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NEW-BRUNSWICK ROYAL GAZETTE.

Liverpool, to whom this advice was com HOUSE OF COMMONS, MAY 1. municated, at the same time that it was ad MR. CANNING'S SPEECH.

dressed to His Majesty, in a letter to His Mr. CANNING rose, and spoke nearly Majesty, stated first that having been one as follows : - Sir, it would be uncourteous of the original authors of a Government to the House, and to my Right Honoura- divided in opinion on that question, he, for ble Friend, were I to allow this opportunity one, never could concur in Administration in with them, had I not held the opinions to pass without expressing, in as few words excluding one party. Lord Liverpool ad that I did hold on the Catholic Question, I as possible, the sentiments which his speech ded also his advice, or rather his opinion, of have only to repeat, Sir, here, in reply to if we wait until the holidays, without adopt. has excited, or rather confirmed, in my the great difficulty that would attend the another charge which some have preferred ing any definitive steps, I see that it is quite mid; and although, perhaps, I might no forming such a Government. Sinh was against me, (although in coarser language, hopeless for me to attempt to persevere in have risen for the express purpose of do Lord Liverpool's opinion, and when I ad and in a manner, I confess, much less inter- the objects I have undertaken." I need ing so, yet, as there have been calls on me vised His Majesty to form such a divided esting to my feelings) -- " that the new Go not repeat to the house, the words in which to answer questions on different subjects, Government, it was not for me to estimate the vernment which has been formed, consits my Sovereign graciously replied to this reand as I am prepared, in the discharge of difficulties which would impede it. It chiefly of Catholics," (that is, of members presentation, but I may state that he gave me my duty, to answer those questions, I hope was, had His Majesty thought fit to adopt friendly to the question of emancipation)-a his hand to kiss, and confirmed me in the sausfactorily, I certainly shall not fail to he advice, for those of his Councellors, charge the been made, and not unigren office to which I had been named. (Loud express the pleasure I have received from who were to form part of an Administration Lionally, I think, in a speech which has been and repaated cheers.) These, then, Sir, hearing him. To begin with the more so constituted, to course as they delivered this evening -as if there had been are the steps which I really have taken; agreeable part of my task, the speech of might have thought would attain their end. a breach of faith on my part, in dealing these are the means by which I have been my Right Hon. Friend, I shall confirm the I did not disguise either from my sovereign with the late Cabinet, for not having pro-placed in the station I at present fill. I greater part of that speech. I can bear or myself, that it would be a work of diffi posed to my Sovereign a plan of a new have meddled not with the conduct or the testimony that throughout the whole of the culty, but I was far from thinking it a work of Cabinet, that should have embraced an opinions of any other man, I have already exdiscussions that have taken place since Par impracticability. What became of that equal portion of the supporters of both sides pressed my unequivocal, unqualified, approliament abjourned. I have kept up with my advice is manifest by the result. It was of that question -I have to make only this bation of the course pursued by my Right Right Honourable Friend the most constant not acted upon ; but for what reason it was reply. The Honourable Secretary who Honourable Friend (Mr. Peel,) and of the intercourse ; and throughout have I found not acted upon, I am not aware ; and more makes the charge, is himself well informed, candour with which he has declared himself in him the same candour and sincerity, and than I know, I will not state. This I can that I did suggest, and did endeavour and on that point. What have been the princithe expression of the same just feelings, and say, that from the time I first saw His Ma justend to execute, such a plan of a new ples of conduct of others, among my late a uniform exhibition of the same high prin- jesty, down to the period at which he came Administration. (Hear, hear.) But, Sir, colleagues, for the best of reasons and ciple, to which he has laid claim in the to town, so far from seeking to obtain the that Honourable Secretary is equally well the wisest; I do not pretend to say; for discourse which he has this night delivered. situation in which I now stand, my first act informed, moreover, that when upon the really I do not know them. (Hear.) That I assure the house that they much mistake was to advise that the experiment so loudly 1 2th of April last, I went to the chamber conduct I can only view by its results; the position in which I have the honour to called for in debate in this House, and of my Sovereign, intending to propose a result which have been assuredly most painstand, who believe that position one of gra which I understood was intended to be plan and arrangement which should comprise ful; and I may truly say, to me, as painful tified