a mattenly-looking woman standing be- cutting of the South Bay Canal. It is not which the goods are imported, &c. So that | ly drawn off from the matter in hand, tion, will soon be put in operation. on some person making a slight noise leaving the room (during her Sermon) soon gave us to understand what she abrupt and revolting allusion to the till our next. of a certain individual, by name, who once in his lifetime betrayed a similar specie. This part of her conduct cerdeserves censure. To heap repreach the ashes of the dead is what the chrismind will never be guilty of---but we not stain our pages with the shocking essions of Mrs. M'Curdy in this respect. er Sermon (which was extempore) was very unintelligible; and her observathat of all those who followed our Sato the Crucifixion " none but the en shed any tears," quite ridiculous. her further remark, that " none but nomen (for she lays strong emphasis on word) took any care of Him when he taken down from the Cross," evinced in fact was apparent throughout iscourse) her very circumscribed knowof, and therefore incompetency to exd, the Book she professes to interpret. s M'Curdy most certainly does not apo possess the gift of Prophecy, although er denunciations against "Fredericton t. John"--taking advantage, like the opher" who lately preceded her, of the conflagration in this Province before ministry---she would fain impress such

ea upon her hearers. hether it is proper for her to be allowpersevere in her mistaken course (for annot look upon her in any other light at of a misguided enthusiast) is a mate will not at present take upon us to

11UB

SEP

We disclaim the remotest inclinawound her feelings in the least, and ope we shall never become any one's my because we tell them the truth,".-e would strenuously urge upon Mrs. urdy the adoption of the friendly adwhich has been given her by a Cler nof this Province, namely, to return native home and live in peace. And regard to the necessity for her persece, we fortunately have in these days lessed word of God for ourselves, and rly educated Clergyman to expound it and to apply to for information whenwe meet with things in it " hard to be stood.

We would therefore, in the spirit endly admonition, recommend Mrs. urdy to return to her husband and faand in the more becoming discharge of omestic duties, carefully study the and t. of St. Paul's 1st Epistle to Timothy, in he says --- " I suffer not a woman to nor to usurp authority, but to be in

he workmen completed the roofing and g of the New Barracks this morning.

e are happy to be enabled to announce dom, to be used therein, except in British! commencement has been made to the ships, or in Ships of the Country from

a small table, with folded hands and at present constructed on such a large scale a Swede, or a Dane, or a Norwegian, or a lifted voice, moving from side to side not as we had been led to believe, being only Prussian, cannot any longer snatch the ch unlike the action of a rocking-horse, intended for the safe passage of such small bread from a British ship-owner by carrytook her text from the 8th Chap, of boats as in their course up and down the ing the produce of their own countries to remiab and 20th verse -" The harvest River, would otherwise in stormy weather Marseilles, for example, and there loading were prorogued by commission. The Lords past, the summer is ended, and we are not have to cross the Grand Bay. It is only their ships with cargoes on British account Commissioners were, the Lord Chancellor, She commenced her discourse so feet wide at the top, 16 at the bottom, and for British ports, as they have done and the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Earl of as casy and unembarrassed manner, but and at high water (common tides) will only do at this moment, bring these to Britain, Shaftesbury, Lord Godrich, and the Earl of ming at length into a more vehement style, have 14 inches depth of water. It may land them, get payment and depart home. Harrowby. attention to her arguments became ab- however be deepened and enlarged, should wards in ballast. But this is not all. Re- At a quarter past two o'clock, the comhed in the painful feelings occasioned by such a measure be found of use in a public strictions, are laid upon that intercourse mons were summoned, by the Usher of the riking peculiarity in her delivery: for point of view, as regards the passing of rafis which erring policy opened up to Foreigners Black Rod, to attend at their Lordship's he singular agitation of her body when or vessels of a certain size. At all events with our colonies, and the present bill en- bar, when, the Lord Chancellor having read is speaking loudest, and respiring with we hail it as a commencement to the many acts, that in future such intercourse and such His Majesty's commission for prerequing greatest difficulty, her nostrils incessant- public improvements of which this Province liberty, shall be limited to "the ships of the Parliament, His Lordship proceeded compress, and forcibly remind one of a is capable, and which we think there is good such countries, which having colonial pos- to read the following speech :---on in fits. Her attention appears to be reason to hope, under its present administra- sessions shall grant the like privileges of

Courier, August 25.

We must defer the particulars connected ight his fate might be hereafter, by a with the abandonment of the Corn Bill,

> The following article will be read with interest :-

> > COMMERCIAL.

(From the Glasgow Courier of June 19.)

