THE CHRÍSTIAN MESSENGER

either in England or America. We have no I shall not, at this time, presume further bad they not as distinctly proved, what is in season. Throughout the Northern and East foreign missionary, and the prospects are upon the patience of your readers. But at law called an alibi, or the fact of their being eru part of the Goutinent extreme cold has still very dark. Then shall we refuse to some future opportunity shall address the elsewhere when the riot occurred. Under prevailed-in some places we observe the contribute to a present important mission, Australian Mission Board through your because some of the present race of infants, paper. may when grown up, offer for the Foreign Mission? In the mean time hundreds of sinners in the Golden Isle, as Bro. Bill designates Australia, may have sunk to endless perdition. Surely then the present state of the Foreign Mission cannot be an argument against our sending Bro. Wallace on a Mission to Australia.

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In the third place, the inefficient state of the Home Mission department is said to be a, serious objection to an Australian Mission. It is a serious fact that our Home Mission organization is in almost a defunct state, and especially needs revising and reviving. But it is not being revived, nevertheless. And shall we withhold aid from our brethren over the sea, because at some future time we may get wise enough to reorganize our Home Mission ? And even if we were able al efforts, and while we sleep upon it, power to reorganize now, there is no argument is being wrested out of our hands by other and growing out of the reorganization, against Australian Mission. There have been no Foreign Missions of our own of any k.nd religious influence invaded by those more earfor these few past years. Has the Treasury of the Home Board proportionally increased during that time ? No! I believe it to be in the philosophy of our religious natures that in proportion as we allow our foreign mission spirit, Australia or India, to grow cold, so the home field will need labourers and means to support them. Then if this be true every effort to make the Australian Mission unpopular helps dry up the resources of the Home Mission. Then we conclude the Home Mission is not in the way, of the Australian Mission.

Fourthly, we are referred to the critical circumstances of the Institutions at Horton, as strongly indicative of the absurdity of out pastors! What a field for active and unthe present mission movement. In reply remitting exertion on the part of Churches, aid from this mission because the Committee of investment have made a blunder in investing the Endowment fund of Acadia College? We really stare when we ask a large call also for our organizing the most the question !! Then our beloved institu- speedy and effectual means of collecting and tions at Horton should not call our minds distributing our resources in aid of the Misentirely away from Australia. Other home objects could be classified as the foregoing, and the same arguments brought to bear upon them.

Yours, &c.,

HUGUENOT. Milton, Dec., 1856.

Ohristian lessenger

HALIFAX, DECEMBER 24, 1856.

THE subject of our Domestic Missions one to which we cannot too often recur, al though we would willingly say something that might operate more forcibly upon the minds of our people, than we have yet done.

The truth is, as we have again and again said, this matter lies at the very root of our progress in every branch of our Denominationmore zealous and active bodies, and we may shortly see our very strongholds of moral and nest in the contest than ourselves. Nor have we any right to complain if it should be so. Among the evils that attend the visible church being split up into sections, it is, nevertheless. a largely redeeming feature that the "lack of service" in one portion, is often supplied by the ready emulation of another, and by whomsoever the Gospel is preached, we may well rejoice.

The brief, but forcible view of the subject of our pastoral wants contained in the note from our esteemed brother, Dr. Cramp, is greatly to the point. Very considerably more than one half of our Nova Scotia churches withwho are enjoying an able and efficient ministry and are blest with abundant means of aiding their destitute and suffering brethren ! What sionary cause ! . The judicious letter which we also publish from Sydney, C. B., contains unquestionable evidences of the need of missionary effort in with results of the first importance to the future influence and permanence of our churches. churches are not sufficiently alive to the nea year never passed but some of our oldest Hardings, Ansleys, and others, were sure to often where the gospel had seldom or never been preached. Until something akin to this we may look in vain for what we, no doubt, vival awakened, not only in our churches, but We feel assured that the same spirit which planted Nova Scotia with Buptist Churches, can slone maintain their existence or add largely to their numbers. The close of another year naturally leads to the enquiry, How have we employed the talent committed to us in regard to this all-important matter, and also suggests the necessity, if conscious of negligence, or slothfulness. that we should leave no effort untried to make the coming year, as it

these circumstances the Jurors after being out Thermometer has fatten as low as 30 ° below 'several hours found four of the parties not guilty, but could not agree on their verdict against five others. The Jury was dismissed McCarty has absconded.

on the trial against him, and Pettipas swore twin evils of Slavery and Polygamy. positively to his identity, but the prisouer having called several persons to prove that he was

in Halifax about the time of the offence committed, the Jury after considerable absence. brought in a verdict of acquittal. His innocence appeared at best very doubtful.

