William Sharp, £10, for the Road from William Sharp's to Keirsteau's. Joseph Flewelling, £40, for the Road

from Snider's to Keirstead's Mill Stream, on the Kennebeckasis. Richard Dixon, £20, for the Road from Nelson Nelson's to Isaae Perrey's,

Jonathan Titus, £15, for the ro. d from Barn's to the Road near Smith's Saw-

William Harding, £15. for the Road from Holder's to Waters' in Westfield.

William Wermore, £20, for the Road from the Old Church in Springfield, to William Wermore's, and thence to the Scotch Settlement?

James Wermore, jun. £20, for the Road from near James Campbell's on the North Stream, to the Kennebeckasis.

Samuel Gosline, £20, for the Road from Henry Stockholm's to Beach's. Lewis Frazce, 220, to assist in Build-

ing a Bridge over the Mill Stream, near Henry Sharp's on the New-Canaan Road. Lewis Frazee, £15 to assist in building a bridge over the Kenebee brook near Bel-

Gould Pickett, £50, for the road from Pickett's Mill to the Kennebeckasis, Jeremiah Maoee, 240, for the Road from near Mabee's to he Kennebekcasis. George N. Arnold. Laofar opening an w Road from Nicholas Roache's to the North

Branch of Hammond River. Cornelis Parlee, £20, for the Road from Benjamin Parlee's to the head of the Settlement on Trout Creek.

John Gidney. £25, for the new Road from Daniel M. Lean's to Gr'ney's.

John Hennigar, £45, for the Road from Hammond River to John Hennigar's. Charles Howe, \$20, for the Road from Henry Rubert's to the late William Spence's Farm.

James Wetmore, £15, for the Road from Moses Innes's to Dammond's. Gilliard Seacord, £15, for the Road

from Drummond's to Willia & Rogers's. Joel Crawford, £15, for the Road from Seeley's point on the Long Reach, to the Kennebeckasis near Whelpley's.

William Sharp, £15. for the Road from the Salmon River, near Hallers's, to Joseph Darling's.

James Keirstead, jun. Lio, for the Road from Gondola Point, to the French

Lewis Frazee, £10. for the Road from Joseph Folkin's to Richard Folkins'.

Lewis Frazee, £10, for the Road from Darling's to Jonathan Fenwick's.

James Brittain, £30, for the Bridge and Road, near Brittain's Mill, near the Nerepis.

Abraham Demill, £10, for the Road from the Asakake Road, to the Settlement of James M'Cann, and others.

Daniel Campbell, £15, for the Road from Gabriel Fowler's to Wm. Byrne's. William Burnett, jun. £20, for the Road from the head of the Belleisle to Guthries'.

Robert M'Kenzie, £20, for the Road from the North Branch of Hammond River, to the main Road, near Barns's, Joseph Fowler, \$20, for the Road

from the Widow Smith's to Upham's. James Crawford, £15, for the Road from Alexander Burneti's to the Road near Crawford's Mill brook.

James Crawford, £10, for the Road from John Duff's to Northrops. William Rulofison, £20, for the new

Road from Ruloff Ruloffson's to Samuel Ketchum's.

Joel Crawford, £15, for the Road from the lower line of Kingston, through the new Settlement of Patrick Riley and others. Joseph Cougle, £15, for the Road

from John Brown's to the Main Road near Jeffrey's Mill. James Crawford, £10, for the Road from Crawford's brook to John Perkin's. Jacob Vanwart, £15 for the Road from the Widow Shaw's to the Main Rand keil Worden's Ferry.

THE Proprietor of the Royal Gazette with unfeigned gratifude, returns thanks to those of the Subscribers for that paper who have assisted its support by punc. tuality in their payments, and will always feel the greatest satisfaction in supplying hem with it -- but is extremely sorry that he is compelled, from the backwardness in pay. ment of the greater number of those who are regularly se ved with the Gazette, to adopt a new method for the preservation of means for its future support. The prace tice (ton general in this ecunity) of settding Newspapers through the Province or Sib. scribers for years, without receiving the smallest compensation for them, having proved so detrumental that a new, acraege. ment has become in vitably necessary. The addition recently made to his office has cost him nearly 1200 -the Gazette will be enlarged, and for the future published in Qur. to, to commence on the first Tuesday in lung. next .-- The size will be about that of the Albien, published in N w Y rk (a paper well known in this Province) the price of which will be Sixteen Shillings per an um? the whole amount must be paid upon apolio eation for the paper. No pains will be spared to make it useful and interesting Those of our present Subscribers who may feel des strous of continuing the Gazene at 118 ada vanced price, are requested to send their names to either of the undermentioned Genthemen or to this office (observing the condirions abovementioned) before the first Tues. day in June next, and they may depend upon every exertion being made, and care taken to forward it to them. Those persons who require their papers to be conveyed to them through the Post Office, will have to pay four shillings per annum postage, which must be deposited with the Subscription money. Notice of the expiration of the year will be published for two manths previous, and all those whose subscriptions for a new term are not deposited within that period. will be considered withdrawn from the list of Subscribers. Subscriptions will be 12ken for any number of months previous to June in each year by paying the amount to that m mih, and if a further continuance is required, the money must be paid as abovementioned. Advertisements sent to this Office must be accompanied with the Cash, and the number of insertions will be regulated according to the amount received.

Agents for the Gazette ... Saint John, H. N. H. LUGRIN, Eq. St. Andrews, JAMES CAMPBELL, Esq. Miramichi, I. A. STREET, E.q. Westmoreland, E. B. CHANDLER, Esq. Sheffield, JAMES TILLEY, Eq Gag Town, C. P. WET-MORE, Esq. For Woodstock and Norther ampion, THOS. PHILLIPS. E.g.

London, Saturday Evening, March 19. STATE OF THE KING & MEALTH ...

The following are all the Bulletins that have been published; he last, it will be seen, is decided y favourable : -King's Lodge, Windsor art. March 16.

"The King has been for the last three weeks under the influence of gours; but on Monday list His Maj six bad also fev " with symptoms of inflammation.

" The King was bled on Monday, and again on Tuesdah with much relief. " His Majes y had less fover yesterd The

and has sail less to day. (Signed.) " Henry Haifard.

44 Mauhew John Tiernev, " Henry Elerber Soub v." King's Lodge, Windsor Fash, March 17.

" The King has had a quiet night. " His Majorcy is almost free from tever, and is better." (Signed as before.] King's Lodge, Windsor Park, March 18.

"The King has had a good night and continues to improve." (Signed as before.)

LONDON, April 8. From C lcutta. Papers from Calcutta

have been received as late as the 21st Dec. One of them states that when the King of Ava heard of the fail of Prome, he raved like a madman, and determined to take no. counsel thereafter but his own. The propositions made to him by the Bruish Commander, at the conferences, for a peace, had been indignantly rejected. The Burmese army had been recruited, and was estimated at from 70 000 to 1 10,000 men.

The Enterprize Steam vessel had arrived safely at Calcutta from England. Capt Johnston, was 'of opinion, that when the necessary arrangements for a supply of Fuel should be completed, he would be able to perform the voyage in 40 days.

INDIA Accounts from Calcutta are to Dec. The Burmese War continued. Of course the Armistice and Negotiation have ended

The late Paris Papers mention that 60,000 Bure British, while a very formidable British Force was.

The Hon, E I Company's ship Royal George, of 1800 tons, and pierced for 38 guns, was totally destroyed by fire, with 1000 chests of Tea on board at Whampon, on sath Dec. The fire broke out about 4 in the morning, and in about three hours she blew up--she came very near drifting foul of wholly want ambinations of appropria

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