

this high source, could not fail to produce the most powerful effect.

ON that other main branch of our well being, the Fisheries, which I earnestly recommend you to encourage with your continued bounty, the Country will do well to engage an increased degree of enterprise.

I RECOMMEND generally to your attention, all the other objects of public utility which have heretofore been sustained by the Legislature. Among these, the Institutions of Education and Learning will I am sure maintain their distinguished place.

I SHALL cause to be laid before you Reports and Abstracts which will, I trust, show, that progress has been made in a system which I have been endeavouring to introduce for better regulating all that concerns the laying out and formation of the Great Roads, and in preventing improvident expenditure of the Public Money in this important, and very complicated branch of the public service. I am confident that a concurrent provision on your part, in pursuing, steadily and uniformly, the course which it is proposed to follow, will be productive of substantial advantage, by maturing and rendering permanent, the results of actual experience, and presenting these results for general adoption, under the guidance of an established system founded upon them.

ANY further communications that may appear to me to be necessary to make, I shall convey to you by Message during the Session.

I REPOSE full confidence in your wisdom and zeal; and entertaining the most ardent desire that these may continue to inspire and guide you in deliberating with uninterrupted harmony on measures calculated to promote the public prosperity and happiness, I shall be ready, with my concurrence, to give effect to whatever may appear capable of ensuring objects and blessings which it is my fervent wish may be fully realized to all the people of New-Brunswick, and their descendants.

From the *Moniteur* of Monday, Dec. 3.
NON OFFICIAL PART.

Constantinople, Nov. 10 — On the 6th news was received at Constantinople that Fabvier, supported by Lord Cochrane, had made a landing on the Isle of Scio, and that the Pacha and the Turks had been obliged to retire into fort.

The news of this expedition, in which the Turks suspected the Allies of having taken part, arrived while the Divan was deliberating, on the steps to be taken in consequence of events at Navarin, and it greatly increased the irritation already felt.

The Reis Effendi declared, on the 6th, to the Dragomans of England, France, and Russia, "That all intercourse between the Porte and the Representatives of the three Courts were suspended till the moment when it should be known whether they (the Courts) desisted from all interference in the affairs of Greece — whether his Sublimity should receive an indemnity for the losses and damage caused by the destruction of his fleet — and whether he should receive satisfaction for the insult which had been offered him." This declaration produced on the 6th an answer from the Ambassadors, which is believed to contain the demand of their passports.

It was affirmed, that on the very day when the Turkish declaration was made to the Dragomans of the Allied Courts, the Reis Effendi caused a note to be delivered to the Austrian Internuncio, in which the Porte, protesting its desire to remain at peace with the Allied Powers, notwithstanding the affair at Navarin, requested the mediation of Austria. It was said that the conditions fixed by the Porte for this reconciliation with the Powers appeared of such a nature that they would not be accepted.

According to letters from Smyrna of the 6th, Admiral de Rigay was there with part of his squadron, and had taken with the ships of war of all the nations, and with the consent of the Pacha, a position, which en-

abled him to protect the European merchants and the Franks, in case the Mussulman population should be disposed to acts of violence towards them. However all was tranquil, and the Pacha maintained perfect order.

It was the same at Constantinople, where Turkish Authorities are observed to take every precaution to prevent any interruption of order and tranquility. Meantime the Ambassadors, and the subjects of their nations, were making every preparation for their embarkation and departure.

At Constantinople the greatest activity prevailed in the arsenals to prepare for war. Orders have been sent to all the provinces to call upon the Mussulmans to defend their laws and their religion.

The Imperial Palace at Adrianople was preparing to receive the Sultan, who will go there when he puts himself at the head of the army.

Troops and ammunition have been sent to Silistria to put the fortresses on the Danube in a state of defence. The principal cities are given up as not capable of being defended.

The Gazette de France of Tuesday contains the above articles from the *Moniteur*. It has also a long article on the Elections, in defence of M. de Villele; "who," he says, "will re-enter the Chamber of Deputies, and there, surrounded by numerous friends, he will preserve, by the ascendancy of his talent and his unvarying moderation, the influence he has always exercised."

KING'S BENCH. — Nov. 21, 1827.

CRIMINAL LAW.

Mary Somerton, v. Rex.

This was a Writ of Error, brought to reverse the judgment which had been pronounced in the case of Mary Somerton, sentenced to 14 years' transportation, for stealing several articles from her master, while in his employ.

And the question was, whether an aver-

ment that the act was committed "on the same day that she was in service," was a sufficient averment that the act was committed at the time when she was in his service."

Lord TENTERDEN said, that in his opinion the judgment pronounced in this case must be confirmed. It was necessary for Judges to be extremely careful not to expose themselves to that reproach, by which according to the observation of a learned and humane Judge, "criminals were allowed to escape, by nice and captious objections to forms."

