

cent. : and that to these Colonies 3-10 per cent. In the year 1824, (on an average of 10 years), the tonnage of the whole Shipping cleared is found to have increased 167 per cent. above the amount cleared in 1772. That employed to the United States has decreased 5-5-10 per cent., and is now 2-2-10 per cent. of the whole. That to the West Indies has increased 189 per cent., and is now 9-7-10 per cent. of the whole. And the tonnage to the Colonies has increased 2370 per cent., and now forms 12-4-10 per cent. of the whole foreign navigation of Great Britain, including the vessels cleared for Ireland. As far therefore as our Navigation is concerned, the advantage now derived to us from the United States, and the North American Colonies respectively, compared with that of the year 1772, may be represented by the following quantities, -5-5, for the former, and + 11-1, for the latter, and the difference in favour of the Colonies is + 16-6, that is, as nearly one-sixth of our whole foreign tonnage is to 0.

Before comparing the whole commerce and navigation of these Colonies, with those of the United States, to all parts of the world, it should be remembered that the latter, by their separation from us, had the good fortune to relieve themselves from all the restraints of dependence and still to retain most of its advantages, nor were the territorial concessions they obtained of us, more important to their increase, or more strangely deserved, than their commercial privileges. For at the same time that they gained a free intercourse with the whole World, their ships continued to enjoy in our harbours the rights and immunities of British bottoms; they continued to trade with our Colonies, to fish in our waters; and even the protecting duties, to encourage their produce, were a long time preserved. Add to this, that the war which soon after embroiled all Europe, threw into their hands the carrying trade of almost the whole Continent, which they used justly to compare to a *vicious cow*, which we held by the horns for them to milk. The Colonies, on the other hand, have felt their want of capital, and other the natural difficulties of their situation, increased, both by the restraints upon themselves, and the preference shewn to others. Unknown, or unencouraged, they seem for a long time to have been regarded as a desperate gamester, who has thrown away vast sums without fortune, or without judgment, despises the little that remains. The laws of navigation indeed, as the fundamental rule of the Empire, the source of all its power and prosperity, are never to be mentioned with complaint, because they bear hard upon any particular branch; but this there was unfortunate in the situation of these Colonies, that wherever those laws were rigidly enforced, they suffered much inconvenience and vexation, and wherever they might have expected some advantage, those laws were easily relaxed. For years the Colonies were unable to contend with the admission of the United States into the West India Islands, to which, and to the Mother Country, their trade was almost entirely restricted; and it was not till 1809, (before which period the importation of their Timber was but limited and unprotected), that the closing of the Baltic, and the hostility of the North, compelled us to turn at length upon our own resources, and cut down our forests in America. Between these obstructions on the one side, and advantages on the other, it is not a little surprising that neither the commerce nor the navigation, of this portion of our dominions, are in comparative improvement, one step behind the rapid advancement of the United States. Their exports to the whole world have increased, between the years 1669 and 1825, from £2,352,441 to £22,395,463, and

the whole amount of tonnage employed thereby, from 351,664 to about 1,114,000 tons, an addition of 685 per cent. in the former, and in the latter of 216. While from these Provinces, the exports, during that time, have risen from £225,878 to about £3,150,057, and the navigation employed thereby from 25,412 to about 689,872, an addition respectively of 1280 per cent. and 2610 per cent. How, and from what sources, this estimate is formed, will be seen by a Table, (No. VII.), in the Appendix. (To be Continued.)

**STRAYED**

**I**NTO the Farm occupied by the Subscriber at Kingsclear, above Phillis Creek, A RED COW, about 5 years old; White under the belly, is supposed to be with Calf, and has been on said Farm nearly 3 months.

The owner may have the said COW, by proving property, and paying the Subscriber's charges, and the expense of advertising. **TIMOTHY KILLAAN.** Kingsclear, Dec. 1, 1826. [3.w.p.]

