## FREDERICTON, (N. B.)

TUESDAY, 4TH DEC. 1827.

- Compose

Alms House and Work House. COMMISSIONER FOR THE WEEK, CHARLES LEE, Esquire.

## SAVINGS BANK.

TRUSTEES NEXT WEEK, HENRY G. CLOPPER, ESQ. JAMES TAYLOR, ESQ. SEORGE MINCHIN, ESQ.

We are happy to learn that since our the complaint we then observed His Excelcy was this morning much better.

to do good and may be productive of much field in open Court that Bail in £100 sufficiently powerful to maintain the posmischief, we feel it our duty to persevere in would be accepted for his appearance at the session of a Territory to which the may attempting to correct some others which next Court, in February, to take his Trial believe she has a just claim, she must yield have lately met the public eye relating to and ever since he has had, and still has it in it up; but when that takes place, it will be what is called the

## "DISPUTED TERRITORY."

strictures on publications in the Eastern have been released but for the other cause the dignity of that nation, than has been ever to the Palladium, we must admit that up the River St. John in a Canoe. Baker and his Party of a dozen or the article alluded to, appears therein with Register. We give it entire\_

" From the Bangor Register, October 31. " DISPUTED TERRITORY.

" Since our last, Mr. Wilson, from Houlton, passed through this town; be confirms the account has always been claimed as a part of the The example of Baker and his Clan in part. In the late severe gales, M'Eachran's of the existing difficulties in that retritory, as published in our last, and relates many other grievances of which our citizens have to complain; he informs that Mr. Baker has been sentenced to six months imprisonment and to pay a fine of 150 pounds, and, as he understood, the only the passage of the British mail over his land.

"Mr. Dalton, from Aroostic, came in company with Mr Wilson, and he gives a melancholy account of the oppressions and sufferings of the inhabitants of that settlement. He says that the Bri tish officers are in the habit of executing preceptsissuing from British magistrates, within the Ameriean territory—and taking and carrying away every never been in the possession of the nation auswer without besitation— No- It would species of property, even to the last cow & sell ing the property at auction; that they come with a posse armed, and threaten to come with force enough to carry off all the inhabitants to Fredericton jail-that their proceedings are in all respects violent and oppressive. He states that, in conseproperty for what he could get, and quit the coun (1); that he raised this year 150 bushels of wheat 200 of postoes. 75 of coin, and many other profarming utensils, 20 acres cleated, that he sold all for 184 dollars 38 ents-on ciedit principally --that he made this sacrifice solely on account of pubtic difficulties and had it not been for them he something in this way : - That a Judgmen would not have taken 700 dollars for his property. He also states that the inhabitants are in constant fear, and darenot sleep in their houses. We un derstand that the statements were made under oath, and have been enclosed to the executive. We hope and trust some effective measures will be taken to protect and visitione the rights of Ameri-Can citizeds,"

ces which the Ciuzens of the State of Intention of secong him a Prisorer to some Maire, or of the United States, la- place in the State of Maine; but a Mr. cays; when at they we electroning homewards. bour under, which proceed from any aci Johnston, the Justice elected by those near or ourission of their own Government .- Welple, refused to grant his Warrant for that know of none of that description, but if pytpose, and the poor Constable was therea y such do exist, the perpie have a just upon released, but the Cow detained. right to complain. We charge the Printer There were three ways of adjusting the with giving pur licity, mest incautiously. I difference in regard to the Brandary. The form off by the wild beast and it is supposed, that " verbal nated statement of a Mr. William first by reference to Commissioners ap--- gressly false, and in reself incredible. pointed by the two nations :- That has been in upon him and prevented his extricate & h mosts.

