# Christian Messenger.

A REPOSITORY OF RELIGIOUS, POLITICAL, AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

"NOT SLOTHFUL IN BUSINESS : FERVENT IN SPIRIT."

NEW SERIES. Vol. 1. No. 42.

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HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1856.

WHOLE SERIES Vol. XX. No. 42.

# Poetry.

## What is a Church?

BY JOSIAH CONDER.

WHAT constitutes a church? Not Roman basilic or Gothic pile, With fretted roof, tall spire, and long-drawn aisle; These only mock thy search; Fantastic sepulchres, when all is said, Seek not the living church among the dead.

What is a church indeed? Not triple hierarchy, or throned priest, The stolen trappings of the Romish beast, Altar, or well-sung creed, Rites magical, to save, to sanctify, Nor sught that lulls the ear, or lures the eye.

A band of faithful men Met for God's worship in an upper room, Or canopied by midnight's starry dome, On hill-side, or lone glen, To hear the counsels of His holy word, Pledged to each other and their common Lord.

These, few as they may be, Compose a church, such as, in pristine age, Defied the tyrant's zeal, the bigot's rage, For where but two or three, Whatever place, in faith's communion meet, There, with Christ's presence, is a church complete.

# Baptist History.

### A SERIES OF LETTERS TO A YOUNG CHRISTIAN.

LETTER VIII. The Obscure Period.

My Young FRIEND.

been mentioned as forerunners of the Bap- parent. with the revivers of primitive religion.

with the word of God. It is necessary to against them. The same remark will apply Oh how much do we see around us, in bunch of keys, whose loss will put us to repair to the original sources of history, to Petrus Siculus, who, as Gibbon very the daily walks of life, of which the fading great inconvenience, besides being rather

ments handed down to us, that they may be and passion. disentangled, as far as possible, from mistake or misrepresentation.

Further: it is not safe or proper to report all opponents of infant baptism as Baptists, in our sense of the word. Throughout the middle ages there were many dissenters from the Catholic faith, as it was called, who rejected baptism altogether, holding sentiments respecting that ordinance which much resemble those of the Quakers in these times. Possibly they were driven to those extreme views by contemplating the absurd ceremonies conat all than to countenance such follies. against all baptism, and not against infant verifying it, for want of historic materials. baptism only. I am not disposed to regard any persons as primitive Baptists unless they practised the baptism of believers; their rejection of infant baptism will not parties. It may be that Photius and Petrus on them. Mr. Orchard's "History of Foreign Baptists," and other works of a the farthest removed from Catholic verity, similar kind, have now and then fallen and that while some wandered into errors into this error.

At the same time it must be confessed that there is the utmost difficulty in forming a satisfactory judgment in regard to the opinions held by the reformers of the middle ages. We know nothing of them but by the reports of their adversaries, who You seem surprised that I have as yet were predisposed against them, and who, said nothing about the Manichæans, a sect for want of religious sympathy, were unable which first came into notice about the latter to appreciate or even to understand their part of the third century, and continued in peculiar views. The same words were existence, if historians are to be believed, a sometimes used by opposing parties in difthousand years or more. They were ferent senses, and truths were seen in difcharged, you observe, with denying Infant ferent aspects. Hence the confusion and Baptism, and you ask why they have not contradictoriness which are too often ap-