The Members of the Fredericton District Committee for Promoting Christian Knowledge, are hereby informed that the supply of Books for the present year have arrived, and are ready at the store of the Subscriber, to be given out to them on the Terms of the Society, and to the public at reduced prices,--of which the following is a Catalogue:

A new edition of the family Bible. Bibles, No. 4, No 8, No 12, No 14, and No 24 with the service; Prayer Books and Testaments of various sizes; Nelson's Fasts & Feasts The whole duty of Man; A new Manual of Devotion; Law's Call; Wilson's Sermons; The Book of Nature; Nelson on the Sacrament; Claims of the Established Church; Devotion, by Bishop Andrews, Huke's Lectures, The great importance of a Religious Life, An Introduction to the Christian Religion, Meat on Regeneration, Gibson's advice to persons who have been sick. Young Woman's Monitor, The condition of obtaining Salvation, Secker on Confirmation; The chief truths of the Christian Religion, Exercise against living, Directions for Public Worship, Trust in God the best remedy, The Church Catechism, Parables of our Saviour, Sermon of ditto; Miracles of ditto, History of ditto, Dr Watt's Songs for Children, The Answer to the question Why am I a Churchman? Cottager's Religious Meditation, Public House Keeper's Monitor, The duty of contending for the Faith, St. Paul's opinion of Jesus Christ, A companion to the Penitent, Advice to Godfathers and Mothers, A Country Gentleman's Advice, Friendly advice to the Sick, Charity School's Spelling Book, An office of Baptism and Confirmation, An Essay on the Church of England, Elementary Discourses, Essay on a well ordered Family, The life of God in the soul of Man, A companion to the Aged, Sets of the Homilies, Hale's four last things, Huke's Exposition of the Creed, Miss Trimmer's Spelling Book's, Pears' Companion, Baseness of Slandering Elishus caution against bad Company, Exhortation to a serious reform, Pastoral advice, Trial and Witness of the Resurrection, Miss Trimmer's Instructive Tales, The life of James Benet, Esq; Primary Visitation, A friendly call to the Communion, The Sacrament made plain, Friendly reproof and Instruction, Instruction to the Clergy, Method of living by rule, Preservation against the Modern Socinianism, Lectures on the Church Catechism, by Secker, Ditto by Glass, Scripture Lessons, The Servant's friend, The Young Man's Monitor, Dr Bell's system of Education, Morning and Evening Prayer for families, Several methods of reading the Scriptures, Dissuasion from Intemperance, Directions to a Virtuous life, A Dissertation on Baptism and Spiritual Regeneration, Dissuasion from Stealing, The way to salvation, Consideration on the use and abuse of Oaths, The christian's way to Heaven, A treatise on the Christian Church, The condition of obtaining Salvation, The Principal evidence of Divine Origin, Letters of Adam Smith The excellency of Psalmody, Instruction to the Poor, The two Farmers.

*Jedediah Slason,*  
Treasurer.  
Fredericton, December, 5, 1826.

**FOR SALE,**

**P**EW, No. 38, on the ground floor, in Christ Church, Fredericton. For particulars apply to the Subscriber. *Jedediah Slason.* Fredericton, Nov. 20th 1826.

**CHEMICAL EMBROCATION,**  
**OR—WHITWELL'S ORIGINAL**  
**OPODELDOC.**

*Treble the strength of the hard kind.*

**B**EWARE OF IMITATIONS. **T**HIS article is now, beyond all dispute, considered by every Physician of extensive practice in the United States as the best known external remedy in all cases of Bruises, Sprains, Gout, Rheumatism, Cramp, Numbness, Stiffness of the Neck or Limbs, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Stings of Insects, Vegetable Poisons &c.

The use of this celebrated remedy is not confined to the American States. Orders for it are constantly received from South America, the West Indies, Nova Scotia, Lower Canada, and in one instance orders were received from England and Russia.—In a late letter, to the Proprietor from St. Salvador, the writer observes, "Your Opedeloc begins to be well known and fully appreciated," &c.

Certificates have been received, sufficient to fill a column of a paper. A few only of the first respectability are attached to the directions,—among which is one from a Physician of the highest grade in Europe or America.

*Pause before you Purchase.*

No one circumstance can more fully prove the value and great demand for this Medicine, than the numerous servile and contemptible imitations in existence—some have so closely imitated the stamp and type of the outside wrapper, as to be difficult of detection, except only by the omission of the NAME. Therefore, as you value your Life or Limb, be sure to ask for and receive

*Whitwell's Opedeloc*

only, or you may be most wretchedly imposed upon.