Paper has a character to maintein for vera parties, but unfortunately the Commissioncity, which is of the utmost importance to esseculd notagree; and the Umpire, appoint-

Baker has not been tried, and of course has Negociation, and while that is depending not been sentenced. This same Mr. Baker we must think the People of both Countries (who, we believe, is called by his Party should remain perfectly quier, and use their General Baker) was arrested under a War. without endeavours in promoting and prerant from the nearest Magistrate, issued serving Peace and Harmony among one against him and two others for a high mis- another, with a determination, cheerfully demeanor. He might have given bail to be submit to the decision of their respective the Magistrate for his appearance at the Governments; and in the mean time Supreme Court to take his Trial, but that to discountenance any artful insidious would not have produced his release from attempts, or any acrs of violence, by custody, for the Sheriff had a proce a against obscure, unauthorized individuals, him for debt, and hence the necessity of his effect any change in the actual possession last a favorable change has taken place in being brought to Fredericion, and hence the of the " Disputed Territory." probable cause of his continuance in Prison. Should the attempt, by Negociation, lency the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR to He was proceeded against at the last Term prove abortive, then, and not till then, will be labouring under, and that His Excellen of the Supreme Court, by information ex it be necessary to think of the third and hibited by the Attorney General upon last way of settling matters: and that must which he was arraigned and to which he be a national concern. As misrepresentations will not be likely pleaded Not Guilty: and he was then If Great Britain shall think herself not his power to liberate himself from imprison. to the UNITED STATES; and we are quite her internal treasure, must proceed with the reson ment, at any time, upon those terms and we sure the possession will, in that case, be taken In a former number will be found some have reason to believe he would long since and received in a way more consistent with Republican, printed at Bangor in the State of detention. His trial will, we have good lately attempted by Baker and his Party at of Maine. Since then we have read in the reason to believe, take place at the next Madawaska; and by the party composed prin-Boston Palladium, an article containing state. Courte; when, we presume, it will be fully cipally of British Subjects on the Restook; ments so very incorrect, that we cannot avoid known for what offences he is prosecuted, which the Public Journalists of the neigh expressing our surprise to find such in the and when it will probably be made to appear | bouring State seem disposed to justify : and columns of any respectable Journal, more that one of the charges against him is for in this we must be permitted to say; they do especially when their tendency will probably " refusing to permit the passage of the not consult the respectability, either of the produce much mischief. In justice how. British Mail"\_not " over his Land"\_but | national Government, or of theirown State.

The Editor of the Bangor Register will I wenty, hoist the American Flag, claiming our note or comment, as an extract from not, we think, venture to say that Mr. Ba- pussession of an old settled place, and say another Bangor paper, called the Bangor ker and his party had the authority of the such acis are authorised by their Govern-Government of the United States to resort ment. In this we know they state falseto acts of violence or stratagem, to wrest houds; and we shink they should be treated from the British Government a possession with contempt by every one of their fellow which it has ever held, to a Territory which cirizens. British Dominions.

and others within the " Disputed Terri two dozen squatters on the Resnok (five been heard of; two persons were on board tory" to submit patiently, as good Citizens sixths of whom are British Subjects) who at the time, M. Eachran's son and Patrick offence charged against him was refusing to permit and Subjects, to the laws of this Covernment, & have, it seems, chosen a Magistrate and set M.Rae, of Chatham. receive their protection, until the question of up for themselves, to rescue property taken RIGHT is settled by the TWO NATIONS in Execution, and (to go a little further) was blown off to sea, and lost, but fortunated How idle it is to talk of protecting and vin make a Prisoner of the Officer !! Can this ly no hands were on board; and nearly all dicating the rights of American Citizens, as be the right way for a nation to take posses- the other Escuminac boats were driven on such, individually, in a Territory which has sion of a " Disputed Territory ?" We shore, to which they belong!

As Mr. Dalion's statements are repre sented to have been made under oath, we eybed of their Covernments. will not say much on that subject at present. quence of this state of things, he has sold all his We cannot however ferbear conjecturing. hat when the contents of his affidavirs shall be disclosed, it will appear that he is one of ducts of the earth had a decembouse and bain, & those now under prosecution for intrusion on the Crown Lands; and that, in the business of the Cow, the story will read was recovered against one of the Sertiers or the Restock, for a small debt, and under the Magistraies Warrant, the Constable tock a it away, when he was attacked by a large

We must insist that every Editor of a tried, with great labour and expence to the being very cold, the unfortunate man thus cam ed under the provisions of the Treaty of Ghent, We can say with certainty that Mr. has not decided the question. The second is by

rescuing a prisoner cut of the hands of the locar drove from her anchor at Point Sappa, Why not, then, rather encourage Baker Constablemencouraged another set of about and is doubiless lost, as she has not since nately their conduct is not sanctioned by Middle Island. At the same time Came-

under such circumstances, we propounce to got up. be unjustifiable; and it is with extreme regret. We are sorry to add, that during the we read certain Toasis and Sentiments. having that tetidericy, given by respeciable persons, at a public Dinner in the neighbouring State.

