THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

DAFT JAMIE .- Almost all the naturals who have late at all times difficult. Wrongful restraints may properly It affords me a great deal of pleasure to add my own opinily been known in Edinburgh, have met with a violent and be considered to have caused the submission of the party on of its usefulness, to that of the representatives of the peountimely end. Bobby Auld, who was a well known idiot, in this case-he must be restored to the same security he ple, who deem it an object worthy of this honourable noand who was also a cotemporary and acquaintance of Daft originally possessed-he must be set free, and have liber- tice, as the production of a native of this Province. Jamie, was killed by the kick of a donkey, and afterwards ty to return to the place from whence he came, or at his opbecame also a subject for dissection. There is an anec- tion to have a domicil bere, as secure as the castle of the ei- ton replied - "Mr. Speaker, I beg leave to return you and dote told concerning them, which is a cutious instance of tizen. If he remain here beyond a reasonable time allow- this House my most grateful thanks for the honor you have blindness to a personal deficiency, joined to a just percep- ed for his departure, he must submit in common with our this day done me. I regret that I find myself unable to extion of it in another, and which at the same time exhibits citizens to the regular process of Law. But he has a right press the high sense I entertain of this flattering distinction in a strong light what has been stated in the papers of to an inviolable domicil, a domicil that shall be his castle, and can only say that I feel the labor I have performed Jamie's innocent and artless disposition. Bobby Auld and with the mantle of the law for his shield. The common more than amply compensated by the notice this House has Jamie met accidentally one day, somewhere in the neigh- law will not allow even the breaking open of an outer door been pleased to take of it."- Journal. bourhood of the Grass Market. " It's a cauld day, Bob- for the purpose of arrest. There is one remedy always by." "Aye is't, Jamie," replies Bobby. "We wud available__the avoidance of the process that shall be made be the better o' a dram-hac ye ony siller ?" " I hae the instrument of the wrong. I shall abstain from any reippence." " And I has fourpence," says Jamie. "Ou, mark upon the character and conduct of this individual, place in this Town on Saturday, we almost ever before witman," rejoins Bobby, " that'll get half a mutchkin." and look upon him solely as a prisoner. My opinion is They then adjourned to a neighbouring public house, that he must be discharged from all arrest, and not be held where the money was produced, and the liquor ordered. But even upon common bail.

before either of them had partaken of it, Bobby enquired Judge HOFFMAN concurring with the Chief Justice, anxiously if Jamie had seen "the twa dougs fetching on said-There is no difference in the opinions of the Court. the street ?" " No," says Jamie, " I saw nae dougs His Honour then commented on the case cited from 2d fetch." " It's a grand fetch though," replies Bobby, Henry Blackstone, and in continuation said, public policy, "and has lasted half an hour-; it's weel worth your seeing, justice, our laws and free institutions, all require the disand you had better gang to the door and see it." Jamie charge of Stephenson.

The Clerk then read the Resolution, and Mr. Halibur-

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Mr. BARRY .- One of the greatest excitements-took nessed ; it having been hinted during the morning that this gentleman, with the particulars of whose suspension from the House our readers have been made fully acquainted, intended on that day taking his seat, the Gallery was, in a few minutes after the doors were opened, literally crammed. About half past two Mr. Barry entered the House, and after baving respectfully bowed to the Speaker, advanced to within two or three feet on the left of the Chair and took his. seat ; after the House had been called to order he arose, and amidst the cries of ' Order,' said, " Mr. Speaker, I have exerted myself in every possible way in order shat the interests of my constituents might be represented and considered in this house, but without avail; and therefore appear here with the determination of taking my seat and retaining it while it is in my power so to do." The Speaker then said, he had intended to have asked hims when he first entered whether he had not come for the purpose of complying with the order of the House, but he having answered that question it was his duty to inform him that he was directed by the House to order him to retire, to which Mr. Barry replied - I will not, Sir." Upon which the Gallery was clear ed. In about an hour after, he made his appearance, in charge of the Serjeant at Arms, who conducted him acress the street to his own house, amid the repeated cheers of sine i people,-Mr. B. is now at large upon his word of senor to be forthcoming when required.-Ib.

ness this wonderful dog fight, but speedily returned with the Court, that an order should be issued for the discharge. the intelligence that he could discover no such conflict. of Stephenson. I know nothing of him, but what appears " They il be dune then," coolly observed Bobby. "But in the papers before me. It is a fair inference that Parwhat's come o' the whiskey ?" said Jamie, on observing the kins was an efficient agent in producing the forcible arrest. stoup standing empty. "Ou man," says the treachercus in judgment of law the prisoner is not here, he is not a Bobby, "ye bade sae lang. I could na wait." Upon Ja- free man. It is an abuse of terms to say that he is volunmie's being questioned what he had done to Bobby for this tarily under the jurisdiction of this Court. This is the falseplay, he replied, " Ou, what could ye say to puir Bob- foundation of my opinion, without reference to the cases by ? he's daft, yo ken."-Glasgow Paper.

United States.

NEW-YORK, March 28.

CASE OF ROWLAND STEVENSON.

In the Supreme Court of this State, on Tuesday last, Mr. Gars moved the Court that Stephenson, then in jail for debt at the suit of ex-Sheriff Parkins, be set at liberty, lows, which report we copy from the Herald :

Chief Junice JONES proceeded to deliver the opinion of the Court, in favour of the discharge of Stephenson from prison, and from all arrest, without even holding him to common bail.

