ENW-BRUNSWICK ROYAL GAZETTE.

a heap of ruins. A melancholy interest) cho, whose door was surrounded by a mob, of great length, and in such disorder as to render them Mutton in Market-therefore, when the attaches to the details of this conflagration, was advised to send away his carriage to dewhich has proved hardly less fatal to human ceive the crowd, and go on foot out by life, than destructive to property. Fifty back door; he did so, but was soon recogdead bodies are stated to have been dug out nized and surrounded by a number of artiof the ruins, and while the flames were yet sans' and Royalist Volunteers who cried, raging, it was found necessary to set all ine . The Apostolic King forever ! Death to Extracts from the Annual Report of the from their introduction. melefactors who were confined in the pri Negroes ! Death to Recacho !' When be sen, at liberty, as the building in which they reached the Puertadel Sol, he was obliged to were shut up was found to be on fire. These take refuge in the post office and place him wrerches appear to have made an ungrate- self under the protection of his guard. The of our proceedings, it is a necessary and Lambs on the second of October, one of ful return, for the merciful consideration captain of the post made his men load their most gratifying duty to express our sense of which weighed 87 lbs. the other 91 lbs.which had thrown open the doors of their pieces, to awe the populace ; some of them the munificent liberality extended to us by Some of Mr. Johnston's Dishley Lambs are dungeons. They prepared to pillage that were drawn in the square, patroles were or. His Majesty's Government, which has said to weigh 100 lbs. to 120 lbs. Such inportion of the city which had escaped the ganized; the cavalry dispersed the mob, and enabled us to exercise a more enlarged relief stan-ces prove the superiority over any other hre, and the most active exertions of the about 4 o'clock M. Recacho joined his car- to suffering humanity, than our own funds breed of Sheep we have, and corroborate the magistrates and inhabitants were required to riage out of the city. The scene has caused would have allowed ; and to offer our thank- declaration of good breeders, that neither keep them in ckeck. The writer of this a great sensation at Madrid, as it gives ful acknowledgments to His Excellency Sir the Lincoln, or old Leicester, as some call parrative, towards the end of his letter, de- reason to fear acts of violence. This is Howard Douglas, for his constant support, them here, are equal to them, although they scribes the flames to have again burst out ip one of the most alarming symptoms for and most beneficial and condescending have a more specious appearance. one part of the city. To add to the horror Spain." I O much and various species of Stock of the scene, a storm raged at the same mo (The Gazette de France contradicts the lic Offices at Frederiction have continued may yet be introduced, it is necessary to ment. It would seem that to arrest the pro- assertions of the morning journals, respecting their prompt attention and co-operation in urge the necessity of adhering rigidly to one gress of the calamity was beyond the power (coubles at Madrid on the 13th.) of man, and the letter concludes with the mournful declaration, that " Omnipotence alone can save us from utter destruction," August 24. 20 million Extract of a letter from St. John's Newfoundland, received at Greenock, , and ated 16th July. "There arrived here about ten days ago, a tree translation of some of the more striking pasa craft from Irvine, which raised the wonderment of every body. Her name is the less than twenty three tens register / In this boat, as he calls ber, he and his crew without quadrant or log line on board, and pilet from Normandy, called CHEDOTEL. The all of them ignorant of the theory of navigation, The Island of Fogu brought him up, L'Isle Royale, [Cape Breton,] and on which it is where he obtained a supply of provisions, of which he was short, and thence found his way hither. He says he left home in consequence of the badness of the times, being unable to find employment for his boat there, and in hopes of doing better in some parts of is thirteen degrees North East. It is narrow and America bent his course westward. His cargo consisted of about 200 bushels a get a charter to carry, new fish hence to Lis- sand-one of which runs N. E. one quarter E. bon. be going on steadily." AUGUST 27. 111、21年14年 The French papers, dated Saturday, found themselves even worse off than they had reached us at a late hour, by express : we been in their cells, subjoin the following extracts : From the Gazette de France, dated Satur

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FROM THE CITY GAZETTE.