Allan McIntyre, a Railroad labourer, was indicted for, stealing from a fellow-lodger in one of the Shanties, on the road, a consider- shown to act more particularly on the able sum of money. The trial occupied some brain-the seat of life and government, and time, when a number of witnesses were called, upon whose evidence the prisoner was finally tity to all the evils of mental disease and inconvicted.

One of the most important cases on the Criminal Docket,-The Queen against Izatt for shooting McKeen, is awaiting the arrival of (all should be such) ought to know. witnesses from the Country in order for trial. It is expected to be a long trial as a large number of witnesses are summoned in the cause.

The Civil Docket of causes for trial at the Sittings after term is large, and will probably prolong the Sittings until far into January. But few civil causes have yet been tried.

Moody vs. the Etna Insurance Co., for £700 insured on a store in the County of Comberland, resulted in a verdict for the Plaintiff for

Zero.

DECEMBER 24

Mormon principles seem to be producing their legitimate results among the disciples of by the Court and the indictment stands over the miserable impostors who have colonized for further trial. One of the parties named Utah. It is quite impossible that it could be otherwise. Blasphemous doctrine and pollu-John Thomas Small, a man residing at ted practice must unavoidably lead to degra Chezetcook, was indicted for breaking at night dation and misery in the worst forms. It is into the house of Oliver Pettipas, and robbing fearful prospect for North America to see so him of £18. A number of witnesses appeared large a portion of its surface cursed with the

TEMPERANCE.

THE ABSTAINER, No. 3-has the commence ment of Professor Yeoman's Scientific Basis of Prohibition-an excellent tract, showing the action of alcohol on the human system.

Poisons affect the constitution some in on part and some in another. Alcohol is here predisposes those who use it in any quansanity. It also contains the first part of a review of " Dr. Lees' Legislative Prohibition." and other matters which Temperance me

TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES .- The organization of the Sons of Temperance, has had the effect in many places of preventing action on behalf of those who are considered beyond the pale of that body. The aged and the young-children-and females have perhaps had less of the consideration of temperance men of late than formerly. Whilst we say this we would not be disposed to doubt the propriety of that Order, and its adaptation to accomplish the ob jects it proposes. At the same time we think there should be every effort made to sustain those institutions which would embrace the classes we have named, by upholding the oldfashioned Temperance Societies, and making as much use of Moral Sussion as possib The evils of Intemperance appears to be gaining upon us, at least in Halifax. This may be owing in a great measure to the work of refer mation having been given up too much to the Sons, and then wondering why the cause doe not advance. Under the influence of thoughts such as the above, an attempt has been made to revive the mode of action formerly adopted, by the es tablishment of Temperance Societies in con nection with the Baptist congregations in Halifax. First at the North Church, and last Thursday evening at the Vestry of the Gran ville Street Chapel. Resolutions were unani mously passed expressive of the great necessity of exertion to rescue the drunkard and preven the spread of habits of intemperance. The total abstinence pledge was adopted, efficient elected and committees-male and temalechosen, to manage the affairs. Meetings are to be held monthly or oftener at the call of the Committee. This is, we think, a move in the right direction.

Let us now pass on to another view of the subject. We have considered the negative side, let us now view the positive.

First. It must be admitted that great destitution of Baptist preaching prevails in And that if our distinctive Australia. sentiments are so important as to require distinct institutions and efforts in N. S. why not in Australia? If it is right for Australia to be given up entirely to the religious influences of other denominations, why not give up these Provinces also? But brethren we can't give up. Then let us occupy Australia also, if in our power. If Australia is supplied with Baptist ministers the supply must come from England or America. Then what excuses N. S., & N. B.?

Secondly. When we ordain a man to the work of the ministry, we believe that God has called him to preach the gospel, and old spirit of gospel work is revived among us, by his Spirit and Providence directs him to the locality where he designs he should all desire to witness-the spirit of general relabour. If we saw no reason to believe this we would ordain him. Yet a great in the remote and destitute corners of the land part of this conviction is derived from the professions of the person to be ordained, other things being equal. And another part of the conviction is derived from the appeal made by the Church for such ordination. If we think a person is called to go on a foreign mission a great part of that conviction grows out of the destitution abroad and the Macedonian cry, "Come over and help us," " Send by whom thou wilt, only send."