ambition, or as conveying the feeling brought forward in the abortive motion of all the Members of Lord Liverpool's Go- as, in almost every instance - (every instance of unalloyed satisfaction. - (Hear, hear.) the Honourable Member for Somersetshire, ernment, and embrace, therefore, an equal I do not say, for I sedulously except my From the beginning of these discussion, I (a laugh,) should be tried. I earnestly ity of Protestant and Catholic votes, or ra- Right Honourable Friend)_they were unforesaw-both of us foresaw-that they must desire that it might have met with a fair ther, I should say, a preponderancy of Pro- expected. Sir, I really knew not in what terminate in our mutual separation, which I trial, and I declare to Ged, that there was testant voices-he is well informed, that a way I had sinned in the eyes of my colleahope to God may be only for a time. Had nothing I more wished, or was nearer to circumstance occurred which prevented that gues_those other of my colleagues, I should the question been merely between my right my heart, than to step out of the way, in intention from taking effect. And was it rather say-that they should decline acting Honourable Friend and myself, and had it order that the experiment might be made iny fault, Sir, that, by any sort of concert with me. I had never offeneded them inbeen to be decided by his retirement or by But when I was told that such a Govern I certainly will not venture to say, but by intionally, nor did I know that I had ever mine, I'do most solemnly declare it should nent could not be formed, and when I said a singular coincidence, undoubtedly, -at that excited among them unwittingly any feeling have been decided by the latter. (Hear, hear.) I could not be a Member of an exclusive very time, on that very day, and in that so hostile or personal to me, as to be at all Sie my, Right Honourable Friend had the Administration, or, indeed, of any which very chamber, six Protestant resignations (I likely to lead to this result. (Hear, hear.)courtesy to state to me yesterday, his inten- was not constituted upon the same princi- call them Protestant only in the parlance of Between my Right Honourable Friend and tion of making some observations to the ple as that of Lord Liverpool, with respect this House) were put into my hands? (Hear, myself, it is almost unnecessary for me to House on the present occasion. I had, to the Catholic Question, viz. a division hear.) Observe, Sir, the charge against me observe, that upon every subject, in every therefore, the opportunity of doing that of opinion on that question, and as a ne is that I have organised a Government all discussion I can call to mind, upon all great without which I should never have been cessary consequence, us not being made a Catholic, as to its views upon that question, questions of foreign or domestic policy and able to address the House with satisfaction Cabinet measure, a totally news question having promised to form one that should be regislation_this one unhappy question of to myself-of asking His Majesty's graci then arose. It was not whether I should or half and half; and my Hononrable accuser Catholie Emancipation excepted there has ons permission to state such passages concern- should not remain in the Government to be sinks the indisputable fact, that the Protest- been that sort of general agreement, that I ing him in the late discussions, as may be formed, but whether I should remain in a ant half of the Administration contemplated, do not believe there exists the individual necessary to explain my conduct. I know Government discredited in my own and the had withdrawn themselves. (Cheers.) I with whom my opinions are in a more comnot whether the House will be surprised to country's opinion. God knows whether I think that it is rather too hard to charge that plete accordance (Loud cheers) and I do hear - my Right Honourable Friend will cast myself in the way of the embarrassing resignation upon their parts, as a breach of not think any greater calamity could have not, for I have already stated is to him - situation in which I afterwards found my faith upon mine. that when I was first called upon by His self. It was proposed to me, that an Ad- I beg pardon Sir; I have unwillingly in- Friend's secession from office, not only Hajesty for advice, in the critical situation ministration should be reconstructed upon cluded in the number of these resignations my as respects his Administration of the Home in which the Government was placed, aware the same principle as that of Lord Liver Lord Melville, and am well reminded that we Department, but as regards the important

ated myself, to the satisfaction of the House. from he charge of overweening ambition. Cheers.) My first object was to quit of fice altogether. I was willing to retire from office with the other members of the former Government; but I was willing to remain

respecting the formation of a new Adminisration. It is now open to your Majesty to adopt a new course, for no step has yet been taken in the execution of those orders that is irrecoverable ; but I must fairly stateto your Majesty, that if I am to go on in the poition where you have been pleased to place ne, my writ must be moved for to day, for nefallen the country than my Right Hon.