Secretary of the Saint John Agricultu- "The person who has charge of my Dishral and Emigrant Society.

the advancement af the mutual objects of your Stock, otherwise it will be impossible our pursuit ; and since the late orders re- to say whether the Farmer's History of Nova Scotia - We have lately been specing the location of Lands, the Honour- Beast is to blame.

similar to the fabulous River Gods: and disfigured so as to make them of horrid appearance. This Prince ordered each to be presented with fifty crowns, and delivered to them respectively, an ac-quittal from the pursuit of justice." this too for half breds) few persons will be disposed to question the advantage arising

ley Sheep, states that the Lambs of May "Before, however, entering upon a detail last, are very fine-he weighed two Ewe

whatever seemed for general advantage, and peculiar breed, when once fixed upon as

day, August 25.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Wy 25.

does not seem the more disposed to recog-

favoured with Charlevoix's, History of "La Nouvelle France." Our attention has been directed to that part which refers to Acadia, and as the writer has communicated a number of interesting these to the desired end. details connected with the first adventurers to this portion of the New World, we have thought that sages will at once, be instructive and gratifying. We commence to-day with the following narra-

FROM THE NOV ASCOTIAN.

commission which enabled him to understake the enterprise, was desirous of inspecting the country timself. He therefore fitted out a vessel, in which first land which they approached was Sable Island, distant about \$5 leauges to the South East of recorded, that the Baron De Lery in 1508 bad wished to establish a colony. It was a situation the residence of man, and besides is small in extent, and possesses no harbour This Island lies in 44-2 N. latitude. The variation observed there of the figure of a bow,. They discovered in the centre of it a Lake of about 5 leagues in circumand the other S E. It is thirty five leagues N. by The fishery from all paus seem to W. of Canso and has mountains of sand which La Roche landed there forty convicts, whom h had drawn from the prisons of France, and who

" He proceeded then to explore the coasts of the neighbouring continent, which has been called Acadia, and after having made as full a survey at he deemed necessary, he prepared to return to France. His intention was to pass by Sable Is-land to take on heard again those whom he had " The treaty of July 6, concluded at landed, but a contrary wind did not allow him to London, is fully known to the Porte, which approach. Several unlucky events detained him Sheep, by the Central Society ; and appli- I o this part of the settlement I beg to call vented him from following up the enterprise. For more than a year he was detained a prisoner by will, therefore, be gratifying to those inter-Brattany, and persons of influence, whom his zeal for the Catholic Religion offended, found means to counteract the effect of the King's wishes in his ces, which had brought him no return, he found hunself unable to continue them, and it is said " The fault he committed was in not having commenced an Establishment at Acadia, where one established fishery, which could not have cost him much outlay, would have produced certain and immediate returns. The forty convicts whom he had lett on the Isle de Sable found upon the sea shore the wrecks of vessels with which they creeted a kind of Barracks as a protection from the pression on the Spanish Government which elements-they were the wrecks of those Spanish vessels which had sailed for the purpose of for ming a settlement on the Isle Royale. From these same M. Recacho has been followed by that of vessels some cattle and sheep had been saved-M. Balboa, Intendant of the province of these had encreased upon the Island, and tormed for some time a resource for the unfortunate exiles, Fish was then their only article of food, and when cho to oppose the violent party of which M. their clothes were worn out, they made garments from the skin of the sea wolf. At the expiration of seven years the king having heard of this enterprise, compelied the pilot CHEDOTEL to go in

able the Commissioner of Crown Lands and " I will farther add, that success in Egrests, has afforded every facility to carry Stock Husbandry will never attend those

distribution of Premiums would be attended the offspring of the Improving Stores." with better effects, if more ample statements " I am happy to state that the Districts

competing for Premiums at the Exhibitions, through the labours of a contented and induswere given in, tarough which the country trious peasantry ; and as these persons who crossed the Atlantic Ocean in seven weeks, he embarked the same year [1598,] with a skilful would be put in possession of that knowledge formerly drew Lands, but neglected them, now which it is one of the main designs of an had that to retain possession something must be Agricultural Society to diffuse. A Pre- done upon them, they are repairing to their mium being awarded under such terms, be- lots as permanent settlers, and it is to be excomes a reward of a more extended charac- pected that ere long the whole line of road unhappily chosen, the Island itself produces with ter, and a public testimony in fayour of from the Hammond River to Hopewell will difficulty grass and braubles, it is not adapted for every stage of the Farmer's progress ; for be inhabited, and which when completed he, for instance, who receives a Premium in will prove not only highly advantageous to St. a Grain Crop, and furnishes a statement of John County, but to all the Eastern Counhis mode of Manuring, Tillage, and Ga try in that direction. Of the Eastern thering, receives almost directly a Premium Range of this District, the following is a ference, and the Island itself is ten leagues round. for each part of his work whilst the ac- brief account :- It contains 299 souls, coal ; and he has been fortunate enough to At the two extremities there are large banks of count of his system going abroad, enables having 3 horses, 32 cows, 3 bulls, 29 young other Farmers to prosecute a similar plan ; cattle, 16 sheep, 52 pigs, 23 houses, 12 and in this manner are the true objects of barns, 245 acres of land cleared, of which they see from six to eight leagues distant. M. De awarding, public Premiums realized the 54 are in grain, 41 in potatoes, and 143 individual's industry beoming a source of in pasture. The Western Range contains profit and honour to himself, and he a 103 souls, 2 horses, 29 cows, 2 bulls, 20 benefactor to his Country.