At the same place may be had, the *Aromatic Snuff*, celebrated throughout the American Continent, in cases of Catarrh and Headache, Drowsiness, Depression of Spirit, Vapors, Dimness of Eye-sight, and all disorders of the head. From its most fragrant and grateful quality, it completely counteracts the effects of a bad atmosphere, and being greatly antiputrescent, is indispensable for all who watch with or visit the sick.

*The Opedeloc,*

is recommended by Dr. MITCHELL, of New-York, M. D. L. L. D. Professor of Botany and Materia Medica in their College of Physicians: The SNUFF, by Dr. WATERHOUSE, Professor of the Theory and practice of Physic in the University of Cambridge.

The above articles, warranted Genuine, will constantly be kept on hand by SAMUEL KENDALL, jun. who is appointed Agent for the Inventors.

Fredericton, 25th April, 1826.

**A**LL persons indebted to the Subscriber, or to the late Firm of

**EZEKIEL SLOOT, & Co,**

are requested to call at his Store as early as possible, to adjust the same, to enable him to make satisfactory arrangement with his Creditors; and all persons having claims against him, will please send them in.

**JAMES SLOOT.**

Fredericton, July 11, 1826.

**THE PARTNERSHIP**

**H**ERETOFORE existing under the Firm of JOURT, AGNEW, & Co, is by mutual consent this day dissolved.

Tuesday, 17th Oct. 1826.

**F**ISHER, WALKER & Co. And offer for Sale at their Store in Queen Street, nearly opposite the Officer's Barracks, a very large & handsome assortment of **British and East-India MERCHANDIZE,**

Suitable for the Market of the Country. The whole of which they will sell at reduced prices for Cash or short approved Credit

—ALSO—  
*Jamaica Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Rum, Molasses, Prime Mess Pork, Herrings, Cod & Scale Fish, best Muscatel Raisins, in Boxes, Coils of Cordage, Paints and Oil, Salt, English, Russia, and Swedes Iron, German and Blistered Steel, Crates Crochery assorted, &c. &c. &c.*

DAVID FISHER,  
NATHANIEL WALKER,  
MICHAEL FISHER.

Fredericton, 9th May 1826.

**N**OTICE: the Subscriber respectfully requests all those who stand indebted to him by Note or Book Account, (that were not Sufferers by the Fire) to make immediate payment, or legal means will be adopted to recover the same

**WILLIAM BRYANT.**

Chatham, (Miramichi) June 16, 1826.

**STRAYED**

**I**NTO the Subscriber's premises, and now in his barn, *A Mare and Colt.*

The Mare is a dark bay with a white stripe in her forehead, and a small white spot on the right side of her head. She is also about 18 years old, and is supposed to have foaled the latter part of June, or first of July last.

The owner may have the said Mare and Colt by proving property, and paying the subscriber's charges, and the expense of this advertisement.

**T. V. W. CLOWES.**

Maugerville, 12th Nov. 1826.

**LOST**, on Saturday last, a Note of hand, for £29, and some shillings, drawn by Joseph Estabrook, and Whitman Haines, in favour of the Subscriber. This is therefore to caution all persons from purchasing said Note, if found, as the payment of the same is stopped.

**Benjamin Yerxa.**

Fredericton, Dec. 26, 1826. [3.w.p.]

*Valuable property for Sale.*

**T**HE subscriber offers for Sale that well known House opposite the end of the Officers' Barracks, comprising a Store in front and Back Store occupied by Fisher, Walker, & Co. Two large frost proof cellars, Bake House, and nine private Rooms, out houses &c. which property can be examined at any time, and terms of payment will be liberal.

**JAMES D. BERTON.**

Fredericton, Dec. 11th 1826.

*Teas, India Cottons, Jamaica Spirits, &c.*

For sale in quantities to suit Retailers at the store of H. & I. SUTHERLAND, BY W. M'CANNON,

*Chests & Boxes Souchong & Congo Teas, Imported by order of the E. India Company, ex Countess Harcourt.*

*English Cottons, Salempores, Printed Calicoes, Rose Blankets, Flushing Slops, Wrapping Paper, Assorted Iron, and a few Puncheons Jamaica Spirits.*

Fredericton, 28th Nov. 1826. [4.w.p.]