MELANCHOLY .- No officting circumstance happened in the upper part of the Parish of Prince William on the goth October last, Late in the afternoon of that stay, a man named Rich. ARD STREET went foro the woods to seek his Cow in Execution, and was quietly driving Caule, which had suraved; and as he did not return home during the whole night, frata were excised to his salety" Accordingly, intelligence simed party, who rescued the Cow, and having been communicated to one of the Magin-We have nothing to do with any grievan look the Constable into custody, with an trates in that Parish on the following morang, a number of the upbobitants went in meanite'v in Robert Clerke. search, and were out in the words but successive bot having made any cheovery of the object of their anxiety; there of the party, taking a shirt got through the forest, disc vered steers lying gesti aper the ground shout at miles in rear of the bardny, be successed residence of His Honor the thick Instice. The poor man we understand, was greatly dish weed, part of his flesh having been having best himself in the wrinds willed in pursuit of his cathe planed the night, which a med

to his melancholy end An Inquest was held upon the body. - Verdict - Deceased perished, in consequence of being exposed to the cold all night in

In noticing the above occurrence, we cannot help admiring the conduct of the worthy inhabitants of Prince William, who so humanely exerted themselves in behalf of their fellow creature.

To THE EDITOR,

SIR. - Your notice to the public - cordially inviting to your columns the most trifling commamication, tending in any degree to promote the general weltare of the Inhabitants of this highly. favoured Province, which from recent discoveries. of treasures in the Easth appears by nature-prefusely bountiful, and only requires diagence to discover and labour to presess them, has induced; me to offer you the following appropriate remarks from an English writer in the Philadelphia Magazine, who, in adverting to the riches of the earth, thus elegantly invites us to industry and research: -" Though nature is gay, polite, and generous abroad, she is sullen, rude, and niggardly st home; return the visit, and she admits you with all the suspicion of a miser, and all the reluctance of an antiquared beauty retired to replenish her charms-bred in antideluvian nations, she has not yet acquired the European taste of receiving visitants in her dressing room, she locks and bolts up her private recesses with extraordinary care, as if not only resolved to preserve her hoards, but to concest her age, and hide the remains of a face that was young and lovely in the days of Adam, He that would view nature in her undress, and partake & lution of a robber, if not a ravisher. She gives no invitation to follow her to the Cavern, The external Earth makes no proclamation of the inerior stores, but leaves to chance and industry, the discovery of the whole. In such gifts so nature can annually recreate, she is noble and profuse, and entertains the whole world with the interest of her fortunes; but watches over the capital with the care of a miser Her gold and jewels, he concealed in the earth in caves of utter darkness-the hoards of wealth, heaps upon heaps, mould in the chests, like the riches of a Necromancer's cell : - It must be very pleasant to an adventerous speculatist to make excursion into these Gothic regions; and in his travels he may possibly come to a cabinet locked up in some rocky vault, whose treasures shall reward his tuil. and enable him to shine on his return, as splendid as nature herself "

Kingston, 16th November.

Miramichi, Nov. 20.

A singular fatality appears to have lacly attended the Pilot Boats belonging to this

In the same gales, Raphael Cassie's hore

On Sunday week Mr. Wallace's boat be disgraceful to Savages-and fortu was taken adrift by the ice, and sunk tiese ron's boat was suck from the same cause All assempts to inflame the public mind, hear the Custom-House, but was afterwards

> tempestuous, weather alluded to above, a lorded Schooner, supposed in be from Pr. Ed. Island, was seen to opset while trying to enter this Harbour, and sunk immediately with all on board.

## MARRIED.

At St. John, on the agd Nov. by the Rev. B. G. Gray, Mr William Jones, to Miss barah Addis.

At St. John, on the 18 h Nov in the 28th year of her age, hirs. Elizabeth, wife of Mr. At St. John, same day, after a short illness, Mr.

James Rogers, aged 46 years, At Waterborough, Q cen's County, on the 15th Nov. Mr. Jeceb W. Dikeman, aged 30 yearsconsequence of falling from the trame of a Greek

TIMBER PETITIONS. For sale at this Office.

Mill, then execuing