tist denomination of these times, seeing that | These observations apply to the case of Baptist authors have so classified them. In the Paulicians. They first appeared about reply, I wish you to understand that I con- the middle of the seventh century, in Arsider those only as Baptists in the New menia, and soon spread wonderfully, till Testament sense of that term, who hold they were numbered by hundreds of thoulaptism as an ordinance binding on all sands. Their enemies accused them of believers, and refuse it to all other persons. Manichæism, which accusation they indig-Now, Manichæism was a compound of nantly repelled. I will not trouble you at oriental philosophy and Christianity. The present with the details of their history, fanciful and wild speculations in which which would occupy too much space, but Manes indulged were as ill-founded in will proceed at once to the matter in hand. reason as in Scripture, and justly entitled The only ancient authorities whence we their author to the appellation "fanatic." can derive a knowledge of their sentiments He incorporated sundry portions of chris- are Photius and Petrus Siculus, who wrote and ought to be placed on the same list as feet; that though the Paulicians despise bank." Muhammed and other founders of systems. " saving baptism," they pretend that they. But as I looked upon them day after day, of it than that it was the beginning of the It is said that he admitted baptism and the have received it, inasmuch as they received they became less lovely than before: their rat route and revel, and was falling asleep Lord's Supper among the services enjoined the gospel, wherein Christ declares that he bright eyes grew dim—their petals dropped again when something unusual in the sound on his followers; but the supper was cele- is the "living water"; and he adds, that off-their leaves withered-until at length decided me to strike a match and light my brated with water instead of wine, and bap- they are willing that the priests should bap- only one bright blossom remained amid the candle. I commenced a review of the tism was optional; those only who wished tize their children, notwithstanding their general wreck, to show what once had been. house, and was just thinking how verdant it were baptized; those who did not desire disbelief in any saving benefit accompany- Soon I went to gather it, as a memento, I was to let a rat pull me out of bed, when it were not debarred from membership on ing the rite. Admitting the correctness of but-it was not there. that account, and infants were excluded this account, the Paulicians rejected water- This seemed a matter of regret, to me, and behold that treacherous window wide from participation in the rite. After these baptism, teaching that the knowledge of that "The vernal breeze, the balmy showexplanations you will not wonder that I Christ, which is spiritual baptism, is suf- ers" should "first form, and then destroy By this time the mistress of the house was have refrained from classing the Manichaeans ficient. If they allowed the priests to bap- the flowers"; yet the blighted stalks where- up, and, looking over my shoulder, read We are now entering on the period which probably to save themselves from annoyance, I called to mind the words of the inspired that dark eye. It said to her where are your have denominated "obscure." It is so perhaps from persecution; and as, in their penmen who have ransacked nature to illus- spoons? I need not say that echo answered called because the information is generally opinion, the baptism did the children neither trate the transience of our present life. with most mocking distinctness "where?" scanty, and sometimes of very doubtful good no harm, it was looked on as a matter They have told us that "we all do fade as And instead of our silver, much of it the tharacter. I may begin by remarking that of indifference. I do not justify or com- a leaf," and that as "the grass withereth gift of kind friends at home, I found a small the student of ecclesiastical history must mend them. Whatever their views were, and the flower thereof fadeth, so we must but very heavy club, which I have no doubt beware lest he be led astray by the mis- the priests judged that they had saved the vanish away." They have told us likewise would have proved harder than my head representations of bigoted historians. Mani- children by baptizing them, and there should that not only these ephemeral declarations had I been in time to interfere with the chaism was soon looked on as a concentra- not have been any opportunity given for must be swept away but "the earth itself performer of this pleasant little scene. A tion of all that was outrageous and bad in cherishing that anti-christian notion. Still must be dissolved and the heavens shall reward of 50 rupees (£5) and a vigorous religious opinion, and it became the fashion it is to be remembered that we are by no depart like a scroll," before the presence of search and espionage established throughto call all heretics " Manichæans." Hence means certain of the truth of the statement, the Lord their Creator, but he shall remain out the city has not yet brought our propmany excellent men have been so stigma- as the writer was a virulent opposer of the unchanged amid the wreck of matter and erty to light. Besides our spoons we found tised, whose views and practices accorded Paulicians, and aimed to excite hatred the crash of worlds.

reject either baptism or the Lord's Supper, must droop and die, and we, ourselves, (which also they are said to have held in a must soon depart and be no more. May spiritual sense only,) but the unauthorised we then be enabled by divine grace, to say additions that had been made to the ordi- in apostolic language, "We know that if nances, and the current opinions respecting our earthly house of this tabernacle be their design and efficacy. In other words dissolved we have a building of God, an they rejected baptismal regeneration, and house not made with hands, eternal in the transubstantiation. The progress of per- heavens," where our pensive eye will no version had brought men to this point, that longer rest upon forms of beauty and obbaptism was no longer regarded as a pro- jects of delight transient as the dew of the fession of Christ, nor the Lord's Supper as morning, but where the amaranthine gara memorial of his love; the former was lands of immortality shall flourish in cenected with baptism, and the superstitious held to be the instrument of regeneration, lestial beauty to all eternity. notions entertained by the majority. It and in the latter there was said to be an seemed to them better to have no baptism actual reception of the Saviour's body and blood. Whoever refused to acquiesce in Doubtless they were wrong, although much these representations was reproached as a might be offered in excuse for them. But denier of the ordinances, whereas his opwhen these parties are adduced as witnesses position was confined to corruptions and for infant baptism, an unfairness is some- abuses. This is a very probable suppotimes committed. Their opposition was sition, though we have not the means of