The copy of a Bill, "to amend the laws relating to the customs," has just come into our hands, in which we are delighted to see retracing, and moreover, that Ministers are in sincerity, following out the improvement of Canada, by securing to these valuable provinces the trade of our valuable tropical colonial possessions. By this bill Montreal and Kingston are constituted Free ports for goods, whether brought by sea or by inland navigation; and also, "that masts, timber, staves, shingles, lath wood, cord wood, for fuel, raw hides, tallow, ashes, fresh meat, fresh fish, and horses, carriages and equipages of travellers, being brought by land or of Lord Cochrane having obtained a great permanent interests, good faith, and honour inland navigation, into British possessions in advantage over a Turkish fleet. America, shall be brought duty free." All vince for expertation, the same as if they " separate the combatants." (Greeks and vions of a gradual revival of employment in the Provinces; and all articles from the West India Colonies, and Wine in Casks from Gibraltar and Malta, are to be suffered place before Athens" but gives no particu led, during the present session, to a permato be imported into & removed from Province lars respecting them. Letters, however, nent settlement of that important question, to Province, in British North America, with- from Syra say to that the defeat before the consideration of it will be resumed by our paying a higher or an additional duty Athens had filled all Greece with conster- you early in the ensuing session, and that

These and other regulations will be a trade, and lay a foundation for the improve- that sea. ment and prosperity of our valuable North American Possessions, to an amount and to doubled the number of vessels employed in triumph. the fishing of that seltlement.

But the Bill in question does not stop here. By the former act it was engaged, that sosin, pitch, vinegar, sugar, pot ashes, and salt, being the produce of Europe,' &c. should be allowed to be imported into this country in British ships, or in ships of the country of which the goods are the produce, or in ships of the country from which the goods are imported.' This part of the Act is repealed and is now about to be enacted, that the several sorts of goods be hereinafter enumerated, this is to say, wool, shumac, madders, madder roots, harilla, brimstone, bark of bak, cork, eranges, lemons, linseed, rapeseed, and clover seed, being the produce of Europe, shall not be imported into the United King

trading with these possessions of British ships, "We are commanded by His Majesty or which not having Colonial possessions to express to you the satisfaction which shall place the commerce and navigation of His Majesty feels in being enabled, by the this country, and of its possessions abroad, state of public business, to release you from upon the footing of the most favoured na. farther attendance in Parliament. tion." This stops the fine trade which " His Majesty directs us to inform you France at present enjoys, in supplying our that he continues to receive from all foreign West India Colonies from her West India powers, assurances of their earnest desire to Islands, with articles the growth and pre- cultivate relations of friendship with His duce of Great Britain and Ireland, and Majesty; and that His Majesty's best effrom which and other similar causes our ex- forts, as well as His Majesty's communiports to these Colonies from Great Britain carious with his allies, are unceasingly dihave last year declined, about one million!

doubtful whether this bill had been or was peace. about to be introduced to Parliament.

EASTPORT, Aug. 4.

arrived here last evening in 37 days from rections for a careful revision of the finan-Liverpool, favoured us with a London Paper of the 26th June.

that news has just been received from Trieste mands of the public service, and with the

By an article from a Paris paper of the . " My Lords and Gentlemen, arricles the produce of any of the British 23d June it appears that decisive orders "His Majesty is confident that you par-North American Provinces are to be suffer- bave been given by Russia, France, and ticipate with his Majesty in the pleasure England to unite their respective fleets, to which his Majesty derives from the indica-

The same paper says "that they have to "His Majesty trusts, that although your

severe blow to brother Jonathan, be of in- been ordered to the Mediterranean, and a classes of His Majesty's subjects." calculable advantage to our whole colonial considerable Russian fleet is also ordered to

The Turkish Victory is said to be conan extent which exceeds calculation. . Al firmed by accounts both from Constantino ready the accounts from Newfoundland ple and Odessa; at the former place 1200 state, and we believe state truly, that shutting lears, and the heads of seven Greek Captains, the Americans out of our colonial trade, has had been disployed before the Seraglio in

> The Ship Bainbridge, which was on shore Richibucto, has been got off without having sustained any material injury.

> > DIED.

At Northampton, on Sunday last, in the 75th year of his age, after a long and pain ut illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude, William M'Glaughlin, Quarter Master in the late Queen's Rangers.

THE Cattle Show and Ploughing stock on Friday the 7th September-it profession. postponed to Friday the 2 set September, at 11 o'clock in the forencon.

RICHARD KETCHUM,

Vice President. Fredericton, 27th August, 1827.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

On Monday both Houses of Parliament

" My Lords and Gentlemen,

rected to the termination of existing hostili-The Editor of the Trinidad paper is ties, and to the maintenance of general

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

"His Majesty commands us to thank you for the supplies which you have granted for the service of the present year, and to Captain Bradford, of brig Columbia, assure you, that His Majesty has given dicial state of the country, with a view to every diminution of expenditure which may An article dated Vienna, June 13, says be found consistent with the necessary comof the nation.

the manufacturing districts.

lament the deplorable events that have taken deliberations on the Corn Laws have not than if imported into any one of these Pro- nation, and that the Greeks complained of such an arrangement of it may finally be adopted as shall satisfy the reasonable wishes, A number of French ships of war have and tenconcile the substantial interests, of all

At the conclusion of the Speech, the Lord Chancellor declared the Parliament to be prorogued to Tuesday the 21st of August.

Twenty-four bills received the Royal

MR. BALDWIN SURGEON &c.

Graduate of the University and Corresponding Member of the Medico-Chirurgical Society of

Glasgow,) AVING completed his Medical Studies in Scotland, and returned to this Province, respectfully tenders his services to the Inhabitants of Fredericton, and its Vicinity Match, that was to be held at Wood | in the various branches of his

MR. B. May be found by calling at the residence of Mr. G. K. Lugrin.

Fredericton, Aug. 21, 1327