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-for why should I disguise the fact ?- of pool's, placing at the head of it, in the same been told, on the present occasion, that share which he has so long taken in the great His Majesty's individual opinions, I coun- situation as was held by that Noble Lord, his resignation, also, was upon the ground of councils of the country, and the share that selled him to make the Government conform some Peer holding, his Anti-Catholic opi- the Catholic question, of which he has al- is still open, and still, I trust to be filled by able to those opinions. That counsel ne pions. What principle was I then, in my ways been a supporter. (Hear, hear.) Lord him, in the general-discussion of this House. cessarily involved my own retirement, and own person, desired to sanction ? -- I was de Melville's resignation I did not mean to (Cheers.) But as to others of my late colthat retirement would have been made with sired to give my assent to this principle : include in this enumeration ; so that, instead leagues, I am not prepared to express an opta much more cheerful heart, and a more -that holding the opinions I do hold upon of six, I should have said five, Protestant nion on the proceeding that they have adoptconfident assurance, from the possition in the Catholic Question, was a disqualifica- resignations. However, five Protestant re- ed, because of its motives I am not aware. which it placed me, that I had at any tion for holding the highest office the King signations, at all events, came into the So far, indeed as I had reason to know any subsequent stage of these transactions. Sir, had to bestow. (Hear.) I care not for King's hands, within twenty four hours ; thing of their disposions in relation to in offering my advice to His Majesty to office ; I will go to and thus, five of the members on whom 1 myself-I speak now more particularly in constitute a Government opposed to my opi- the extremity of the earth, rather than sub- had reckoned for the new Cabinet, were at reference to the line of foreign policy I nions. I begged leave to withdraw myself, as mit to a condition that I should not hold once withdrawn : and, upon this state have pursued, as being that department of I could not form a part of such Govern- office on account of helding those opinions, ment, I do again ask, whether it is fair to the Government with which I was more ment. Now, Sir, why did I do this? I. That principle of exclusion would be next impute to me a witful non execution of the immediately connected. I understood that as the House may do me the bonour to re. In degree only to the exclusion of the Ca- orders or my Sovereign, in the formation of my official conduct had received their apmember, have always defended, and as I holics themselves. Now, Sir, that was a that Cabinet? (Hear, hear.). But did the probation. Both in the Cabinet, and in still do defend, the existence of an Ad condition to which I would not, and never matter rest here, Sir? Lireceived these re- the two Houses of Parliament, they express ministration divided in opinion upon the vill, submit. I would have quitted office a signations about the middle of Thursday, and ed such favourable opinions; nor can I Catbolic question, I will tell the House my thousand times, and have consented to be within some two hours of the maeting of this charge myself with having, by any measures reason for so doing. Not many money prescribed from it for ever, rather than that House. I had already given directions for of my own, produced intentronally any ago, from quarters which I will not mam any future statesmen should have had to exe- the moving of the new writ -- (i. e. for the such change in those opinions as should have strenuous advice was addressed to His Ma Frate my memory for having affixed such a borough of Newport we presume)-when I fied to this unwillingness or their parts to of manimity with respect to the Catholic strenuous support of which I had ever, up ing them, I said to my Sovereign. "Here, nowever, to say nothing of the conduct of uniform opposition to that question. Loid (Cheers.) I hope, Sir, I have now vindi- ing the orders I have received from you, a quainted, and to abstain from autimadverquestion, and that unanimity to be one of so this time, thought myself free to proctaim. Sire, is that which disables me from execu-