who change from one breed to another, " It also appeared to the Board, that the before they have matured the qualities of

of the quality, breed, produce, or mode of located under the superindence of the Soci-Industry, Edwards, master, a cutter of no "The Marquis De La Roche, invested with a culture, (as the case might be,) of the objects ety continue to advance prosperously;

oxen, 17 young cattles 24 sheep, 38 pigs " This appears to be the proper moment 23 houses 2's barns, 2 mills, 355 acres of to state, that some time ago a report had been land cleared, 1 70 grain and potatoes, 185 put in circulation, and which became very pasture. The Central Division consists of current, that failure had attended the impor. 1 of souls, or 30 families, having now 18 tation of the Dishley or Improved Leicester houses, and 30 to 40 acres of land cleared,

nise the principles of it; and it is even said that should it be carried into effect, the the Due de Mercatur, who was then master of Divan would send passports to the Ministers of the three Courts.

conference with the Reis Effendi, on the article relative to Servia; in the treaty of that he died of chagtin. Akeimann, ibe Reis Effendi has intimated that he wishes the affair to the treated only through the Gragoons.

MADRID, Aug. 17. "The news of the treaty between Bue nos Ayres and Brazil has produced an imis much to be regretted. The dismissal of Madrid, who exerted himself with M. Reac-Galamarde is the chief. M. Balboa, is exiled to Granada, and is succeeded by M. The two exiles were to leave Madrid at one in the morning. M. Balboa happily got out of the city unnoticed ; but M. Reca-

ested in Rural concerns, and the proceed- "It will be remembered that early in the ings of those Societies, to know, that such season, some vessels arrived here, the Emia report is without foundation, and that the grants on board of which were in a very des-"M. de Reauxierre having desired a favour. In the end as he had made large advan- holders of those valuable animals declare titute condition, suffering alike from disease their produce to be of the most promising and poverty, and arriving in such numbers character. In the early part of the season, until the City was overflowed with

or soon after their arrival, a disinclination to misery, to which the usual relief was Flock-service was certainly visible amongst of little avail ; a number of those unthe Tups, but which, by those at all acquaint- fortunate people being desirous and table to ed with the character of the Sheep, is easily go into the woods, His Excellency the accounted for, viz : the high feeding and LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR with his chaconfinement during the passage of the Atlan- racteristic Humanity, directed that location tic and the additional restrait until they were might be made of those arriving in this disposed of here. state. With this indulgence therefore of

"I waited upon a gentleman in this neigh- His Excence New, aided by the most bourhood, who has taken some pains with liberal donation from His MAJESTY's the breed, H. JOHNSTON, Jun. Esq., on Revenue, 30 families, consisting of 106 the subject, and have his authority to state souls, were put on board a vessel for Shepody, his entire satisfaction with his purchase of furnished with provisions, hoes and axes, the Sheep-and well he may, for of the with a superintendent to direct their opera-Lorilla, who is favourable to the Absolutists. search of them, but he did not had more than part of the Flock he weighed, under seven tions and distribute the allowance of provitwelve, the rest having died in misery. The King weeks old, the return was, Tup 61 lbs., sions to each. The relief thus extended, it wished to see those who had returned, in the same Ewe 38 lbs. These are of his half bred is satisfactory to say, has been productive of dress, in which Chedotel had found them, clothed Ewe 38 lbs. These are of his half bred is satisfactory to say, has been productive of with the skins of the sea wolf, their hair and beard store, which he sells at double the price of the desired consequences ;... the dispirised