The other Judges agreed in this opinion, and the judgment was unanimously affirmed.

NOTICE.

A SPECIAL Meeting of the Members of the Fredericton Society of St. Andrew, is requested at Mr. Donald McLeod's, on Tuesday Evening the 19th instant, at 7 o'clock.

By order of the President,
JOHN SIMPSON,
Fredericton, Feb. 11, 1828. Secretary.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber some time ago opened what is called a Cash Store, but is sorry to find that it is now turned into what is worse than a White Pine one. Many call and purchase, and when their bills are presented, the reply is, Money is out of question, not considering that Goods cost Money. As he is now determined upon closing his business, this is to notify all persons indebted at said Store, to call and settle their accounts without further delay, to prevent any unnecessary expence, as he is no respecter of persons.

JAMES BALLOCH.

N. B. — Dry Goods for sale at costs and charges.

Fredericton, Feb. 12, 1828.

THIS is to Certify that we are satisfied for a Note of Hand of Seventy-two pounds fourteen shillings and two pence, given by Jonathan Green to Wm. Peters & Co., on settlement, and the said Note being lost, we hereby declare it to be null and void, the date of said Note being the eleventh day of February, 1827.

Given under our hands this 8th day of February, 1828.

W. PETERS & Co. per
W. WILMOT.

Valuable Property for Sale.

ALL the Real Estate of the late THOMAS BARKER, Esquire, of Maudslow, deceased, consisting of that well known farm, on which he resided within about four miles of Fredericton, containing 750 Acres with 10 per cent. allowance for roads, with 66 rods on the River. On the above Farm is a comfortable Dwelling House, Barn and Out-houses.

Also, A Farm on the Pennack Creek, containing 400 acres, joining the Clearwater Lot. The above premises may be viewed and particulars known by application to Captain Barker at the mouth of the Nashwaack. The above property will be Sold by Public Auction at Miller's Hotel in Fredericton, on Thursday 20th March next, between the hours of 11 and 2 o'clock. Conditions made known at the time of sale.

ANTHONY BARKER, } Executors.
JAMES TAYLOR, JUN. }
Fredericton, February 9, 1828.

A FEW REAMS

OF UN-CUT THICK

FOLIO POST,

for sale at this office, for cost and charges.

NOTICE. — All Persons having demands against the firm of Thompson & Johnson, are requested to render their accounts immediately for payment, and those indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to Mr. Thomas Stewart, their Agent, who is authorised to collect all Debts and give general Discharges.

JOHN JOHNSON.

Fredericton, February 7, 1828.

ON CONSIGNMENT,

And for Sale at Miss FARLEY'S Store in St. John,

COOKING STOVES of the most approved construction, with four boilers, and every other convenience for Cooking. A full description of them may be seen by applying at the Royal Gazette Office.

12th February, 1828.

For Sale, or to Let,

And possession given immediately —

A FARM in Kingsclear, eight miles from Fredericton. For particulars apply to the Owner.

WM. B. PHAIR.

Fredericton, 10th April, 1827.

THE SUBSCRIBER

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public in general for past favours, and begs leave to inform them, that he has removed to that House formerly occupied by the Hon. Judge Bliss near the Provincial Building, where he hopes that the arrangements he has made for the accommodation of Travellers, will meet with a continuance of that encouragement, which has prompted him to spare no expence or personal exertion in rendering his Hotel worthy of Public Patronage.

W. MILLER.
— Excellent Stabling for Horses.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for Sale at the Stores of Messrs. John Simpson, and William Tilly.

LETTERS

ON THE

BOUNDARY LINE.

BY VERAX.

First Published in the City Gazette.
January 28, 1828.

SHERIFF SALE POSTPONED.

The sale of the property belonging to Wm. Wilmot, advertised to take place on the 6th of February next, is postponed until the 21st of the same month.

J. HAZEN, jun., Sheriff of Sunbury.
Burton, Jan. 29, 1828.

ALL Persons having any just demands against the Subscriber, will please render the same duly attested to within Three months, and all persons indebted to him will please make immediate payment to PRINCE EDWARD PAYSON, who is duly authorized to settle all concerns of the Subscriber.

JOHN PAYSON.

Fredericton, 4th Oct. 1827.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the SAINT GEORGE Steam Boat, are requested to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, who is now directed by the Proprietors of said Boat to place all unsettled Notes and Accounts in the hands of an Attorney to collect.

JAMES SEGEE.

Fredericton, Jan. 26th, 1828.

RAGS! RAGS!

CASH GIVEN FOR CLEAN LINEN AND COTTON RAGS AT THIS OFFICE.