Then we apply the above general princihastens onward, more fruitful in winning souls Southern policy. put into possession of news up to the 12th ples to the case in hand. Brother Wallace to Christ. Our English Mail is not yet arrived but we We are not aware of the extent of exprofesses that God has called him to preach hope before finally going to press to announce tent of injury suffered by the America, but Supreme Court. the gospel. His brethren believe that. its arrival. The strong North-Westerly winds hear that her decks were swept continu They encourage him to get an education. Our readers will recollect seeing in the pa ously by the fury of the storm, which ap which have prevailed for some time past have They ordain him, or set him apart to the pers during the past summer an account of the pears to have been more severe than he work of the ministry. ".It is the love of Riot which occurred on the Windsor Railroad no doubt delayed her. been known for many years. Christ that constrains him." But his heart between a number of the Irish and Scotch la-Large Meetings of the Canadian Baplists Five seamen were carried off the vesse more especially yearns over sinners in Aus- bourers. The accused parties were arrested have lately taken place for the purpose of but miraculously driven back by a returnusalia. He is pressed in the spirit. While and held under recognizance to appear and take adopting some plan for the Establishment of ing wave, one man having his legs badly he is thinking and praying over the subject, their trial. In the Term just elapsed a Bill was a general Academical or Collegiate Institution. fractured. found by the Grand Jury of the County of The Denomination in Canada are probably The most important item of news is the is thinking about and praying for. This acceptance by Britain of the proposal of less united in some respects than ourselves, but looks to me like the voice of God. And I Halifax against James O'Brien and nine others. for Riot, assault and demolishing the house we are glad to see judicious efforts being made Russia to re-open the Paris Conference fear we should be guilty of gross neglect the purpose of arranging the difficulties in of duty if we did not send him, and pray or shanty of Thomas Gourly a man employed to remedy the evil. With the rapid developeinterpreting the treaty. The Emperor of ment of moral and material influences in the on the Railroad, and who lodged a number for him too. France still keeps a semblance of a leading Country, an active and intelligent people like of the labourers. The Indictment has been Many additional arguments could be preposition. The following paragraph from ours must very soon assume a very different sented, but these few may suffice to place tried at the Sittings after the Term. The case the Moniteur appears as the announcemen this subject in a more favourable light than on the part of the Crown was distinctly proved position from what they have hitherto enjoyed. of this conclusion. all and anything that has yet appeared in your against several of the accused persons, and The last week has been one of the most "The treaty of Paris has in its application met with difficulties which have given rise to divergencolumns, distance balance , and would doubtless have led to their conviction, severe we have ever witnessed so early in the

£250. The defence was, that the premises had been purposely set fire to by the Plaintiff or his agents. It is probable a new trial will he moved for.

The cause of Hill vs. Fraser and others has been for several days on trial, and engrosses a good deal of public interest. It is an action brought by Mr. Henry Hill, architect, against the principal officers of H. M. Ordinance in Halifax, for breach of contract in the construcpart of the field which is comparatively tion of an extensive cofferdam and wharf at unoccupied, and where we have consequently the Ordnance Yard. The outlay made by the prospect of establishing an interest fraught Plaintiff amounts to many thousand pounds. The grounds of his action are that he eventually failed in the construction of the projected We fear that our ablest and best supplied work in consequence of the site on which they were to be erected, surveyed by the Encessity of allowing their ministers, a portion gineer Officers, and on which survey the conof their time, to help supply the spiritual wants tract was based, was wholly unfit for the firm of our waste places. In our early recollection, construction of such works. Great numbers of witnesses are in course of examination and and best pastors,-the Mannings, Dimocks, a large mass of documentary evidence will be given in the cause. We shall notify the result devote more or less of their time to missionary The defence of the Ordinance officers is, that work, and that not merely in their immediate the survey was a correct one, and the site and vicinity, but in ragged and distant journies, foundation of the intended wharf such as described in such survey.

> The Congress of the United States have commenced their Session with a large attendance of members, and already the great topic which divides the two sections of the Union is beginning to manifest its absorbing interest over every other subject. Indeed it is morally impossible that it can be otherwise, and the next few months may be looked for as productive of sharp and virulent contention. A Mr. Whitefield presented himself as the Delegate of Kansas representing the Pro-Slavery party, Ilis rejection appears to have been carried in the first instance, but it seems probable that he will be altimately received. The Presidents' Message is said to be strongly indicative of

Latest from England.

After looking anxiously for the past week for the R. M. Steamer America, we were surprised yesterday, about 12 o'clock to find instead of her the Canada steamin up our harbour. The surprise was soon increased by information that, the America had after pursuing her way for three days become so far disabled by the violent storm which she encountered on Tuesday, the 9th about 50 miles west of Cape Clear, t she was compelled to "put back" to Liver pool, where she arrived on the 11th. A time was lost in transferring the mails and passengers to the Canada. We are therefore

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