His Honor stated that the Court had beard the cause argued, although aware of the cases cited, except one, and that one though a little variant from the general scope, did Hartshorne rose and said, that he held a Resolution in his not alter the opinion formed. An individual, a foreigner, hand which he was destrous to submit to the House. The owing no allegisnes to the country, is arrested and brought proposition might in some degree surprise his honourable in force from and after the 24th instant :--forcibly within the physical power of the State, the ques- friend, inasmuch as in this country it was entirely a novel tion is whether the legal power can be brought to bear one, but he felt convinced that it was one which would be as lowing Weights, viz :--upon him, having been in a state of duress, from the mo- pleasing to them as to himself, and which would meet their ment that be came amongst us. There is no evidence that hearty concurrence. The hon. gentleman then read the the plaintiff - has been concerned in the forcible arrest, following Resolution :- " Resolved that the thanks of this but though he be innocent, yet force has been applied and House be conveyed to THOMAS C. HALIBURTON, Esq. the victim has been brought here under it. Is it not plain for his very laudable and laborious efforts to illustrate the that his presence and present confinement, are the offspring History, Topography, and resources of the Province, in of the forcible arrest ? agents in abduction, is to be sufficient justification for a to acquaint him with the substance of this Resolution." Each Loaf to be distinctly marked with the figure denoting subsequent arrest, how. easy would it be for a crafty cre- Mr. Lovett seconded the Resolution, and did so with great- the Weight thereof, and also with the Initials of the Baditor, to bring a debtor within the jurisdiction of the laws, er pride that the gentleman was a native of Nova-Scotia. ker's name ; and each and every Loaf of Bread which shall under which he intended to proceed, and then keep clear After many very flattering compliments upon the works be found deficient in Weight, shall be seized by the Clerk of of all concern in the arrest ? On this principle, a mat and the Author, the Resolution was put and carried ; there the Market, as the Law directs : And for each and every who is in his own country would not be liable to arrest, being no dissenting voice, the word 'unanimously' was ad- Loaf not marked as herein before directed, the Baker shall the citizens of different States of the Union having diffe- ded; and after some conversation as to the mode of communi- forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Shillings. rent laws, might be forcibly brought under the operation cating it the House resolved that Mr Haliburton should be of laws, entirely different from those under which their con- called in and that the general sentiment should be expres- Wheaten Loaf shall be three-pence half-penny-and for tracts originated, and by which they expected to be govern- sed by the Speaker. The Hon. Gentleman having taken his other Loaves in proportion. ed. If such a power of seizing the body of the debter place, the Speaker addressed him thus :--were tolerated, the inducement of the crediter might be too "Mr. Haliburton, I am commanded by this House to frong to govern moral principle, and penalties might be in- communicate to you, that they have had under their concurred not originally contemplated. The ereditor might sideration a work now issuing from the Press, of which you TO be sold by public Auction, on Thursday the 7th do that in a foreign land, which he could not do at home. are the author, entitled "An Historical and Statistical Ac- day of May next, at 11 o'clock, in the forencon, The principles of civil liberty, the genius of our instituti- count of Nova-Scotia," which they think alike useful to upon the premises in Kingsclear, that valuable Farm, the oas, forbid our countenancing a doctrine like this. ties to the forcible arrest, cannot be deprived of their rights ; country and develope its resourses, they have passed a vote will be known at the day of sale. this has some plausibility, but is one of the fallacies in ap- of thanks to you for the laudable and commendable underplying the principles of law. Proof of secret agency, is taking, which resolution will be read to you by the Clerk,

accordingly proceeded unsuspectingly to the street to wit- Judge OAKLY .- I concur very fully in the opinion of cited. The case from Blackstone is the only one impugning the opinion we have formed, and if it cannot be reconciled. to the principles laid down, it must be said that it is counter to the current of authorities. In the case of a party arrested while transacting business in the office of a master in chancery, Lord Eldon decided that the arrest was illegal.

Immediately upon this decision Mr. Stephenson was set at large, and he shortly afterwards, we understand, left this city for Philadelphia. A letter in the courier of this mornon the ground that he was brought forcibly and illegally ing states, that Stephenson left large sums of money, Exwithin the jurisdiction of the Court, and there subjected to chequer Bills, and other property in the hands of certain arrest by Parkins. The Court then pronounced as fol- persons in Savannah, who are rapidly converting it into "Aet regulating the Exportation of Lumber," the currency of this country .- Albion.

Colonial.

HALIFAX, APRIL 6.

In the House of Assembly, on Saturday, 28th ult., Mr. the Historical and Statistical account of Nova-Scotia, just If ignorance of the force used, or disconnexion from the issuing from the Press : and that Mr. Speaker be directed this Province and honourable to yourself : and that to mark property of the late Jacob Russell, deceased. The whole It has been said that other creditors, not privy nor par- the approbation they entertain of this effort to describe the or part as may best suit Purchasers. The mode of payments

COPIES OF THE

are for Sale at this Office.

IN THE YORK GENERAL SESSIONS. JANUARY TERM, 1829.

ASSIZE OF BREAD.

TT IS ORDERED that the following Regulations be ALL Loaves of Bread baked for Sale to be of the fel-ONE POUND LOAVES,

TWO POUND LOAVES, THREE POUND LOAVES, FOUR POUND LOAVES, FIVE POUND LOAVES, SIX POUND LOAVES.

IT IS ORDERED that the price of the One Pound

Extract from the Minutes.

• tf.

H. G. CLOPPER.

WILLIAM RUSSELL, Executor. Kingselear, April 11, 1829.