It is further to be considered that the Paulicians were not altogether agreed among themselves. There were divisions and warrant the imposition of that worthy name Siculus designedly referred to those of them whose opinions were, in their judgment, and excesses, the remainder pursued a scriptural course. Photius himself states that some of them observed the Lord's Supper, though, as he affects to believe, they did it to "deceive the simple." This indicates the existence of two parties. Those who observed one ordinance were not likely to neglect the other. I am therefore willing to believe that there were among the Paulicians many who preserved the truths and worship of Christianity, as derived from the New Testament. The obscurity that hangs over the question of the sacraments may yet be dispelled by further researches among the documents and treatises of the

> Here I must stop. I shall try to get to the end of the "obscure" period in the next letter, which will contain some curious things. There were considerable oddities in the middle ages.

Yours truly, From my Study, Oct. 7, 1856.

For the Christian Messenger.

MENNO.

### A FRAGMENT. The Fading Flowers.

tianity into his incongruous system, and against them with great bitterness, and on the tender buds until they had gradually nervous people at home review that article therefore the party has been ranked among that account can scarcely be considered as and almost imperceptibly unfolded and pre- of their creed which has respect to the nonthe heretics, though, as I think, with little worthy of entire credence. Photius was sented to my admiring gaze a beautiful sis- existence of ghosts and goblins, we merely propriety. The heretics, as they are called, Archbishop of Constantinople, and died A. terhood of those "Smiling-featured daugh- make a reflection rather condemnatory of were seceders from the established or Cath- D., 890; Petrus Siculus, a learned noble- ters of the sun," which the renowned Scott- the good breeding of poor rat, and drop to olic church. Manes originated an indepen- man, died a few years later. On the ques- ish bard has so aptly pronounced to be sleep again. The night before last I heard dent body, on entirely original principles, tion of baptism Photius writes to this ef- "Fairer than queenly bride, by Jordan's a slight noise in the direction of the window

tize their children, as Photius states, it was on they had flourished became my teachers. more plainly than I did the expression of

and even then to scan very closely the state- properly says, wrote "with much prejudice flower seems a touching emblem. Earth's joys seem fair, but they quickly fade-our Perhaps, after all, the Paulicians did not friends on earth are beloved, but they, too,

ALEX. WILFBED.

For the Christian Messenger.

LETTER FROM BURMAH.

HENTHADAH, BRITISH BURMAH, July 7th, 1856.

My dear Mr. Editor,-A short time since I gave you an episode of Missionary life, which occurred during one of my boattours among the people. I have now to give you another, not at all dissimilar, bearing indeed a very unpleasant likeness to the former. Even in a Christian land it is by no means an agreeable thing to wake up in the darkest part of a pitchy night and have a sensation of thieves-in-the-house come over you. In heathen Burmah I have recently learned that such a sensation is one, heightened as it is by the recollection, that the Burman, like the pirate, believes with all his heart that "dead men tell no tales," whose repetition is by no means to be desired. But to my story. In the house, or as the English officers are fond of styling the mat-building, "the exaggerated hen-coop," which we occupy here, there is a window whose appearance always has been strongly suggestive of a premium on thieving. In a word, it is no better than no window at all. But we have always felt so secure from thieves, that the dilapidated window has been allowed to remain to this present, giving a knowing wink, as it were, like a bleared and evil eye to every rascal who might look upon it. Now let me here premise that the Burman rat has all the peculiarities, as a vermin, that the Burman himself has as a man. He is the noisiest, cowardliest, most wantonly destructive thing that you can conceive in rat-shape. It must be an undoubted fact that our house is the head-quarters of ratdom in Henthadah. They often wake us up with a noise as if a dozen men were bustling, trampling, and racing about the house. Consquently, if we are waked up a dozen times a night I WATCHED with interest the swelling of by sounds which would assuredly make before mentioned, but thought nothing more a turn brought me to my bathing-room, open and staring on me like an eye of night! other articles had gone, among them a